

Two significant mineralized zones were encountered between 243-251' (1.67% Pb, 4.87% Zn) as disseminated to massive sphalerite-galena in quartz-carbonate veining within brecciated black slate, and between 299'3-307'3" (3.01% Pb, 4.21% Zn) as pyrite and minor galena-sphalerite in carbonate matrix of a chert-dolomite breccia..

KHE-2 was drilled about 400 feet north of and parallel to KHE-1 in order to test VLF anomalies (1971/25). Crimson Creek rocks were penetrated from the surface to 371 feet, and then Oonah rocks to the bottom at 977 feet.

Significant mineralization was encountered between 623-631' (1.86% Pb, 4.60% Zn) as minor galena-sphalerite in carbonate and quartz veins in black slate and quartzite. These values are perhaps not representative as some core loss occurred in this zone.

KHE-3 was drilled to test a gossan-fault zone as well as the VLF anomalies tested by KHE-2.

The gossan zone was probably penetrated in a zone of very poor core recovery between 149-231', but no significant mineralization was detected in the small amount of core recovered.

This hole was effectively re-drilled by KHE-4.