



Annual Report

Henty Gold Mine

EL28/2001

Lake Newton Lease

HELD BY: HENTY GOLD LTD

MANAGER & OPERATOR: PLACERDOME AUSTRALIA LTD

AUTHORS(s): Simon Pollard

DATE: April 8, 2006

MAP SHEETS: 1:25,000 Tyndall, Selina 1:100,000 Sophia

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDS: Min East: 379,000mE Max East:382,000mE
Min North: 5,356,000mN Max North: 5,360,000mN**

COMMODITY(s): Au

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Summary.....	3
Location.....	3
Work Summary.....	4
Results.....	6
Expenditures.....	7
Proposed Exploration Work.....	8
Statutory Declaration.....	9
Appendix.....	10

TABLE OF FIGURES

Figure 1 - <i>Lease Location Map</i> (EL28_2001_200604_01_map.....)	3
Figure 2 - <i>Previous Drilling Hole NC4</i> (EL28_2001_200604_01_sect.jpg).....	5
Figure 3 - <i>Schematic Trace of Hole Z16520</i> (EL28_2001_200604_02_sect.jpg).....	6
Figure 4 - <i>Section Through Hole Z16520</i> (EL28_2001_200604_03_sect.jpg).....	7

APPENDICES

Appendix A - <i>Drill Log for Hole Z16520</i>	10
Appendix B - <i>Metadata</i>	18
Appendix C - <i>Henty Mine Core Logging Codes</i>	21

ALL DATUM IN THIS REPORT REFER TO THE GDA94 GEODETIC DATUM

Summary

During the period from May 10, 2005 to May 10, 2006 Placer Dome Australia Ltd-Henty Mine performed diamond drilling operations on the Lake Newton Lease (EL28/2001). The drilling operations comprised the drilling of one drill hole (Z16520) from surface to a depth of 756.70m in order to test for gold bearing mineralisation around the at depth intersection of the "Henty-Comstock Horizon" with the Great Lyell Fault. This hole appears to have intersected the Henty Comstock horizon at depth, but visual examination of the core has failed to reveal evidence indicating the proximity or effects of the Great Lyell Fault. Assay results are pending, but none of the core from hole Z16520 displayed any visual evidence of a mineralised, gold bearing system. Further work on this lease is on hold until assay results from this hole are reviewed and further examination of existing geochemical and geophysical data has taken place.

Location

The Lake Newton Lease sits directly to the south and east of Henty Mine's 5M/2002 Mining Lease and covers 8 contiguous 1 square kilometre blocks 5 kilometres south of the Henty Mine portal.



Work Summary

A detailed review of data related to the Lake Newton lease was undertaken between January and June of 2005. This review included the examination of all on site data relating to the regional geology of the area and previous exploration work performed on the lease. A review was also made of all available reports in the Mineral Resources Tasmania library in Hobart.

The results of this exercise revealed that the two targets most prospective for significant gold bearing mineralization were the southern footwall of the Henty Fault and the at depth intersection of the "Henty-Comstock Horizon" with the Great Lyell Fault.

A surveyor was contracted to survey in all of the existing roads and former drill sites upon the lease and to tie this survey into the Henty mine grid coordinate system for ease of planning.

Upon examination of the results of this survey work, and visitation of prospective drill sites, it was determined that simply driving an access road to any site suitable for drilling to the southern footwall of the Henty fault was going to be prohibitively expensive. Also, any such access would have a large detrimental impact on the habitat around the Newton Creek and Henty river valleys.

For that reason work was concentrated on locating a suitable drill site from which to target the Henty-Comstock / Great Lyell intersection.

In 1995, Aberfoyle Resources Limited had drilled a hole from the side of what is now the Anthony Highway. This hole, NC4, ran east to west across the stratigraphy around the "Henty-Comstock Horizon" and identified a significant package of carbonate rocks in the hangwall of the "Henty-Comstock Horizon". Interpretation from this hole and surface mapping performed in the area suggested that the Henty Comstock was dipping west to east and would intersect the Great Lyell Fault at a depth of roughly 550m. (See Figure 2)

The current genetic model for the Henty deposit relied heavily on the premise that the Henty Fault had acted as a major conduit for gold bearing fluids and that the "Henty-Comstock Hoirizon", comprised of easily fractured voncaniclastic material, had provided a large trap for mineralisation. This genetic theory was employed in thinking about possible targets on the Lake Newton lease. With the favourable rocks of the "Henty-Comstock Horizon" interpreted to intersect the Great Lyell fault, in proximity to a potentially reactive carbonate unit, this area presented the most prospective target for drilling on the lease.

It was decided that drilling would take place from the same drill site as employed by hole NC4 both to minimize environmental impact and to ease correlation of results.

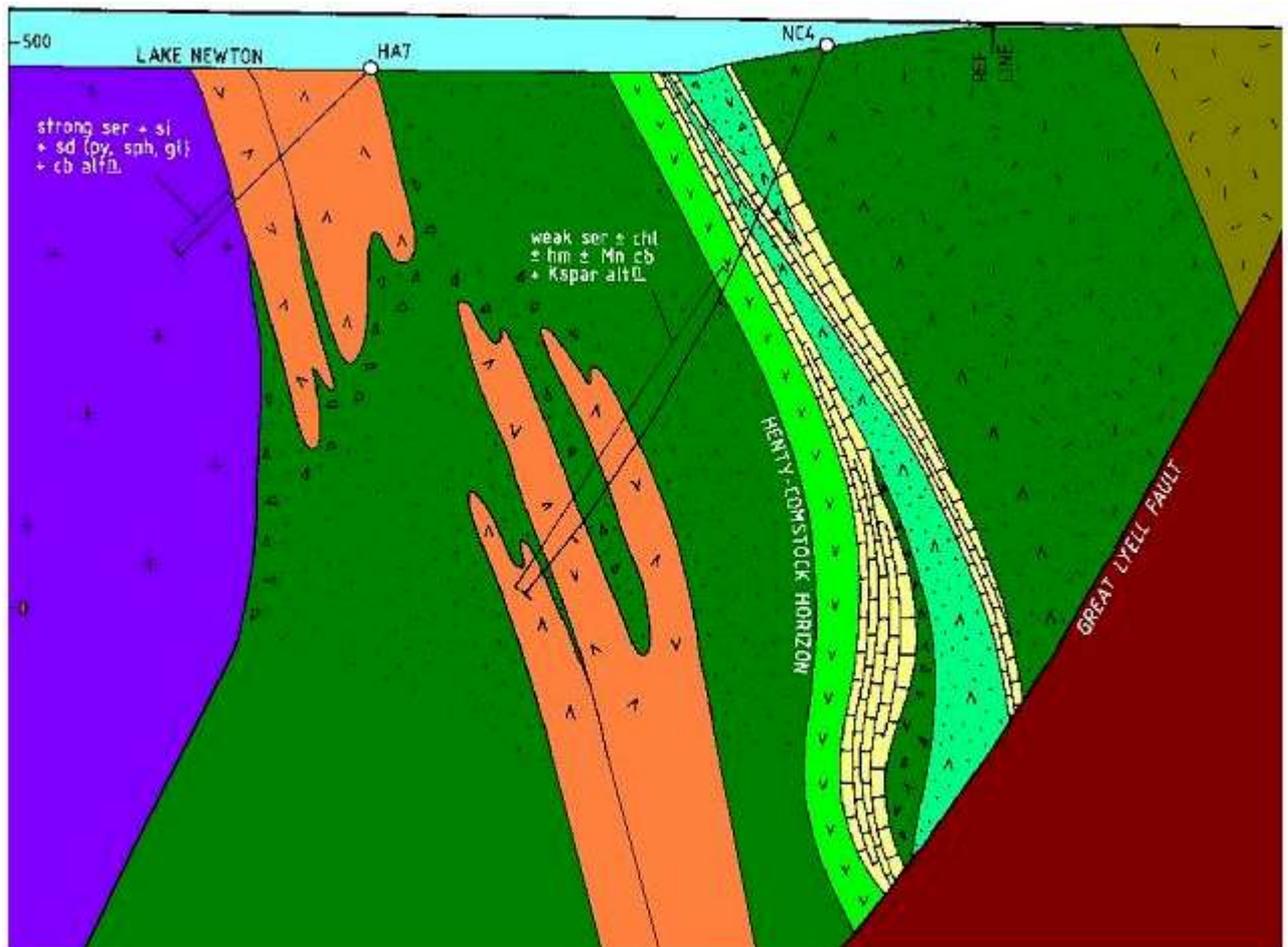


Figure 2 - Previous Drilling Hole NC4 (EL28_2001_200604_01_sect.jpg) After Callaghan, 1995.

It was immediately realised that the original drill site for hole NC4 was too small for drilling operations to go ahead safely. In order to widen the space between the drill platform and drillers from the traffic moving along the Anthony Highway, the drill site had to be expanded. The requisite approvals were sought and received from all applicable agencies and then the drill site was expanded from its existing dimensions of 10 metres by 8 metres to a more suitable 16 metres by 10 metres. Williams Earth Moving was contracted to carefully pull back the vegetation from the site to expose the final pad size. Williams then hauled roughly 800 cubic metres of broken rock from the White Spur waste stockpile to build up the site, which is located on the side of a slope.

For both the safety of the public and the security of the drill equipment, Setori Engineering was contracted to build a 3 metre high chain link fence around the drill site.

In September of 2005, drilling of hole Z16520 began on an original hole plan of 550m. Drilling began very slowly as ground conditions were poor and the tuffaceous ground mass was well silicified and thus resistant to drilling. The hole was eventually drilled to plan, and then extended as sporadic patches of sericitic alteration were repeatedly intersected at depth. Drilling operations ended in December of 2005 with the hole reaching a final depth of 756.70 metres.

Logging of this hole was delayed with the intention of first re-logging hole NC4 for the sake of correlation. Unfortunately, the bulk of hole NC4 has been loaned out of the MRT core library and has thus been unavailable to date.

Logging of hole Z16520 was completed on April 7, 2006 and assays are now pending.

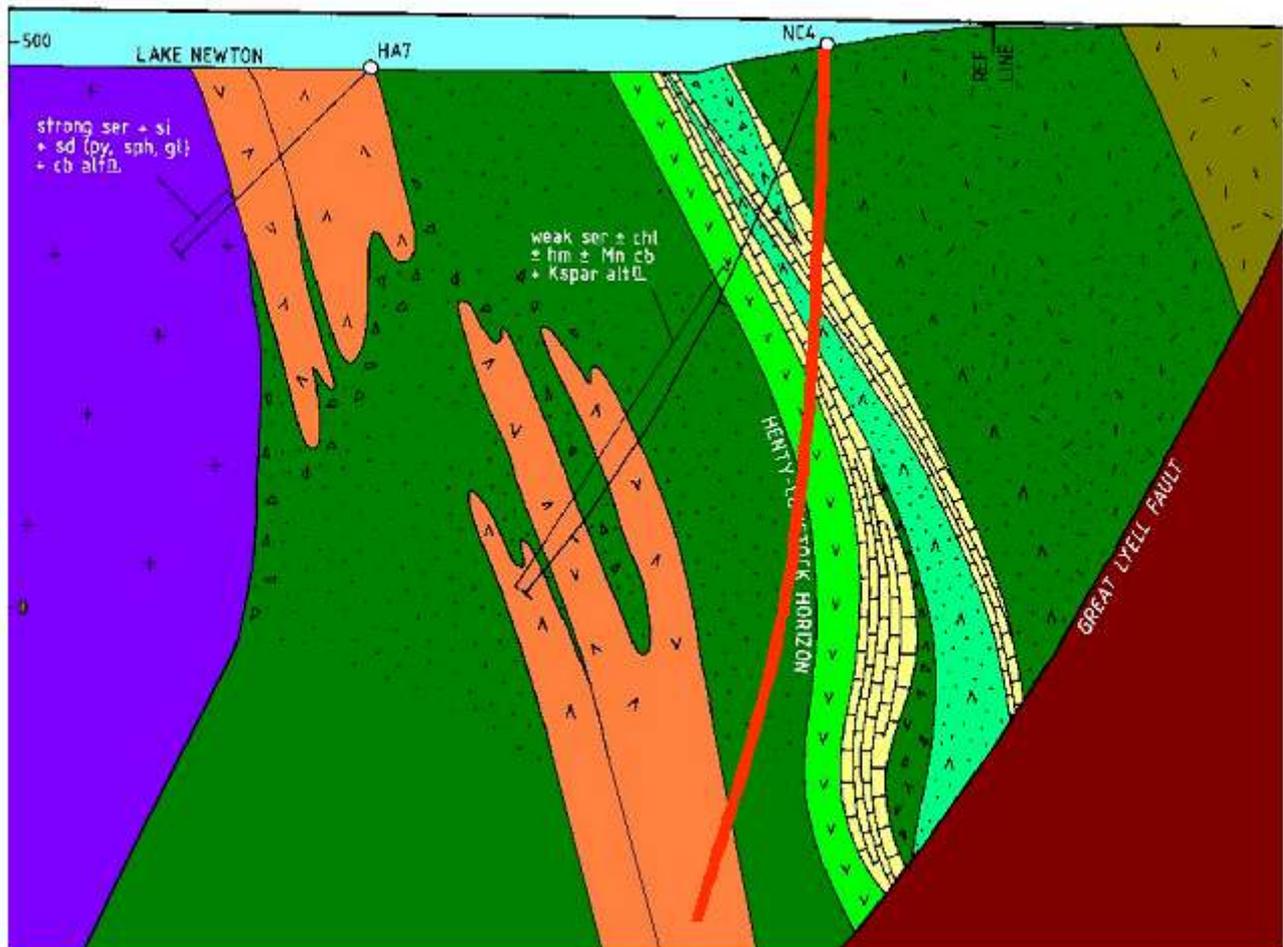


Figure 3 - Schematic Trace of Hole Z16520 (EL28_2001_200604_02_sect.jpg) After Callaghan, 1995.

Results

Visual examination of hole Z16520 has failed to reveal any obvious indications of gold bearing mineralization. Highlights from the hole include the following:

317.50-318.85

Wide quartz carbonate vein

326.55-327.25

Coarse crystalline quartz vein with interstitial hematitic staining

330.68-331.65

Massive quartz vein with minor interstitial brown carbonate

342.00-345.05

Minor quartz veining with trace galena, pyrite and sphalerite

345.05-345.20

Quartz vein with minor coarse galena and sphalerite

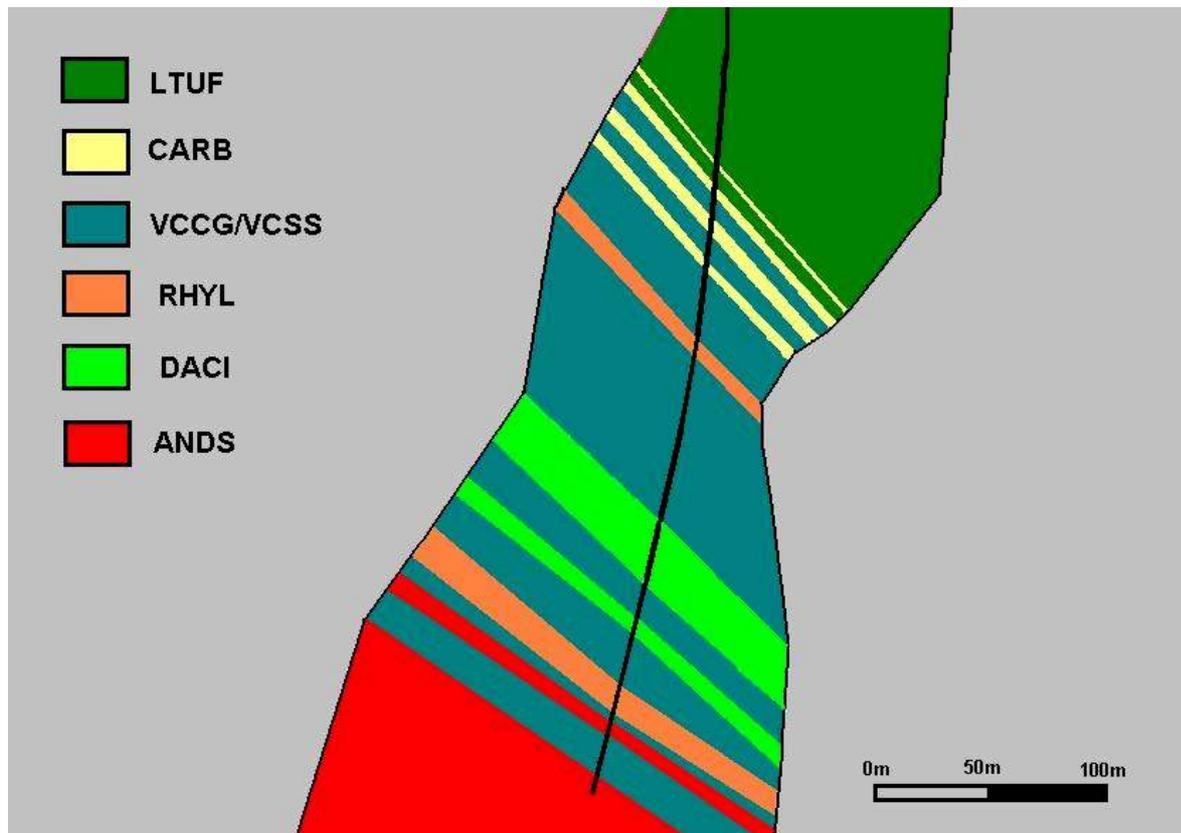


Figure 4 - Section Through Z16520 Looking North(EL28_2001_200604_03_sect.jpg)

Expenditures

The following is a summary of the costs attributed to the work described above:

Surveying -	\$ 3,878.00
Drill Pad Construction -	\$ 9,000.00
Fence Erection -	\$ 6,237.00
Drilling Metres Charges -	\$ 77,387.12
Drilling Field Costs -	\$ 37,680.00
Drilling Consumables -	\$ 31,820.36
Wages - Planning -	\$ 5,000.00
Wages - Supervision -	\$ 5,300.00
Wages - Logging -	\$ 1,640.00
Wages- Core Preparation -	<u>\$ 740.00</u>
Total -	\$178,682.48

Proposed Exploration Work

Results are still pending for the assaying of samples from hole Z16520. Once these results are returned they will be reviewed, in conjunction with a second review of all existing geochemical data available for the lease.

If the results of hole Z16520 return no evidence of gold mineralization, as is suspected after visual logging of the core, then no further drilling is planned for 2006/2007. Henty mine would then request assessment and guidance from our corporate exploration group before proceeding with more work on this lease.

If results come back suggesting a gold bearing system is present, then secondary drilling of this system may take place, subject to budgetary application and approval. No guess can be presently made as to the scope of such drilling activity. With the recent take over of Placer Dome by Barrick Gold, it is difficult at this point to know what the exploration strategy for the new company may be.

References

Callaghan, T: "Partial Relinquishment Report, Tasmanian Gold Project, EL8/96", 2001

STUATUTORY DECLARATION

I, Simon C. Pollard, in the role of Chief Geologist for Henty Gold mine, do hereby attest that the contents of this report are, to the best of my knowledge, fair, accurate and true.

I have signed this document hereto to attest to this statement on this 8th day of April 2006 at Henty Gold mine in the witness of Raul Hollinger, Senior Mine Geologist at Henty mine.

Simon C Pollard.....

Date.....

Raul Hollinger.....

Date.....

APPENDIX A

Drill Hole Log For Hole Z16520

Henty Drillhole Report

Hole		Z16520		----- Hole Status -----							Last Mod
xCollar	yCollar	zCollar	Brg	Dip	Hole Lth	Logger	Description	Geo	Date	Last Mod	
381137.69	5358711.0	2511.83	272	-86.1	756.7	SS	Fully checked			24/05/2006	

Survey

Depth	Azmth	Dip	Valid	Comments
0.00	271.6	-86.7	y	surveyed
45.00	268.5	-85.4	y	
75.00	267.9	-85.2	y	
105.00	267.0	-85.1	n	
135.00	272.0	-85.0	y	
165.00	267.7	-84.9	y	
195.00	271.6	-84.6	y	
225.00	268.9	-84.5	y	
255.00	270.6	-83.8	y	
315.00	263.1	-80.0	y	
345.00	263.6	-79.6	y	
400.00	265.9	-78.1	y	
450.00	260.0	-77.9	y	
460.00	268.6	-77.2	y	
490.00	269.9	-76.9	y	
520.00	271.5	-76.6	y	
550.00	271.9	-76.3	y	
580.00	273.1	-76.4	y	
610.00	273.2	-76.3	y	
650.00	274.6	-75.7	Y	
680.00	275.6	-76.0	Y	
710.00	277.5	-75.4	Y	
740.00	279.4	-75.2	Y	

Assays

From	To	Smpl	Au	Au1	Au2	Ag	As	Cu	Pb	Zn	Bi	S	Fe	Cd	Mn	Ni	Ca	Hg	Carb	Comments
0.00	1.00	A12346																		
190.00	191.00	z16520001																		
200.58	201.00	z16520002																		
212.00	213.00	z16520003																		

238.32	239.63	CVC	VCS	BK	
239.63	243.90	CVC	CAR	FT	Carb + zones of DVSS, min chl alt, min py, car
243.90	244.34		FTX	FT	sr rich fault rock, intense pugg
244.34	245.25	CVC	CAR	GR	sheared carb zone, bx carb-rhodochrosite?, jsp f
245.25	255.00	LYM	VCS	GR	Banded carb-rich VCSH, deep purple coloured,
255.00	258.00	LYM	VCC	FT	banded subangular matrix supported monomictic
258.00	258.40	LYM	FTX	FT	Possibly FTXX? Zone of drillers sludge, followe
258.40	260.33	LYM	VCS	SP	chl-cb-sr alt VCSS, some carb/jsp zones, mod
260.33	271.70	CVC	VCS	GR	dark grey/green mod foliated MG ssn, chl + mi
271.70	275.30	CVC	VCS	GR	reduced chl, light brown spotty clastic apparen
275.30	277.35	CVC	VCS	GR	finer grained silicious cherty material, some rill
277.35	294.00	CVC	VCS	GR	med grained, weak ser alt, clastic texture rembl
294.00	302.95	CVC	VCS	GR	as above, increased leaching
302.95	314.60	CVC	VCC	GR	increased grainsize, wavy fabric, increased ser
314.60	317.50	CVC	RHB	SP	light brown yellow qtz rich rhyt breccia?
317.50	318.85	CVC	VEI	SP	qtz-carb vein low angle to CA, Fe rich carb (oxi
318.85	326.55	CVC	RHY	IR	rhyt/bbs? Silicious hard light grey. Feather-like
326.55	327.25	CVC	VEI	IR	coarse crystalline qtz vein with interstitial brown
327.25	327.60	CVC	RHB	SP	grey ssn/bbs blebby brown carb
327.60	328.35	CVC	VEI	IR	coarse crystalline qtz vein with interstitial brown
328.35	330.68	CVC	RHY	IR	light brown yellow qtz rich rhyt breccia?
330.68	331.65	CVC	VEI	IR	massive qtz-minor interstitial brown carb, minor i
331.65	339.55	CVC	VCC	GR	light brown/yellow, spotty appearance - brown ca
339.55	345.05	CVC	VCS	SP	light grey, minor ser-carb alt, sedimentary limon
345.05	345.20	CVC	VEI	SP	dev'n qtz minor coarse galen-sphalerite
345.20	349.16	CVC	VCS	GR	light grey, minor ser-carb alt, blotchy mottled ap
349.16	350.00	CVC	VCS	SP	darker grey med grained ser-qtz altered ssn, tra
350.00	351.53	CVC	VFI	GR	pervasive silicious alteration, dev'n qtz, trace ep
351.53	353.30	CVC	VCS	GR	light grey/weak ser alt. Trace small blebs <5mm
353.30	356.25	CVC	VCS	GR	increased grainsize, intermittent pyr blebs, relic
356.25	385.00	CVC	VCC	GR	mild ser alt vcls bx
385.00	405.25	CVC	VCS	SP	grey med grained, vweak scr, weak chl alt incre
405.25	405.75	CVC	VCC	SP	carb-ser rich breccia. Matrix supp.
405.75	409.04	CVC	VCS	GR	med/coarse grained wk chloritic ssn, trace carb
409.04	409.60	CVC	VCS	GR	FG grey ssn
409.60	414.05	CVC	VCC	GR	grey clast-supp vcls breccia
414.05	419.05	CVC	VCS	GR	FG grey ssn few carb veins resembles a basalt
419.05	419.70	CVC	VCS	SP	coarse grained chloritic ssn, minor carb at base
419.70	420.35	CVC	VCS	GR	weak ser-carb alt vcls, pale grey coloured
420.35	444.85	CVC	VCC	GR	coarse grained mildly chloritic basalt/dacite bre
444.85	450.95	CVC	VCS	GR	FG dark grey ssn, hard, chloritic, trace carb vei
450.95	483.50	CVC	VCC	SP	poorly sorted basaltic/dacitic breccia, irregular d
483.50	486.83	CVC	VCS	SP	cherty light grey zone, irregular wavy sediments
486.83	497.70	CVC	DAC	GR	med grained dark grey ssn/lava? Ground increa
497.70	549.75	CVC	DAC	SP	very hard silicious VFG felsic lens spherical an
549.75	555.50	CVC	VCS	SP	peperitic contact, highly silicious cherty banded
555.50	567.85	CVC	VCC	GR	poorly sorted pumice breccia?, polyaxet clasts,

567.85	574.80	CVC	VCC	GR
574.80	574.98	CVC	VCS	GR
574.98	576.00	CVC	VCS	GR
576.00	598.50	CVC	DAC	SP
598.50	602.90	CVC	VCS	SP
602.90	608.20	CVC	VCS	SP
608.20	649.00	CVC	VCC	GR
649.00	652.80	CVC	VCC	GR
652.80	654.00	CVC	RHY	GR
654.00	659.80	CVC	RHB	GR
659.80	667.90	CVC	RHY	SP
667.90	673.80	CVC	RHB	GR
673.80	681.00	CVC	RHY	SP
681.00	687.00	CVC	VCC	SP
687.00	689.60	CVC	AND	SP
689.60	705.45	CVC	VCC	SP
705.45	707.00	CVC	VCS	SP
707.00	740.00	CVC	VCC	SP
740.00	740.80	CVC	VCS	SP
740.80	741.80	CVC	VCC	SP
741.80	756.70	CVC	AND	EH

as above, series of graded beds
 fine grained fine laminated highly silicious siltst
 rolls of laminated silicious siltstone in Dacite la.
 homogenous highly silicious dacite/rhyolite lava
 peperitic zone? Rolls of FG siltstone up to 30cm
 laminated grey silicious siltstone grading to sand
 poorly sorted chloritic clastic pumice breccia, 5
 sericitic altered zone, foliation sub parallel to C
 very hard silicious light grey coherent lava,
 rhyl breccia, clast supported, minor albitisation
 grey mildly chloritic aphyric lava of rhy/dact co
 angular fragment 3-4mm, weak albitisation of cl
 FG aphyric lava, dark grey, silicious, minor broc
 sericitic, abundant 2-4mm qtz clasts weak pink
 grey/green chloritic FG lava, silicious,
 sericitic poorly sorted, increasing in chl Dbl, dif
 cherty silicious siltstone, V hard, light grey, wea
 sericitic poorly sorted, increasing in chl Dbl, dif
 silicious siltstone, sedimentary laminations, light
 contains clast of wash up to 20cm, sericitic, poo
 dark grey/brown rhyolite/andesite lava, aphyric,

Structure

depth	structure	width	coreAngle	dipAzth	stDip	comments
2.5	BKGR	1,000.0				moderately broken weathered saprock
18	JOIN	1.0	38			
27.4	FOL3	1.0	35			no joint infill
34.8	FOL3	1.0	35			
37	BEDD	10.0	32			weak fine scale bedding
43.2	FOL3	1.0	65			trace crystalline pyr on fol surface
48.2	FOL3	1.0	30			
58.7	FAUL	1.0	35			small fault surrounded by 2m of moderate chl alt and leaching in surrounding rock
61	FOL3	1.0	55			
72	JOIN	1.0	48			
80.9	CONT	1.0	30			
88.4	JOIN	1.0	65			
98.1	JOIN	1.0	50			
109.8	JOIN	1.0	40			
119.7	JOIN	1.0	55			
124.2	FUT3	700.0			25	shallow fault 25 deg?? Puggy gravel and moderately broken ground. FG
135	JOIN		40			
150.3	CONT	1.0	36			
162.3	JOIN	1.0	65			

175	FOLI	1.0	18	planar fabric from matrix within carb
178	JOIN	1.0	35	
182.2	FRAC	1.0	32	series of // thin carb filled fractures
189.8	BEDO	1.0	45	~45, bedding soft-sediment deformed
198.6	JOIN	1.0	80	carb filled joint
215.3	CONT	1.0	22	contact, py band along contact
217.4	FAUL	100.0	30	bkgr, min pugg
224.1	FAUL	100.0		bkgr, min pugg
226.4	FAUL	2.0	25	v. small brittle fault, hard ground, little pugg.
238.3	CONT	1.0	60	~60,
241.5	BAND	1.0	40	banding within carb, possibly bedding?
243.9	PFT3	430.0		Large puggy fault
249.4	BAND	1.0	12	~12, presumed bedding within carb-jspc
254.9	PLUGG	170.0		very puggy fault, adjacent folding indicates small shear zone
255.5	FOLI	1.0	25	
257.5	FOLI	1.0	28	
260.4	FOLI	1.0	34	
264.6	FOLD	50.0		inclinally folded qtz vein within weak/mod foliated unfolded sediments
275	FOLI	1.0	32	
276.7	SHER	40.0	28	qtz-ser/clay altered halo surrounding shear
284.3	FOLI	1.0	36	
288.8	FOLI	1.0	38	
298.3	FOLI	1.0	52	
314.6	SHER	3.0	34	mica along shear plane
326.6	VEIN	700.0		irregular, Qtz-Fe carb rich vein, trace chl
327.6	VEIN	650.0		qtz-carb(Fe)
330.7	VEIN	1,000.0		qtz-carb(Fe)
341.3	SHER	2.0	14	low angle weak shear
345.1	VEIN	150.0		dev qtz vein, minor gal-sph
349.2	FOLI	1.0	31	
350	VEIN	1,500.0		pervasive qtz vein/falt
357.4	FOLI	2.0	52	
362.5	SHER	2.0	5	v low angle weak shear
382.4	JOIN	1.0	72	perfect
391.5	FOLI	1.0	32	curved fol plane
396	JOIN	1.0	40	
411.9	VEIN	30.0		irregular anastomosing carb vein
419.7	VEIN	40.0		irregular anastomosing carb vein
429.1	JOIN	1.0	34	
444.8	FOLI	1.0	16	
446	FOLI	1.0	6	v low angle fol/bedding

458.4	SHER	3.0	27	weak low angle shear, minor chl along plane
473.5	PUGG	2.0	59	tiny grey puggy fault
479	SHER	5.0	10	low angle shear, minor ser-clay along plane, curved plane
483.5	SHER	10.0	10	low angle shear, proximal dev'n qtz veining and ser alt, trace dissem pyr
503.4	FOL3	1.0	22	
513.9	FOL3	1.0	23	
525.3	FOL3	1.0	53	
534.8	FOL3	1.0	22	
548.8	FOL3	1.0	12	
550	BEDD	6.0	90	
551.6	BEDD	1.0	46	
556	FOL3	1.0	42	
565	SHER	1.0	25	weak thin shear, 4mm carb vein in shear plane
577.4	FOL3	1.0	26	
584.4	FOL3	1.0	26	
591.1	FOL3	1.0	24	
604.5	BEDD	1.0	35	
607.6	BEDD	1.0	54	
616.7	JOIN	1.0	36	
621.4	VEIN	8.0	26	qtz vein, slickensides, trace chl
624.9	SHER	1.0	36	small chl alt shear plane
632	VEIN	200.0	5	low angle weak ser-carb altered zone along sub parallel fractures/foliation slight
640.9	VEIN	10.0	38	qtz-chl vein, 30cm sericitic alt. halo in surrounding rock
652	SHER	5.0	8	low angle shear, mod fol surrounding, intense sericitisation
656	JOIN	1.0	40	
659.2	VEIN	20.0	17	qtz-carb(Fe) brown stained carb
667.9	CONT	1.0	26	sharp distinct contact
673.1	VEIN	18.0	33	coarse crystalline carb
674.5	JOIN	1.0	42	
686	FOL3	1.0	18	
698.9	JOIN	1.0	44	
705.5	JOIN	1.0	52	
717	JOIN	1.0	44	
734.4	JOIN	1.0	45	
740	BEDD	1.0	22	bedding??
741.8	CONT	1.0	39	sharp rhyol-sediment contact
755.3	JOIN	1.0	33	

APPENDIX B

METADATA

Henty Mine Metadata

for file EL28_2001_200604_01_drill.csv

This file is created from data in an in-house Microsoft Access Drill Database

The drilling was performed by Boart Longyear Diamond Drilling

The data has been exported to Microsoft Excel for the creation of the .csv file.

Collar Data		
Hole	Drill Hole ID	
X	Easting	GDA94
Y	Northing	GDA94
Z	Elevation	GDA94
Bearing	Azimuth	GDA94
Dip	Dip	
Length	Length of Hole	
Target	The target the hole was designed to hit	
Logger	Name of Geologist Logging Hole	
Date	Date hole logging was completed	
Coord	Geodetic Datum	GDA94

Downhole Survey Data		
Hole	Drill Hole ID	
Depth	Depth in hole	
Bearing	Azimuth of hole	GDA94
Dip	Dip of hole	
Valid	Is reading reliable?	
Comments	Comments about reading or test	

Assay Data		
Hole	Drill Hole ID	
SampleNo	Sample ID	
dfrom	Sample interval start	
dto	Sample interval end	
Comments	Comments about sample	
Au	Grade of sample in g/t	

Rocktype Data		
Hole	Drill Hole ID	
dfrom	Rocktype interval start	
dto	Rocktype interval end	
formation	Rock formation	
rocktype	Rocktype	
contact lower	Description of contact	
comments	Comments on type and contents of rocktype	

Structural Data		
Hole	Hole ID	
dfrom	depth of start of structure	
width	Width of structure	
core angle	Angle of structure to core axis	
stDip	Dip of structure	
Comments	Comments about structure	

Metadata for Picture Files

EL28_2001_200604_01_map.jpg Created from Scan of 1:25,000 topomap and altered in Powerpoint
EL28_2001_200604_01_sect.jpg Created from scan of Callaghan report and altered in Paint
EL28_2001_200604_02_sect.jpg Created from scan of Callaghan report and altered in Paint
EL28_2001_200604_03_sect.jpg Created from Datamine section export and then altered in Paint

EL28_2001_200604_01_log.jpg Created from Scan of Drill Log into .jpg format
EL28_2001_200604_02_log.jpg Created from Scan of Drill Log into .jpg format
EL28_2001_200604_03_log.jpg Created from Scan of Drill Log into .jpg format
EL28_2001_200604_04_log.jpg Created from Scan of Drill Log into .jpg format
EL28_2001_200604_05_log.jpg Created from Scan of Drill Log into .jpg format
EL28_2001_200604_06_log.jpg Created from Scan of Drill Log into .jpg format
EL28_2001_200604_07_log.jpg Created from Scan of Drill Log into .jpg format

APPENDIX C

HENTY DRILL LOG CODES

RockType	Description
ABSI	Albite/silica alteration
ANDS	Anthony Road Andesite
AS	Albite Silica
AVSS	Andesite derived sandstone
CARB	Carbonate
CB	Carbonate
CTUF	Comstock Tuff
DACI	CVC dacite lava
DCBX	CVC dacite lava breccia
DVCG	CVC Dacitic volcaniclastic conglomerate
DVSH	CVC Dacitic volcaniclastic siltstone/shale
DVSS	CVC Dacitic volcaniclastic sandstone
DYKE	Minor intrusive
EP	Epiclastic
FP	Feldspar Porphyry
FT	Fault
FTXX	Undiff. rock in fault zone
HF	Henty Fault
HFLT	Henty Fault Zone
HS	Henty Fault Sequence
HW	Undifferentiated Hangingwall (CVC)
LAVA	Undiff. extrusive
LOSS	Lost core due to fault or core ground away
LTUF	Lynchford Tuff
MA	Moderate Alteration
MALT	Moderate mixed alt. types
MOTL	pervasive albite mottled volcaniclastic
MP	Massive Pyrite
MPYR	Massive pyrite
MQ	Massive Quartz
MQCB	Brecciated MQ w CB matrix
MQMN	Vis. sulphide MQ
MQMQ	Trace sulphide MQ
MSUL	Massive sulphide
MV	Quartz-Sericite Alteration

MVMN	+5% sulphide MV
MVMQ	MV with small pods MQ
MVMV	<5% sulphide MV
MYQP	quartz-pyrophyllite alteration
MZ	Quartz-Sericite-Sulfide Alteration
MZMQ	Poddy MQ in MZ
MZMV	Mixed MZ and MV
MZMZ	Low sulphide MZ as diss. pyrite
MZSS	High sulphide MZ
NC	Newton Creek Formation
PF	Puggy Fault
PYRO	Pyroclastic Unit
QFPY	Qtz/feldspar porphyry
QP	Quartz Porphyry
RHBX	Rhyolite Breccia
RHFP	Feldspar-pyhric rhyolite
RHQP	Quartz-phyric rhyolite
RHYL	Rhyolite
SC	Silica-Carbonate Alteration
SICB	Silica/carbonate alteration
SICG	Sedimentary conglomerate
SIFS	Si dominant H/W alt, Ser, + - Fluorite
SISH	Sedimentary shale
SISL	Sedimentary siltstone
SISS	Sedimentary sandstone
TUFF	undifferentiated volcanoclastic tuff
VC	Volcanoclastic
VCBX	Volcanoclastic Breccia
VCCG	Volcanoclastic conglomerate
VCSH	Volcanoclastic shale (ash bed) or siltstone
VCSS	Volcanoclastic sandstone
VCXL	Volcanoclastic crystal rich
VCXX	Volcanoclastic undifferentiated
VEIN	Mineral vein
XX	Undifferentiated
zz	Albite/silica alteration

Henty Mine - Formation Codes

Formation	Description
CT	Comstock Tuff
CVC	Central Volcanic Complex
HF	Henty Fault

LTG	Lower Tyndall Group
LYM	Lynchford Member
MJM	Mount Julia Member
NCF	Newton Creek Formation
OC	Owen Conglomerate
UTG	Upper Tyndall Group
ZZH	Zig Zag Hill Formation

Henty Mine - Mineralogy Codes

mineralogy	Description
AB	Albite
AS	Arsenopyrite
AU	Visible Gold
CB	Carbonate
CL	Chlorite
CP	Chalcopyrite
CY	Clay
FL	Fluorite
FU	Fuchsite
GL	Galena
GR	Graphite
HB	Hornblende
HE	Hematite
KF	K-Feldspar
LI	Limonite
MG	Magnetite
MU	Muscovite
PO	Pyrrhotite
PY	Pyrite
QZ	Quartz
SL	Sphalerite
SR	Sericite
SU	Sulphide

Henty Mine - Structure Codes

structure	Description
ANTI	Antiform fold axis
AXIS	Fold axis
BAND	Banding
BDCL	Bedding - Cleavage intersection
BEDD	Bedding

BKGR	Broken ground
BOUD	Boudinaged
CLEA	Cleavage
CONF	Conformable Contact
CONT	Contact
DISC	Discing
DRAG	Drag fold axis
DYKE	Dyke
FAUL	Fault, small
FISS	Fissile
FLT1	Fault, very large poss regional
FLT2	Fault, large local significance
FLT3	Fault, mod local significance
FOL1	Foliation strong
FOL2	Moderate foliation
FOL3	Weak foliation
FOLD	Folded
FRAC	Fracture Set
FWHF	Henty Fault Footwall
FWMQ	MQ Footwall
GRCO	Gradational Contact
HEAL	Healed Fault
HFLT	Henty Fault
HWHF	Henty Fault Hangingwall
HWMQ	MQ Hangingwall
JOIN	Joint
JTST	Joint Set
LENS	Lens
LINE	Lineation
LOSS	Core Loss
PFT1	Puggy fault, v large poss regional
PFT2	Puggy fault, large local significance
PFT3	Puggy fault, mod local significance
PUGG	Puggy Fault, small
RUBB	Rubble Zone
SHER	Shear
SLIC	Slickensides
STRI	Stringer
SYNC	Synform fold axis
UNCO	Unconformable Contact
VEIN	Vein
XBED	Cross Bedding

