

- (d) No. 1 Curtin Davis - worked between 1896 and 1900 to produce 37 tons of ore with 4,255 ounces of silver and 3.7 tons of copper.
- (e) Block 302/Block 291 - very poor grades with only 26 tons of ore being extracted to produce 2,211 ounces of silver and 1 ton of copper.
- (f) Ramsdale Prospect - studied briefly in 1925 and 1931 but not worked due to the small irregular low grade nature of the veins.
- (g) Evenden Prospect - studied briefly in 1925 and found to be very low grade.
- (h) Hecla Mine - worked by adit but abandoned prior to 1898. No production records are available but the deposit appears very low grade.
- (i) Frazer Mine - worked between 1895 and 1922. About 1,000 tons of ore was extracted to produce 25 tons of copper and 170 tons of arsenic with minor silver and tin.

4.3 Cuni Field

Copper and nickel rewards were awarded to prospectors of the Cuni field in 1893. Further investigations also located the McKimmie lead/zinc mineralisation in 1893. Little development occurred until 1909 when mining of the copper/nickel deposits commenced and lead veins were located at Lead Blocks and Allen's Prospect.

4.3.1 Copper/Nickel Deposits

Mining ceased at Cuni in 1914 when the war closed European markets. Between 1909 and 1914 about 3,476 tons of ore with 8-17% nickel and 4-14% copper was produced. Small scale mining between 1928 and 1932 at North Cuni produced a further 204 tons of nickel ore. The Vaudeau workings were re-opened in 1938 and 1948 for short periods.