

Core recovery poor.

930229

Core Assays: Certificate of Mines Dept. Lab., Launceston,  
18th July, 1957.

Depth	Feet	Core Recovered		Ni(%)	Cu(%)
		Inches	%		
9 - 11	2	4	17	0.22	0.31
11 - 13	2	6	25	0.49	0.47
13 - 15	2	6	25	0.49	0.38
15 - 17	2	6	25	0.50	0.40
65 - 67½	2½	16¼	54	trace	-
67½ - 70	2½	16¼	54	0.84	0.64
11 - 17	6	18	25	0.49	0.42
67½ - 70	2½	16¼	54	0.84	0.64

The drill hole seems to have struck only disseminated ore in two dykes. The results of this hole are unreliable as a result of bad drill reports and poor core recovery.

DRILL HOLE M21

Abandoned at 9 feet because an obstruction was met; drillhole M22 was drilled instead.

DRILL HOLE M22

Angle of Depression : 65°  
 Bearing : 10°  
 Length of Hole : 30 feet (abandoned, as timber of shaft No. 1 was encountered).  
 Drilled : July, 1957.

No core recovery was reported. As shaft timber was encountered in this hole, No. 1 shaft must have been somewhat deeper than recorded (15 feet).

(D) Conclusions and Prospects

The ore outcrops revealed in the new trenches and the results obtained in the drill holes indicate the existence of an orebody with approximately easterly strike and a relatively flat southerly dip. The body is irregular in shape but is probably lens-shaped and cut by faults. The length of the body is uncertain but is probably less than 100 feet; the thickness is over 10 feet in the centre. Its depth extent is unknown at present, but in