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RECONNAISSANCE AUGER PROGRAMME  
AND STRATIGRAPHIC DIAMOND DRILLING  
E.L. 9/71 & 15/71, KING ISLAND

BY

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C O N T E N T S

I.	SUMMARY		1
II.	INTRODUCTION		2
III.	TARGET, SCOPE, MEANS		
	1. Target		3
	2. Scope	3 &	4
	3. Means		4
IV.	BULLDOZING		5
V.	AUGER DRILLING		6
VI.	MAGNETIC SURVEYING		7
VII.	GEOCHEMISTRY		
	1. General		8
	2. Check Assays		8
	3. Statistical Methods and Definitions	8 &	9
	4. Evaluation of Results	9,10 &	11
	(i) Copper		9
	(ii) Lead		9
	(iii) Nickel		9
	(iv) Molybdenum		10
	(v) Tungsten		10
	(vi) Tin		11
	(vii) Gold		11
	5. Reliability of Geochemical Assaying	11,12 &	13
VIII.	GEOLOGY		
	1. Regional Aspects		14
	2. E.L. 9/71 & 15/71		
	(i) Rock Types		14
	(ii) Minerals		15
	(iii) Underlying Geology	15 &	16
IX.	DIAMOND DRILLING		
	1. Scope		17
	2. Drilling	17 &	18
	(i) DDH-R1		17
	(ii) DDH-R2		18
	(iii) DDH-R3		18
	3. Analysis of Drill Cores		18
X.	MINERALISATION		
	1. Tungsten		19
	2. Molybdenum - Titanium		19
	3. Pyrite		19
XI.	DISCUSSION	20 &	21
XII.	CONCLUSIONS		22
XIII.	RECOMMENDATIONS		23
XIV.	REFERENCES	24,25,26,27 &	28

T A B L E S

Table 1	Comparison of Geochemical Check Assays Spectrum, D.C. Griffiths, McPhar and AMDEL
Table 2	Geochemical check assays Spectrum and McPhar
Table 3	Comparison of Parameters of Tungsten Geochemical Surveys
Table 4	Mineralogical Composition of Granitic Samples

A P P E N D I C E S

I	Assay Reports by Spectrum
II	Assay Reports by McPhar and D.C. Griffiths
III	Assay Report by AMDEL
	<u>Statistical Evaluation:</u>
IV	Copper
V	Lead
VI	Nickel
VII	Molybdenum
VIII	Tungsten
IX	Tungsten (Bold Head)
X	Tin
XI	Gold
XII	Petrographic description of rock samples by AMDEL
XIII	Petrographic description by Spectrum
XIV	Assay reports on drill core samples
XV	Photographs of drill cores: R 1, R 2, R 3.
	<u>Drilling Record:</u>
XVI	DDH - R 1
XVII	DDH - R 2
XVIII	DDH - R 3
XIX	Auger Line - 2
XX	Auger Line - 4
XXI	Auger Lines 4-400N to 4-1600N

XXII	Auger Line 6
XXIII	Auger Lines 6-2000N to 6-4000N
XXIV	Auger Line 8

ACCOMPANYING PLANS

## Legend

- 1 E.L. 9/71 Facts and geological interpretation
- 2 E.L.15/71 Facts and geological interpretation
- E.L. 9/71
- 3 Target Area - R 1
- 4 Drill hole sections - R1, R2, R3
- 5 Line 2 - Survey profiles and interpretation
- 6 Line 4 - Survey profiles and interpretation
- 7 Line Nos.: 4-400N, 4-800N, 4-1200N, 4-1600N  
Survey profiles and interpretation
- 8 Line 6-2000N Survey profiles and interpretation
- 9 Line 6-3000N Survey profiles and interpretation
- 10 Line Nos.: 6-5300N & 6-4000N  
Survey profiles and interpretation
- 11 Line 6 - Survey profiles and interpretation
- 12 E.L. 15/71 Line 8 - Survey profiles and  
interpretation
- Frequency and cumulative distribution -
- 13 Copper
- 14 Lead
- 15 Nickel
- 16 Molybdenum
- 17 Tungsten
- 18 Tungsten (Bold Head)
- 19 Tin
- 20 Gold

I. SUMMARY

A reconnaissance geochemical auger program accompanied with stratigraphic diamond drilling has been completed in the area of Exploration Licence 9/71 and 15/71. The results of this work are evaluated in this report. The regional surveys have revealed,

- ( i ) anomalous geochemical patterns, the parameters of which are strikingly similar to those of Bold Head.
- ( ii ) granite intrusives, the mineralogical composition of which are similar to the mineralising granite of Bold Head, where a tungsten orebody of considerable size was discovered.
- (iii) a 2" wide band of contact altered carbonate rock intersected by diamond drilling, indicating the presence of carbonate horizon(s) nearby.

Follow up work is recommended in order to,

- ( 1 ) further outline the anomalies.
- ( ii ) pinpoint drilling targets.
- (iii) test the mineralisation of these targets.

The estimated costs for the exploration recommended in this report amounts to \$70,000.

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Consulting Mining and Exploration Geologist. 9th June, 1972.

II. INTRODUCTION

1. This report sets out to document geological investigations carried out in a flat lying area covered by sand, swamps and thick scrub. Accessibility and visibility are very poor, and outcrops are very sparse in this area. Airborne surveys, bulldozing, auger and diamond drilling are the means which can provide material of and information about the bedrock and possible mineralisation potential.

2. Regional exploration comprising line cutting, auger drilling, geochemical and ground magnetometer surveys, were carried out on four reconnaissance lines. This work outlined sections worthy of semi-detailed and detailed surveys. Due to very short time available the client wished to bypass these stages and instead put down some diamond drill holes in order to obtain information about the stratigraphy, structure and possible mineralisation potential of the area adjacent to the granite-country rock contact, broadly outlined by reconnaissance auger drilling. Bulldozing and 2000' of auger drilling were permitted in order to locate drilling targets for 1000' of diamond drilling.

3. The reconnaissance work was commenced in December, 1971, and completed at the end of March, 1972. In the next three weeks bulldozing and approximately 1000 ft of auger drilling was carried out, in order to select targets for diamond drilling.

Diamond drilling was commenced on April 27. Drilling of the third hole was discontinued on May 23, due to inadequate core recovery, slow progress and short time available for the evaluation of results.

4. The option which expired originally on May 31, was extended till June 15, in order to allow more time for the evaluation of results and reporting.

5. This report has been compiled and written during 12 days. Time was, therefore, not allowed to discuss theoretical aspects and analog cases. Appended is however a list of references of which the theoretical background was synthesized. The practical aspects of this exploration were based on the author's experience obtained by closely studying three skarn type ore deposits in Europe and conducting exploration in eleven granite-skarn complexes in Australia.

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III. TARGET, SCOPE, MEANS

1. Target

One of the largest tungsten mineralisations in the world occurs at King Island. This mineralisation is derived from Devonian granitic intrusions which have been the sources of tin, tungsten and molybdenum mineralisation in the Tasman geosynclinal area.

The tungsten mineralisation was introduced into

- ( i ) fractures of detrital sedimentary and/or igneous rocks in Aberfoyle ( Australia's second largest tungsten producer ) and other places resulting in high grade - low tonnage deposits. The mining costs of such deposits are high and the profitability of operation is scattered and unpredictable.
- (ii) carbonate rocks resulting in large - low grade deposits with disseminated scheelite and/or powellite minerals in the zone of metasomatic alteration. The mining costs of such deposits are low and the profitability depends on the market fluctuation only.

Low grade - large tonnage tungsten deposits (skarn type) were the prime targets of the exploration dealt with in this report.

Other metals such as copper, lead, nickel, tin, molybdenum and gold have, however, also been sought.

2. Scope

The skarn type deposits are controlled by

- ( i ) Granitic intrusives which can be the source of tungsten mineralisation.
- ( ii ) Carbonate rocks in the close proximity to the country rock - intrusive contact, which can absorb and accumulate tungsten from very low concentrated solutions.
- (iii) Major fractures which could have served as channels for mineralising liquids.

The scope of this exploration was therefore to locate

- ( i ) Contact altered rocks around granitic intrusions.
- ( ii ) Carbonate rocks or their altered equivalents (garnet hornfels, diopside hornfels, their combinations, skarns etc.).

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- (iii) Major fractures, faults and shear zones.
  - ( iv) Higher concentrations of the elements sought (W, Mo, Sn) than those of non mineralised, but similar geological complexes.
  - ( v) Weak magnetic anomalies due to iron introduced by metasomatic processes.

3. Means

Since the area is covered by sand, swamp and thick scrub, the cutting of survey lines and access roads, deep sampling, geochemical and instrumented surveys and diamond drilling were employed to obtain answers to the questions posed by the scope.

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IV. BULLDOZING

In order to make access possible within the areas of the E.L.'s about 12 miles of access roads, and nine survey lines for a total of 19 miles were bulldozed using D-6 and D-7 dozers.

The survey lines followed the magnetic east-west direction, but bad deviations occurred along line Nos. 2 and 4 due to the very soft ground and boggy conditions prevailing in December.

Bulldozing revealed few outcrops and floaters of granite, contact altered pelitic - psammitic rocks and regional metamorphic schists.

V. AUGER DRILLING

283 auger holes were drilled in the area of E.L. 9/71 and 15/71, for a total of 9700 feet, using tractor mounted Gemco rig and 2 7/8" drill bit.

In order to avoid contamination of the auger samples, the drillers were instructed not to use drill bits of tungsten and/or molybdenum alloy.

The holes were drilled to the bedrock surface of which samples were taken. A number of holes were sampled at six foot intervals in order to test suitable areas for secondary enrichments of tin, gold, zircon and rutil.

In the reconnaissance stage 225 holes were drilled on four regional lines. Drill sites were pegged 200 feet apart, but many holes were drilled at 400 feet and 600 feet intervals over the granite areas and in other places inaccessible for the Gemco rig.

In the follow up stage 35 holes were drilled on a 100 foot and 200 foot by 400 foot grid between Line Nos. 2 and 4.

Between Line Nos. 4 and 6, 23 holes were drilled on a 1000 foot by 1000 foot grid. Many holes were either abandoned or not drilled at all, as the width of Cainozoic cover exceeded the capacity of the Gemco rig (120 ft.)

Samples taken from the bottom of the holes were analysed for a wide range of elements.

Drill cuttings of hard rock were recovered from the auger samples by panning. The lithology of rock chips were determined by using stereomicroscopy.

VI. MAGNETIC SURVEYING

Ground magnetometer surveys were completed on all lines and in selected areas using a Scintex MF-2 fluxgate magnetometer.

Readings were made at 100 ft intervals, but when deviations greater than 50 gammas were detected, readings were made at 50 ft, 25 ft and 12.5 ft intervals in order to depict accurately the alteration of magnetic intensity.

Several checks were made on pre-selected reference points in order to reduce the readings by diurnal alterations and instrument drift. The latter varied greatly between 20 and 300 gammas depending on the quality of battery used.

The magnetic surveys outlined anomalous sections on the survey lines. These anomalies are several thousand feet in width and vary from 50 to 200 gammas. Results are plotted on the relevant sections.

In one area a bipole anomaly was recorded and drilled (R1). The source of anomaly proved to be of acid dykes.

VII. GEOCHEMISTRY

1. General

A reconnaissance geochemical survey was carried out on four widely spaced lines. Anomalous sections were recorded but, apart from minor detailed work geochemical follow up was not completed.

The Auger samples, regarded to be the mixture of bedrock and residual soils, were analysed by Spectrum Analytical Laboratories for

Cu, Pb, Ni, Mo, W, Sn & Au

using AAS and colorimetric methods. Assay reports are appended (Appendix I).

2. Check Assays

Check assays for tungsten carried out by D. C. Griffiths showed inherent discrepancies which lead to additional checks by other well reputed analysts: McPhar and AMDEL. Both analysts found that anomalous concentrations of tungsten were present in the check samples, being in strong disagreement with D. C. Griffiths, whose results were therefore disregarded. Assay reports are appended (Appendix II - III). The comparisons of the results supplied by the different analysts have been tabulated (Table Nos. 1 and 2).

3. Statistical Methods and Definitions

The lognormal distribution of elements has been accepted as a basis for the evaluation of the geochemical assays.

Clarke values were computed from the average concentration of elements found to be present in the relevant rocks by Rankama & Sahama, Hawkes & Webb and Ginzburg.

From the assay results means were estimated using the mathematical model given by Sichel.

When the mean was higher than the clarke, the assays were divided into background and anomalous populations for which means were computed.

Contrast factor of the background and anomalous populations were calculated:

$$\text{Contrast factor} = \frac{\text{Anomalous assays} \times \text{Anomalous mean}}{\text{Background assays} \times \text{Background mean}}$$

It is essential that the contrast factor be close to or greater than 1.

The highest assay value included in the estimation of background mean is the regional threshold value.

TABLE 1

COMPARISON OF GEOCHEMICAL CHECK ASSAYS  
SPECTRUM, D.C. GRIFFITHS, McPHAR AND AMDEL

LINE No.	HOLE No.	DEPTH Ft From-To	SAMPLE No.	A S S A Y S						ANALYST	REPORT No.	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES Mo,W,Sn	SUBMITTED FOR ANALYSIS BY	NOTE
				Cu	Pb	Ni	Mo	W	Sn					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
2	12	28-31	53	51	20	50	2	L2	60	Spectrum	0363	Colorimetric	L.G.S.	Correct
		28-31	54	46	20	45	2	L2	70	"	"	L.G.S.		
2	86	6-12	121	15	5	15	L2	100	L2	Spectrum	0380	Colorimetric	L.G.S.	Discrepant
		6-12	KI-1				L2	12		McPhar	CH 3751	"	L.G.S.	
		6-12	KI-1					10		AMDEL	AN 4960/72	XRF	L.G.S.	
2	96	11-17	116	15	20	20	2	85	4	Spectrum	0380	Colorimetric	L.G.S.	Correct
		11-17	KI-2				L2	90		McPhar	CH 3751	"	L.G.S.	
		11-17	KI-2					45		AMDEL	AN 4960/72	XRF	L.G.S.	
2	152	19-25	102	9	25	85	L2	15	12	Spectrum	0380	Colorimetric	L.G.S.	Correct
		19-25	INY-9-71-2-9	13	44	80	9	4	110	D.C. Griffith		Not stated	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		19-25	INY-9-71-2-10	14	52	84	6	6	310	"		" "	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		19-25	INY-9-71-2-9					L20	L20	McPhar	CH 3554	XRF	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		19-25	INY-9-71-2-9					20		"	CH 3550	Colorimetric	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		19-25	INY-9-71-2-10					30	45	"	CH 3554	XRF	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		19-25	INY-9-71-2-10					20		"	CH 3554	Colorimetric	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
4	8	10-16	10	11	10	10	2	30	15	Spectrum	0363	Colorimetric	L.G.S.	W discrepant, others correct
		10-16	45	8	15	9	4	L2	20	"	"	"	L.G.S.	
4	30	4-10	24	9	305	10	2	130	L2	Spectrum	0363	Colorimetric	L.G.S.	Fairly correct
		4-10	INY-9-71-4-1	9	270	18	L1	4	40	D.C.Griffith		Not stated	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		4-10	INY-9-71-4-1					65	20	McPhar	CH 3554	XRF	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		4-10	INY-9-71-4-1					60		"	CH 3554	Colorimetric	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		4-10	KI-6				L2	30		"	CH 3751	"	L.G.S.	
		4-10	KI-6					15		AMDEL	AN 4960/72	XRF	L.G.S.	
4	32	25-28	27	34	55	35	L2	60	4	Spectrum	0363	Colorimetric	L.G.S.	Discrepant
		25-28	46	28	45	50	4	8	10	"	"	"	L.G.S.	
4	80	22-28	60	165	40	30	10	6	2	Spectrum	0369	Colorimetric	L.G.S.	Fairly correct
		22-28	INY-9-71-4-2	91	60	35	21	4	40	D.C.Griffith		Not stated	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		22-28	INY-9-71-4-2					L20	25	McPhar	CH 3554	XRF	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		22-28	INY-9-71-4-2					2		"	CH 3554	Colorimetric	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
4	82	22-28	61	50	20	40	2	2	2	Spectrum	0369	Colorimetric	L.G.S.	Mo discrepant, others fairly correct
		22-28	62	53	20	40	2	2	6	"	"	"	L.G.S.	
		22-28	KI-7				20	10		McPhar	CH 3751	"	L.G.S.	
		22-28	KI-7					5		AMDEL	AN 4960/72	XRF	L.G.S.	
4	92	14-20	71	5	25	10	2	40	2	Spectrum	0369	Colorimetric	L.G.S.	Fairly correct
		14-20	INY-9-71-4-3	17	64	26	4	8	50	D.C.Griffith		Not stated	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		14-20	INY-9-71-4-3					45	35	McPhar	CH 3554	XRF	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		14-20	INY-9-71-4-3					50		"	"	Colorimetric	U.S.S.I.-N.Y.	
		14-20	KI-8				L2	20		"	CH 3751	"	L.G.S.	
		14-20	KI-8					25		AMDEL	AN 4960/72	XRF	L.G.S.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
4	34	16-19 16-19 16-19 16-19 16-19 16-19 16-19	72 INY-9-71-4-4 INY-9-71-4-4 INY-9-71-4-4 KI-3 KI-13 KI-3 KI-13	17 24	15 49	10 26	6 6 L2 L2	120 10 60 60 90 60 45 50	6 300 20	Spectrum D.C.Griffith McPhar " " AMDEL "	0369 CH 3554 CH 3554 CH 3751 CH 3751 AN 4960/72 AN 4960/72	Colorimetric Not stated XRF Colorimetric " " XRF XRF	L.G.S. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. L.G.S. L.G.S. L.G.S. L.G.S.	Fairly correct
4	112	20-26 20-26 20-26 20-26 20-26 20-26 20-26 20-26 20-26 20-26 20-26	79 INY-9-71-4-5 INY-9-71-4-8 INY-9-71-4-5 INY-9-71-4-5 INY-9-71-4-8 INY-9-71-4-8 KI-9 KI-12 KI-9 KI-12	6 12 24	20 51 51	15 21 11	6 4 L1 L2 L2	50 20 10 90 L20 L20 20 35 30 40 40 15 15	L2 20 20 L20 L20	Spectrum D.C.Griffith " McPhar " " " " AMDEL AMDEL	0369 CH 3554 CH 3554 CH 3554 CH 3554 CH 3751 CH 3751 AN 4960/72 AN 4960/72	Colorimetric Not stated Not stated XRF Colorimetric XRF Colorimetric " " XRF XRF	L.G.S. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. L.G.S. L.G.S. L.G.S. L.G.S. L.G.S.	Fairly correct
4	114	28-34 28-34 28-34 28-34 28-34 28-34	80 INY-9-71-4-6 INY-9-71-4-6 INY-9-71-4-6 KI-10 KI-10	23 21	25 59	75 67	6 8 L2	2 8 L20 20 5 5	L2 210 35	Spectrum D.C.Griffith McPhar " " AMDEL	0369 CH 3554 CH 3554 CH 3751 AN 4960/72	Colorimetric Not stated XRF Colorimetric " XRF	L.G.S. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. L.G.S. L.G.S.	Fairly correct
4	118	25-31 25-31 25-31 25-31 25-31 25-31	82 INY-9-71-4-7 INY-9-71-4-7 INY-9-71-4-7 KI-11 KI-11	11 19	15 56	20 29	4 1 L2	40 50 45 60 30 25	2 150 L20	Spectrum D.C.Griffith McPhar " " AMDEL	0369 CH 3554 CH 3554 CH 3751 AN 4960/72	Colorimetric Not stated XRF Colorimetric " XRF	L.G.S. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. U.S.S.I.-N.Y. L.G.S. L.G.S.	Correct
6	98	46-52 46-52 46-52 46-52 46-52	169 KI-4 KI-14 KI-4 KI-14	12	20	15	8 5 5	35 40 10 25 10	6	Spectrum McPhar " AMDEL "	0387 CH 3751 CH 3751 AN 4960/72 AN 4960/72	Colorimetric " " XRF "	L.G.S. L.G.S. L.G.S. L.G.S. L.G.S.	Fairly correct
8	10	34-40 34-40	196 291	18 23	20 20	20 10	2 L2	17.5 2	12.5 2	Spectrum "	0387 0397	Colorimetric "	L.G.S. L.G.S.	Discrepant
8	20	68-74 68-74 68-74	185 KI-5 KI-5	25	20	15	2 L2	35 20 10	13	Spectrum McPhar AMDEL	0387 CH 3751 AN 4960/72	Colorimetric " XRF	L.G.S. L.G.S. L.G.S.	Fairly correct

TABLE 2

GEOCHEMICAL CHECK ASSAYSSPECTRUM AND McPHAR

LINE No.	HOLE No.	DEPTH Ft.	SAMPLE No.			W ASSAYS			Mo ASSAYS		
			McPhar	McPhar	Spect-rum	McPhar	McPhar	Spect-rum	McPhar	McPhar	Spect-rum
		From-To	3751	3837	0429	3751	3837	0429	3751	3837	0429
6	134	28-32	292	KI-15	292	L2	L2	2	10	L2	L2
6	140	190-192	293	KI-16	293	20	15	16	L2	L2	L2
6	146	178-184	294	KI-17	294	20	10	245	L2	L2	2
6	146	178-184	295	KI-18	295	-	20	140	-	L2	L2
6	108	118-124	296	KI-19	296	L2	L2	8	L2	L2	L2
6	118	76-82	297	KI-20	297	2	20	16	L2	L2	L2
6	128	106-112	298	KI-21	298	20	20	10	L2	L2	4
6-2	110	19-25	299	KI-22	299	15	10	10	L2	L2	2
6-2	120	30-36	300	KI-23	300	L2	L2	6	L2	L2	L2
6-2	130	120-126	301	KI-24	301	30	15	10	L2	L2	2
6-2	165	114-120	302	KI-25	302	10	L2	6	L2	L2	2
6-3	165	40-45	303	KI-26	303	L2	L2	2	L2	L2	L2
6-3.5	165	5-11	304	KI-27	304	L2	10	6	L2	L2	2
6-3.5	168	10-12	305	KI-28	305	L2	L2	4	L2	L2	L2
6-4	165	14-20	306	KI-29	306	40	30	25	L2	L2	4
6-3.45	168	7-8	307	KI-30	307	30	30	6	L2	L2	2
6-3.5	167	8-8.5	308	KI-31	308	10	10	4	2	L2	2
6-3.5	166	12-13	309	KI-32	309	15	L2	4	L2	L2	2
6-3.5	160	34-40	310	KI-33	310	15	L2	4	L2	L2	2
6-4	168	9-15	311	KI-34	311	5	L2	2	L2	L2	L2
6-3	168	20-26	312	KI-35	312	30	20	8	40	L2	4
6-3	160	52-56	313	KI-36	313	L2	L2	2	L2	L2	L2
6-4	160	44-50	314	KI-37	314	60	60	30	L2	L2	2
6-3	110	15-16	315	KI-38	315	L2	10	8	2	L2	8
6-3	120	3-9	316	KI-39	316	L2	L2	4	L2	5	2
6-3	130	34-40	317	KI-40	317	5	15	10	L2	L2	L2
6-4	110	10-16	318	KI-41	318	L2	L2	2	L2	L2	L2
6-4	121	19-25	319	KI-42	319	L2	15	6	L2	L2	L2
6-4	130	13-19	320	KI-43	320	L2	20	2	L2	L2	L2
6-4	140	28-34	321	KI-44	321	L2	30	8	L2	L2	2

The mean of anomalous populations has been used as the local anomaly threshold.

The contrast of local anomaly is given by:

$$\text{Local contrast} = \frac{\text{Anomalous assay} - 1}{\text{Local threshold}}$$

It is essential that the local contrast be greater than 2.

Frequency and cumulative distribution curves have been drawn for all elements analysed. The latter have also been plotted for background and anomalous populations where relevant.

Assays totalling 283 samples supplied by Spectrum have been included in this statistical evaluation. McPhar and AMDEL's results have only served as check assays.

All calculation sheets and graphs are appended (Appendix Nos. IV - XI).

#### 4. Evaluation of Results

##### ( i ) Copper

The mean of the 283 samples included in this analysis has been estimated at 29 PPM, being practically identical with the Clarke of 30 PPM. The cumulative curve does not show anomalous deviation either.

Anomalous trends and/or zones are not present in the area.

##### ( ii ) Lead

A few anomalous values occur in the area, however, the contrast factor and the local contrasts are very low apart from the zone on

Line 4 between 2600E & 3400E

where the local contrast is excessively high (7.6).

Follow up work is warranted, as high tungsten values overlap.

##### ( iii ) Nickel

Clarke of nickel for the relevant rock types has been calculated to be 35 PPM. The mean of 29 PPM for the total samples is below this figure.

The frequency and cumulative distribution curves do not show anomalous trend. It has therefore been concluded that anomalous nickel mineralisation is not present in the area.

TABLE 3

COMPARISON OF PARAMETERS  
OF TUNGSTEN GEOCHEMICAL SURVEYS

A R E A	P O P U L A T I O N							R E M A R K S
	TOTAL		BACKGROUND		ANOMALOUS			
	Mean PPM	Number of Assays	Mean PPM	Number of Assays	Mean PPM	Number of Assays	Contrast Factor	
EL-9/71-15/71	8.2	283	3.8	218	26.3	65(23.0%)	2.06	Reconnaissance survey.
Bold Head	5.9	499	2.6	402	28.9	97(19.4%)	2.68	Detailed survey, large orebody discovered.
No. 1	5.5	219	2.5	180	24.7	39(17.8%)	2.14	Reconnaissance survey, follow up in progress
No. 2	L2	170	L2	170	-	-	-	Reconnaissance survey, 2 assays are greater than 2 PPM.
No. 3	2.2	213	1.8	206	15.7	7(3.3%)	0.30	Reconnaissance survey. Follow up work encountered a 400' by 15' outcrop with scheelite mineralisation at an average grade of 0.042%W (14 samples analysed).
No. 4	L2	74	L2	74	-	-	-	Reconnaissance survey, 2 assays are greater than 2 PPM.
No. 5	L2	31	L2	31	-	-	-	Reconnaissance survey, 2 assays are greater than 2 PPM.
No. 6	2.5	165	1.9	148	19.5	17(10.3%)	1.18	Reconnaissance survey. Follow up work was not completed.

Note: 1. Reconnaissance lines were spaced 2000' to 5000' apart.

2. Residual soils were sampled in each case using Gemco and hand augers and suitable hand tools when the residual soil was close to the surface.

3. All samples were analysed using colorimetric methods by reputed Australian laboratories: McPhar, Spectrum, G.S.C. etc.

( iv) Molybdenum

Very low concentrations of this element are present in the rock types similar to those encountered in the area of Exploration Licence. Clarke has therefore been estimated at less than 2 PPM.

Local anomalies have been encountered in places, but they are not regarded as significant due to inadequate contrast.

( v) Tungsten

The clarke of tungsten is 2 PPM, which is significantly exceeded by the mean of total assays (8.2 PPM) indicating that the whole area is regionally anomalous.

In support of this, the background mean was found to be 3.8 PPM using 10 PPM cut off. This mean is still above the clarke confirming the conclusion that the area is situated in a tungsten province.

For a direct comparison the statistical evaluation of an earlier geochemical survey conducted by the author over the Bold Head area (situated approximately 14 miles south of the area covered by this exploration) has been presented in similar fashion and attached to this report. This survey was directly responsible for the discovery of a large tungsten orebody. The comparison of parameters shows striking similarities. It is essential to note however that the survey at Bold Head covered less than half a square mile while the present exploration covered approximately 8 square miles.

Parameters of six other surveys conducted by the author in eastern Australian have also been tabulated and included in this report (Table 3). Although Table 3 is self explanatory, it is essential to remark that:

- (a) the geologically suitable environments are not necessarily mineralised, as the mean values in area Nos. 2, 4 and 5 did not exceed the clarke.
- (b) in area No. 3 the source of anomalous population was located, although the contrast factor was hopelessly low.
- (c) completely barren, insignificantly mineralised and economically mineralised areas have been successfully outlined by geochemical surveys.

It has therefore been concluded that the area of present exploration is situated in a tungsten province and contains highly significant anomalies.

(vi) Tin

The mean of tin assays is far below the clarke, indicating the absence of anomalous mineralisation.

(vii) Gold

A few low and small anomalies of gold have been detected. These anomalies indicate that gold mineralisation has taken place, but results so far are inadequate to justify follow up work.

5. Reliability of Geochemical Assaying

Spectrum, McPhar and AMDEL's results show anomalous trends the magnitude of which are, however, discrepant.

AMDEL reported the lowest, McPhar reported intermediate and Spectrum reported the highest values. Below 100 PPM McPhar and Spectrum's results are broadly identical.

AMDEL used XRF technique, the reliability of which depends on a number of factors, particularly in the low PPM range:

- (a) stability of electric current, temperature, moist etc.
- (b) matrix of the specimen analysed
- (c) matrix of standard specimens
- (d) experience of the operator

From verbal communications it has become apparent that AMDEL has no adequate experience in analysing for tungsten in the very low PPM range. Consequently, suitable standards may not have been available and/or the matrix effect may have been overlooked. Results supplied by AMDEL have therefore been excluded from the further evaluation.

Several consultations with world authorities (Dr.A.M. Asklund, Mineral Chemist, Sweden, Et. Al.) in the theoretical and practical aspects of chemical analysis, and the comparison of check assays have resulted in the conclusions

- (a) Analysis in the very low PPM ranges can provide discrepant results, because the even distribution of element sought can not be achieved by the most thorough pulverising technique, if the element in question occurs as a grain, and not as an even precipitate from solution.

This is the explanation of many discrepancies shown in Table Nos. 1 and 2.

Similar discrepancies were encountered in connection with the geochemical survey at Bold Head. Six identical samples were submitted under different identification numbers. Results are:

SP 103	250 PPM W
104	250 "
105	375 "
106	675 "
107	200 "
108	200 "

Another set of identical samples yielded discrepancies as follows:

SP 109	4 PPM W
110	L2 "
111	4 "
112	60 "
113	4 "
114	4 "

The samples were analysed by McPhar using colorimetric modified Dithiol method.

- (b) Colorimetric quantitative determinations are based on the intensity of colours. In the two extremities of very dense and very pale colours, readings are erratic owing to the poor distinguishing abilities of both the human eye and instrumented technique. This is well demonstrated by reliability checks conducted in connection with the Bold Head surveys.

Two mill head samples analysed using XRF technique by King Island Scheelite Ltd's own laboratory, were submitted for colorimetric analysis to McPhar. Results are as follows:

Mill head 66 - XRF - : 0.50%  $WO_3$  (5000 PPM)

Checks by McPhar: MH 66	1200 PPM
SP 117	800 PPM
SP 118	1000 PPM

Mill head 67 - XRF - : 0.35%  $WO_3$  (3500 PPM)

Checks by McPhar: SP 116	800 PPM
--------------------------	---------

- (c) A comparison of check assays by Spectrum and McPhar have been presented on the graph enclosed.

The graph clearly shows that the major discrepancies occur

- ( i ) in the very low range from L2 to 10 PPM and
- (ii) in the high range, above 90

Results supplied by both analysts follow the same pattern and do not show significant discrepancies between 10 PPM and 90 PPM.

- (d) In order to eliminate the factor of error explained in (b) and (c), results below 10 PPM and above 80 PPM were excluded from a tentative statistical evaluation.

The striking similarities of the geochemical patterns of the exploration area and those of Bold Head have not faded out, but on the contrary, become more prominent.

Results are tabulated below:

Area	Samples between 10 & 80 PPM		Mean (Lognormal)
	Number	%	
E.L. 9/71- 16/71	60	21.2	21.2 PPM
Bold Head	87	17.4	20.8 PPM

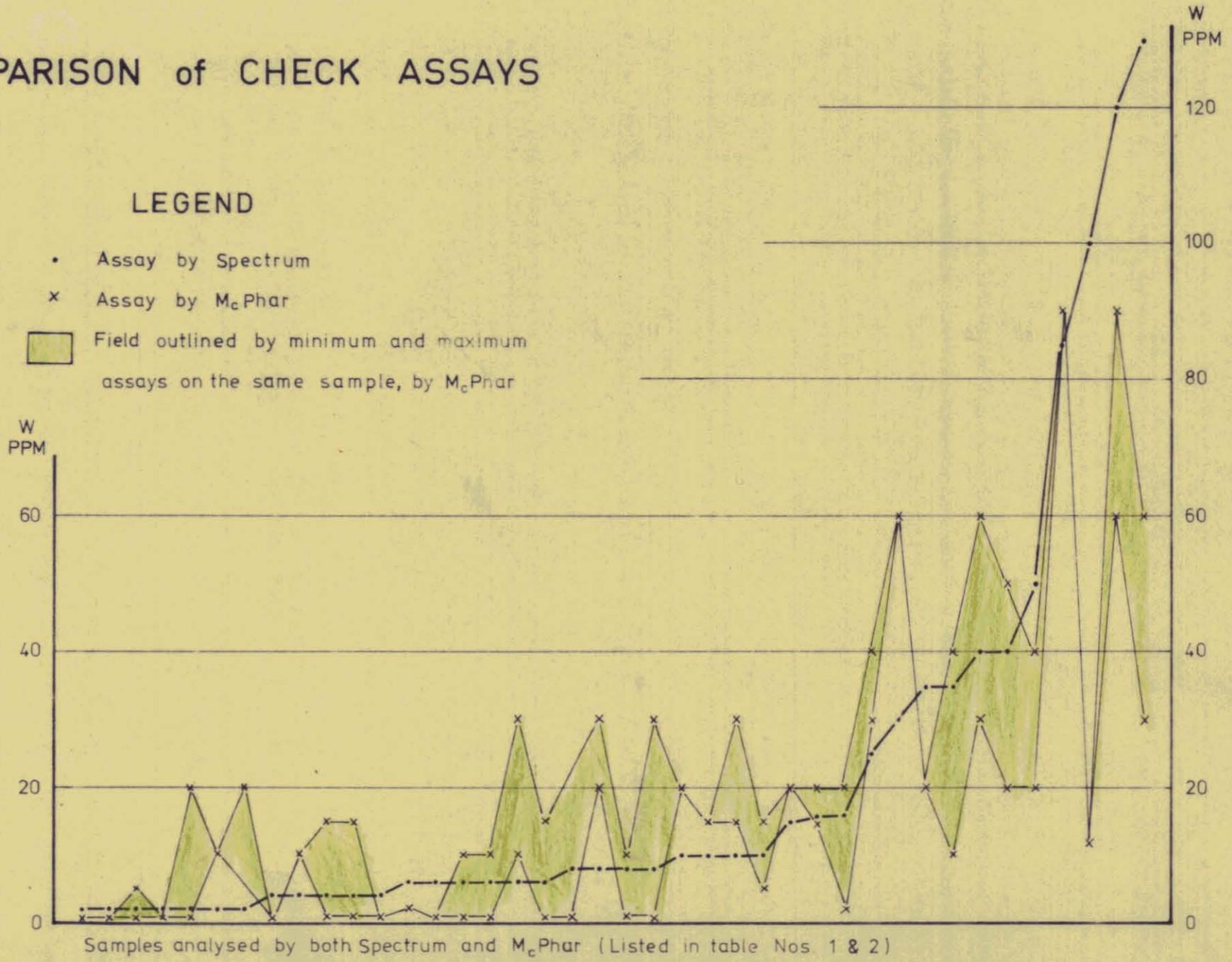
- (e) The reliability of both analysts is good within certain limitations:
- (i) In the very low PPM range the accuracy can not be and is not needed to improve from practical point of view.
  - (ii) In the high PPM range (at and above 100 PPM) the reliability can be improved by diluting the solution analysed. This is a time consuming procedure which requires technical knowledge and experience. In a profit motivated operation these requirements can not be fulfilled within the existing price structure.

More credit is however given to Spectrum who used instrumented comparison in the range of 50 to 500 PPM (Appendix I)

# COMPARISON of CHECK ASSAYS

## LEGEND

- Assay by Spectrum
- x Assay by M<sub>c</sub>Phar
- Field outlined by minimum and maximum assays on the same sample, by M<sub>c</sub>Phar



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VIII. GEOLOGY

1. Regional Aspects

King Island is made up of pre-Cambrian metamorphics which outcrop along the western coast of the island, and are overlain by low grade regionally metamorphosed pelitic sediments which are only exposed in road metal pits. This sequence may belong to the upper pre-Cambrian or lower Cambrian system.

In the south-eastern part mining and exploration have exposed a sequence of clastic and carbonate sediments, the regional metamorphic grade of which is insignificant in comparison with the pre-Cambrian metamorphics.

Apparently there is a major unconformity between these rock units which places the latter into the Cambrian age.

The Cambrian sequences of the Tasman geosynclinal area are known to include carbonate rocks in both Tasmania and the south-east Australian mainland. Consequently it is obvious that the carbonate rocks at Grassy, King Island, are not isolated phenomena, but are part of a regional carbonate horizon. Hence this horizon is postulated as being present along and/or adjacent to the eastern half of the island.

Two groups of granitic rocks occur at King Island:

- ( i ) older, mainly foliated granites
- (ii) Devonian granites

The latter is the source of the tungsten mineralisation at Grassy, and is associated with tin, tungsten, molybdenum and bismuth deposits in the Tasman geosynclinal area.

2. Exploration Licence Nos. 9/71 & 15/71

Subsurface geology of the area has been postulated on the basis of drill cuttings obtained by the panning of auger samples. The cuttings could have come from many sources (floaters, pebbles or bedrock). It is thought, however, that they broadly represent the underlying suboutcrops.

- ( i ) The following rock types have been identified from the drill cuttings:
  - (a) Regionally metamorphosed rocks: schist, micaschist, blackschist.
  - (b) Slate, shale, siltstone & sandstone.
  - (c) Contact altered pelitic-psammitic sedimentary rocks, quartz/muscovite/biotite/chlorite hornfels, spotted hornfels, andalusite/sillimanite(?)/kyanite(?) hornfels and garnet (grossularite) rocks.

- (d) Granitic rocks: aplite, pegmatite and chilled granite (microgranite).
- (e) Quartz.
- (f) Laterite/haematite/geothite.

(ii) Minerals identified are as follows:

- (a) Pyrite.
- (b) Scheelite (mostly dull yellow fluorescent, in many instances it may have been fluorescent sillimanite(?) and/or kyanite(?)).
- (c) Zircon (bright golden yellow fluorescent grains).

(iii) Underlying Geology

Drill cuttings show that the western third of the area is made up of pre-Cambrian schistose rocks which are followed by slate, shale and silty rocks to the east showing lower grades of regional metamorphism. These rocks are situated west of a major granitic intrusive and are postulated to be upper pre-Cambrian - lower Cambrian pelitic - psammitic rocks.

Between Lines 4 and 6 a major fault is postulated along which the pre-Cambrian schistose rocks have apparently been displaced.

On the eastern side of the granitic intrusive, younger and regionally less metamorphosed pelitic rocks have been mapped. These rocks are contact metamorphosed representing a wide range of metamorphic grades from chlorite - biotite to andalusite-sillimanite(?) hornfels. Great similarities have been noticed between these rocks and the rocks mapped and logged as volcanics/meta-volcanics/metadolerites in the Bold Head and Grassy areas. These so-called volcanics(?) overlie and interfinger carbonate sequences in which tungsten mineralisation occurs. It is strongly suggested that these are, in fact, chlorite-biotite and andalusite-sillimanite(?) hornfels.

In the extreme eastern part of the area some garnet rock was identified in the auger chips and geochemical assays have shown some anomalous tungsten and molybdenum values.

Previous workers (McDougall & Leggo) noted that undeformed, similar adamallites are found near Grassy and in the area of the Exploration Licences.

The granitic intrusive occupying about one third of the area is similar in age and appearance to the granitic rocks of Bold Head.

## Granite samples from

- (a) diamond drilling in the area of Exploration Licences (R1 & R2)
- (b) Grassy (3 samples)
- (c) Bold Head

were subjected to petrographic examinations (Appendix XII & XIII). Results are shown in Table 4.

TABLE 4

COMPARISON OF THE  
MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITIONS OF GRANITIC SAMPLES

Locality	Quartz %	Alkali Feldspar %	Calc-Alkali Feldspar %	Rock Name
Bold Head	15	55-60	15	Porphyritic granite
R1	15	65-75	5-10	Leucogranite
R2	15	65-75	10	"
Grassy (3 samples)	40	10-12	15-20	Granodiorite

IX. DIAMOND DRILLING

1. Scope

After completion of reconnaissance surveys in the area, the client decided to test the area in depth by 1000' of diamond drilling. The scope of drilling was to obtain information about

- (a) The stratigraphy and lithology of the area with specific interest regarding the presence of carbonate rocks.
- (b) Structure, major faults or fractures.
- (c) The possible mineralisation potential of the area.

2. Drilling

Three holes were drilled for a total of 825 feet. With the exception of DDH R-1 core recovery was poor.

( 1) DDH-R1.

The hole was drilled near the eastern boundary of the area where the youngest stratigraphic horizons were postulated. Drilling was sited about 600' south-south-east of the exposed granite-sedimentary contact and was directed towards a sharp, anomalous magnetic bipole, which was designed to be intersected about 100' below the surface between 120' and 180' drill interval.

Drill cuttings from the immediate vicinity contained small fragments of grossularite garnet/garnet hornfels. Geochemical assaying (received when drilling was in progress) yielded 30 PPM tungsten.

The drill hole intersected a sequence of contact metamorphosed pelitic sedimentary rocks comprising andalusite-chlorite-biotite hornfels which graded into muscovite-biotite, quartz-muscovite hornfels. At the postulated target interval two major granite dykes were intersected. Below the first, a number of hydrothermally altered blebs of pyroxene-garnet-calcite hornfels were included in the contact altered sediments. At 130.8' - 131.0' a calcite-garnet hornfels band assaying 40 and 112 PPM tungsten was intersected.

From 220' to the end of the hole (352') quartz-muscovite hornfels became predominant.

( ii) DDH-R2

The target of the hole was a local tungsten geochemical anomaly clearly outlined on the northern side of Line 4, in the vicinity of granite outcrops. The anomaly of 120 PPM tungsten was not defined southwards.

Drilling intersected a sequence of contact altered (schistose?) silty sediments which were intruded by several granite dykes. The hole hit the massive granite body at 98'. Drilling was stopped at 114'.

Samples from 61' - 62.5' assayed 130 PPM molybdenum, 215 PPM copper, 135 PPM nickel and 1.0% titanium, in an andalusite-sillimanite(?) hornfels, with abundant pyrite.

(iii) DDH-R3

Target zone of the hole was an aeromagnetic anomaly which could be indicative of a major regional fault in close proximity to a prominent granite intrusive.

The hole intersected a contact altered sequence of schistose rocks. The grade of contact alteration varies from chlorite-biotite to andalusite-sillimanite(?) hornfels. Drilling was stopped at 359'.

Three fault zones were intersected. The core recovery was very poor. Samples analysed did not show significant mineralisation.

From 0' - 92' drill core was not available. Sludge sampling yielded 225 - 305 PPM zinc and 4 - 8 PPM tungsten within this interval.

3. Analysis of Drill Cores

A total of 35 drill core and 1 grab samples were analysed by Spectrum for

Cu, Pb, Zn, Ni, Mo, W, Sn, Au

using evaluation AAS and colorimetric methods.

Five samples were subjected to AAS scanning analysis for

Sb, As, Bi, Ag, Co, Cr, Fe, Mn, Ti, V, U, Hg

Apart from one sample in which 1.0% titanium and 130 PPM molybdenum were detected, no significant mineralisation was observed. Assay reports are appended (Appendix XIV).

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X. MINERALISATION

1. Tungsten

The presence of tungsten mineralisation in the area explored has been indicated by a large number of significant geochemical anomalies which are similar and greater in size than those recorded over the Bold Head orebody.

In some instances scheelite was positively identified in auger rock chips and substantiated by geochemical assaying. In one auger hole (2-15, 200E) gravels of garnet - skarn with scheelite mineralisation was encountered.

Diamond drill hole R1 located east of the granite intrusive intersected a band of calcite-garnet hornfels with disseminated scheelite mineralisation assaying 40 and 112 PPM with 10 PPM Mo, indicating the ore mineral powellite. A number of anomalies were recorded over the chilled granite rim in which thin quartz-scheelite veinlets are common in Grassy.

2. Molybdenum - Titanium

Some anomalous molybdenum geochemical results indicate that mineralisation is present in the area. In DDH-R2 130 PPM molybdenum and 1.0% titanium were detected by AAS scanning analysis from 61' - 62.5'.

3. Pyrite

The whole area is mineralised throughout by pyrite which occurs as vein fillings, blebs and fragments amongst the auger drill cuttings. Two forms are present in these cuttings:

- (a) fragments of vein fillings and idiomorphic crystals
- (b) fragments of swamp pyrite, formed in shallow water under reducing conditions.

XI. DISCUSSIONS

The whole exploration program was geochemically orientated as the exploration comprised geochemical auger drilling, with the postulation of subsurface geology on the basis of the residual soil/bedrock chip samples collected.

The exploration has fulfilled its original target because,

- 1. previous geological inferences have been adequately tested and broadly confirmed. An intrusive granite body (similar to the intrusive at Bold Head), an extensive contact zone, and a highly anomalous tungsten dispersion pattern, in places adjacent to the granite-country rock contact, have been located.

- 2. target areas worthy of follow up work have been marked out.

- ( i) Target area 1, defined by the co-ordinates 10,000E - 16,850E & 20,000N - 26,000N.

This area was tested by auger drilling on a very broad grid and one diamond drill hole.

The area is divided by a postulated granite dyke which is approximately 2000' wide. West of this dyke floaters of strongly sheared rocks with ample pyrite in the fractures, and spotted hornfels were located. East of the dyke, younger probably Cambrian shales converted to andalusite-biotite-chlorite hornfels were mapped from auger drill chips and sparse outcrops. Anomalous tungsten and molybdenum values are common in this area.

DDH-R1 intersected a band of contact altered carbonate rock, which is indicative of the presence of carbonate horizon(s) nearby. The carbonate rock was accompanied with scheelite, which indicates that tungsten mineralisation has taken place in this area.

It must be noted that the area adjacent to the eastern boundary appears to have greater potential than that of target area 1.

- ( ii) Target area 2 defined by the co-ordinates 8,000E - 10,000E & 26,000E - 32,000N.

The area has been partly tested by geochemical auger drilling on a close grid pattern. Two significant anomalous trends were located but neither have been adequately followed up.

Two diamond drill holes, R2 and R3, were drilled mainly for general stratigraphic information.

The holes intersected contact altered schistose rocks but the sources of tungsten anomalies have remained undetected.

- (iii) Target area 3, defined by the co-ordinates 2,000E - 3,000E & 24,000N - 28,000N.

In this area laterite (gossan?) and quartz fragments are accompanied with tungsten and lead anomalies characterised by highly significant contrasts.

These anomalies have not yet been tested, although they may have been derived from mineralised veins.

XII. CONCLUSIONS

- ( i) Granite intrusives have been encountered and broadly outlined in the area.
- ( ii) The granite is similar in composition to the mineralising granite at Bold Head.
- ( iii) Mineralising solutions have accompanied the intrusion of the granite as indicated by tungsten assays up to 130 PPM in auger samples, and molybdenum up to 130 PPM in diamond drill core.
- ( iv) Contact aureola has developed, 1000' - 2000' in width, around the granite.
- ( v) A small band of contact altered carbonate rock converted to calcite garnet hornfels, has been intersected in one diamond drill hole.
- ( vi) Major fracture zones are present in the area, although not mineralised in DDH-R3.
- ( vii) Shear zones with pyrite mineralisation have been encountered in a number of places.
- (viii) Anomalous concentrations of tungsten, molybdenum, lead and gold are present in the area.
- ( ix) The tungsten anomalies are significant and similar both in magnitude and distribution to those of Bold Head where an orebody of considerable size was discovered on the basis of geochemical surveying.
- ( x) The western half of the area is not suitable to accommodate low grade - large tonnage type disseminated scheelite deposit. Although high grade - small tonnage type deposit can occur, as indicated by overlapping lead tungsten anomalies on Line 4.
- ( xi) An area of 5000' by 7000' in the south-east corner of the E.L. 9/71 is considered to be suitable of accommodating carbonate rocks which are the pre-requisite of low grade - large tonnage deposits.
- ( xii) Exploration Licence 15/71 has been inadequately covered by reconnaissance surveys. The information available does not suggest that suitable environments for mineralisation are present.

XIII. RECOMMENDATIONS

The area shows remarkable similarities to Bold Head. It is essential therefore that further exploration be conducted in order to locate suitably situated fracture zones and carbonate rocks.

The possible potential of this region is great, but the area of particular interest is small and is situated near to the boundary of E.L. 9/71. It is recommended therefore that either,

- ( i ) efforts be made to bring into control the areas located adjacent to the eastern boundary at realistic costs, or
- (ii) the interest be relinquished.

If the interest is retained it is recommend that further work be completed over the area. This work should include geochemical auger drilling programs, geophysical (magnetic, I.P., E,M, etc.) surveys and stratigraphic diamond drilling.

This work should be concentrated in the south-eastern quarter of E.L. 9/71 and in the areas located eastwards adjacent to the granite contact. The estimated costs of the follow up work are,

Auger drilling, line cutting and geochemical assaying	\$ 20,000
Geophysical surveys	\$ 6,000
Stratigraphic diamond drilling	\$ 40,000
Miscellaneous	\$ 4,000
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TOTAL:	\$70,000

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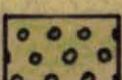
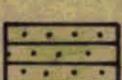
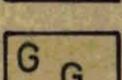
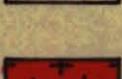
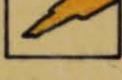
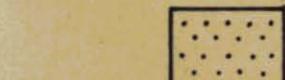
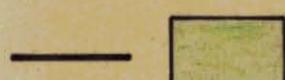
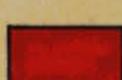
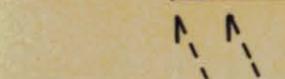
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Notes:

1. References listed above are available for inspection in L.G. Szabo's library, excepting Nos. 36 and 41 which are available in professional public libraries.
2. Publication by R.R. Large (Metasomatism and Scheelite Mineralisation at Bold Head, King Island, AIMM, Proceedings No. 238, 1972) has not been included, as it is a broad repetition of Reference No. 53.)
3. In order to substantiate Table 3, assay reports and evaluation sheets are available for inspection, but information regarding the clients associated with and whereabouts of the areas can not be revealed.

# LEGEND

-  Schist , Mica schist
-  Black schist
-  Shale, slate, siltstone, sandstone
-  Spotted hornfels
-  Biotite/ Chlorite/ Muscovite / Quartz  
Hornfels/ Quartzite
-  Gornet rock, Gornet hornfels
-  Granite
-  Acid igneous (Aplite?, Microgranite)
-  Granite sand
-  Quartz vein
-  Laterite
-  Bioclastic limestone
-  Sand & gravels
-  Regional anomaly
-  Local anomaly
-  Fracture zone
-  Fault, inferred
-  Boundary, inferred

**MICROFILMED**

A P P E N D I X I

ASSAY REPORTS BY SPECTRUM

Analytical Methods  
(Letter of February 2, 1972)

Quotation No: 209

Analytical Reports

Nos: 0363  
0369  
0380  
0387  
0397  
0429

040

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**SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES**

5 MARY PARADE, RYDALMERE, N.S.W. 2116 Telephone: 638-5905

P.O. BOX: 275 RYDE, 2114

TELEX: 23074

GLJ:DAC

2 February 1972

Mr. L.G. Szabo,  
3/210 St. Kilda Street,  
BRIGHTON, VIC. 3186.

Dear Sir,

Further to your telephone request of the 2nd. instant, we have pleasure in offering the following details of the methods used for the analyses of reports nos. 0363 & 0369.

- Copper:** Hydrochloric/Nitric/Perchloric dissolution on a 1 gm. sample by gently boiling for 1 hour. Determination is by Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry.
- Lead:** As for Copper.
- Nickel:** As for Copper.
- Tin:** Ammonium Iodide sublimation attack on a 0.5 gm. sample followed by dissolution in 2N hydrochloric acid. Determination is by visual comparison of the pink coloured complex formed in a buffered solution with gallein with a standard series.
- Molybdenum:** Potassium bisulphate fusion on a 0.2 gm. sample followed by dissolution in conc. hydrochloric acid. Determination is by visual comparison of the green coloured complex formed with dithiol, after extraction into petroleum spirits, with a standard series.
- Tungsten:** As for Molybdenum except that the greenish-blue complex is visually compared up to 50 ppm and then read with a Unicam SP 600 spectrophotometer to the nearest 5 ppm above this range.
- NBB-** Conditions for Mo and W are so adjusted (by reduction and acidity) before extraction so that a one hundred fold excess of one or the other does not effect the values obtained.
- Gold:** Aqua regia attack on a 10 gm. sample; the sample is then taken to dryness and redissolved in hydrochloric acid to give a final conc of 1N. After addition of hydrobromic acid the gold is extracted into methyl iso-butyl ketone and determined by AAS.

Should you require any further information please do not hesitate to contact us.

SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

*G. L. Jackson*  
G. L. Jackson (B.App.Sc.)  
Laboratory Manager.

041

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# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



6 MARY PARADE, RYDALMERE, N.S.W. 2116 Telephone: 638-5905

P.O. BOX: 275 RYDE, 2114

TELEX: 23074

GLW:dac

30 August 1971

Our Ref: Q209

## QUOTATION No 209

This quotation is for the analysis of approximately 300-500 samples to be delivered in batches of 50 or more over a period of about four months. Samples will require part or all of the following analyses:-

- |        |            |
|--------|------------|
| Copper | Molybdenum |
| Lead   | Tungsten   |
| Nickel | Gold       |
| Tin    |            |

This quotation is valid for a period of four (4) months from date of issue. Notice of renewal will be required after this period unless the programme has commenced.

SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES.

G. L. WINDRIDGE.

Managing Director

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RECEIPT OF SAMPLES:

Prices quoted apply for samples delivered to our laboratories at:

5 Mary Parade,  
RYDALMERE. N.S.W.

Samples can be collected from point of arrival in Sydney if required.  
This service would be undertaken at cost.

PREPARATION:

Sample preparation will be as follows:-

- Drying: charged at a rate of 10 cents per sample.
- Pulverising: samples less than 1lb 50 cents per sample.  
samples between 1lb & 2lb 75 cents per sample.  
samples greater than 2lb \$6:00 per hour.

NOTE:

- (1) Total sample is pulverised to minus 80 mesh.
- (2) Samples containing fractions +1/8" will require jaw crushing at a cost of an additional 25 cents per sample.
- (3) Augar drill samples will probably not require jaw crushing but if very wet, will require breaking after drying. Charges for this service are 10 cents per sample.

ANALYSIS BASE COST:

Element	Detection Limit	Accuracy	Base Cost
Cu	1 ppm	± 10% acid sol. above 50ppm	50 cents
Pb	5 ppm	± 10% acid sol. above 100ppm	50 cents
Ni	1 ppm	± 10% acid sol. above 50 ppm	50 cents
Sn	2 ppm	to within concentration steps either side of concentration stated.	\$1:00
Mo	2 ppm	as for Sn	\$1:20
W	2 ppm	as for Sn	\$1:00
Au	0.1 ppm	± 10% above 1 ppm	\$1:80

SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

per: *J. W. Widdings*

045

Certain element groupings are possible with a common attack:

- (1) Cu:Pb:Ni can be determined for a base rate of \$1:00
- (2) W:Mo can be determined for a base rate of \$2:00

Dilution charges for Cu;Pb;Ni:

1,000	to	10,000 ppm	10 cent surcharge
1%	to	10%	20 cent surcharge
10%	to	100%	30 cent surcharge

Base rate for total analysis is thus \$5:80 if Cu, Pb and Ni are less than 1,000 ppm.

Sn: Mo: W are reported as ppm in the following steps:

2:4:6:8:10:12. 5:15:17. 5:20:25:30:35:40:45:50:55:60:65:70:85:100: etc.

Elements will be analysed by the following methods:

- Copper:** Hydrochloric / Nitric / perchloric acid attack followed by Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry.
- Lead:** AS for Copper
- Nickel:** As for Copper, Lead.
- Tin:** Ammonium Iodide sublimation attack followed by acid digestion and colorimetric determination with gallein.
- Molybdenum:** Potassium Bisulphate fusion followed by colorimetric determination with zinc dithiol.
- Tungsten:** As for Molybdenum.
- Gold:** Aqua regia attack, bake, then hydrochloric acid dissolution followed by MIBK extraction and subsequent determination by AAS.

DESPATCH OF RESULTS:

Results will normally be despatched by air mail but may be telephoned or telexed (at cost) if so required.

TURNAROUND:

Results will normally be available within one week of sample receipt. Batches of 100 samples or less can be processed within 48 hours if requested "URGENT".

SAMPLE STORAGE:

All samples will be stored for the duration of the programme and six months thereafter free- of - charge.

SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES.

per: *[Signature]*

**GUARANTEE:**

Spectrum Analytical Laboratories guarantee the results of all analysis to within the limits specified. Should the results of any sample be found to be outside the accuracy specified, repeat analysis will be carried out free of - charge.

**COSTING:**

Base Analytical Rate:	\$5:80 per sample
Sample Preparation (less 1lb no crushing jaw, or breaking.)	:60 per sample
	-----
	\$6:40 per sample
LESS 12½ % DISCOUNT	:80 per sample
	-----
	<u>\$5:60 per sample</u>

An administration charge of \$4:00 per batch applies to all batches received at the laboratories irrespective of the number of samples in the batch. A 12½% discount also applies to this charge.

**SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES.**

per: *J. R. Lindridge*

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**SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES**



5 MARY PARADE, RYDALMERE, N S W. 2116 Telephone 638-5905

P.O. BOX: 275 RYDE, 2114

TELEX: 23074

GLW:DAC  
Our Ref: Q209

21 October 1971

Chief Geologist,  
Northland Minerals Limited,  
8 th Floor, 150 Queen Street,  
MELBOURNE, VIC. 3000.

Attention: Mr. L. G. Szabo.

Dear Sir,

I would like to confirm our offer made by 'phone on the 20th instant, by Mr. Graham Jackson, concerning tungsten by geochemical analysis detailed in our quotation No 209 of 30 August 1971.

Tungsten may be determined to the nearest 5 ppm in the range 50 - 500 ppm by using instrumental comparison rather than visual comparison. While this will increase our cost, we have pleasure in advising that there is no adjustment to the rate in the above mentioned quotation.

Assuring you of a fast, accurate and confidential service at all times.

Yours faithfully,  
SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

G.L. Windridge  
Managing Director

046

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**SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES**

5 MARY PARADE, RYDALMERE, N.S.W 2116 Telephone: 638-5905

P.O. BOX: 275 RYDE, 2114

TELEX: 23074

GLJ:DAC

24 January 1972

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Customer: Mr. L.G. Szabo  
3/210 St. Kilda Street,  
BRIGHTON, VIC, 3186

Report No. 0363

Refer: Quote 209

Date Received: 18.1.72

No. of Samples: 54

Date Reported: 24.1.72

To Follow: nil

Type of Analysis: Geochemical AAS  
Evaluation AAS

Sheet 1 of

Your Sample No.	SAL Code No.	Elements ppm						
		Cu	Pb	Ni	Sn	W	Au	Mo
1	B218/1	8	20	20	<2	<2	<0.1	2
2	2	470	20	15	<2	<2	<0.1	12.5
3	3	30	15	15	<2	<2	<0.1	2
4	4	59	30	30	<2	<2	<0.1	2
5	5	40	25	15	<2	<2	<0.1	<2
6	6	67	20	40	<2	<2	<0.1	4
7	7	7	30	10	<2	12.5	<0.1	<2
8	8	16	15	15	<2	<2	<0.1	2
9	9	4	15	8	10	20	<0.1	<2
10	10	11	10	10	15	30	<0.1	2
11	11	11	10	8	6	12.5	<0.1	2
12	12	31	10	8	45	20	<0.1	8
13	13	3	15	10	<2	<2	<0.1	2
14	14	13	15	15	<2	8	<0.1	2
15	15	52	145	55	6	2	<0.1	2
16	16	21	10	20	<2	6	<0.1	<2
17	17	38	40	15	<2	10	<0.1	4
18	18	28	20	10	<2	<2	<0.1	2
19	19	70	25	25	60	<2	<0.1	4
20	20	81	45	20	8	<2	<0.1	6
21	21	35	20	10	20	<2	<0.1	6
22	22	45	35	50	8	6	<0.1	12.5
23	23	54	85	35	2	2	<0.1	2

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Report No. 0363

24 January 1972

Your Sample No.	SAL Code No.	Cu	Elements ppm					
			Pb	Ni	Sn	W	Au	Mo
24	B218/24	9	305	10	<2	130	<0.1	2
25	25	22	690	9	6	35	<0.1	<2
26	26	21	575	20	4	80	<0.1	2
27	27	34	55	35	4	60	<0.1	<2
28	28	20	30	25	20	2	<0.1	<2
29	29	32	30	20	15	<2	<0.1	10
30	30	14	15	10	2	4	<0.1	2
31	31	30	15	30	45	<2	<0.1	<2
32	32	31	25	20	65	<2	<0.1	2
33	33	50	30	50	20	4	<0.1	2
34	34	20	25	15	17.5	<2	<0.1	2
35	35	34	30	40	60	<2	<0.1	2
36	36	51	30	55	55	<2	<0.1	4
37	37	33	30	25	6	<2	<0.1	<2
38	38	49	35	55	4	<2	<0.1	<2
39	39	52	30	40	12.5	2	<0.1	4
40	40	58	20	45	<2	2	<0.1	2
41	41	61	25	25	<2	<2	<0.1	8
42	42	50	25	45	<2	15	<0.1	2
43	43	52	20	50	35	2	<0.1	2
44	44	65	30	70	55	8	<0.1	8
45	45	8	15	9	20	<2	<0.1	4
46	46	28	45	50	10	8	<0.1	4
47	47	30	15	40	60	8	<0.1	2
48	48	12	170	35	22.5	<2	<0.1	2
49	49	27	40	50	20	<2	<0.1	2
50	50	41	15	45	17.5	8	<0.1	2
51	51	31	15	35	<2	6	<0.1	4
52	52	110	25	75	70	8	<0.1	2
53	53	51	20	50	60	<2	<0.1	2
54	54	46	20	45	70	<2	<0.1	2

*G. L. Jackson*  
 G. L. Jackson (B.App.Sc.)  
 Laboratory Manager

046

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# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



5 MARY PARADE, RYDALMERE, N.S.W 2116 Telephone: 638-5905

P.O. BOX: 275 RYDE, 2114

TELEX: 23074

GLJ:DAC

2 February 1972.

## ANALYTICAL REPORT

Customer: Mr. L.G. Szabo,  
3/210 St. Kilda Street,  
BRIGHTON VIC. 3186.

Report No. 0369

Refer: Quote 209

Date Received: 27.1.72

No of Samples: 36

Date Reported: 2.2.72

To Follow: Nil

Type of Analysis: See enclosed letter.

Sheet 1 of 2

Your Sample No.	SAL Code No.	<u>Elements ppm</u>						
		Cu	Pb	Ni	Sn	W	Au	Mo
55	B225/1	80	20	65	< 2	6	< 0.1	8
56	2	66	15	40	2	15	< 0.1	4
57	3	32	25	45	< 2	6	< 0.1	10
58	4	57	30	50	< 2	8	< 0.1	10
59	5	43	25	55	< 2	4	< 0.1	20
60	6	165	40	30	< 2	6	< 0.1	10
61	7	50	20	40	2	2	< 0.1	2
62	8	53	20	40	6	2	< 0.1	2
63	9	49	15	7	< 2	2	< 0.1	2
64	10	59	30	9	< 2	15	< 0.1	12.5
65	11	31	40	10	2	10	< 0.1	2
66	12	72	25	75	2	4	< 0.1	2
67	13	53	20	50	2	2	< 0.1	8
68	14	37	35	30	2	4	< 0.1	6
69	15	32	20	10	< 2	4	< 0.1	4
70	16	8	30	9	2	17.5	< 0.1	4
71	17	5	25	10	2	40	< 0.1	2
72	18	17	15	10	6	120	0.4	6
73	19	38	15	8	< 2	35	< 0.1	12.5
74	20	13	10	10	6	25	< 0.1	8
75	21	10	20	20	< 2	25	< 0.1	8
76	22	16	20	55	< 2	20	< 0.1	6
77	23	10	50	30	55	< 2	< 0.1	4

...../2

Report No. 0369

2 February 1972

Your Sample No.	SAL Code No.	Elements ppm						
		Cu	Pb	Ni	Sn	W	Au	Mo
78	B225/24	12	40	70	70	< 2	< 0.1	4
79	25	6	20	15	< 2	50	< 0.1	6
80	26	23	25	75	< 2	2	0.3	6
81	27	9	30	25	< 2	2	0.3	4
82	28	11	15	20	2	40	< 0.1	4
83	29	9	15	40	< 2	25	< 0.1	4
84	30	20	15	15	4	10	< 0.1	4
85	31	8	15	35	4	55	< 0.1	4
86	32	7	20	35	2	4	< 0.1	4
87	33	8	20	30	2	12.5	< 0.1	2
88	34	14	25	25	6	15	< 0.1	2
89	35	13	25	25	< 2	10	< 0.1	4
90	36	17	20	25	2	4	< 0.1	2

CHECK ANALYSIS

9	B218/9		8	15	2
24	24	< 2	120	2	
27	27	4	50	4	
45	45	20	2	4	
46	46	8	12.5	6	
53	53	60	2	4	
54	54	60	2	4	

*G. L. Jackson*  
 .....  
 G. L. Jackson (B. App. Sc.)  
 Laboratory Manager.

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# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



5 MARY PARADE, RYDALMERE, N.S.W 2116 Telephone: 638-5905

P.O. BOX: 275 RYDE, 2114

TELEX: 23074

GLJ:DAC

22 February 1972

## ANALYTICAL REPORT

Report No. 0380

Customer: Mr. L.G. Szabo,  
3/210 St. Kilda Road,  
BRIGHTON, VIC. 3186  
Copy to: King Island, Tas.

Date Received: 16. 2.72 No. of Samples 74  
Date Reported: 22. 2.72 To Follow: nil  
Type of Analysis: As per quote 209 Sheet 1 of 3

Your Sample No.	SAL Code No.	Elements ppm						
		Cu	Pb	Ni	Au	Sn	W	Mo
91	B235/1	15	25	25	<0.1	20	20	<2
92	2	20	20	35	<0.1	15	30	<2
93	3	15	15	45	<0.1	15	15	<2
94	4	10	15	30	<0.1	15	35	<2
95	5	25	15	25	<0.1	17.5	<2	<2
96	6	15	25	25	<0.1	12.5	6	<2
97	7	25	20	35	<0.1	<2	15	2
98	8	15	15	30	<0.1	17.5	6	2
99	9	20	20	30	<0.1	17.5	4	2
100	10	25	50	20	<0.1	4	<2	<2
101	11	40	35	20	<0.1	2	2	<2
102	12	9	25	85	<0.1	2	15	<2
103	13	20	20	35	<0.1	2	6	<2
104	14	15	15	40	<0.1	2	8	<2
105	15	15	10	35	<0.1	25	10	<2
106	16	20	20	30	<0.1	2	12.5	2
107	17	20	20	30	<0.1	4	4	<2
108	18	10	15	15	<0.1	4	6	2
109	19	20	10	20	<0.1	4	2	<2
110	20	15	20	20	<0.1	4	2	<2
111	21	15	10	15	<0.1	<2	4	<2
112	22	10	10	20	<0.1	10	8	2
113	23	8	10	10	<0.1	<2	4	<2
114	24	7	10	20	<0.1	10	20	<2

051

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- 2 -

Report No. 0380

22 February 1972

Your Sample No.	SAL Code No.	Elements ppm						
		Cu	Pb	Ni	Au	Sn	W	Mo
115	B235/25	6	10	20	< 0.1	10	20	2
116	26	15	20	20	< 0.1	4	85	2
117	27	10	15	40	< 0.1	8	8	2
118	28	8	20	20	< 0.1	2	30	2
119	29	7	15	30	< 0.1	25	10	2
120	30	5	20	15	< 0.1	10	6	< 2
121	31	15	5	15	< 0.1	2	100	< 2
122	32	20	20	15	< 0.1	10	4	2
123	33	5	5	10	< 0.1	2	2	2
124	34	10	25	15	< 0.1	6	2	2
125	35	10	15	15	< 0.1	2	4	< 2
126	36	75	20	20	< 0.1	2	6	< 2
127	37	30	10	25	< 0.1	6	4	4
128	38	25	20	10	< 0.1	10	2	< 2
129	39	40	25	40	< 0.1	6	2	< 2
130	40	10	25	7	< 0.1	8	< 2	< 2
131	41	20	30	20	< 0.1	2	2	< 2
132	42	10	25	15	0.1	4	2	< 2
133	43	20	15	15	0.1	2	4	2
134	44	15	40	20	0.1	2	< 2	< 2
135	45	20	30	20	< 0.1	2	6	< 2
136	46	50	25	35	< 0.1	2	6	2
137	47	2	25	10	0.1	2	6	< 2
138	48	3	10	10	< 0.1	2	2	< 2
139	49	10	20	20	< 0.1	2	2	< 2
140	50	20	20	20	< 0.1	2	< 2	< 2
141	51	45	25	10	< 0.1	2	6	2
142	52	3	15	10	< 0.1	10	2	< 2
143	53	10	45	20	< 0.1	2	< 2	< 2
144	54	60	40	40	0.1	2	< 2	< 2
145	55	40	25	15	< 0.1	2	4	< 2
146	56	45	20	15	< 0.1	2	2	< 2
147	57	50	30	20	< 0.1	2	2	< 2
148	58	40	40	20	< 0.1	2	2	< 2
149	59	20	15	10	< 0.1	2	4	< 2
150	60	20	25	25	< 0.1	2	< 2	< 2
151	61	50	25	50	< 0.1	4	2	2
152	62	65	30	20	< 0.1	2	2	< 2
153	63	60	30	25	< 0.1	4	2	< 2
154	64	45	25	55	< 0.1	4	2	2

052

Report No. 0380

22 February 1972

Your Sample No.	SAL Code No.	Cu	Pb	Elements			W	Mo
				Ni	Au	ppm Sn		
155	B235/65	55	15	40	< 0.1	6	< 2	6
156	66	40	20	40	< 0.1	< 2	< 2	< 2
157	67	55	20	55	< 0.1	< 2	4	2
158	68	50	20	55	< 0.1	< 2	2	2
159	69	25	15	15	< 0.1	< 2	6	< 2
160	70	50	25	100	< 0.1	2	4	< 2
161	71	20	20	15	< 0.1	2	2	< 2
162	72	20	15	10	< 0.1	< 2	2	< 2
163	73	20	30	30	< 0.1	2	< 2	< 2
164	74	10	20	20	< 0.1	< 2	2	< 2

Check Analysis

9	B218/9	5	15	15	< 0.1	6	17.5	2
24	24	10	300	8	< 0.1	2	130	< 2
27	27	30	50	35	< 0.1	4	50	2
46	46	30	45	45	< 0.1	8	10	6

*G. L. Jackson*  
 G. L. Jackson (B.App.Sc.)  
 Laboratory Manager

053

755054

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



5 MARY PARADE, RYDALMERE. N.S.W. 2116 Telephone: 638-5905

638-4445

P.O. BOX: 275 RYDE, 2112.

GLW:DAC

7 March 1972

## ANALYTICAL REPORT

Customer: Mr. L. G. Szabo,  
3/210 St. Kilda Road,  
BRIGHTON, VIC, 3186.

Report No: 0387

Refer: Q 209

Copy to: KING ISLAND

Date Received: 28.2.72

No of Samples: 87

Date Reported: 7.3.72

To Follow: Nil

Type of Analysis: As per quote Q209

Sheet: 1 of 3

Your Sample Number.	SAL Code No.	Element(s) ppm						
		Cu	Pb	Ni	Au	Sn	W	Mo
165	B242/1	42	20	45	0.1	15	15	4
166	2	60	20	40	L0.1	12.5	15	4
167	3	38	15	30	L0.1	6	17.5	2
168	4	19	20	15	L0.1	8	15	6
169	5	12	20	15	L0.1	6	35	8
170	6	39	20	20	L0.1	4	12.5	6
171	7	38	15	10	L0.1	6	8	4
172	8	12	5	15	L0.1	6	4	2
173	9	15	10	10	0.1	2	8	4
174	10	21	10	20	0.1	4	4	6
175	11	13	10	10	L0.1	2	4	4
176	12	29	10	15	0.1	6	15	6
177	13	13	10	15	L0.1	4	8	2
178	14	27	10	20	L0.1	4	12.5	4
179	15	10	15	10	L0.1	15	12.5	2
180	16	22	20	25	0.1	10	10	L2
181	17	4	10	15	L0.1	4	8	L2
182	18	18	10	15	L0.1	4	4	L2
183	19	11	15	10	L0.1	8	8	2
184	20	8	15	15	L0.1	4	8	4
185	21	25	20	15	L0.1	8	35	2
186	22	9	20	10	L0.1	10	15	2
187	23	18	20	30	L0.1	8	4	L2
188	24	13	15	20	L0.1	4	35	4
189	25	10	15	50	L0.1	4	45	4

.../2.

05A

755055

Report No: 0387

- 2 -

7 March 1972

Your Sample Number.	SAL Code No.	Cu	Pb	Element(s) ppm					
				Ni	Au	Sn	W	Mo	
190	B242/26	7	15	40	L0.1	4	8	L2	
191	27	4	10	30	L0.1	2	2	4	
192	28	29	15	35	L0.1	20	17.5	4	
193	29	19	20	20	L0.1	12.5	4	4	
194	30	8	15	20	0.1	17.5	6	4	
195	31	25	20	20	L0.1	10	30	4	
196	32	18	20	20	0.1	12.5	17.5	2	
197	33	79	20	10	L0.1	30	2	L2	
198	34	75	30	10	L0.1	50	L2	2	
199	35	37	10	10	L0.1	30	4	2	
200	36	18	15	6	L0.1	4	8	2	
201	37	33	20	15	L0.1	40	2	8	
202	38	29	10	15	L0.1	15	2	L2	
203	39	30	10	40	L0.1	30	2	2	
204	40	52	25	30	L0.1	15	2	L2	
205	41	32	15	20	L0.1	20	2	L2	
206	42	32	45	15	L0.1	20	L2	L2	
207	43	41	15	10	L0.1	25	L2	2	
208	44	60	60	10	L0.1	12.5	4	L2	
209	45	40	135	10	L0.1	15	6	4	
210	46	18	16	15	L0.1	10	2	L2	
211	47	48	14	10	L0.1	6	2	4	
212	48	40	5	20	L0.1	4	10	L2	
213	49	33	15	45	L0.1	25	30	L2	
214	50	43	15	20	L0.1	40	2	L2	
215	51	73	10	10	L0.1	30	L2	2	
216	52	27	15	8	L0.1	25	2	L2	
217	53	69	10	30	L0.1	12.5	6	4	
218	54	73	10	15	L0.1	10	6	L2	
219	55	60	10	40	L0.1	10	2	L2	
220	56	33	10	45	L0.1	17.5	6	2	
221	57	67	15	55	L0.1	15	2	2	
222	58	36	20	10	L0.1	10	2	L2	
223	59	22	25	10	L0.1	6	2	L2	
224	60	13	20	15	L0.1	20	8	2	
225	61	33	15	25	L0.1	4	2	L2	
226	62	13	20	60	0.1	25	4	L2	
227	63	27	10	20	L0.1	12.5	4	L2	
228	64	11	10	30	L0.1	10	4	L2	
229	65	12	10	20	L0.1	12.5	4	L2	
230	66	40	15	50	L0.1	17.5	4	L2	
231	67	62	20	30	L0.1	12.5	4	4	
232	68	29	15	20	L0.1	20	2	2	
233	69	38	10	30	L0.1	20	4	4	
234	70	5	10	20	0.1	60	4	2	

.../3.

055

Your Sample Number.	SAL Code No.	Cu	Pb	Element(s) ppm				
				Ni	Au	Sn	W	Mo
4-10 235	B242/71	3	5	20	0.1	20	4	L2
10-16 236	72	3	5	20	L0.1	15	4	L2
16-22 237	73	49	15	25	L0.1	8	4	2
13-19 238	74	16	10	15	0.3	4	8	L2
18-24 239	75	12	25	25	L0.1	17.5	4	L2
24-30 240	76	12	20	20	0.1	15	4	L2
0-4 241	77	3	5	15	0.1	15	6	4
4-10 242	78	4	5	9	L0.1	25	4	L2
10-16 243	79	3	5	15	0.1	25	15	L2
2-22 244	80	11	25	20	0.2	20	4	L2
22-28 245	81	13	20	30	L0.1	17.5	2	L2
18-34 246	82	18	15	40	L0.1	20	6	L2
6-10 247	83	3	5	10	0.1	8	15	L2
22-28 248	84	51	30	55	L0.1	12.5	8	L2
4-70 249	85	13	20	20	0.1	10	4	L2
4-70 250	86	23	30	30	L0.1	20	4	4
64-70 251	87	31	10	15	L0.1	12.5	4	2

CHECK ANALYSIS:

9	B218/9	4	14	10	L0.1	10	17.5	L2
24	24	8	310	10	L0.1	2	120	L2
27	27	32	55	35	L0.1	4	60	2
46	46	30	47	48	L0.1	10	10	4

COMMENTS:

All elements reported in ppm.

Method of Analysis: Ref. letter of 2.2.72

*G.L. Windridge*  
 G.L. Windridge (Dip. Chem.)  
 Managing Director.

056

755057



# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

5 MARY PARADE, RYDALMERE, N.S.W. 2116 Telephone: 638-5905  
638-4445

P.O. BOX: 275 RYDE, 2112.

GLJ:DAC

18 March 1972

## ANALYTICAL REPORT

Customer: Mr. L. G. Szabo.  
3/210 St. Kilda Road,  
BRIGHTON, VIC. 3186.

Report No: 0397  
Refer: Quotation 209

Copy to: KING ISLAND.

Date Received: 14.3.72

No of Samples: 40

Date Reported: 18.3.72

To Follow: Nil

Type of Analysis: Ref; Quotation 209.

Sheet: 1 of 2

Your Sample Number.	SAL Code No.	Element(s) ppm						
		Cu	Pb	Ni	Au	Sn	W	Mo
252	B255/1	63	25	20	L0.1	15	2	10
253	2	20	25	15	L0.1	5	6	4
254	3	73	20	40	L0.1	4	4	4
255	4	9	30	20	L0.1	10	2	2
256	5	23	25	10	0.2	10	25	6
257	6	49	30	15	0.1	15	2	4
258	7	39	50	15	L0.1	15	4	2
259	8	18	35	10	L0.1	12.5	6	6
260	9	28	45	25	L0.1	20	4	2
261	10	15	30	90	L0.1	15	6	L2
262	11	49	50	210	0.1	20	6	L2
263	12	16	35	10	L0.1	10	4	8
264	13	12	35	15	L0.1	15	2	6
265	14	27	55	15	L0.1	10	2	4
266	15	47	25	15	L0.1	10	4	6
267	16	3	20	10	L0.1	12.5	4	6
268	17	3	5	10	0.1	4	2	L2
269	18	3	10	25	L0.1	4	2	L2
270	19	7	15	10	L0.1	2	2	L2
271	20	15	30	15	L0.1	2	2	4
272	21	8	50	10	L0.1	2	2	4
273	22	29	25	15	L0.1	4	4	4
274	23	15	30	10	L0.1	2	2	2
275	24	29	30	15	0.1	2	2	2
276	25	38	30	15	0.1	2	2	2

057

755058

Your Sample Number	SAL Code No.	Element(s) ppm						
		Cu	Pb	Ni	Au	Sn	W	Mo
277	B255/26	41	25	20	0.4	2	2	2
278	27	55	30	15	L0.1	4	2	4
279	28	28	25	10	L0.1	4	2	2
280	29	40	30	20	L0.1	2	2	2
281	30	38	30	20	0.1	2	2	2
282	31	42	30	20	L0.1	2	2	L2
283	32	6	20	20	L0.1	2	15	L2
284	33	4	20	15	L0.1	L2	6	L2
285	34	5	10	20	0.2	L2	6	2
286	35	7	25	10	L0.1	L2	4	2
287	36	9	20	10	0.1	2	2	L2
288	37	16	40	10	L0.1	2	2	L2
289	38	9	20	15	0.1	4	12.5	L2
290	39	21	20	20	L0.1	2	2	2
291	40	23	20	10	0.1	2	2	L2

CHECK ANALYSIS:

9	B218/9	4	15	10	L0.1	6	17.5	L2
24	24	10	320	10	L0.1	L2	120	L2
27	27	33	50	35	L0.1	4	55	L2
46	46	28	45	45	L0.1	8	10	4
26	B218/26						80	
60	B225/6						4	
71	B225/17						35	
72	B225/18						120	
79	B225/25						50	
80	B225/26						2	
102	B235/12						15	

COMMENTS:

All elements reported in ppm.

L indicates less than.

Method of Analysis: Ref. letter of 2.2.72.

*G. L. Jackson*  
 G. L. Jackson (B.App.Sc.)  
 Laboratory Manager.

058

755059

**SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES****sal**

5 MARY PARADE, RYDALMERE, N.S.W. 2116

Telephone: 638-5905  
638-4445

P.O. BOX: 275 RYDE, 2112.

GLJ:DAC

23 May 1972

ANALYTICAL REPORTCustomer: Mr. L. G. Szabo,  
3/210 St. Kilda Road,  
BRIGHTON, VIC, 3186.

Report No: 0429

Refer: Q 209

Copy To: KING ISLAND.

Date Received: 16.5.72

No of Samples: 40

Date Reported: 23.5.72

To Follow: Nil

Type of Analysis: As per Quote 209.

Sheet: 1 of 2

Your Sample Number.	SAL Code No.	Element(s) ppm						
		Cu	Ni	Pb	Au	Sn	Mo	W
292	B284/1	11	75	40	L0.1	20	L2	2
293	2	12	30	30	L0.1	15	L2	16
294	3	25	25	40	L0.1	6	2	245
295	4	19	40	60	0.1	4	L2	140
296	5	40	20	20	0.1	2	L2	8
297	6	11	15	30	0.1	4	L2	16
298	7	12	25	20	0.1	10	4	10
299	8	56	15	45	L0.1	10	2	10
300	9	22	25	30	L0.1	20	L2	6
301	10	26	15	25	L0.1	4	2	10
302	11	13	20	40	L0.1	15	2	6
303	12	21	25	25	L0.1	20	L2	2
304	13	7	10	25	0.1	15	2	6
305	14	13	25	25	L0.1	15	L2	4
306	15	20	25	20	L0.1	30	4	25
307	16	6	50	30	L0.1	15	2	6
308	17	6	30	20	L0.1	15	2	4
309	18	3	25	20	0.1	10	2	4
310	19	30	15	25	L0.1	4	2	4
311	20	12	15	20	0.1	10	L2	2
312	21	13	30	15	L0.1	20	4	8
313	22	11	15	20	0.1	20	L2	2
314	23	17	20	35	L0.1	30	2	30
315	24	10	25	30	0.1	15	8	8
316	25	12	25	25	L0.1	25	2	4
317	26	28	20	40	L0.1	6	L2	10

.../2,

059

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Report No: 0429

- 2 -

23 May 1972

Your Sample Number.	SAL Code No.	Cu	Ni	Element(s) ppm		Sn	Mo	W
				Pb	Au			
318	B284/27	28	20	20	L0.1	20	L2	2
319	28	19	20	15	0.2	25	L2	6
320	29	33	45	20	0.1	8	L2	2
321	30	14	30	40	0.1	15	2	8
322	31	23	20	25	0.1	15	2	2
323	32	11	35	20	0.1	30	2	2
324	33	12	15	15	L0.1	10	L2	2
325	34	6	15	35	L0.1	75	2	4
326	35	4	20	10	0.1	2	L2	4
327	36	10	15	25	0.1	8	2	4
328	37	140	30	45	0.1	25	2	2
329	38	7	10	25	0.1	6	2	2
330	39	73	6	30	0.1	15	220	2
331	40	10	15	15	0.1	10	4	2

CHECK ANALYSIS:

9	B218/9	4	7	15	L0.1	8	L2	15
24	24	10	10	300	L0.1	L2	2	120
27	27	36	35	60	L0.1	4	L2	55
46	46	29	45	45	L0.1	8	2	8

COMMENTS:

All elements reported in ppm:

L . . . . indicates less than :

Method of Attack : Refer letter of 2.2.72 re Q209.

*G. L. Jackson*  
 .....  
 G. L. Jackson (B. App. Sc.)  
 Laboratory Manager.

A P P E N D I X    I IASSAY REPORTS BY McPHAR AND D.C. GRIFFITHS

Analytical Methods  
(Letter of May 17, 1972)

Analytical Reports  
Nos:        CH 3738  
              CH 3751  
              CH 3554

Assay results by D.C.Griffiths  
(supplied by Dr.D.H.Hose)

U61

755062

**McPHAR GEOPHYSICS** PTY. LTD

TELEPHONE 78 2133

50-52 MARY STREET, UNLEY, SOUTH AUSTRALIA  
POSTAL ADDRESS: P.O. BOX 42, UNLEY, SOUTH AUSTRALIA 5061

CABLE  
"PHARGEO" ADELAIDE  
TELEX  
"PHARGEO" AAS2623

17th May, 1972.

Mr. L. G. Szabo,  
Exploration & Mining Geologist,  
P.O. Box 308,  
Currie, King Island  
TASMANIA 7256

Dear Sir,

The detection limits of the colorimetric methods we use for W and Mo determination are 2 ppm in each case. I believe we sent you one of our current brochures in a previous letter but in case we did not, I am enclosing one with this letter. Contained therein, are summaries of all analytical methods used in our laboratories and the detection limits.

Regarding accuracy of these geochemical analyses, we claim nothing better than a 30% relative accuracy at the levels encountered, although in a number of samples checked by XRF, the accuracy appears to be better than this at the 100 ppm level.

Please accept our apologies for any inconveniences caused by our oversight.

Yours faithfully,

McPHAR GEOPHYSICS PTY. LTD.



DR. J. R. BEEVERS,  
Manager & Chief Chemist,  
Chemistry Division

enc.

062

MCPHAR

## GEOCHEMICAL RESULTS

50-52 MARY STREET  
 UNLEY, S.A. 5061  
 PHONE: 72 2133  
 CABLE: "PHARGEO"  
 ADELAIDE  
 TELEX: "PHARGEO"  
 AAB2623

Samples from: L.G. SZABO

Area:

Samples of:

Batch No.: CH 3837

Sheet No.: 1

Date: 24/5/72

SAMPLES DISPOSED OF AFTER TWO MONTHS UNLESS WE ARE OTHERWISE ADVISED

Sample Description	W, ppm	Mo, ppm					
K.I. 15	<2	<2					
6	15	<2					
7	10	<2					
8	20	<2					
9	<2	<2					
20	20	<2					
1	20	<2					
2	10	<2					
3	<2	<2					
4	15	<2					
5	<2	<2					
6	<2	<2					
7	10	<2					
8	<2	<2					
9	30	<2					
30	30	<2					
1	10	<2					
2	<2	<2					
3	<2	<2					
4	<2	<2					
5	20	<2					
6	<2	<2					
7	60	<2					
8	10	<2					
9	<2	5					
40	15	<2					
1	<2	<2					
2	15	<2					
3	20	<2					
4	30	<2					
5	<2	<2					
6	<2	5					
7	<2	<2					
8	<2	<2					
K.I. 49	<2	<2					

Please refer our letter of 17th May, 1972  
 re accuracy.

ANALYTICAL METHODS: Mo, W by modified Dithiol method following potassium  
 pyrosulphate fusion on 0.2, 0.1 g samples.  
 PREPARATION: Dried and pulverised  
 DISTRIBUTION: 2 copies to L.G. Szabo, KI.

Signed:



063

**MCPHAR**

**GEOCHEMICAL RESULTS**

755064  
 50-52 MARY STREET  
 UNLEY, S.A. 5061  
 PHONE: 72 2133  
 CABLE: "PHARGEO"  
 ADELAIDE  
 TELEX: "PHARGEO"  
 AA82623

Samples from: L. G. SZABO

Area:

Samples of:

Sheet No.: 1

Batch No.: CH 3751

Date: 27.4.72

SAMPLES DISPOSED OF AFTER TWO MONTHS UNLESS WE ARE OTHERWISE ADVISED

Sample Description	W, ppm	Mo, ppm					
K.I. 1	10	<2					
2	90	<2					
3	90	<2					
4	40	5					
5	20	<2					
6	30	<2					
7	10	20					
8	20	<2					
9	40	<2					
10	5	<2					
1	30	<2					
2	40	<2					
3	60	<2					
K.I. 14	10	5					
292	<2	10					
3	20	<2					
4	20	<2					
295 - not received	-	-					
6	<2	<2					
7	2	<2					
8	20	<2					
9	15	<2					
300	<2	<2					
1	30	<2					
2	10	<2					
3	<2	<2					
4	<2	<2					
5	<2	<2					
6	40	<2					
7	30	<2					
8	10	2					
9	15	<2					
10	15	<2					
1	5	<2					
2	30	40					
3	<2	<2					
4	60	<2					
5	<2	2					
6	<2	<2					
7	5	<2					
8	<2	<2					
9	<2	<2					
20	<2	<2					
321	<2	<2					

ANALYTICAL METHODS: W, Mo, by modified dithiol method following potassium pyrosulphate fusion on 0.1 and 0.2 samples respectively.

PREPARATION: Drying and pulverising

DISTRIBUTION: 2 copies to P.O. Box 308, Currie, King Island.

Signed: *A. Al-Daisy*

50-52 MARY STREET  
 UNLEY, S.A. 5061  
 PHONE: 72 2133  
 CABLE: "PHARGEO"  
 ADELAIDE  
 TELEX: "PHARGEO"  
 AA82623

Samples from: U.S. STEEL INTERNATIONAL INC.

Area:

Samples of:

Sheet No.: 1

Batch No.: CH 3554 (Your Ref. A-a-6-b-F-(d)  
 XRF (color) XRF

Date: 30.3.72

SAMPLES DISPOSED OF AFTER TWO MONTHS UNLESS WE ARE OTHERWISE ADVISED

Sample Description	Sn, ppm	(1) W, ppm	(2) W, ppm
INY -9-71-4-1 <sup>24</sup>	20	60	65
2 <sup>60</sup>	25	2	<20
3 <sup>70</sup>	35	50	45
4 <sup>70</sup>	20	60	60
5 <sup>70</sup>	<20	20	<20
6 <sup>80</sup>	35	20	<20
7 <sup>80</sup>	<20	60	45
8 <sup>70</sup>	<20	30	35
-2-9 <sup>100</sup>	<20	20	<20
INY -9-71-4-10 <sup>100</sup>	45	20	30

Elements are present in the samples which interfere with the colorimetric Sn method. Hence, all Sn values were obtained by XRF.

ANALYTICAL METHODS:

W, (1) by modified Dithiol method following potassium pyrosulphate fusion on 0.1 g sample. W, (2) determined by XRF.

SEPARATION:  
 DISTRIBUTION:

Pulverising  
 2 copies sent to U.S. Steel International Inc. Frankston.  
 Signed: *R. Keenan*

065

## RING ISLAND AUGER DRILL SAMPLES

sent to

Daniel C. Griffith (Vic.) Pty. Ltd.

INY Spl.No.	Expl. Lic. No.	Line No.	Hole No.	Szabo Bag No.	Ni ppm	Pb ppm	Cu ppm	Mo ppm	W ppm	Sn ppm	Remarks
INY-9-71-4-1	9/71 ✓	4	30 (4'-10')	1 24	10 18	305 270	9 9	2 <1	130 4	<2 40	120
INY-9-71-4-2	9/71 ✓	4	80	2 60	30 35	40 60	165 91	10 21	6 4	2 40	4
INY-9-71-4-3	9/71 ✓	4	92	3 71	10 26	25 64	5 17	2 4	40 8	2 50	35 (X)
INY-9-71-4-4	9/71 ✓	4	94	4 72	10 26	15 99	17 24	6 6	120 10	6 300	120 (X)
INY-9-71-4-5	9/71 ✓	4	112	5 79	15 21	20 51	6 12	6 4	50 20	<2 20	50 (X)
INY-9-71-4-6	9/71 ✓	4	114	6 80	75 67	25 59	23 21	6 8	2 2	<2 210	2
INY-9-71-4-7	9/71 ✓	4	118	7 82	20 29	15 56	17 19	4 1	40 50	2 150	
INY-9-71-4-8	9/71 ✓	4	112	5 79	15 24	20 51	6 11	6 21	50 10	<2 90	50
INY-9-71-2-9	9/71 ✓	2	152 (19'-25')	102 Licence - line-hole- depth	85 80	25 44	9 13	<2 9	15 4	<2 110	15
INY-9-71-2-10	9/71 ✓	2	152 (19'-25')	same	85 84	25 52	9 14	<2 6	15 6	<2 310	SPECTRUM 15 D.C. GRIFFITH

date sent ... 22 FEB 72 ...

date received .....

755066

A P P E N D I X III

ASSAY REPORT BY AMDEL

Report No: AN 4960/72

067



**The Australian Mineral Development Laboratories**

Flemington Street, Frewville, South Australia 5063  
Phone 79 1992, telex AAS2620

Please address all correspondence to the Director  
In reply quote: AN3/0/0 - 4960/72

2 May 1972

Mr L.G. Szabo  
Reekara  
KING ISLAND Tas 7256

REPORT AN4960/72

YOUR REFERENCE: Letter (undated) from L.G. Szabo  
IDENTIFICATION: K.I. 1 to K.I. 14  
DATE RECEIVED: 21/4/72

Enquiries quoting AN4960/72 to Officer in Charge please.

Analysis by: G.R. Holden

Officer in Charge, Analytical Section: A.B. Timms

  
for F.R. Hartley  
Director

pkm

44 60/72

## ANALYSIS

parts per million

Sample Mark	Tungsten W
K.I. 1	10
2	45
3	45
4	25
5	10
6	15
7	5
8	25
9	15
10	5
11	25
12	15
13	50
14	10

**NOTE:** Tungsten has been determined on these samples by X-ray fluorescence.

We consider the limit of detection to be 5 ppm and at the levels of concentration present the results are also considered to be within  $\pm 5$  ppm.

A P P E N D I X   I V

S T A T I S T I C A L   E V A L U A T I O N   -   C O P P E R

070

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: EL 9/71 & 14/71

ELEMENT: Cu

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Interval	Log. Mid-point	(Log. mid-point) <sup>2</sup>	f x Log midpoint	f x (Log midpoint) <sup>2</sup>
	f	f%	Cumulative %					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99				0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625		
1.99- 2.51	1	0.4	0.4	0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225	.35	.1225
2.51- 3.16	8	2.8	3.2	0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025	3.60	1.6200
3.16- 3.98			32	0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01	6	2.1	5.3	0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225	3.90	2.5350
5.01- 6.31	5	1.8	7.1	0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625	3.75	2.8125
6.31- 7.94	7	2.5	9.6	0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225	5.95	5.0575
7.94- 10.00	14	4.9	14.5	0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025	13.30	12.6350
10.00- 12.59	35	12.4	26.9	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025	36.75	38.5875
12.59- 15.85	28	9.9	36.8	1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225	32.20	37.0300
15.85- 19.95	15	5.3	42.1	1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625	18.75	23.4375
19.95- 25.12	40	14.1	56.2	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225	54.00	72.9000
25.12- 31.62	25	8.8	65.0	1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025	36.25	52.5625
31.62- 39.81	25	8.8	73.8	1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025	38.75	60.0625
39.81- 50.12	34	12.0	85.8	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225	56.10	92.5650
50.12- 63.10	24	8.5	94.3	1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625	42.00	73.5000
63.10- 79.43	13	4.6	98.9	1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225	24.05	44.4925
79.43- 100.00	2	0.7	99.6	1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025	3.90	7.6050
100.00-125.9			99.6	2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9- 158.5	1	0.4	100	2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225	2.15	4.6225
158.5- 199.5				2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5- 251.2				2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2- 316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2- 398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1- 501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2- 631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0- 794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3- 1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	283	100.0	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	375.75	532.1475

071

755072

Area:

Element: Cu

Page: 2

CALCULATION SHEET.MEAN FOR .....**TOTAL**..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{375.75}{283} = \underline{\underline{1.3277}}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{532.1475}{283} = \underline{\underline{1.8804}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{283}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{21.267}}$$

$$v = 5.3019 [ m_2 - (\bar{x})^2 ] = 5.3019 ( 1.8804 - 1.7628 ) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.1176 = 0.6235 = \underline{\underline{0.62}}$$

Interpolation:

v	n <sub>v</sub>	$\gamma_{n,v}$	v	n <sub>v</sub>	$\gamma_{n,v}$
0.60	283	1.349			
0.62	283	1.362			
0.70	283	1.417			
$\therefore \gamma_{n,v} =$	<u>1.362</u>				

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \gamma_{n,v} = 21.267 \times 1.362 = \underline{\underline{28.9657}} \quad \text{P.P.M}$$

SUMMARY.

POPULATION	MEAN PPM	CUMULATIVE FREQUENCY	
		f	%
Background - -	- -	- -	- -
Anomalous - -	- -	- -	- -
Total 283 assays	29.0	191	67.5

Clarke: 30 PPM  
 Background/Regional Threshold: - PPM  
 Local Threshold: - PPM  
 Contrast Factor: - PPM

ANOMALIES:

REGIONAL		LOCAL		LOCAL
Location	No. of Samples	Location	No. of Samples	Contrast

REMARKS: Anomalous trends and/or zones were not encountered.

Evaluated by... L. G. SZABO.....

Date:.. 5/6/72.....

A P P E N D I X V

STATISTICAL EVALUATION - LEAD

07A

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: EL 9/71 &amp; 14/71

ELEMENT: Pb

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Inter- val.	Log. Mid-point.	(Log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>	f x Log midpoint	f x (Log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>
	f	f%	Cumu- lative f%					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99				0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625		
1.99- 2.51				0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225		
2.51- 3.16				0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98				0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01	6	2.1	2.1	0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225	3.90	2.5350
5.01- 6.31			2.1	0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625		
6.31- 7.94			2.1	0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
7.94- 10.00			2.1	0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025		
10.00- 12.59	35	12.4	14.5	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025	36.75	38.5875
12.59- 15.85	54	19.1	33.6	1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225	62.10	71.4150
15.85- 19.95	1	0.4	34.0	1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625	1.25	1.5625
19.95- 25.12	11	39.2	73.2	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225	149.85	202.297
25.12- 31.62	37	13.1	86.3	1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025	53.65	77.7952
31.62- 39.81	8	2.8	89.1	1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025	12.40	19.2200
39.81- 50.12	23	8.1	97.2	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225	37.95	62.6175
50.12- 63.10	3	1.1	98.3	1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625	5.25	9.1875
63.10- 79.43			98.3	1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225		
79.43- 100.00	1	0.4	98.7	1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025	1.95	3.8025
100.00-125.9			98.7	2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9-158.5	2	0.7	99.4	2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225	4.30	9.2450
158.5-199.5	1	0.4	99.8	2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625	2.25	5.0625
199.5-251.2			98.8	2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2-316.2			98.8	2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2-398.1			98.8	2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1-501.1			98.8	2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.1-631.0	1	0.4	100.2	2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625	2.75	7.5625
631.0-794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3-1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	283	100.	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	374.35	510.8902

075

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: \_\_\_\_\_

ELEMENT: Pb Anomalous Population

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Inter- val.	Log. Mid-point.	(Log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>	f x Log midpoint	f x (Log mid- point) <sup>2</sup>
	f	f%	Cumu- lative f%					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99				0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625		
1.99- 2.51				0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225		
2.51- 3.16				0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98				0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01				0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225		
5.01- 6.31				0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625		
6.31- 7.94				0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
7.94- 10.00				0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025		
10.00- 12.59				1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025		
12.59- 15.85				1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225		
15.85- 19.95				1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625		
19.95- 25.12				1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225		
25.12- 31.62				1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025		
31.62- 39.81				1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025		
39.81- 50.12	23	74.2	74.2	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225		
50.12- 63.10	3	9.7	83.9	1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625		
63.10- 79.43				1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225		
79.43- 100.00	1	3.2	87.1	1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025		
100.00-125.9				2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9-158.5	2	6.5	93.6	2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225		
158.5-199.5	1	3.2	96.8	2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5-251.2				2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2-316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2-398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1-501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.1-631.0	1	3.2	100	2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0-794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3-1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	31	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX

078

Area:

Element: Pb

Page: 3

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR .....Pb..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{374.35}{283} = \underline{\underline{1.3228}}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{510.8902}{283} = \underline{\underline{1.8053}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{283}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{21.028}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [ m_2 - (\bar{x})^2 ] = 5.3019 ( 1.8053 - 1.7498 ) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0555 = \underline{\underline{0.2943}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	γ <sub>n,v</sub>	V	n <sub>v</sub>	γ <sub>n,v</sub>
0.20	283	1.105			
0.29	283	1.156			
0.30	283	1.162			

$$\therefore \gamma_{nV} = \underline{\underline{1.156}}$$

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \gamma_{nV} = 21.028 \times 1.156 = \underline{\underline{24.3084}} \text{ PPM}$$

077

Area: 9/71

Element: Pb

Page: 4

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR BACKGROUND..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \lg \text{mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{319.9}{252} = \underline{\underline{1.2694}}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{\sum (f \times \lg \text{mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{413.4127}{252} = \underline{\underline{1.6406}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{252}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{18.595}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [m_2 - (\bar{x})^2] = 5.3019 (1.6406 - 1.6114) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0292 = \underline{\underline{0.1548}}$$

Interpolation:

v	n <sub>v</sub>	$\gamma_{n,v}$	v	n <sub>v</sub>	$\gamma_{n,v}$
0.15	252	1.078			

$$\therefore \gamma_{nV} = \underline{\underline{1.078}}$$

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \gamma_{nV} = 18.595 \times 1.078 = \underline{\underline{20.045 \text{ PPM}}}$$

078

Area: 9/71

Element: Pb

Page: 5

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR ... ANOMALOUS..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{54.45}{31} = \underline{\underline{1.7565}}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{97.4775}{31} = \underline{\underline{3.1444}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{31}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{57.108}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [ m_2 - (\bar{x})^2 ] = 5.3019 (3.1444 - 3.0853) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0591 = \underline{\underline{0.3133}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\tau_{n,V}$	V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\tau_{n,V}$
0.30	31	1.161			
0.31	31	1.167			
0.40	31	1.220			

$$\therefore \tau_{nV} = \underline{\underline{1.167}}$$

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \tau_{nV} = 57.108 \times 1.167 = \underline{\underline{66.645}} \quad \text{P.P.M}$$

079

755080

Area: 9/71 - 15/71

Element: Pb

Page: 6

SUMMARY.

POPULATION		MEAN PPM	CUMULATIVE FREQUENCY	
			f	%
Background	252 assays	20.0	205	81.5
Anomalous	31 assays	66.7	26	83.5
Total	283 assays	24.3	225	79.5

Clarke: 20 PPM  
 Background/Regional Threshold: 40 PPM  
 Local Threshold: 67 PPM  
 Contrast Factor: 0.41 ~~PPM~~

ANOMALIES:

REGIONAL		LOCAL		LOCAL
Location	No. of Samples	Location	No. of Samples	Contrast
Line 4 1400E - 1800E	2	1600E	1	1.2
Line 4 2600E - 3400E	3	3000E	1	7.6
Line 2 0 - 400E	1	200E	1	1.5
Line 2 4200E - 4800E	2	4400E	1	1.0

REMARKS: Anomaly on Line 4 - 2600E - 3400E warrants follow up work.

Evaluated by.....L.G. SZABO.....

Date:....5/6/72....

A P P E N D I X VI

STATISTICAL EVALUATION - NICKEL

081

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: EL 9/71 & 14/71

ELEMENT: Ni

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Inter-val.	Log. Mid-point.	(Log. mid-point) <sup>2</sup>	f x Log. midpoint	f x (Log. midpoint) <sup>2</sup>
	f	f%	Cumulative %					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99				0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625		
1.99- 2.51				0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225		
2.51- 3.16				0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98				0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01				0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225		
5.01- 6.31	1	0.4	0.4	0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625	.75	0.5625
6.31- 7.94	1	0.4	0.8	0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225	.85	.7225
7.94- 10.00	5	1.8	2.6	0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025	4.75	4.5125
10.00- 12.59	48	16.9	19.5	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025	50.40	52.9200
12.59- 15.85	53	18.7	38.2	1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225	60.95	70.0925
15.85- 19.95			38.2	1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625		
19.95- 25.12	82	29.0	67.2	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225	110.70	149.4450
25.12- 31.62	11	3.9	79.6	1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025	17.05	26.4275
31.62- 39.81	38	13.4	93.0	1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025	62.70	103.4550
39.81- 50.12	11	3.9	96.9	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225	19.25	33.6875
50.12- 63.10	5	1.8	98.7	1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625	9.25	17.1125
63.10- 79.43	2	0.7	99.4	1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225	3.90	7.6050
79.43- 100.00	1	0.4	99.8	1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025	2.05	4.2025
100.00-125.9			99.8	2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9- 158.5			99.8	2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225		
158.5- 199.5	1	0.4	100.2	2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625	2.35	5.5225
199.5- 251.2				2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2- 316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2- 398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1- 501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2- 631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0- 794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3- 1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	283	100.2	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	379.75	526.7275

082

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR .....Ni..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{379.75}{283} = \underline{\underline{1.3419}}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{526.7275}{283} = \underline{\underline{1.8612}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{283}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{21.974}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [ m_2 - (\bar{x})^2 ] = 5.3019 (1.8612 - 1.8007) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0605 = 0.3208 = \underline{\underline{0.32}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	T <sub>n,v</sub>	V	n <sub>v</sub>	T <sub>n,v</sub>
0.30	283	1.162			
0.32	283	1.174			
0.40	283	1.221			

$$\therefore T_{nV} = \underline{\underline{1.174}}$$

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times T_{nV} = 21.974 \times 1.174 = \underline{\underline{25.7975}} \text{ PPM}$$

083

SUMMARY.

POPULATION	MEAN PPM	CUMULATIVE FREQUENCY	
		f	%
Background	--	--	--
Anomalous	--	--	--
Total	283 assays	217	76.5

Clarke: 35 PPM  
 Background/Regional Threshold: - PPM  
 Local Threshold: - PPM  
 Contrast Factor: - PPM

ANOMALIES:

REGIONAL		LOCAL		LOCAL
Location	No. of Samples	Location	No. of Samples	Contrast

REMARKS: Anomalous trend and/or zones were not encountered.

A P P E N D I X VII

STATISTICAL EVALUATION - MOLYBDENUM

185

G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
 Consulting Exploration & Mining  
 Geologists, Hydrogeologists.

Client: USSI-NY

Page: 1

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: EL 9/71 & 14/71

ELEMENT: Mo

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Interval	Log. Mid-point	(Log. mid-point) <sup>2</sup>	f x Log. midpoint	f x (Log. midpoint) <sup>2</sup>
	f	f%	Cumulative %					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99	114	40.3	40.3	0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625	28.50	7.1250
1.99- 2.51	87	30.7	71.0	0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225	30.45	10.6575
2.51- 3.16			71.0	0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98			71.0	0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01	47	16.6	87.6	0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225	30.55	19.8575
5.01- 6.31	16	5.7	93.3	0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625	12.00	9.000
6.31- 7.94			93.3	0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
7.94- 10.00	11	3.9	97.2	0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025	10.45	9.9275
10.00- 12.59	7	2.5	99.7	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025	7.35	7.7175
12.59- 15.85			99.7	1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225		
15.85- 19.95			99.7	1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625		
19.95- 25.12	1	0.4	100.1	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225	1.35	1.8225
25.12- 31.62				1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025		
31.62- 39.81				1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025		
39.81- 50.12				1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225		
50.12- 63.10				1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625		
63.10- 79.43				1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225		
79.43- 100.00				1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025		
100.00-125.9				2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9-158.5				2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225		
158.5-199.5				2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5-251.2				2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2-316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2-398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1-501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2-631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0-794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3-1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	283	100.1	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	120.65	66.1075

1086

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: \_\_\_\_\_

ELEMENT: Mo Anomalous Population

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Inter- val.	Log. Mid-point.	(Log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>	f x Log midpoint	f x (Log mid) <sup>2</sup>
	f	f%	Cumu- lative %					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99				0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625		
1.99- 2.51				0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225		
2.51- 3.16				0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98				0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01				0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225		
5.01- 6.31	16	45.7	45.7	0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625		
6.31- 7.94				0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
7.94- 10.00	11	31.4	77.1	0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025		
10.00- 12.59	7	20.0	97.1	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025		
12.59- 15.85				1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225		
15.85- 19.95				1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625		
19.95- 25.12	1	2.9	100	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225		
25.12- 31.62				1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025		
31.62- 39.81				1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025		
39.81- 50.12				1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225		
50.12- 63.10				1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625		
63.10- 79.43				1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225		
79.43- 100.00				1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025		
100.00-125.9				2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9 -158.5				2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225		
158.5 -199.5				2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5 -251.2				2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2 -316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2 -398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1 -501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2 -631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0 -794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3 -1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	35	100	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX		

Area:

Element: Mo

Page: 3

CALCULATION SHEET.MEAN FOR .....**TOTAL**..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{120.65}{283} = \underline{\underline{0.4263}}$$

$$m_2' = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{66.1075}{283} = \underline{\underline{0.2336}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{283}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{2.6687}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [m_2' - (\bar{x})^2] = 5.3019(0.2336 - 0.1817) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0519 = \underline{\underline{0.2805}} \quad \underline{\underline{0.27}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\gamma_{n,v}$	V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\gamma_{n,v}$
0.20	283	1.105			
0.28	283	1.150			
0.30	283	1.162			
		$\gamma_{n,v} = \underline{\underline{1.150}}$			

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \gamma_{n,v} = 2.6687 \times 1.150 = \underline{\underline{3.0690}} \quad \text{PIM}$$

088

Area: 9/71 &amp; 15/71

Element: Mo

755089

Page: 4

CALCULATION SHEET.MEAN FOR ...**BACKGROUND**..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{89.50}{248} = \underline{\underline{0.3609}}$$

$$m_2^2 = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{37.6400}{248} = \underline{\underline{0.1518}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{248}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{2.2956}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [m_2^2 - (\bar{x})^2] = 5.3019(0.1518 - 0.1302) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0216 = \underline{\underline{0.1145}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\tau_{n,V}$	V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\tau_{n,V}$
0.10	248	1.051			
0.11	248	1.056			
0.12	248	1.062			
$\therefore \tau_{nV} =$	<u>1.056</u>				

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \tau_{nV} = 2.2956 \times 1.056 = \underline{\underline{2.42}} \text{ PPM}$$

00

Area:

Element: Mo

Page: 5

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR ....ANOMALOUS..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \lg. \text{mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{31.15}{35} = \underline{\underline{0.8900}}$$

$$m_2' = \frac{\sum (f \times \lg. \text{mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{28.4675}{35} = \underline{\underline{0.8134}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{35}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{6.5073}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [ m_2' - (\bar{x})^2 ] = 5.3019 ( 0.8134 - 0.7921 ) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0213 = \underline{\underline{0.1129}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\gamma_{n,V}$	V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\gamma_{n,V}$
0.10	35	1.051			
0.11	35	1.051			
0.12	35	1.062			
∴ $\gamma_{nV} =$		<u><u>1.051</u></u>			

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \gamma_{nV} = 6.5073 \times 1.057 = \underline{\underline{6.878}} \quad \text{PMM}$$

090

SUMMARY.

POPULATION		MEAN PPM	CUMULATIVE FREQUENCY	
			F	%
Background	248 assays	2.4	184	74.0
Anomalous	35 assays	6.9	21	60.0
Total	283 assays	3.1	215	76.0

Clarke: L2 PPM  
 Background/Regional Threshold: 5 PPM  
 Local Threshold: 7 PPM  
 Contrast Factor: 0.41 ~~XXX~~

ANOMALIES:

REGIONAL		LOCAL		LOCAL
Location	No. of Samples	Location	No. of Samples	Contrast
Line 4 5800E - 10200E	18	7200E - 8000E	4	1.8
Line 6- 3000N 16000E - 16800E	3	16800E	1	4.7 (McPhar)

REMARKS: Local anomalies were recorded in numerous places but are considered insignificant due to the inadequate contrast and the lack of suitable geological environment and/or accompanied anomalies.

091

A P P E N D I X VIII

STATISTICAL EVALUATION - TUNGSTEN

092

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: EL 9/71 - 15/71

ELEMENT: W

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Inter- val.	Log. Mid-point.	(log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>	f x log midpoint	f x (log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>
	f	f%	Cumu- lative f%					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99	35	12.4	12.4	0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625	8.75	2.1875
1.99- 2.51	78	27.6	40.0	0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225	27.30	9.5550
2.51- 3.16			40.0	0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98			40.0	0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01	50	17.7	57.7	0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225	32.50	21.1250
5.01- 6.31	33	11.7	69.4	0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625	24.75	18.5625
6.31- 7.94			69.4	0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
7.94- 10.00	22	7.8	77.2	0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025	20.90	19.8550
10.00- 12.59	17	6.0	83.2	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025	17.85	18.7425
12.59- 15.85	11	3.9	87.1	1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225	12.65	14.5475
15.85- 19.95	6	2.1	89.2	1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625	7.50	9.3750
19.95- 25.12	10	3.5	92.7	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225	13.50	18.2250
25.12- 31.62	5	1.8	94.5	1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025	7.25	10.5125
31.62- 39.81	5	1.8	96.3	1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025	7.75	12.0125
39.81- 50.12	4	1.4	97.7	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225	6.60	10.8900
50.12- 63.10	2	0.7	98.4	1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625	3.50	6.1250
63.10- 79.43			98.4	1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225		
79.43- 100.00	2	0.7	99.1	1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025	3.90	6.1650
100.00-125.9			99.1	2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9-158.5	2	0.7	99.8	2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225	4.30	9.2450
158.5-199.5			99.8	2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5-251.2	1	0.4	100.2	2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225	2.35	5.5235
251.2-316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2-398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1-501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2-631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0-794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3-1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	283	100.2	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	201.35	192.647

093

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: 9/71 - 15/71

ELEMENT: W Anomalous Population

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Inter- val.	Log. Mid-point.	(Log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>	f x Log midpoint	f x (Log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>
	f	f%	Cumu- lative %					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99				0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625		
1.99- 2.51				0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225		
2.51- 3.16				0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98				0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01				0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225		
5.01- 6.31				0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625		
6.31- 7.94				0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
7.94- 10.00				0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025		
10.00- 12.59	17	26.2	26.2	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025		
12.59- 15.85	11	16.9	43.1	1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225		
15.85- 19.95	6	9.2	52.3	1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625		
19.95- 25.12	10	15.4	67.7	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225		
25.12- 31.62	5	7.7	75.4	1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025		
31.62- 39.81	5	7.7	83.1	1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025		
39.81- 50.12	4	6.2	89.3	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225		
50.12- 63.10	2	3.1	92.4	1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625		
63.10- 79.43			92.4	1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225		
79.43- 100.00	2	3.1	95.5	1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025		
100.00-125.9			95.5	2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9-158.5	2	3.1	98.6	2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225		
158.5-199.5			98.6	2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5-251.2	1	1.5	100.1	2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2-316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2-398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1-501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2-631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0-794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3-1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	65		XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX		

094

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR .....**TOTAL**..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{201.35}{283} = \underline{\underline{0.7115}}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{192.6475}{283} = \underline{\underline{0.6807}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{283}} \quad \text{Anti log } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{5.1464}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [ m_2 - (\bar{x})^2 ] = 5.3019 ( 0.6807 - 0.5062 ) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.1745 = \underline{\underline{0.9252}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\tau_{n,V}$	V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\tau_{n,V}$
0.90	283	1.566			
0.93	283	1.590			
1.00	283	1.646			
∴ $\tau_{nV} =$		<u><u>1.59</u></u>			

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Anti log } \bar{x} \times \tau_{nV} = 5.1464 \times 1.59 = \underline{\underline{8.18}} \quad \text{PIM}$$

025

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR ...BACKGROUND..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg.mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{114.2}{218} = \underline{\underline{0.5239}}$$

$$m_2' = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg.mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{71.285}{218} = \underline{\underline{0.327}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{218}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{3.3411}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [ m_2' - (\bar{x})^2 ] = 5.3019(0.327 - 0.2745) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0525 = \underline{\underline{0.2783}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	τ <sub>n<sub>v</sub></sub>	V	n <sub>v</sub>	τ <sub>n<sub>v</sub></sub>
0.20	218	1.105			
0.28	218	1.151			
0.30	218	1.162			
∴ τ <sub>nV</sub> =		<u><u>1.151</u></u>			

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \tau_{nV} = 3.3411 \times 1.151 = \underline{\underline{3.845}} \quad \text{PPF}$$

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR ... ANOMALOUS..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{87.15}{65}$$

1.3408

$$m_2 = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{121.3625}{65}$$

1.8671

$$n = \sum f = \underline{65} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} =$$

21.918

$$V = 5.3019 [m_2 - (\bar{x})^2] = 5.3019 (1.8671 - 1.7977) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0694 =$$

0.368Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\gamma_{n,v}$	V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\gamma_{n,v}$
0.30	65	1.161			
0.37	65	1.202			
0.40	65	1.220			
$\therefore \gamma_{nV} =$	<u>1.202</u>				

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \gamma_{nV} = 21.918 \times 1.202 =$$

26.345 (P)

097

755097

Area: 9/71 - 15/71

Element: W

Page: 6(a)

SUMMARY.

POPULATION	MEAN PPM	CUMULATIVE FREQUENCY	
		f	%
Background 218 assays	3.8	113	52
Anomalous 65 assays	26.3	47	72
Total 283 assays	8.2	215	76

Clarke: 2 PPM  
 Background/Regional Threshold: 10 PPM  
 Local Threshold: 26 PPM  
 Contrast Factor: 2.06 ~~PPM~~

ANOMALIES:

REGIONAL		LOCAL		LOCAL
Location	No. of Samples	Location	No. of Samples	Contrast
Line 4 600E - 1000E	3	800E	1	0.15
Line 4 2800E - 3400E	2	3000E - 3200E	2	4.0
Line 4 8000E- 15000E	7	9200E - 9600E	3	3.6
		11200	1	0.9
		11800	1	0.5
		12800	1	1.1
		14200	1	0.2
Line 2 8300 - 10100E	5	15000	1	0.3
		8600		2.8
		9600	1	2.1

.../6(b)

REMARKS:

Evaluated by.....

Date:.....

098

Area:

Element:

Page: 6(b)

SUMMARY.

POPULATION	MEAN PPM	FREQUENCY	
		f	%
Background			
Anomalous			
Total			

Clarke: PPM

Background/Regional Threshold: PPM

Local Threshold: PPM

Contrast Factor: PPM

ANOMALIES:

REGIONAL		LOCAL		LOCAL
Location	No. of Samples	Location	No. of Samples	Contrast
Line 4-400N 8800E	1	-	-	-
Line 4-1200N 9200E	1	-	-	-
Line 4-1600N 9000E	1	-	-	-
Line 6 9000E - 10,000E	6	9800	1	0.3
Line 6 11200E - 12600E	6	12000E - 12200E	2	0.7
Line 6-2000N 6-4000N	Whole area drilled on 2000' by 1000' grid, is anomalous & yields some local anomalies up to 60PPM			Max.1.3
Line 8 OE	1	-	-	-

.../6(c)

REMARKS:

Evaluated by.....

Date:.....

09.

Area:

Element:

SUMMARY.

POPULATION	MEAN PPM	FREQUENCY	
		f	%
Background			
Anomalous			
Total			

Clarke: PPM

Background/Regional Threshold: PPM

Local Threshold: PPM

Contrast Factor: PPM

ANOMALIES:

REGIONAL		LOCAL		LOCAL
Location	No. of Samples	Location	No. of Samples	Contrast
Line 8 600E	1	600E	1	0.2
Line 8 2000E - 2400E	2	2000E	1	0.3

REMARKS: Very significant anomalies: Line 2 2800E - 3400E  
 Line 2 9200E - 9600E  
 Line 4 8600E - 9600E.

Whole area situated East of 1600E is anomalous.

Evaluated by.....L.G. SZABO.....

Date:..5/6/72.....

100

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 Geologists, Hydrogeologists.

Client: USSI - NY

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: E.L. 9/71 - 15/71

ELEMENT: W ( 10 to 80 PPM )

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Inter- val.	Log. Mid-point.	(Log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>	f x Log midpoint	f (Log. point)
	f	f%	Cumu- lat ave					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99				0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625		
1.99- 2.51				0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225		
2.51- 3.16				0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98				0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01				0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225		
5.01- 6.31				0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625		
6.31- 7.94				0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
7.94- 10.00				0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025		
10.00- 12.59	17	28.3	28.3	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025		
12.59- 15.85	11	18.3	46.6	1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225		
15.85- 19.95	6	10.0	56.6	1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625		
19.95- 25.12	10	16.7	73.3	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225		
25.12- 31.62	5	8.3	81.6	1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025		
31.62- 39.81	5	8.3	89.9	1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025		
39.81- 50.12	4	6.7	96.6	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225		
50.12- 63.10	2	3.3	99.9	1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625		
63.10- 79.43	-	-	99.9	1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225		
79.43- 100.00				1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025		
100.00-125.9				2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9 -158.5				2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225		
158.5 -199.5				2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5 -251.2				2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2 -316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2 -398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1 -501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2 -631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0 -794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3 -1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	60	99.9	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX					

Area: E.L. 9/71 - 15/71

Element: W

Page: 8

CALCULATION SHEET.MEAN FOR ...10... 80 PPM..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{76.60}{60} = 1.2767$$

$$m_2' = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{100.4300}{60} = 1.6738$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{60} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{18.910}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [m_2' - (\bar{x})^2] = 5.3019(1.6738 - 1.6300) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0438 = \underline{0.2322}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>i</sub>	$\gamma_{n_i, V}$	V	n <sub>i</sub>	$\gamma_{n_i, V}$
0.20	50	1.105			
0.23	60	1.122			
0.30	60	1.161			
$\therefore \gamma_{nV} =$	<u>1.122</u>				

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \gamma_{nV} = 18.91 \times 1.122 = \underline{21.2170} \text{ PPM}$$

APPENDIX IX

STATISTICAL EVALUATION - TUNGSTEN (BOLD HEAD)

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: **Bold Head (Detailed survey)**

ELEMENT: **W**

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Inter- val.	Log. Mid-point.	(Log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>	f x Log midpoint	f x (Log point) <sup>3</sup>
	f	f%	Cumu- lative %					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
<b>L2</b> 1.59- 1.99	<b>121</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>24.3</b>	0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625	<b>30.25</b>	<b>7.50</b>
1.99- 2.51	<b>181</b>	<b>36.2</b>	<b>60.5</b>	0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225	<b>63.35</b>	<b>22.11</b>
2.51- 3.16			<b>60.5</b>	0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98			<b>60.5</b>	0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01	<b>100</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>80.5</b>	0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225	<b>65.0</b>	<b>42.25</b>
5.01- 6.31			<b>80.5</b>	0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625		
6.31- 7.94			<b>80.5</b>	0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
7.94- 10.00			<b>80.5</b>	0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025		
10.00- 12.59	<b>52</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>90.9</b>	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025	<b>54.60</b>	<b>57.35</b>
12.59- 15.85	<b>6</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>92.1</b>	1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225	<b>6.90</b>	<b>7.93</b>
15.85- 19.95			<b>92.1</b>	1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625		
19.95- 25.12	<b>11</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>94.3</b>	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225	<b>14.85</b>	<b>20.04</b>
25.12- 31.62	<b>6</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>95.5</b>	1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025	<b>8.70</b>	<b>16.61</b>
31.62- 39.81			<b>95.5</b>	1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025		
39.81- 50.12	<b>10</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>97.5</b>	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225	<b>16.50</b>	<b>27.22</b>
50.12- 63.10	<b>2</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>97.9</b>	1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625	<b>3.50</b>	<b>6.12</b>
63.10- 79.43			<b>97.9</b>	1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225		
79.43- 100.00	<b>3</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>98.5</b>	1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025	<b>5.85</b>	<b>11.40</b>
100.00-125.9	<b>7</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>99.9</b>	2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025	<b>14.36</b>	<b>29.41</b>
125.9 -158.5				2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225		
158.5 -199.5				2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5 -251.2				2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2 -316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2 -398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1 -501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2 -631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0 -794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3 -1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>499</b>	<b>99.9</b>	<b>XXXXXXXX</b>	<b>XXXXXXXXXX</b>	<b>XXXXXXXXXXXXXX</b>	<b>XXXXXXXXXXXXXX</b>	<b>283.86</b>	<b>248.08</b>

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 Geologists, Hydrogeologists.

Client:

Page: 2

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: Bold Head

ELEMENT: W Anomalous Population

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Inter- val.	Log. Mid-point.	(Log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>	f x Log midpoint	f (to mi point)
	f	f%	Cumu- lative %					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99				0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625		
1.99- 2.51				0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225		
2.51- 3.16				0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98				0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01				0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225		
5.01- 6.31				0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625		
6.31- 7.94				0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
7.94- 10.00				0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025		
10.00- 12.59	52	53.6	53.6	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025		
12.59- 15.85	6	6.2	59.8	1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225		
15.85- 19.95			59.8	1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625		
19.95- 25.12	11	11.3	71.1	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225		
25.12- 31.62	6	6.2	77.3	1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025		
31.62- 39.81			77.3	1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025		
39.81- 50.12	10	10.3	87.6	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225		
50.12- 63.10	2	2.1	89.7	1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625		
63.10- 79.43			89.7	1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225		
79.43 100.00	3	3.1	92.8	1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025		
100.00-125.9	7	7.2	100.0	2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9 -158.5				2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225		
158.5 -199.5				2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5 -251.2				2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2 -316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2 -398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1 -501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2 -631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0 -794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3 -1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	97	100	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX		

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR .....TOTAL..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \lg.\text{mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{283.86}{499} = \underline{\underline{0.5689}}$$

$$m_2' = \frac{\sum (f \times \lg.\text{mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{248.0875}{499} = \underline{\underline{0.4972}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{499}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{3.7060}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [m_2' - (\bar{x})^2] = 5.3019(0.4972 - 0.3236) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.1736 = \underline{\underline{0.9204}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>1</sub>	T <sub>n<sub>1</sub>V</sub>	V	n <sub>2</sub>	T <sub>n<sub>2</sub>V</sub>
0.90	499	1.5665			
0.92	499	1.5826			
1.00	499	1.6470			

$$\therefore T_{nV} = \underline{\underline{1.5826}}$$

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times T_{nV} = 3.706 \times 1.5826 = \underline{\underline{5.865}} \text{ PP}$$

108

755106

Area: Bold Head

Element: W

Page: 4

CALCULATION SHEET.MEAN FOR ..BACKGROUND..... POPULATION L10  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{158.6}{402} = \underline{\underline{0.3945}}$$

$$m_2' = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{71.985}{402} = \underline{\underline{0.1791}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{402}} \quad \text{AnLi log } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{2.4803}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [m_2' - (\bar{x})^2] = 5.3019 (0.1791 - 0.1556) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0135 = \underline{\underline{0.072}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\tau_{n,V}$	V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\tau_{n,v}$
0.060	402	1.030			
0.072	402	1.042			
0.080	402	1.041			
$\therefore \tau_{nV} =$	<u>1.042</u>				

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \tau_{nV} = 2.4803 \times 1.042 = \underline{\underline{2.584}} \text{ PP}$$

107

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR .... ANOMALOUS..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \lg. \text{mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{125.26}{97} = \underline{\underline{1.2913}}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{\sum (f \times \lg. \text{mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{176.1025}{97} = \underline{\underline{1.8155}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{97}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{19.556}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [ m_2 - (\bar{x})^2 ] = 5.3019 (1.8155 - 1.6675) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.1480 = \underline{\underline{0.7847}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	T <sub>n,v</sub>	V	n <sub>v</sub>	T <sub>n,v</sub>
0.700	97	1.417			
0.785	97	1.479			
0.800	97	1.490			
∴ T <sub>nV</sub> =		<u>1.479</u>			

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times T_{nV} = 19.557 \times 1.979 = \underline{\underline{28.92}} \text{ PP}$$

106

Area: Bold Head (Detailed survey).

Element: W

SUMMARY.

POPULATION		MEAN PPM	CUMULATIVE FREQUENCY	
			f	%
Background	402 assays	2.6	219	54.5
Anomalous	97 assays	28.9	75	77.5
Total	499 assays	5.9	389	78.0

Clarke: 2 PPM  
 Background/Regional Threshold: 10 PPM  
 Local Threshold: 29 PPM  
 Contrast Factor: 2.68 ~~XXXX~~

ANOMALIES:

REGIONAL		LOCAL		LOCAL
Location	No. of Samples	Location	No. of Samples	Contrast

REMARKS:

Evaluated by L.G. SZABO.....

Date:.....1969.....

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: Bold Head

ELEMENT: W ( 10 - 80 PPM )

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Inter- val.	Log. Mid-point.	(Log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>	f x Log midpoint	f x Log mid point
	f	f%	Cumu- lat- ive %					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99				0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625		
1.99- 2.51				0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225		
2.51- 3.16				0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98				0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01				0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225		
5.01- 6.31				0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625		
6.31- 7.94				0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
7.94- 10.00				0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025		
10.00- 12.59	52	59.8	59.8	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025		
12.59- 15.85	6	6.9	66.7	1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225		
15.85- 19.95	-	-	66.7	1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625		
19.95- 25.12	11	12.6	79.3	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225		
25.12- 31.62	6	6.9	86.2	1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025		
31.62- 39.81	-	-	86.2	1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025		
39.81- 50.12	10	11.5	97.7	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225		
50.12- 63.10	2	2.3	100.0	1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625		
63.10- 79.43	-	-	100.0	1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225		
79.43- 100.00				1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025		
100.00-125.9				2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9 -158.5				2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225		
158.5 -199.5				2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5 -251.2				2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2 -316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2 -398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1 -501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2 -631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0 -794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3 -1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	87	100.0	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR ...10 - 80 PPM... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{105.05}{87} = \underline{\underline{1.2075}}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{135.2795}{87} = \underline{\underline{1.5549}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{87}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{16.125}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [m_2 - (\bar{x})^2] = 5.3019(1.5549 - 1.4581) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0968 = \underline{\underline{0.5132}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	T <sub>n<sub>v</sub></sub>	V	n <sub>v</sub>	T <sub>n<sub>v</sub></sub>
0.50	6	1.282			
0.51	60	1.289			
0.60	6	1.348			
		06.6			
	T <sub>n<sub>v</sub></sub> =	<u><u>1,289</u></u>			

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times T_{nV} = 16.125 \times 1.289 = \underline{\underline{20.7851 \text{ PPM}}}$$

111

A P P E N D I X X

S T A T I S T I C A L E V A L U A T I O N - T I N

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: EL 9/71 & 14/71

ELEMENT: Sn

Assay Interval (PPM)	Frequency			Log. Inter- val.	Log. Mid-point.	(log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>	f x log midpoint	f x (log mid- point) <sup>2</sup>
	f	f%	Cumu- lative %					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99	55	19.4	19.4	0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625	13.75	3.4375
1.99- 2.51	40	14.1	33.5	0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225	14.00	4.9000
2.51- 3.16			33.5	0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98			33.5	0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01	38	13.4	46.9	0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225	24.70	16.0550
5.01- 6.31	19	6.7	53.6	0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625	14.25	10.6875
6.31- 7.94			53.6	0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
7.94- 10.00	11	3.9	57.5	0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025	10.45	9.9275
10.00- 12.59	39	13.8	71.3	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025	40.95	42.9975
12.59- 15.85	23	8.1	79.4	1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225	26.45	30.4175
15.85- 19.95	9	3.1	82.5	1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625	11.25	14.0625
19.95- 25.12	28	10.1	92.6	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225	37.80	51.0300
25.12- 31.62	6	2.1	94.7	1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025	8.70	12.6150
31.62- 39.81	1	0.7	95.4	1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025	1.55	2.4025
39.81- 50.12	5	1.8	97.2	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225	8.25	13.6125
50.12- 63.10	7	2.5	99.7	1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625	12.25	21.4375
63.10- 79.43	2	0.7	100.4	1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225	3.70	6.8450
79.43- 100.00				1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025		
100.00-125.9				2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9-158.5				2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225		
158.5-199.5				2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5-251.2				2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2-316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2-398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1-501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2-631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0-794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3-1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	283	100.	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	228.05	240.4275

113

NO PAGED.

755113

Area: 9/71 - 15/71

Element: Sn

Page: 3

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR .....**TOTAL**..... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{228.05}{283} = \underline{\underline{0.8058}}$$

$$m_2' = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{240.4275}{283} = \underline{\underline{0.8496}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{283}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{6.3944}}$$

$$v = 5.3019 [ m_2' - (\bar{x})^2 ] = 5.3019 (0.8496 - 0.6493) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.2003 = \underline{\underline{1.0620}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\gamma_{n,v}$	V	n <sub>v</sub>	$\gamma_{n,v}$
1.000	283	1.646			
1.062	283	1.651			
1.100	283	1.729			
$\gamma_{nV} =$	<u>1.651</u>				

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \gamma_{nV} = 6.3944 \times 1.651 = \underline{\underline{10.5572}} \text{ PPM}$$

CALCULATION SHEET.

MEAN FOR ... ANOMALOUS ... POPULATION  
(LOGNORMAL DISTRIBUTION)

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point})}{\sum f} = \frac{150.9}{120} = \underline{\underline{1.2575}}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{\sum (f \times \text{lg. mid point}^2)}{\sum f} = \frac{195.42}{120} = \underline{\underline{1.6285}}$$

$$n = \sum f = \underline{\underline{120}} \quad \text{Antilog } \bar{x} = \underline{\underline{18.093}}$$

$$V = 5.3019 [m_2 - (\bar{x})^2] = 5.3019 (1.6285 - 1.5813) =$$

$$= 5.3019 \times 0.0472 = 0.2502 = \underline{\underline{0.2502}}$$

Interpolation:

V	n <sub>v</sub>	γ <sub>n,v</sub>	V	n <sub>v</sub>	γ <sub>n,v</sub>
0.20	120	1.105			
0.25	120	1.133			
0.30	120	1.162			
∴ γ <sub>nV</sub> =		<u>1.133</u>			

MEAN:

$$t = \text{Antilog } \bar{x} \times \gamma_{nV} = 18.093 \times 1.133 = \underline{\underline{20.499 \text{ PPM}}}$$

SUMMARY.

POPULATION	MEAN PPM	CUMULATIVE FREQUENCY	
		f	%
Background	--	--	--
Anomalous	--	--	--
Total	283 assays	163	57.5

Clarke: 32 PPM  
 Background/Regional Threshold: - PPM  
 Local Threshold: - PPM  
 Contrast Factor: - PPM

ANOMALIES:

REGIONAL		LOCAL		LOCAL
Location	No. of Samples	Location	No. of Samples	Contrast

REMARKS: Anomalous trends and/or zones were not encountered

A P P E N D I X   X I

S T A T I S T I C A L   E V A L U A T I O N   -   G O L D

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: EL 9/71 - 15/71

ELEMENT: Au

Assay Interval (PPM) $\times 10^{-2}$	Frequency			Log. Inter- val.	Log. Mid-point. $\times 10^2$	(Log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup> $\times 10^2$	f x log midpoint	f x (log. point) <sup>2</sup>
	f	f%	Cumu- lative f%					
0.01-0.0126				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
0.0126-0.0159				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
0.0159-0.0199				0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625		
0.0199-0.0251				0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225		
0.0251-0.032				0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
0.032-0.040				0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
0.040-0.050				0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225		
0.050-0.063				0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625		
0.063-0.079				0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
0.079-0.100	241	85.2	85.2	0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025	228.95	217.500
0.100-0.126	34	12.0	97.2	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025	35.70	37.485
0.126-0.159			97.2	1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225		
0.159-0.199			97.2	1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625		
0.199-0.251	3	1.1	98.3	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225	4.05	5.467
0.251-0.316	3	1.1	99.4	1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025	4.35	6.307
0.316-0.398			99.4	1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025		
0.398-0.501	2	0.7	100.1	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225	3.30	5.445
0.501-0.631				1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625		
0.631-0.794				1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225		
0.794-1.000				1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025		
1.000-125.9				2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9-158.5				2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225		
158.5-199.5				2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5-251.2				2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2-316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2-398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1-501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2-631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0-794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3-1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	283		XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX				278.15	272.2050

STATISTICAL EVALUATION OF GEOCHEMICAL ASSAYS

AREA: \_\_\_\_\_

ELEMENT: Au

Assay Interval (PPM) $\times 10^{-2}$	Frequency			Log. Inter- val.	Log. Mid-point.	(Log. mid- point) <sup>2</sup>	f x Log midpoint	f x (Log point) <sup>2</sup>
	f	f%	Cumu- lative f%					
1.00- 1.26				0-0.1	0.05	.0025		
1.26- 1.59				0.1-0.2	0.15	.0225		
1.59- 1.99				0.2-0.3	0.25	.0625		
1.99- 2.51				0.3-0.4	0.35	.1225		
2.51- 3.16				0.4-0.5	0.45	.2025		
3.16- 3.98				0.5-0.6	0.55	.3025		
3.98- 5.01				0.6-0.7	0.65	.4225		
5.01- 6.31				0.7-0.8	0.75	.5625		
6.31- 7.94				0.8-0.9	0.85	.7225		
7.94- 10.00				0.9-1.0	0.95	.9025		
10.00- 12.59	34	81.0	81.0	1.0-1.1	1.05	1.1025		
12.59- 15.85				1.1-1.2	1.15	1.3225		
15.85- 19.95				1.2-1.3	1.25	1.5625		
19.95- 25.12	3	7.1	88.1	1.3-1.4	1.35	1.8225		
25.12- 31.62	3	7.1	95.2	1.4-1.5	1.45	2.1025		
31.62- 39.81			95.2	1.5-1.6	1.55	2.4025		
39.81- 50.12	2	4.8	100.0	1.6-1.7	1.65	2.7225		
50.12- 63.10				1.7-1.8	1.75	3.0625		
63.10- 79.43				1.8-1.9	1.85	3.4225		
79.43- 100.00				1.9-2.0	1.95	3.8025		
100.00-125.9				2.0-2.1	2.05	4.2025		
125.9 -158.5				2.1-2.2	2.15	4.6225		
158.5 -199.5				2.2-2.3	2.25	5.0625		
199.5 -251.2				2.3-2.4	2.35	5.5225		
251.2 -316.2				2.4-2.5	2.45	6.0025		
316.2 -398.1				2.5-2.6	2.55	6.5025		
398.1 -501.1				2.6-2.7	2.65	7.0225		
501.2 -631.0				2.7-2.8	2.75	7.5625		
631.0 -794.3				2.8-2.9	2.85	8.1225		
794.3 -1000				2.9-3.0	2.95	8.7025		
TOTAL	42	100	XXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX

SUMMARY.

POPULATION		MEAN PPM	CUMULATIVE FREQUENCY	
			f	%
Background	241 assays	10.1	217	N90
Anomalous	42 assays	0.103	28	67
Total	283 assays	10.1	246	N87

Clarke: 10.1 PPM  
 Background/Regional Threshold: 10.1 PPM  
 Local Threshold: 0.1 PPM  
 Contrast Factor: 0.18 ~~XXM~~

ANOMALIES:

REGIONAL		LOCAL		LOCAL
Location	No. of Samples	Location	No. of Samples	Contrast
Line 4 9400E	1	9400E	1	3
Line 4 11200E - 11400E	2	11200E - 11400	2	2
Line 4-400N 8600E - 8800E	2	8800E	1	1
Line 4-1200N 8100E - 8300E	3	8100E	1	3
Line 4-1600 N 8800E	1	8800E	1	1
Line 6-4000N 12000E - 14000E	3	12100E	1	1
Line 6 200E - 1200E	5	800E - 1000E	2	2

REMARKS:

A P P E N D I X XII

PETROGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF ROCK SAMPLES

BY

AMDEL

Report No: MP 5015/72

121

755121



**amdl**

**The Australian Mineral Development Laboratories**

Flemington Street, Frewville, South Australia 5063  
Phone 79 1862, telex AA82520

Please address all correspondence to the Director  
In reply quote: MP 3/0/0

3 May, 1972

L. G. Szabo Esq.,  
Reekara,  
KING ISLAND,  
Tasmania 7256

REPORT MP 5015/72

YOUR REFERENCE:	Letter of 26/4/72
MATERIAL:	Six rocks
LOCALITY:	King Island
IDENTIFICATION:	CZ-1 to CZ-6
DATE RECEIVED:	27/4/72
WORK REQUIRED:	Petrography

Investigation and Report by: Dr B. G. Steveson

Officer in Charge, Mineralogy/Petrology Section: Dr K. J. Henley

*K. J. Henley*  
for F. R. Hartley  
Director

PETROGRAPHY OF SIX HORNFELS FROM KING ISLAND

Sample: CZ-1: TS 28910:

Location:

King Island

Rock Name:

Andalusite-biotite-hornfels

Hand Specimen:

A spotted hornfels containing characteristic round spots 3-5 mm across.

Thin Section:

An optical estimate of the constituents gives the following:

	<u>%</u>
Feldspar and quartz	65-70
Biotite	2-5
Opagues	Trace
Chlorite	<2
Andalusite	5
Sericite/muscovite	15-20
Tourmaline	Trace

The sample is a recrystallized, metamorphic rock with a porphyroblastic texture of sieved andalusite crystals in a matrix of quartz, feldspar and accessory phyllosilicates.

Most of the groundmass material has a grain size of approximately 0.05 mm, although some muscovite flakes are up to 0.25 mm long. Quartz is the dominant component and has a granoblastic form. Flakes of muscovite, biotite and chlorite (the last two commonly rather equant in shape) have a decussate arrangement and occur evenly throughout the mass of quartz. Minor amounts of albitic plagioclase were noted also.

Andalusite occurs as indefinite, partly altered crystals, now sieved with alteration products and other minerals (largely sericite and quartz). The size and shape of these andalusite crystals can best be seen in hand specimen where they occur as rounded, equant shapes 2-3 mm in diameter.

This is a contact metamorphosed pelitic rock; the metamorphic facies is either albite-epidote hornfels or hornblende-hornfels facies. Sericitisation of andalusite is probably the result of some retrogressive recrystallization.

Sample: CZ-2: TS 28911:

Rock Name:

?Retrogressed biotite hornfels.  
CZ-2: TS 28911

Rock Name:

?Retrogressed biotite hornfels.

Hand Specimen:

A massive, grey, aphanitic rock. On the cut surface slightly darker wisps and lenses can be seen.

Thin Section:

An optical estimate of the constituents gives the following:

	<u>%</u>
Quartz and feldspar	80
Sericite/muscovite	10-15
Biotite	3-5
Opagues	2
Tourmaline	Trace

This rock is similar to CZ-1, but extensive alteration has resulted in a complete replacement of andalusite by poorly defined sericitic material.

As in CZ-1 the groundmass consists essentially of granoblastic quartz and feldspar (both plagioclase and microcline) with decussate biotite, muscovite and brown tourmaline.

Opagues occur both as irregular crystals about 0.02 - 0.05 mm across, and also as dusty (?carbonaceous) matter. Andalusite is not present in this rock but rounded masses of sericite and fine-grained opagues are probably pseudomorphs after the pre-existing andalusite. Dark, irregular patches in the hand specimen are these replaced andalusite crystals.

The sample is a hornfels, which probably contained andalusite but now has suffered a later, retrogressive recrystallization.

Sample: CZ-3: TS 28912:

Location:

King Island

Rock Name:

Retrogressed andalusite hornfels.

Hand Specimen:

An aphanitic, grey rock which is massive and unweathered.

## Thin Section:

An optical estimate of the constituents gives the following:

	<u>‡</u>
Quartz	55-65
Muscovite/sericite	30-40
Biotite	3-5
Opagues	Trace
Tourmaline	Trace
?Andalusite	Trace
Rutile	Rare

This fine-grained, schistose rock consists predominantly of a fine 'mat' of quartz and sericite with rarer coarser patches of quartz and biotite.

The rock has a weak foliation resulting from parallel orientation of white mica where this mineral occurs in dense masses with quartz. The grain size of this material is of the order to 0.03 mm.

One patch (6 mm x 2 mm) consists mostly of quartz and biotite surrounding a skeletal porphyroblast of andalusite which shows marginal alteration to sericite.

The large masses of sericite and quartz may also be pseudomorphous after andalusite.

In its overall mineralogy and texture this sample is similar to CZ-1 and 2, being a ?retrogressed andalusite-bearing hornfels, derived from a pelitic sediment.

Sample: CZ-4: TS 28913:

## Location:

King Island

## Rock Name:

?Andalusite-biotite-muscovite hornfels.

## Hand Specimen:

A massive, pink rock with round black spots generally about 5 mm across.

## Thin Section:

An optical estimate of the constituents gives the following:

	<u>‡</u>
Quartz	65-70
Feldspar	<2
Biotite	3-5
Sericite	20-25
Opagues	Trace
Muscovite	5
Chlorite	<1

Porous masses of sericite after andalusite occur in a relatively coarse groundmass of quartz, biotite and muscovite.

The grain size of the groundmass is approximately 0.1 mm; quartz has a granoblastic form and biotite and muscovite occur as moderately elongate, subidiomorphic flakes. Rare crystals of sodic plagioclase were noted in this material.

This groundmass is subordinate to large (1-3 mm) round areas of sericite containing widespread quartz, biotite and muscovite; however, sericite forms distinctive, well defined patches and occupies 70-80% of these areas. By analogy with other rocks in this collection, it is thought that these areas are pseudomorphs after andalusite and the rock is a pelitic hornfels.

Sample: CZ-5: TS 28914:

Location:  
King Island

Rock Name:  
Chlorite-muscovite-quartz hornfels.

Hand Specimen:  
A compact, massive, pale grey rock which appears to be highly siliceous in composition. Individual crystals are too small to be seen with the naked eye.

Thin Section:  
An optical estimate of the constituents gives the following:

	<u>%</u>
Quartz	90
Feldspar	3
Chlorite	3-5
Muscovite	2-3
Opakes	Trace
?Rutile	Trace

The mineralogy of this sample is significantly different from that of the preceding four rocks; the rock is siliceous and there is no development of aluminosilicates or mafic minerals.

Quartz, feldspar and chlorite occur as xenomorphic equant crystals, generally 0.05 - 0.08 mm across. Some small monomineralic patches of quartz have a grain size of about 0.01 mm. Muscovite forms irregular crystals up to 0.2 mm across.

This is a siliceous metasedimentary hornfels.

Sample: CZ-6: TS 28915:

Location:  
King Island

Rock Name:  
Retrogressed andalusite hornfels.

Hand Specimen:  
A massive, grey rock showing small spots (about 1 mm in size) of a slightly darker colour.

Thin Section:  
An optical estimate of the constituents gives the following:

	<u>%</u>
Quartz	75-80
Sericite	15
Opagues	3-5
Biotite	2
Tourmaline	Trace
Muscovite	2-3

In this sample pseudomorphs of sericite after andalusite are well developed. Most are 0.1 - 0.3 mm across and some show characteristic rectangular or square outlines. All now consist entirely of fine-grained, pale brown sericite.

The groundmass is largely quartz with subordinate flakes of biotite. A dusting of fine opaque material (possibly carbonaceous), like that described in CZ-2, obscures some of this groundmass. A few large muscovite flakes are sieved with quartz.

The rock is a ?retrogressed andalusite hornfels, probably derived originally from a pelitic sedimentary rock.

je: 5

127

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A P P E N D I X XIII

PETROGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION BY SPECTRUM

Report No: 0439

128

755128

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



5 MARY PARADE, RYDALMERE. N.S.W. 2116

Telephone: 638-5905  
638-4445

P.O. BOX: 275 RYDE, 2112.

GLJ: DAC

8 June 1972

## ANALYTICAL REPORT

Customer: Mr. L.G. Szabo,  
3/210 St. Kilda Street,  
BRIGHTON, VIC. 3186.

Report No: 0439

Refer: 0439/7.6.72

Date Received: 5.6.72

No of Samples: 8 T/S

Date Reported: 8.6.72

To Follow: Nil

Type of Analysis: Full Petrographic Descriptions.

Sheet: 33 Pages

### DETAILED PETROGRAPHIC INVESTIGATION OF EIGHT ROCK SAMPLES FOR

Mr. L.G. SZABO.

*G.L. Jackson*  
.....  
G.L. Jackson (B.App.Sc.)  
Laboratory Manager.

CONTENTS

Page No.

1.	INTRODUCTION	1
2.	MINERAGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION	2
2.1	B.298/1	2
2.1.1	Identification	2
2.1.2	Hand specimen Description	2
2.1.3	Thin Section	2
2.1.4	Texture	8
2.1.5	Remarks	8
2.2	B.298/2	9
2.2.1	Identification	9
2.2.2	Hand specimen Description	9
2.2.3	Thin Section	9
2.2.4	Remarks	12
2.3	B.298/3	13
2.3.1	Identification	13
2.3.2	Hand specimen Description	13
2.3.3	Thin Section	13
2.3.4.	Remarks	15
2.4	B.298/4	16
2.4.1	Identification	16
2.4.2	Hand specimen Description	16
2.4.3	Thin Section	16
2.5	B.298/5	17

	<u>Page No.</u>
2.5.1 Identification	17
2.5.2 Hand specimen Description	17
2.5.3 Thin section	17
2.5.4 Remarks	20
2.6 B.298/6	21
2.6.1 Identification	21
2.6.2 Hand specimen Description	21
2.6.3 Thin Section	21
2.6.4 Remarks	23
2.7 B.298/7	24
2.7.1 Identification	24
2.7.2 Hand specimen Description	24
2.7.3 Thin section	24
2.7.4 Remarks	26
2.8 B.298/8	27
2.8.1 Identification	27
2.8.2 Hand specimen Description	27
2.8.3 Thin Section	28
2.8.4 Remarks	31

1.

INTRODUCTION

At the request of Spectrum Analytical Laboratories, eight rock samples (B.298-I to B.298-8) were prepared as thin sections for detailed petrographic description.

As requested, attention was directed to providing information concerning the following aspects of the rocks, during the course of the petrographic studies:-

- (a) constituent minerals and percentages
- (b) observations on opaque minerals, textures, etc.
- (c) origin of the rock
- (d) name of the rock
- (e) hydrothermal alterations
- (f) petrogenesis.

(NOTE: Estimation of the mode for extremely fine grained rocks, e.g. hornfels, and coarse grained rocks, e.g. granites, is only an approximation. It is difficult to determine the relative proportions of very fine grained minerals in rocks with variable composition, and coarse grained rocks present unrepresentative fields of view in thin section.).

2. PETROGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF ROCKS IN THIN SECTION:

2.1 B.298/1:

2.1.1 IDENTIFICATION:

Fine-grained, quartz-biotite-muscovite-graphite schist grading into fine-grained, quartz-sericite(-muscovite)-graphite schist. There is evidence to suggest that these schistose rocks have been recrystallized as pelitic hornfels (spotted hornfels).

2.1.2. HAND SPECIMEN (1 $\frac{3}{4}$ " DIAMOND-DRILL CORE):

A fine-grained, dark-grey, metasedimentary rock with the appearance of a spotted hornfels.

2.1.3 THIN SECTION:

A fine-grained, schistose rock with a lepidoblastic texture that is overprinted by a later, decussate recrystallization of micas. The rock consists essentially of quartz, biotite, sericite (-muscovite) and graphite, with minor, disseminated, opaque mineral grains. The estimated mode for the rock is as follows:

Quartz	50% - 55%
Biotite	5% - 10%
Sericite/Muscovite	20% - 25%
Graphite	5% - 7%
Opagues	3% approx.

#### Quartz

Granoblastic quartz is present as xenoblastic grains with a maximum diameter of 0.1mm.

#### Biotite

The biotite occurs as ragged xenoblasts up to 0.15mm in length. The biotite exhibits a reddish-brown/pale-brown pleochroism.

#### Muscovite

Colourless muscovite occurs as ragged xenoblasts up to 0.15mm in length.

#### Sericite

Minor amounts of extremely fine-grained sericite are

present in the rock.

Graphite

Xenoblastic graphite is present as grains of less than 0.02mm.

Opagues

About 3% of anhedral, opaque mineral grains are present in the rock. The opaque mineral grains have a diameter between 0.2mm and 0.6mm and are thought to be mainly pyrite (?)

Texture

The fine-grained, graphite occurs as ovoid segregation ("spots") and layers; the latter define a weak planar fabric, which has been microfolded by crenulation (strainslip) cleavage.

The biotite and muscovite exhibit a decussate texture, cutting across the crenulation cleavage, indicating that the micas crystallized after the microfolding of the original planar fabric.

The quartz-biotite-muscovite-graphite schist, described

above, grades into a fine-grained, porphyroblastic, lepidoblastic rock with a well-developed crenulation (strain-slip) cleavage. The rock consists essentially of poorly-defined, ovoid, porphyroblasts of fine-grained, sericite, pseudomorphing original andalusite (?), set in a lepidoblastic/granoblastic quartz-graphite groundmass containing minor biotite chlorite and cordierite (?). Traces of muscovite and opaque mineral grains are also present in the rock. The estimated mode for the rock is as follows:-

Sericite (Porphyroblasts)	5% - 15%
Quartz	60% - 70%
Graphite	10% approx.
Biotite/Chlorite	10% - 15%
Cordierite	1% - 2%
Opagues	2% approx.

#### Sericite

Colourless sericite occurs as xenoblasts, with a maximum length of less than 0.02mm, which occur as ovoid segregations that are thought to have resulted from the breakdown of andalusite porphyroblasts.

Quartz

Quartz occurs as granoblastic xenoblasts with a maximum diameter of 0.07mm and an average diameter of less than 0.03mm.

Graphite

Xenoblastic, platy xenoblasts exhibit a maximum length of 0.05mm; the smaller xenoblasts have an average diameter of less than 0.02mm.

Biotite

The biotite occurs as ragged xenoblasts, 0.05mm to 0.1mm in length. The xenoblasts exhibit a reddish-brown/pale-brown pleochroism, the biotite is associated with pale-green; low-birefringence, chlorite.

Cordierite

Cordierite (?) occurs as colourless, poikiloblastic, xenoblastic with a maximum diameter of 0.18mm. The cordierite is distinguished from quartz by its biaxial character in conoscopic polarized light, and by the presence of numerous, tiny inclusions. There is evidence of breakdown of the cordierite to a yellowish chloritic material (pinite).

Opagues

About 2% of disseminated, anhedral, opaque mineral grains are present in the rock. The opaque mineral grains have an average grain size of 0.4mm, and are thought to be mainly pyrite (?)

2.1.4

Texture

The fine-grained, graphite defines a well-developed planar fabric, which has been microfolded by crenulation (strain-slip) cleavage.

The crystallization of the biotite and the muscovite probably post-dates the formation of the crenulation cleavage.

The breakdown of andalusite to sericite is a retrogressive mineralogical reaction.

2.1.5

Remarks

Textural and mineralogical evidence in thin section, combined with the hand specimen appearance, suggest that the mineral assemblage represents an original aluminous, pelitic, sedimentary rock that has undergone low-grade, regional, dynamothermal metamorphism to yield phyllites (quartz-sericite schists). Subsequently, the phyllites have been subjected to a low- to medium-grade thermal metamorphism with the recrystallization of sericite as muscovite, and the development of biotite and cordierite. The micas exhibit a decussate texture cutting across the earlier crenulation cleavage.

The retrogressive breakdown of andalusite, and for that matter cordierite, is often regarded as post-thermal metamorphic reaction. However it is not unreasonable to suppose that the andalusite could have developed in the phyllitic rocks as a result of low-pressure, regional, dynamothermal metamorphism. Superposition of thermal metamorphism on the knotted schist (andalusite schist) would lead to the recrystallization of the micas and possibly the breakdown of andalusite.

2.2

B.298/2:

2.2.1

IDENTIFICATION

Medium-grained, micrographic leucogranite.

2.2.2

HAND SPECIMEN (1 3/4" DIAMOND-DRILL CORE)

A medium-grained, leucocratic, igneous rock identified in hand specimen as a granite.

2.2.3

THIN SECTION

A medium-grained, leucocratic, holocrystalline, hypidiomorphic granular, plutonic, igneous rock of granite composition,

which exhibits a micrographic intergrowth between quartz and alkali feldspar. The estimated mode for the rock is as follows:-

Alkali feldspar		65% - 75%
Plagioclase feldspar		5% - 10%
Quartz		15% approx.
Biotite/chlorite		3% approx.
Muscovite		1% approx.
Tourmaline	)	trace amounts
Apatite	)	

Alkali Feldspar

The alkali feldspar is present as allotriomorphic grains with a maximum grain size of 3.8mm to 4.0mm. The alkali feldspar is a microcline microperthite, which encloses subidiomorphic grains of quartz in a poikilitic fashion. Fine-grained quartz is intergrown with the alkali feldspar in a micrographic intergrowth.

The average grain size of the microcline microperthite is 1.5mm. The microcline microperthite exhibits a greater degree of incipient, secondary alteration than the plagioclase feldspar.

Plagioclase Feldspar

plagioclase feldspar is subordinate to alkali feldspar. It exhibits a maximum length of 2.6mm, with an average grain size of 0.75mm. The plagioclase feldspar is present as idiomorphic to subidiomorphic grains which exhibits combined carlsbad-albite law twinning, with minor pericline law twinning. The low, maximum extinction angle ( $X^{\wedge}(010)$ ) for albite law twins in the symmetrical zone indicates that the plagioclase feldspar is an oligoclase in composition.

Quartz

Quartz, exhibiting undulose extinction in polarized light, is present as allotriomorphic grains with a maximum grain size of 2mm. The average grain size of the quartz, excluding the quartz in the micrographic intergrowth, is about 1mm.

Biotite/Chlorite

Biotite is present as narrow, ragged flakes with a maximum length of 2mm, and an average length of 0.6mm. The biotite exhibits a blackish-brown/pale-brown pleochroism, and it is partially, or wholly, replaced by a low-birefringence, pale-

142

green, pleochroic, chlorite along (001) cleavage traces.

Muscovite

Muscovite occurs as colourless flakes with a maximum length of 0.3mm.

Tourmaline

Tourmaline is present in trace amounts. It is present as subidiomorphic/allotriomorphic, varicoloured, blue to brownish-orange, pleochroic, tourmaline.

Apatite

Accessory, colourless apatite is present as subidiomorphic to allotriomorphic grains.

2.2.4

REMARKS

The low content of biotite, and the presence of a micrographic intergrowth between alkali feldspar and quartz, suggest that the rock represents a late-stage residuum close to the quartz alkali-feldspar eutectic.

The muscovite, present in the leucogranite, is thought to be of secondary derivation, rather than of primary, magmatic origin.

2.3 B.298/3:

2.3.1. IDENTIFICATION

Fine-grained, spotted hornfels (andalusite-sericite (-muscovite)-quartz-chlorite-biotite hornfels) which exhibits retrogressive breakdown of andalusite.

2.3.2 HAND SPECIMEN (1-2" DIAMOND-DRILL CORE):

A fine-grained, grey, porphyroblastic, metasedimentary rock with appearance of a spotted hornfels (andalusite, or cordierite, hornfels).

2.3.3 THIN SECTION

A fine-grained, porphyroblastic rock with an overall decussate texture. The rock consists essentially of quartz, sericite (-muscovite), biotite, chlorite and andalusite, with traces of cordierite (?). Ovoid porphyroblasts of andalusite, or fine-grained, sericite-chlorite pseudomorphs after andalusite,

144

are set in a fine-grained, decussate, granoblastic groundmass.

The estimated mode for the rock is as follows:-

Andalusite	40% - 50%
Sericite/Chlorite	1% - 2%
Biotite	5% - 10%
Quartz	20% approx.
Muscovite	10% - 15%
(Cordierite)	trace amounts

Andalusite/Sericite/Chlorite

Andalusite occurs as xenoblastic, ovoid, porphyroblasts, ranging in size from 2mm to 5mm, which enclose quartz, biotite and muscovite in a poikiloblastic fashion. Most of the andalusite porphyroblasts have undergone alteration to an extremely fine-grained, intergrowth of sericite and pale-green, low-birefringence chlorite.

Biotite

The biotite is present as ragged xenoblasts ranging in length from 0.05mm to 0.2mm, with an average length of 0.1mm. The biotite exhibits a reddish-brown/pale yellow-brown pleochroism.

145

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15

Quartz

Granoblastic quartz is present as xenoblastic grains, with a maximum diameter of 0.2mm and an average diameter of less than 0.1mm.

Muscovite

Colourless muscovite is present as narrow, subidioblastic-xenoblastic grains, with an average length of about 0.4mm.

Cordierite (?)

Cordierite may be present in the fine-grained, quartz-biotite-muscovite groundmass surrounding the porphyroblasts.

2.3.4

REMARKS

The original, aluminous, pelitic, sedimentary rock appears to have undergone only thermal metamorphism. There is no evidence of any planar fabric that might indicate an earlier regional, dynamothermal metamorphism. The possibility that the thermal metamorphism has obliterated all traces of earlier metamorphic events should not be discounted.

The evidence in thin section suggests that the retrogressive breakdown of andalusite is associated with a post-thermal metamorphic diaphthoresis.

2.4 B.298/4

2.4.1 IDENTIFICATION

Fine- to medium-grained, graphite-quartz rock containing clay mineral, carbonate and opaque minerals.

2.4.2 HAND SPECIMEN (1 " DIAMOND-DRILL CORE)

A fine-grained, friable, greyish-black/black rock rich in graphite, which imparts a sooty stain to the fingers when handled.

2.4.3. THIN SECTION

The presence of graphite and clay (?) mineral makes the preparation of a decent thin section difficult. The rock appears to consist of medium-grained quartz and clay mineral, and fine-grained carbonate and graphite. , The estimated mode for the rock is as follows:-

Graphite	30% - 40%
Quartz	30% - 40%

Clay Mineral	10% - 15%
Carbonate	5% approx.

2.5 B,298/5

2.5.1 IDENTIFICATION

A knotted schist (andalusite schist) which has undergone recrystallization as a pelitic hornfels (andalusite-sericite (-muscovite)-biotite-quartz hornfels). The andalusite exhibits partial, retrogressive breakdown to fine-grained sericite.

2.5.2. HAND SPECIMEN (1 $\frac{3}{4}$ " DIAMOND-DRILL CORE)

A knotted schist containing large, equant, porphyroblasts of chiastolite (andalusite) which exhibit a fine-grained, marginal alteration zone. The knotted schist exhibits a colour banding reflecting a well-defined compositional layering, which may be related to the initial bedding, or early slaty cleavage.

2.5.3. THIN SECTION

A fine-grained, porphyroblastic rock with an overall decussate texture which has more, or less, obliterated an early planar fabric.

The rock consists essentially of andalusite, biotite, sericite (-muscovite) and quartz. The equant, andalusite porphyroblasts are set in a fine-grained, decussate, granoblastic groundmass. A narrow alteration rim of fine-grained sericite, and minor, recrystallized muscovite, surrounds the andalusite, which tends to develop preferentially in the biotite-rich, quartz-muscovite layers of the rock. The estimated mode for the rock is as follows:-

Andalusite/Sericite	10% approx.
Quartz	25% - 35%
Biotite	20% - 25%
Muscovite(-Sericite)	30% - 35%
Opaques	5% - 10%

Andalusite/Sericite

Andalusite occurs as idioblastic/subidioblastic, equant, porphyroblasts, ranging in size from 2mm to 5mm, which enclose narrow, ragged, flakes of altered biotite in a poikiloblastic fashion. The original andalusite is thought to have been the variety known as chiastolite. The andalusite porphyroblasts exhibit marginal alteration to fine-grained, sericite, with minor recrystallized muscovite.

Quartz

Granoblastic quartz occurs as xenoblastic grains with an average grain size of 0.05mm.

Biotite

The biotite is present as xenoblastic grains with a maximum grain size of 0.1mm and an average grain size of about 0.05mm. It exhibits a reddish-brown/pale brown pleochroism.

Muscovite

Colourless muscovite occurs as narrow, xenoblastic grains with an average length of 0.04mm.

Opagues

Minor, elongated, anhedral opaque mineral grains are present in the rock. They are typically associated with an early generation of lepidoblastic biotite.

Texture

The mineralogical composition of rock, expressed by the

alternate light and dark layers in hand specimen, ranges from biotite-rich, andalusite-quartz-muscovite hornfels to muscovite-rich quartz-biotite hornfels. The variation in mineralogical composition is thought to reflect the original compositional variation in the pelitic sediment, possibly modified by an early planar fabric.

The minor, elongated opaque mineral grains, and an earlier generation (?) of partially-altered, lepidoblastic biotite appear to define an early planar fabric (schistosity) in the biotite-rich layers. This early planar fabric has been more, or less, obliterated elsewhere in the rock by the decussate recrystallization of muscovite, and to a lesser extent a later generation (?) of biotite.

The breakdown of andalusite to sericite is a retrogressive mineralogical reaction, whilst the recrystallization of part of this sericite appears to be a prograde reaction.

2.5.4

REMARKS

Textural and mineralogical evidence in thin section suggests that the mineral assemblage represents an original aluminous, pelitic, sedimentary rock that has undergone low-grade (low-pressure ?) regional, dynamothermal metamorphism to yield a

knotted schist containing andalusite.

Subsequent thermal metamorphism appears to have initially led to the partial breakdown of the earlier generation of biotite, defining the planar fabric in the rock, and to the marginal alteration of andalusite porphyroblasts to fine-grained sericite. With increasing grades of thermal metamorphism decussate recrystallization of biotite and muscovite destroyed much of the original planar fabric; part of the fine-grained sericite alteration after andalusite was also recrystallized as muscovite.

2.6 B.298/6

2.6.1 IDENTIFICATION

Medium- to coarse-grained, porphyritic, micrographic, leucogranite.

2.6.2 HAND SPECIMEN (1 " DIAMOND-DRILL CORE)

A medium- to coarse-grained, porphyritic, leucocratic, igneous rock identified in hand specimen as a granite.

2.6.3 THIN SECTION

152

A medium- to coarse-grained, porphyritic, leucocratic, holocrystalline, hypidimorphic granular, plutonic, igneous rock of granitic composition, which exhibits a well-defined, micrographic intergrowth between quartz and alkali feldspar. The estimated mode for the rock is as follows:-

Alkali feldspar	65% - 75%
Plagioclase feldspar	10% approx.
Quartz	15%
Biotite/chlorite	5%
Muscovite	<1%
Accessories	traces of apatite and zircon

Alkali Feldspar

The alkali feldspar is present as large, allotriomorphic grains with a diameter of 4mm and above. The alkali feldspar is a microcline microperthite, which is typically intergrown with subidiomorphic quartz in a striking micrographic texture. Incipient secondary alteration in the alkali feldspar appears to be concentrated in the albite exsolution lamellae.

Plagioclase feldspar

Subordinate plagioclase feldspar, ranging from 0.75mm

to 3.8mm in length, occurs as idiomorphic to subidiomorphic grains. The plagioclase feldspar exhibits combined carlsbad-albite law twinning. The low, maximum extinction angle ( $X^{(010)}$ ) for albite law twins in the symmetrical zone indicates that the plagioclase feldspar is an oligoclase in composition.

#### Quartz

Quartz, exhibiting undulose extinction in polarized light, is present as allotriomorphic grains of varying grain size up to 6mm; the average grain size of the quartz is of the order of 1mm.

#### Biotite/Chlorite/Muscovite

Biotite is present as narrow, ragged flakes up to 1.2mm in length. The biotite exhibits a dark-brown/pale yellow-brown pleochroism, and is partially replaced by pale-green chlorite and colourless muscovite.

#### 2.6.4 REMARKS

The low content of ;biotite, and the presence of a well-developed micrographic intergrowth between alkali feldspar and quartz, suggest that the rock represents a late-stage residuum close to the quartz-alkali feldspar eutectic.

2.7 B.298/7

2.7.1 IDENTIFICATION

Fine-grained, spotted hornfels (quartz-sericite (-muscovite)-biotite hornfels).

2.7.2 HAND SPECIMEN (1 3/8" DIAMOND-DRILL CORE)

A fine-grained, grey, porphyroblastic, metasedimentary rock with the appearance of a spotted hornfels (andalusite, or cordierite hornfels).

2.7.3 THIN SECTION

A fine-grained, schistose, porphyroblastic, rock consisting of sericite (-muscovite) -quartz, biotite and disseminated opaque mineral grains; minor graphite may be present in the rock. Ovoid porphyroblasts of fine-grained sericite, 0.75mm to 4mm in diameter, presumably represent original andalusite. The porphyroblasts are set in a fine-grained, lepidoblastic quartz-sericite (-muscovite)-biotite groundmass. The estimated mode for the rock is as follows:-

Sericite Porphyroblasts	60% - 65%
Quartz	15% - 20%
Biotite	5% - 10%
Sericite(-Muscovite)	10% - 15%
Opagues/Graphite	1% - 2%
Zircon	trace amounts

Sericite (Porphyroblasts)

Segregations of fine-grained sericite, with a grain size of less than 0.02mm, and minor, fine-grained xenoblastic quartz define ovoid pseudomorphs after original andalusite (?).

Quartz

Granoblastic quartz is present as xenoblasts up to 0.05mm in diameter.

Biotite

The biotite occurs as ragged xenoblasts up to 0.07mm in length. It exhibits a reddish-brown/pale brown pleochroism, and it is typically associated with the opaque mineral grains.

Sericite(-Muscovite)

Colourless muscovite occurs as narrow xenoblasts up to 0.05mm. It is associated with very fine-grained sericite.

Opagues

Opaque mineral grains occur as elongated, anhedral grains ranging in size from 0.2mm to 1.2mm

Texture

Fine-grained sericite and micas impart a lepidoblastic texture to the rock, and in combination with the subparallel alignment of the elongated opaque mineral grains impart an early planar fabric to the rock.

The ovoid porphyroblasts appear to post-date the early planar fabric, in as much as they deflect the schistosity defined by the opaque mineral grains.

The breakdown of andalusite to fine-grained sericite is a retrogressive mineralogical reaction.

2.7.4

REMARKS

Textural and mineralogical evidence in thin section suggest

157

that the mineral assemblage represents an original aluminous, pelitic, sedimentary rock that has undergone low-grade, regional dynamothermal to yield a phyllite (quartz-sericite schist). Subsequently thermal metamorphism of the phyllite has led to the growth of andalusite porphyroblasts, which deflect the original planar fabric, and the development of biotite and recrystallization of muscovite from original sericite. In this context the retrograde alteration of andalusite to fine-grained sericite would be consistent with a post-thermal metamorphic diaphthoresis.

2.8 B.298/8

2.8.1 IDENTIFICATION

Partially-altered, medium- to coarse-grained, porphyritic granite.

2.8.2 HAND SPECIMEN (SURFACE GRAB SAMPLE)

A medium- to coarse-grained, porphyritic, leucocratic, igneous rock of granitic composition.

158

2.8.3

THIN SECTION

A medium- to coarse-grained, partially altered, porphyritic, leucocratic, holocrystalline, hypidiomorphic granular, plutonic, igneous rock of granitic composition. The estimated mode for the rock is as follows:-

Alkali Feldspar	55% - 60%
Plagioclase Feldspar	15%
Quartz	15%
Biotite/Chlorite	5% - 7%
Hornblende	2%
Sphene	1% - 2%
Apatite	1%
Accessories	trace amounts of zircon, epidote and carbonate.

Alkali Feldspar

Alkali feldspar is present as allotriomorphic grains ranging in grain size from 1mm to 2.5mm. The alkali feldspar is a microcline microperthite, which exhibit strong secondary alteration. The interpenetrant, cross-hatched microcline law twinning is poorly-defined in the alkali feldspar; the principle twin law present is of the carlsbad type.

### Plagioclase Feldspar

Plagioclase feldspar is present as idioblastic to sub-idioblastic grains, ranging from 1.5mm to 4mm in length. The plagioclase feldspar exhibits combined carlsbad-albite law twinning and strong, marginal oscillatory zoning. Measurement of the maximum extinction angle ( $X^{(010)}$ ) of albite law twins in the symmetrical zone suggests that the compositional zoning remains within the oligoclase composition.

### Quartz

Quartz, exhibiting marked undulose extinction, occurs as allotriomorphic grains ranging up to 4mm - 5mm. Finer-grained quartz, with an average grain size of 0.4mm, is partially, or wholly, enclosed by alkali feldspar in a poikilitic fashion.

### Biotite/Chlorite

The biotite is present as ragged flakes ranging from 0.2mm to 2.7mm in length. The biotite exhibits a dark reddish-brown/pale yellow-brown pleochroism, and it is partially, or wholly, altered to pale-green, pleochroic chlorite.

Hornblende

Hornblende is a minor constituent of the rock. It occurs as green/pale-green, pleochroic, allotriomorphic grains, 1mm to 1.5mm in length. The hornblende exhibits alteration to chlorite and carbonate.

Spene

Sphene is present as idiomorphic/subidiomorphic to allotriomorphic wedge-shaped, yellow-orange/pale-yellow, pleochroic grains up to 0.4mm in length.

Apatite

Apatite occurs as idiomorphic/subidiomorphic, colourless grains 0.15mm to 0.6mm in length.

Accessories

Epidote/clinozoisite, zircon and cassiterite in trace amounts. The single grain of cassiterite, observed in this thin section, has a diameter of 0.15mm, and exhibits a reddish-brown/pale yellowish-brown pleochroism.

2.8.4

REMARKS

By comparison with 298/2 and 298/6, 298/8 contains a higher content of biotite. The presence of hornblende and accessory sphene, and the absence of micrographic intergrowth between alkali feldspar, also serve to distinguish this rock from the two leucogranite samples.

3

GENERAL COMMENTS:

The rocks studied in this section may be divided into two groups:.

- (a) Acid, plutonic, igneous intrusion (granites)
- (b) Thermally-metamorphosed, aluminous, pelitic, sediments (spotted hornfels and graphitic hornfels).

(a) Granites

Samples 298/2 and 298/6 are similar from a mineralogical and textural point of view; 298/2 appears to be a finer-grained phase of 298/6.

Sample 298/8 is texturally similar to 298/6, apart from the micrographic intergrowth, but differs from 298/2 and 298/6 on the

basis of the amount and nature of the ferromagnesian minerals, and on the nature of the accessory mineral phases.

Samples 298/2 and 298/6 represent late-stage residuum assemblage close to the quartz-alkali feldspar eutectic. Sample 298/8 appears to be a normal calc-alkalic intrusive differentiate, possibly representing the main intrusive phase.

(b) Spotted Hornfels

Samples 298/1, 298/3, 298/5 and 298/7 are aluminous, pelitic, sedimentary rocks that have been subjected to thermal metamorphism under P/T conditions consistent with the hornblende hornfels facies.

There is textural and mineralogical evidence in the form of palimpsest planar fabric, crenulation cleavage and prograde recrystallization to suggest that the pelitic metasediments were subjected to a low-grade, possibly low-pressure, regional, dynamothermal metamorphism under P/T conditions of the greenschist facies.

Breakdown of andalusite to fine-grained sericite is probably a result of a post-thermal metamorphic diaphoresis, although andalusite developing during low-pressure, regional metamorphism

would undergo retrograde alteration at the onset of thermal metamorphism.

Sample 298/4 is a graphite rich pelitic rock which is assumed to be an original carbonaceous sediment that has been subjected to low-grade regional, and/or thermal, metamorphism.

The petrographic description of the spotted hornfels is consistent with the hornfels described in AMDEL report MP 5015/72 (May 1972), entitled "Petrography of six hornfels from King Island".

A P P E N D I X    X I V

ASSAY REPORTS ON DRILL CORE SAMPLES

Spectrum        No: 0439  
McPhar         No: CH 3925

165

755165

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



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7 June 1972

## ANALYTICAL REPORT

Customer: Mr. L.G. Szabo,  
3/210 St. Kilda Street,  
BRIGHTON. VIC. 3186.

Report No: 0439

Refer: Quotation 209

Date Received: 5.6.72

No of Samples: 37

Date Reported: 7.6.72

To Follow: 5 Scans  
8 T/Sect.

Type of Analysis: Ref: Q209

Sheet: 1 of 4

### COMMENTS:

Method of Analysis: As per Quotation 209 & letter of 2.2.72.

Five AAS Scans for the following elements to follow:

Sb; As; Bi; Ag; Co; Cr; Fe; Mn; Ti; V; U; Hg.

Eight Petrographic descriptions of C Z series samples to follow to-day.

*G.L. Jackson*  
G.L. Jackson (B.App.Sc.)  
Laboratory Manager.

168

Your Sample Number.	SAL Code No.	Element(s) ppm							
		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Au	Mo	W	Sn
C Z 7	B298/1	35	15	63	25	<0.1	70	2	8
C Z 8	2	5	35	24	5	<0.1	2	2	10
C Z 10	3	5	30	62	10	<0.1	2	4	10
C Z 11	4	4	10	66	15	<0.1	2	4	12
C Z 12	5	22	20	125	30	<0.1	2	4	8
C Z 13	6	5	25	16	6	<0.1	2	2	8
C Z 14	7	54	30	140	35	<0.1	2	4	10
C Z 15	8	5	35	25	20	<0.1	<2	2	10

NOTE:

All elements expressed as ppm.

755166

100

Your Sample Number.	SAL Code No.	Element(s) ppm							
		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Au	Mo	W	Sn
A 1	B300/1	9	10	15	7	<0.1	2	2	12
A 2	2	38	10	84	25	<0.1	4	2	4
A 3	3	11	15	76	20	<0.1	2	2	6
A 4	4	215	10	135	75	<0.1	130	4	4
A 5	5	46	25	305	55	<0.1	2	8	8
A 6	6	65	25	225	55	<0.1	6	4	10
A 7	7	14	15	48	10	<0.1	<2	2	10
A 8	8	41	25	150	35	<0.1	<2	2	10
A 9	9	44	15	92	35	<0.1	2	2	6
A 10	10	60	15	190	45	<0.1	4	2	6
A 11	11	89	15	245	30	<0.1	4	2	8
A 12	12	82	90	115	35	<0.1	2	2	8
A 13	13	3	15	320	15	<0.1	2	2	6
A 14	14	43	20	105	25	<0.1	2	2	10
A 15	15	14	15	70	15	<0.1	2	4	10
A 16	16	20	15	73	15	<0.1	2	2	12
A 17	17	12	10	75	15	<0.1	2	2	12
A 18	18	5	15	93	9	<0.1	2	4	6
A 19	19	9	15	47	15	<0.1	2	4	6
A 20	20	17	10	80	15	<0.1	4	4	8
A 21	21	15	15	100	15	<0.1	<2	4	10
A 22	22	25	15	87	20	<0.1	2	2	15

755167

Your Sample Number.	SAL Code No.	Cu	Pb	Zn	Element(s) ppm		Mo	W	Sn
					Ni	Au			
A 23	B300/23	27	20	59	10	<0.1	2	8	10
A 24	24	24	25	69	15	<0.1	2	4	8
A 25	25	9	20	55	10	<0.1	2	2	4
A 26	26	18	15	49	15	<0.1	1	4	8
A 27	27	7	15	77	10	<0.1	2	6	10
CORE 1	28	31	20	64	15	<0.1	2	6	10
CORE 2	29	37	95	66	15	<0.1	4	115	10

CHECK ANALYSIS:

9	B218/9	4	15		8	<0.1	<2	20	10
24	24	10	300		10	<0.1	2	125	<2
27	27	35	55		35	<0.1	<2	60	4
46	46	28	45		50	<0.1	4	8	8

169

# SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



5 MARY PARADE, RYDALMERE. N.S.W. 2116

Telephone: 638-5905

638-4445

P.O. BOX: 275 RYDE, 2112.

755169

GLJ:DAC

8 June 1972

## ANALYTICAL REPORT

Customer: Mr. L.G. Szabo,  
3/210 St. Kilda Street,  
BRIGHTON. VIC. 3186.

Report No: 0439

Refer: 0439/ 7.6.72

Date Received: 5.6.72

No of Samples: 5 Scans

Date Reported: 8.6.72

To Follow: 8 Thin Section.

Type of Analysis: Geochemical IAS Scans.

Sheet: 1 of 2

*G.L. Jackson*  
.....  
G.L. Jackson (B.App.Sc.)  
Laboratory Manager.

170

755170

SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

REPORT No: 0439

- 2 -

8 June 1972

YOUR SAMPLE NUMBER.	SAL CODE NO.	Element(s) ppm					
		Sb	Bi	As	Ag	Co	Cr
A 4	B300/4	10	25	10	1.3	30	65
A 7	7	15	35	<5	1.9	15	10
A 12	12	10	25	<5	1.6	35	40
A 13	13	15	30	5	1.8	15	55
CORE 1	28	15	25	<5	1.6	15	170

YOUR SAMPLE NUMBER.	SAL CODE NO.	Element(s) ppm					
		Fe	Mn	Ti	U	Hg	V
A 4	B300/4	4.8%	440	1.0%	<10	<0.005	100
A 7	7	28%	3900	1200	<10	<0.005	30
A 12	12	4.8%	280	4800	<10	<0.005	55
A 13	13	12%	1.7%	3600	<10	<0.005	10
CORE 1	28	2.7%	1450	3200	<10	<0.005	20

COMMENTS:

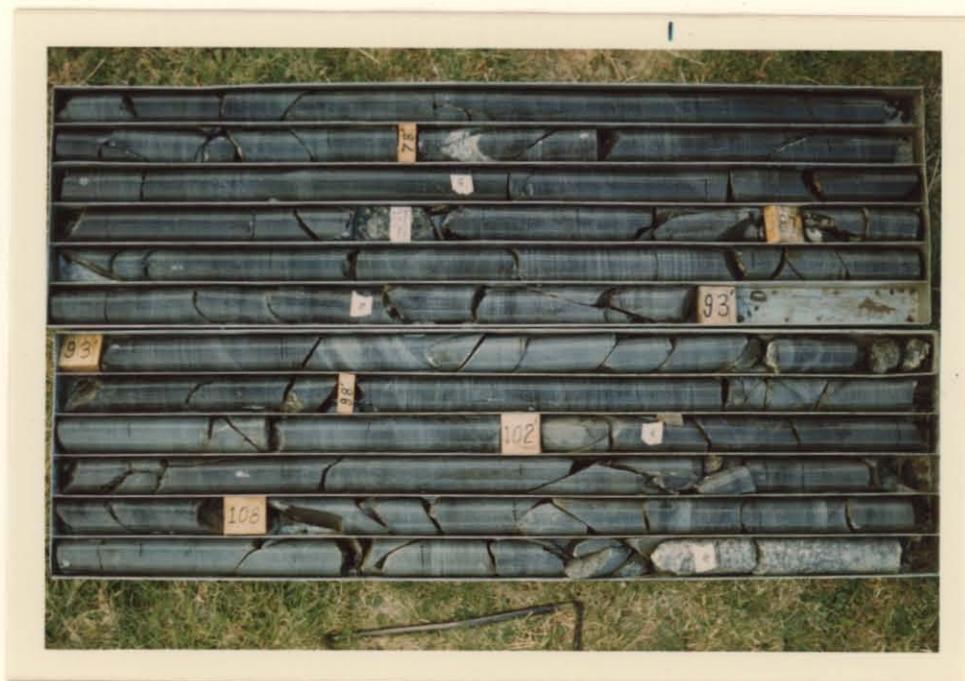
All elements reported in ppm unless otherwise stated.



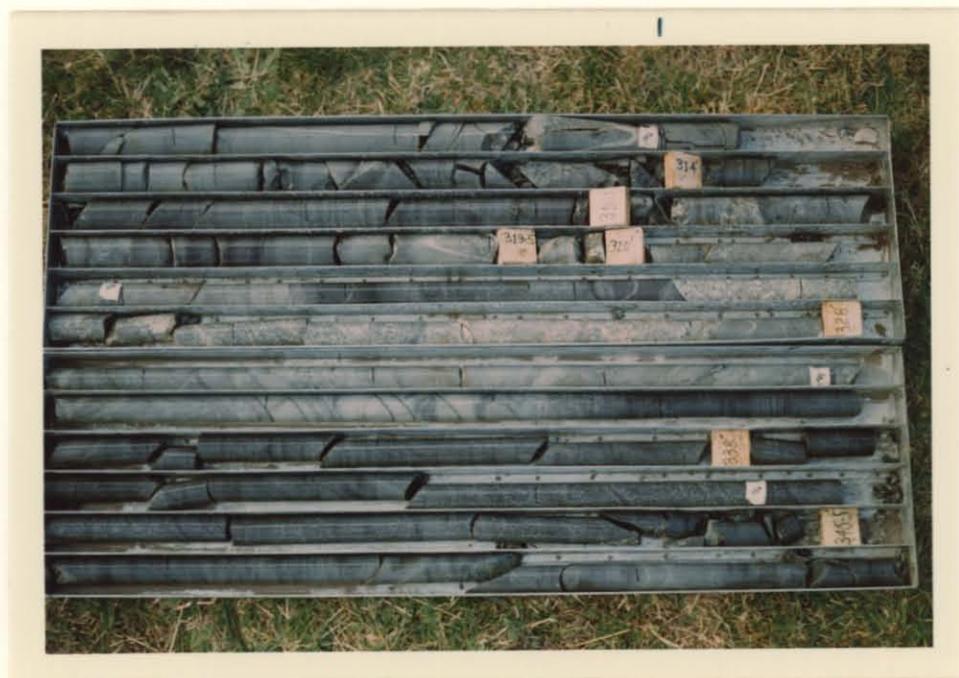
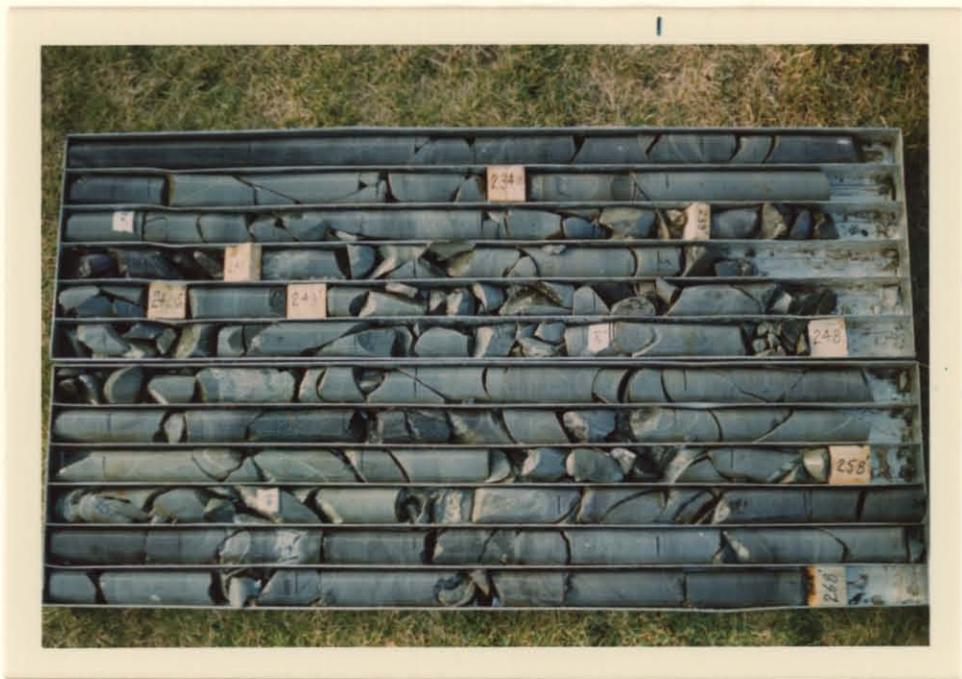
A P P E N D I X   X V

PHOTOGRAPHS OF DRILL CORES: R1, R2, R3

R-1







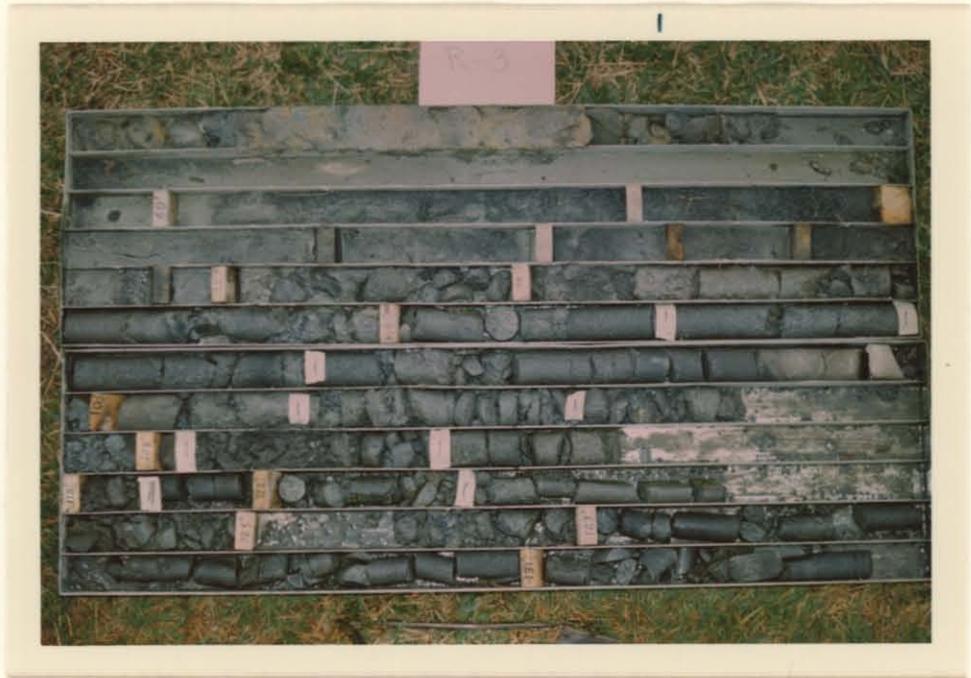


177

R - 2

755177







A P P E N D I X XVI

DRILLING RECORD DDH - R 1

**MICROFILMED**











## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.:

HOLE No.: R1

PAGE: 6

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays									
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag
	60.6	62.7	2.1	2.1	100	30. Chlorite-Biotite Hornfels. Dark brown-grey with pseudo-morphs after 2-4mm andalusite with chlorite-biotite rims.															
	62.7	72.6	9.9	9.3	93.8	31. Quartz-Muscovite-Sericite Hornfels. Grey, fine grained very hard with very broken zone between 64'-65', 67'-68'. At 70.6', 2" band of Biotite Hornfels. Core B.P. angle 38°.															
	72.6	73.6	1.0	1.0	100	32. Chlorite-Biotite Hornfels. Dark brown-grey with pseudo-morphs after 2-4mm andalusite with chlorite-biotite rims. Pyrite along fractures.	Py	72.6	73.5	A16	20	15	73	15	2	2	12	10.1			
	73.6	81.0	7.4	7.2	97.3	33. Andalusite-Biotite/Chlorite-Biotite Hornfels. Interchanging at approx. 1' intervals. 1" granitic vein at 77.2'. Pyrite veins and blebs common. Few unidentified yellow-white fluorescent minerals.	Py														
	81.0	85.1	4.1	4.1	100	34. Biotite Hornfels. Dark grey, fine grained and bedded. Pyrite occurring frequently along B.P.s, fractures and as strata controlled blebs (1-2mm). 1' of abundant unidentified yellow-white fluorescent minerals. Core B.P. angle 38°.	Py	82.5	82.7	CZ7	35	15	63	25	70	2	8	10.1			



## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: HOLE No.: R1 PAGE: 8

Property: Co-ordinates x: Bearing: Logged By: Drilling Technique:  
Date Collared: y: Dip: Checked By: Core Size:  
Date Completed: z: Depth: Drilled By: Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays									
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag
92.1	96.8	4.7	4.4	93.6	41.	Hornfels Quartz-Muscovite/Biotite Hornfels. Interchanging at 1-2" intervals. Core B.P. angle 38°.															
96.8	99.4	2.6	2.4	92.3	42.	Andalusite-Biotite Hornfels. Dark grey with 2-3mm andalusite porphyroblasts in fine grained biotitic matrix. Pyrite blebs (2-3mm) and veins along fractures.	Py														
99.4	102.3	2.9	2.9	100	43.	Hornfels Quartz-Muscovite/Biotite Hornfels. Interchanging at 0.5' intervals.															
102.3	104.1	1.8	1.7	94.5	44.	Chlorite-Biotite Hornfels. Dark brown-grey with pseudomorphs after 2-4mm andalusite with chlorite-biotite rims. Pyrite along fractures.	Py														
104.1	109.0	4.9	4.5	91.9	45.	Andalusite-Sillimanite(?) Hornfels. Dark grey, fine-medium grained with 1-3mm andalusite-sillimanite(?) porphyroblasts. Pyrite along sub-parallel fractures.	Py	104.1	109.0	A17	12	10	75	15	2	2	12	10.1			
109.0	112.6	3.6	3.6	100	46.	Quartz-Muscovite Hornfels. Grey, fine grained, very hard.															
112.6	116.8	4.2	4.1	97.6	47.	Granitic Dyke. Contact core axis angle 15°.		116.3	116.5	CZ8	5	35	24	5	2	2	10	10.1			

























A P P E N D I X    X V I I

DRILLING RECORD DDH - R 2



## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.:

HOLE No.: R2

PAGE: 2

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays									
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag
	38.0	43.0	5.0	2.6	52.0	6. Granite. Cream, medium grained, weathered, with dark grey siltstone inclusions, increasing to the lower boundary. Few unidentified yellow-white fluorescent minerals.															
	43.0	44.0	1.0	0.3	33.3	7. Andalusite-Sillimanite(?) Hornfels. Gray-brown with coarse grained (4-5mm) porphyroblasts in light grey matrix.		Py	43.8 43.0	44.0 43.8	CZ12 A3	22 11	20 15	125 76	30 20	2 2	4 2	8 6	LO.1 LO.1		
	44.0	45.0	1.0	0.4	40.0	8. Quartz-Muscovite Hornfels. Brown-grey, silty & broken.															
	45.0	47.0	2.0	1.3	65.0	9. Microgranite.															
	47.0	51.0	4.0	3.0	75.0	10. Quartz-Muscovite Hornfels. Grey, silty, broken.															
	51.0	58.5	7.5	6.3	84.0	11. Granitic Dyke. Cream-grey, medium grained.			51.5	51.8	CZ13	5	25	16	6	2	2	8	LO.1		
	58.5	61.0	2.5	1.5	60.0	12. Quartz-Muscovite Hornfels. Grey, silty, broken.															
	61.0	62.5	1.5	1.3	86.7	13. Andalusite-Sillimanite(?) Hornfels. Grey-brown with up to 2cm undetermined porphyroblasts. Tectonically deformed (zig-zag) B.P.s with ample Pyrite. Also Pyrite as inclusion in the porphyroblasts.		Py	61.0	62.5	A4	215	10	135	75	130	4	4	LO.1		





A P P E N D I X XVIII

DRILLING RECORD DDH - R 3



## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.:

HOLE No.: R3

PAGE: 2

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays									
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag
	170.0	179.3	9.3	3.6	38.8	7. Chlorite-Biotite Hornfels/ Spotted Hornfels. Fractured & broken core.															
	179.3	209.0	29.7	26.3	88.6	8. Spotted Hornfels. Grey - dark grey, fine grained with 1-3mm unidenti- fied dark minerals. Minor sericite and ample pyrite in fractures. At 182.7', quartz filled fracture veins. (up to 3mm). Core B.P. angle approx. 70°.			187.5	187.8	CZ14	54	30	140	35		2	4	10	L0.1	
	209.0	210.0	1.0	1.0	100	9. Quartz Filled Fracture Zone With Pyrite & minor sphalerite.			209.0	210.0	A12	82	90	115	35		2	2	8	L0.1	
	210.0	252.0	42.0	33.2	79.0	10. Chlorite-Biotite Hornfels/ Spotted Hornfels. Broken core.															
	252.0	252.2	0.2	0.2	100	11. Breccia. 1-15mm schist & spotted hornfels fragments in yellow- brown, fine grained, siliceous clayey cement.			252.0	252.2	A8	41	25	150	35		L2	2	10	L0.1	
	252.2	315.0	63.8	50.3	78.8	12. Chlorite-Biotite Hornfels/ Spotted Hornfels. Core B.P. angle 60°. At 289.5', quartz filled fracture veins (up to ½"). At 308', fracture zone & hydrothermal alter- ations along fractures. Pyrite common.			307.5	309.0	A11	89	15	245	30		4	2	8	L0.1	

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: HOLE No.: R3 PAGE: 3

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
	315.0	316.0	1.0	0.9	90.0	13. Breccia. 1-15mm schist & spotted hornfels fragments in yellow-brown, fine grained siliceous cement.			315.0	316.0	A9	44	15	92	35		2	2	6	10.1		
	316.0	325.0	9.0	7.0	77.8	14. Chlorite-Biotite Hornfels/ Spotted Hornfels.																
	325.0	359.0	34.0	30.1	88.5	15. Spotted Hornfels. Dark grey, fine grained with 1-3mm dark unidentified minerals & bands of Biotite Hornfels (from 0.2"-2'). Ample pyrite in fractures. At 329', quartz filled fracture veins (up to 1/4").			328.9	329.1	A10	60	15	190	45		4	2	6	10.1		
	END OF HOLE 359.0'.																					

A P P E N D I X   X I X

DRILLING RECORD: AUGER LINE - 2

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 2

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 1

Property: E.L. 9/71  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By: L.G. SZABO  
Checked By:  
Drilled By: A.D.D.

Drilling Technique: GEMCO AUGER  
Core Size: 3"  
Client: U.S.S.I.-N.Y.

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
0	0	58	244985E 5591891N			Clay: Bluegrey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			56	58	47	30	15		40		2	8	60	L0.1		
2	0	46	245046E 5591887N			Clay: Bluegrey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.		Py	44	46	48	12	170		35		2	L2	22.5	L0.1		
4	0	34	245108E 5591875N			Clay: Light grey, wet. Chips: Micaschist.		Py	28	34	221	67	15		55		2	2	15	L0.1		
6	0	46	245171E 5591867N			Clay: Bluegrey, moist. Chips: Pyritic micaschist.		Py	44	46	49	27	40		50		2	L2	20	L0.1		
8	0	29	245229E 5591859N			Clay: Bluegrey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			27	29	50	41	15		45		2	8	17.5	L0.1		
10	0	50	245283E 5591851N			Clay: Bluegrey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.		Py	48	50	51	31	15		35		4	6	L2	L0.1		
12	0	31	245348E 5591838N			Clay: Bluegrey, wet. Chips: Micaschist.		Py	26	28	52	110	25		75		2	8	70	L0.1		
									28	31	53	51	20		50		2	L2	60	L0.1	Spectrum	
									28	31	54	46	20		45		2	L2	70	L0.1	"	
14						Not drilled.																
16						Not drilled.																
18	0	34	245406E 5591835N			Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Micaschist.			28	34	220	33	10		45		2	6	17.5	L0.1		
20	0	32	245470E 5591828N			Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Micaschist.			26	32	219	60	10		40		L2	2	10	L0.1		
22	0	31	245528E 5591815N			Clay: Gritty, grey, wet. Chips: Quartz and Micaschist.			25	31	218	73	10		15		L2	6	10	L0.1		

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 2

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 2

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
24	0	37	245536E 5591808N			Clay: Gritty, grey, wet. Chips: Quartz and Micaschist.			31	37	217	69	10		30		4	6	12.5	0.1		
26	0	31	245653E 5591799N			Clay: Brown, wet. Chips: Laterite.			25	31	216	27	15		8		L2	2	25	0.1		
28	0	27	245711E 5591792N			Clay: Brown, wet. Chips: Laterite, quartz.		Py	21	27	215	73	10		10		2	L2	30	0.1		
30	0	17	245772E 5591783N			Clay: Gritty, brown, wet. Chips: Laterite, quartz.			11	17	214	43	15		20		L2	2	40	0.1		
32	0	18	245830E 5591775N			Clay: Khaki-green, wet. Chips: Laterite, schist.			12	18	213	33	15		45		L2	30	25	0.1		
34	—	—				Not drilled.																
36	—	—				Not drilled.																
38	0	28	245897E 5591765N			Clay: Fine, green, wet. Chips: Laterite.			22	28	212	40	5		20		L2	10	4	0.1		
40	0	16	245954E 5591759N			Soil: Dark khaki-brown, moist. Chips: Laterite quartz.		Py	10	16	211	48	14		10		4	2	6	0.1		
42	0	22	246131E 5591709N			Clay: Brown, wet. Chips: Laterite.		Py	16	22	210	18	16		20		L2	2	10	0.1		
44	0	11	246186E 5591688N			Clay: Brown, wet. Chips: Black schist, laterite.			5	11	209	40	135		15		4	6	15	0.1		
46	0	20	246247E 5591665N			Clay: Brown, wet. Chips: Black schist, laterite.			14	20	208	60	60		10		L2	4	12.5	0.1		

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 2

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 3

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft. %				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
48	0	16	246309E 5591645N		Clay: Brown, wet. Chips: Black schist, laterite.			10	16	207	41	15		10		2	L2	25	L0.1		
50	0	28	246371E 5591625N		Clay: Brown, wet. Chips: Black schist, laterite.			22	28	206	32	45		10		L2	L2	20	L0.1		
52	0	15	246437E 5591598N		Clay: Brown, wet. Chips: Black schist, laterite.			0	15	205	32	15		15		L2	2	20	L0.1		
54	0	17	246516E 5591576N		Clay: Bluegrey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.		Py	11	17	204	52	25		30		L2	2	15	L0.1		
56	0	24	246587E 5591550N		Clay: Bluegrey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.		Py	18	24	203	30	10		40		2	2	30	L0.1		
58	0	24	246653E 5591528N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Siltstone, quartz.		Py	18	24	202	29	10		15		L2	2	15	L0.1		
60	0	16	246719E 5591506N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Siltstone, quartz.		Py	10	16	201	33	20		15		8	2	40	L0.1		
62	0	34	246783E 5591479N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Quartz, siltstone.		Py	28	34	200	18	15		6		2	8	4	L0.1		
64	0	24	246848E 5591459N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Quartz, siltstone.		Py	17	24	199	37	10		10		2	4	30	L0.1		
66	0	25	246912E 5591429N		Clay: Bluegrey, wet. Chips: Quartz, pyrite, muscovite- biotite hornfels (spotted).		Py	19	25	198	75	30		10		2	L2	50	L0.1		
68	0	26	246978E 5591409N		Clay: Bluegrey, wet. Chips: Quartz, pyrite, muscovite- biotite hornfels (spotted).		Py	20	26	197	79	20		10		L2	2	30	L0.1		

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 2

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 4

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
70	0	25	247046E 5591384N			Clay: Bluegrey, moist. Chips: Siltstone, spotted.			19	25	129	40	25		40		L2	2	6	L0.1		
72	0	28	247120E 5591361N			Clay: Bluegrey, moist. Chips: Siltstone, spotted.			22	28	128	25	20		10		L2	2	10	L0.1		
74	0	16	247184E 5591339N			Clay: Bluegrey, moist. Chips: Siltstone, spotted.			10	16	127	30	10		25		4	4	6	L0.1		
76	0	31	247250E 5591315N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Quartz-Muscovite Hornfels.		Zr, Sch (rounded)	25	31	126	75	20		20		L2	6	L2	L0.1		
78	0	47	247306E 5591297N			Clay: Bluegrey, moist. Chips: Quartz-Muscovite Hornfels.		Zr, Sch	41	47	125	10	15		15		L2	4	2	L0.1		
80	0	30	247363E 5591278N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Quartz and sand.			2	30	124	10	25		15		2	2	6	L0.1		
82	0	3	247428E 5591253N			Clay: Sandy, grey, moist. Chips: Siltstone.			0	3	123	5	5		10		2	2	2	L0.1		
84	0	12	247508E 5591225N			Clay: Yellow-grey, moist. Chips: Granite and quartz- muscovite-biotite hornfels.		Zr	6	12	122	20	20		15		2	4	10	L0.1		
86	0	12	247584E 5591196N			Clay: Gritty, yellow-grey, moist. Chips: Quartz and fine grained granite.		Zr, Sch?	6	12	121	15	5		15		L2	100	L2	L0.1	Spectrum	
									6	12	KI-1						L2	12			McPhar	
									6	12	"							10			AMDEL	
88	0	28	247647E 5591176N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Fine grained granite.			22	28	120	5	20		15		L2	6	10	L0.1		

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 2 HOLE No.: PAGE: 5

Property: Co-ordinates x: Bearing: Logged By: Drilling Technique:  
Date Collared: y: Dip: Checked By: Core Size:  
Date Completed: z: Depth: Drilled By: Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays											
	From	To	Width	Ft.				%	From		To	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
90	0	22	247703E	5591156 N	Clay: Gritty, grey, moist. Chips: Granite.			16	22	119	7	15		30		2	10	25	L0.1			
92	0	16	247768E	5591134 N	Clay: Gritty, yellow-grey, moist. Chips: Granite.		Zr, Sch?	10	16	118	8	20		20		2	30	2	L0.1			
94	0	25	247847E	5591105 N	Clay: Gritty, yellow-grey, moist. Chips: Granite.			19	25	117	10	15		40		2	8	8	L0.1			
96	0	18	247927E	5591080 N	Clay: Gritty, yellow-grey, moist. Chips: Granite.			11	17	116	15	20		20		2	85	4	L0.1	Spectrum		
								11	17	KI-2						L2	90			McPhar		
								11	17	KI-2							45			AMDEL		
98	0	11	247992E	5591059 N	Clay: Gritty, yellow-grey, moist. Chips: Granite.			5	11	115	6	10		20		2	20	10	L0.1			
100	0	16	248045E	5591041 N	Clay: Gritty, yellow-grey, moist. Chips: Granite.		Zr	10	16	114	7	10		20		L2	20	10	L0.1			
102	0	11	248099E	5591024 N	Clay: Gritty, yellow-grey, moist. Chips: Granite.		Zr	5	11	113	8	10		10		L2	4	L2	L0.1			
104	0	19	248163E	5591005 N	Clay: Gritty, moist. Chips: Granite.			13	19	112	10	10		20		2	8	10	L0.1			
106					Not drilled.																	
108					Not drilled.																	
110	0	18	248224E	5590984 N	Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite sand.		Zr, Sch?	12	18	111	15	10		15		L2	4	L2	L0.1			
112					Not drilled.																	
114					Not drilled.																	

9

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 2 HOLE No.: PAGE: 6

Property: Co-ordinates x: Bearing: Logged By: Drilling Technique:  
Date Collared: y: Dip: Checked By: Core Size:  
Date Completed: z: Depth: Drilled By: Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft. %				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
116	0	34	248398E 5590903N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite sand.		Zr	28	34	110	15	20		20		L2	2	4	L0.1		
118	—				Not drilled.																
120	—				Not drilled.																
122	0	22	248579E 5590851N		Clay: Bluegrey, moist. Chips: Granite.			16	22	109	20	10		20		L2	2	4	L0.1		
124	—				Not drilled.																
126	—				Not drilled.																
128	0	11	248743E 5590795N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite.			5	11	108	10	15		15		2	6	4	L0.1		
130	0	18	248906E 5590734N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite.		Zr	12	18	107	20	20		30		L2	4	4	L0.1		
132	—				Not drilled.																
134	—				Not drilled.																
136	0	24	248976E 5590719N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite.			18	24	106	20	20		30		2	12.5	2	L0.1		
138	—				Not drilled.																
140	—				Not drilled.																
142	0	20	249147E 5590652N		Clay: White-grey, moist. Chips: Granite sand.		Zr	14	20	105	15	10		35		L2	10	25	L0.1		



DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
 Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 2

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 8

Property:  
 Date Collared:  
 Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
 y:  
 z:

Bearing:  
 Dip:  
 Depth:

Logged By:  
 Checked By:  
 Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
 Core Size:  
 Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
168	0	46	249839E 5590420 N			Clay: Whitegrey, wet. Chips: Granite.			40	46	98	15	15	30			2	6	17.5	10.1		

A P P E N D I X    X X

DRILLING RECORD: AUGER LINE - 4

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 1

Property: E.L. 9/71  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By: L.G. SZABO  
Checked By:  
Drilled By: A.D.D.

Drilling Technique: GEMCO AUGER  
Core Size: 3"  
Client: USSI-NY

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.			Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft. %				From	To	Sample No.	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
0	0	23	244825E	5590652 N	<u>Clay</u> : Khaki to grey, moist. <u>Chips</u> : Micaschist with dissolved cavities.			0	4	1	8	20		20		2	L2	L2	L0.1		
								4	10	2	470	20		15		12.5	L2	L2	L0.1		
								10	16	3	30	15		15		2	L2	L2	L0.1		
								16	22	4	59	30		30		2	L2	L2	L0.1		
								22	23	5	40	25		15		L2	L2	L2	L0.1		
2					Not drilled																
4	0	19	244958E	559064E N	<u>Clay</u> : Khaki to grey, moist. <u>Chips</u> : Micaschist with quartz veins. Laterite.	Py		16	19	6	67	20		40		4	L2	L2	L0.1		
									22	23	7	7	30		10		L2	12.5	L2	L0.1	
6	0	20	245011E	5590635 N	<u>Clay</u> : Grey, moist. <u>Chips</u> : Micaschist, laterite.			22	23	7	7	30		10		L2	12.5	L2	L0.1		
								0	4	8	16	15		15		2	L2	L2	L0.1		
8	0	23	245080E	5590628 N	<u>Clay</u> : Brown to grey, moist. <u>Chips</u> : Vein-quartz with silicified micaschist.			4	10	9	4	15		8		L2	20	10	L0.1		
								10	16	10	11	10		10		2	30	15	L0.1		
								10	16	45	8	15		9		4	L2	20	L0.1		
								16	22	16	21	10		20		L2	6	L2	L0.1		
								22	23	11	11	10		8		2	12.5	6	L0.1		
10	0	22	245140E	5590621 N	<u>Clay</u> : Grey, moist. <u>Chips</u> : Vein-quartz with silicified schist.			21	22	12	31	10	8		8	20	45	L0.1			
								28	34	13	3	15	10		2	L2	L2	L0.1			
12	0	34	245203E	5590615 N	<u>Clay</u> : Grey, wet. <u>Chips</u> : Micaschist.			28	34	13	3	15	10		2	L2	L2	L0.1			

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 2

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
14	0	34	245261E	5590606N		Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Muscovite-Biotite schist with quartz veins.			32	34	14	13	15	15			2	8	L2	L0.1		
16	0	22	245326E	5590602N		Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Shale and Pyrite.		Py	21	22	15	52	145	55			2	2	6	L0.1		
18	0	22	245385E	5590593N		Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Siliceous shale.			20	22	17	38	40	15			2	10	L2	L0.1		
20	0	22	245445E	5590589N		Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Silty Micaschist.		Py	21	22	18	28	20	10			2	L2	L2	L0.1		
22	0	19	245512E	5590583N		Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Micaschist.			18	19	19	70	25	25			4	L2	60	L0.1		
24	0	24	245573E	5590575N		Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Micaschist.			22	24	20	81	45	20			6	L2	8	L0.1		
26	0	16	245633E	5590567N		Clay: Khaki to grey, wet. Chips: Micaschist, large vein-quartz fragments and Laterite.			4 10	10 16	21 22	35 45	20 35	10 50			6 12.5	L2 6	20 8	L0.1 L0.1		
28	0	16	245701E	5590559N		Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Laterite and micaschist.			15	16	23	54	85	35			2	2	2	L0.1		

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 3

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays											
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U	
30	0	17	245760E	5590550N		Clay: Brown to khaki, moist. Chips: Quartz, little laterite and tourmaline.			4	10	24	9	305		10	2	130	L2	L0.1	D.C.Griffith			
									4	10	INY-9-71-4-1	9	270		18	L1	4	40	-				
									4	10	"							60	20				
									4	10	"							65					
									4	10	K1-6							L2	30				
									4	10	K1-6								15				
32	0	25	245827E	5590545N		Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Shale, dark grey, micaceous.	Py		10	16	25	22	690		9	2	35	6	L0.1	McPhar, Colorimetric. McPhar, XRF McPhar, Colorimetric. AMDEL, XRF.			
									16	17	26	21	575		20	L2	80	4	L0.1				
34	0	33	245894E	5590541N		Clay: Khaki, wet Chips: Shale, dark, micaceous.			25	28	27	34	55		35	L2	60	4	L0.1				
									25	28	46	28	45		50	4	8	10	L0.1				
36	0	22	245964E	5590532N		Clay: Khaki, moist. Chips: Shale, dark, micaceous.			30	33	28	20	30		25	L2	2	20	L0.1				
									19	22	29	32	30		20	10	L2	15	L0.1				
38	0	21	246029E	5590524N		Clay: Khaki, moist. Chips: Siltstone, light grey.			25	28	27	34	55		35	L2	60	4	L0.1				
									25	28	46	28	45		50	4	8	10	L0.1				
40	0	34	246095E	5590516N		Clay: Khaki, wet. Chips: Black-schist, mica-schist.			30	33	28	20	30		25	L2	2	20	L0.1				
									19	22	29	32	30		20	10	L2	15	L0.1				
42	-					Not drilled.			17	21	30	14	15		10	2	4	2	L0.1				
									30	34	31	30	15		30	L2	L2	45	L0.1				

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 4

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.				%	From		To	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag
44	0	18	246169E5590511N					16	18	32	31	25		20		2	L2	65	10.1		
46	0	23	246234E5590506N					22	23	33	50	30		50		2	4	20	10.1		
48	0	46	246291E5590505N				Py	40	46	34	20	25		15		2	L2	17.5	10.1		
50	0	50	246361E5590505				Py	46	50	35	34	30		40		2	L2	60	10.1		
52	0	42	246443E5590502N				Py Plenty	40	42	36	51	30		55		4	L2	55	10.1		
54	0	21	246509E5590498N					20	21	37	33	30		25		L2	L2	6	10.1		
56	0	26	246587E5590495N				Py	20	26	38	49	35		55		L2	L2	4	10.1		
58	0	28	246647E5590495N				Py	22	28	39	52	30		40		4	2	12.5	10.1		

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 5

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.				%	From		To	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag
60	0	30	246696E	5590489N			Py	24	30	40	58	20		45		2	2	L2	L0.1		
62	0	23	246756E	5590488N			Py	17	23	41	61	25		25		8	L2	L3	L0.1		
64	0	22	246820E	5590486N				16	22	42	50	25		45		2	15	L2	L0.1		
66	0	23	246889E	5590492N			Py	17	23	43	52	20		50		2	2	35	L0.1		
68	0	35	246959E	5590503N			Py	29	35	44	65	30		70		8	8	55	L0.1		
70	0	32	247028E	5590512N			Py	26	32	55	80	80		65		8	6	L2	L0.1		
72	0	24	247102E	5590520N			Py	18	24	56	66	15		40		4	15	2	L0.1		

DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 6

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
74	0	36	247169E	5590532	N	Clay: Bluegrey, wet. Chips: Shale, spotted dark grey.		Py	30	36	57	32	25		45		10	6	L2	LO.1		
76	0	31	247235E	5590543	N	Clay: Bluegrey, wet Chips: Shale, spotted dark grey.		Py	28	31	58	57	30		50		10	8	L2	LO.1		
78	0	38	247301E	5590551	N	Clay: Bluegrey, wet. Chips: Shale, spotted dark grey, pyrite in quartz veins.		Py	32	38	59	43	25		55		20	4	L2	LO.1		
80	0	28	247354E	5590549	N	Clay: Bluegrey, wet. Chips: Shale, spotted dark grey, quartz.		Py	22	28	60	165	40		30		10	6	2	LO.1	Spectrum.	
									22	28	INY-9	91	60		35		21	4	40			D.C.Griffith
									22	28	"						L20	25			McPhar	
									22	28	"						2				McPhar	
82	0	28	247412E	5590549	N	Clay: Bluegrey, wet. Chips: Quartz Muscovite Biotite Hornfels.		Py, Zr	22	28	61	50	20		40		2	2	2	LO.1	Spectrum	
									22	28	62	53	20		40		2	2	6	LO.1	Spectrum	
									22	28	KI-7					20	10				McPhar	
									22	28	KI-7						5				AMDEL	
84	0	52	247470E	5590538	N	Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Quartz Muscovite Biotite Hornfels.		Py	0	10	63	49	15		7		2	2	L2	LO.1		
									10	22	64	59	30		9		12.5	15	L2	LO.1		
									22	34	65	31	40		10		2	10	2	LO.1		
									34	46	66	72	25		75		2	4	2	LO.1		
									46	52	67	53	20		50		8	2	2	LO.1		
86	0	44	247535E	5590524	N	Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Quartz Muscovite Biotite Hornfels.		Py	40	44	68	37	35		30		6	4	2	LO.1		
88	0	28	247593E	5590514	N	Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Quartz Muscovite Biotite Hornfels.			22	28	69	32	20		10		4	4	L2	LO.1		

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4 HOLE No.: PAGE: 7

Property: Co-ordinates x: Bearing: Logged By: Drilling Technique:  
Date Collared: y: Dip: Checked By: Core Size:  
Date Completed: z: Depth: Drilled By: Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
90	0	16	247657E 5590498N			Clay: White-grey, moist. Chips: Granite, fine grained, Muscovite Biotite Hornfels.			10	16	70	8	30		9		4	17	2	L0.1		
92	0	20	247730E 5590478N			Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Granite, quartz feldspar.		Sch, Zr	14	20	71	5	25		10		2	40	2	L0.1	Spectrum	
									14	20	INY-9	17	64		26		4	8	50			D.C. Griffith
									14	20	"							45	35			McPhar
									14	20	"							50				McPhar
									14	20	KI-8						L2	20				McPhar
									14	20	KI-8							25				AMDEL
94	0	19	247796E 5590459N			Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Quartz, granite.		Sch	16	19	72	17	15		10		6	120	6	0.4	Spectrum	
									16	19	INY-9	24	49		26		6	10	300			D.C. Griffith
									16	19	"							60	20			McPhar
									16	19	"							60				McPhar
									16	19	KI-13						L2	90				"
									16	19	KI-13						L2	60				"
									16	19	KI-3							45				AMDEL
									16	19	KI-13							50				"
96	0	40	247864E 5590441N			Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Quartz, aplite granite.			34	40	73	38	15		8		12.5	35	L2	L0,1		
98	0	39	247927E 5590425N			Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Granite-grit.		Zr	34	39	74	13	10		10		8	25	6	L0.1		
100	0	28	247935E 5590402N			Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Biotite-granite.		Zr	22	28	75	10	20		20		8	25	L2	L0.1		
102	0	47	248036E 5590377N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Biotite-granite.		Zr	41	47	76	16	20		55		6	20	L2	L0.1		

DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4 HOLE No.: PAGE: 8

Property: Co-ordinates x: Bearing: Logged By: Drilling Technique:  
Date Collared: y: Dip: Checked By: Core Size:  
Date Completed: z: Depth: Drilled By: Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays																			
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U									
104	0	32	248083E	559035	8N	Clay & Bioclastics: Grey, moist. Chips: Bioclastic limestone.		Zr	26	32	77	10	50		30		4	L2	55	L0.1											
106	0	25	248134E	559034	1N	Clay & Bioclastics: Grey, moist. Chips: Bioclastic limestone.		Zr	19	25	78	12	40		70		4	L2	70	L0.1											
108	—					Not drilled																									
110	—					Not drilled																									
112	0	26	248191E	559031	9N	Clay: Biotitic, grey, moist. Chips: Biotite granite.		Sch, Zr	20	26	79	6	20		15		6	50	L2	L0.1											
									20	26	INY-9	12	51		21		4	20	20						D.C.Griffith						
											-71-4																				
											-5																				
									20	26	"														L20	L20			McPhar		
									20	26	"														20				"		
									20	26	INY-9	24	51		11		L1	10	90											D.C.Griffith	
											-71-4																				
											-8																				
									20	26	"															35	L20			McPhar	
20	26	"															30				"										
20	26	KI-9															L2	40				"									
20	26	KI-12															L2	40				"									
20	26	KI-9																15				AMDEL									
20	26	KI-12																15				AMDEL									
114	0	34	248366E	559023	4N	Clay: Brown-grey, moist. Chips: Granite sand.		Zr, Sch?	28	34	80	23	25		75		6	2	L2	0.3		Spectrum									
									28	34	INY-9	21	59		67		8	8	210						D.C.Griffith						
											-71-4																				
											-6																				
									28	34	"														L20	35				McPhar	
									28	34	"														20					"	
28	34	KI-10														L2	5					"									
28	34	"															5					AMDEL									

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 9

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays											
	From	To	Width	Ft.				%	From		To	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
116	0	26	248416E	5590213N			Zr, Sch?	20	26	81	9	30		25		4	2	L2	0.3			
118	0	31	248470E	5590187N			Zr	25	31	82	11	15		20		4	40	2	L0.1	Spectrum		
								25	31	INY-9	19	56		29		1	50	150		D.C. Griffith		
								25	31	-71-4												
								25	31	-7							45	L20		McPhar		
								25	31	"							60		"			
								25	31	KI-11						L2	30		"			
								25	31	"							25		"	AMDEL		
120	0	30	248523E	5590158N				24	30	83	9	15		40		4	25	L2	L0.1			
122	—																					
124	0	24	248578E	5590126N				18	24	84	20	15		15		4	10	4	L0.1			
126	—																					
128	0	50	248720E	5590071N			Sch	44	50	85	8	15		35		4	55	4	L0.1			
130	—																					
132	—																					
134	0	52	248830E	5590032N				4	10	86	7	20		35		4	4	2	L0.1			
								10	16	87	8	20		30		2	12.5	2	L0.1			
								16	22	88	14	25		25		2	15	6	L0.1			
								22	28	89	13	25		25		4	10	L2	L0.1			
								46	52	90	17	20		25		2	4	2	L0.1			

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 10

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
136	✓					Not drilled																
138	0	52	249009 E 5589959 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite sand.			46	52	91	15	25		25		L2	20	20	L0.1		
140	✓					Not drilled.																
142	0	40	249161 E 5589924 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite Sand.			34	40	92	20	20		35		L2	30	15	L0.1		
144	✓					Not drilled.																
146	0	46	249243 E 5589891 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite sand.			40	46	93	15	15		45		L2	15	15	L0.1		
148	✓					Not drilled.																
150	0	34	249388 E 5589880 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite sand.			28	34	94	10	15		30		L2	35	15	L0.1		
152	✓					Not drilled.																
154	0	36	249496 E 5589866 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite sand.			30	36	95	25	15		25		L2	L2	17.5	L0.1		
156	✓					Not drilled.																
158	0	52	249609 E 5589845 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite sand,			46	52	96	15	25		25		L2	6	12.5	L0.1		
160	✓					Not drilled.																
162	0	40	249750 E 5589831 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite sand.		Zr	34	40	97	25	20		35		2	15	L2	L0.1		

A P P E N D I X XXI

DRILLING RECORD: AUGER LINES 4-400N TO 4-1600N

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4-400 N HOLE No.:

PAGE: 1

Property: E.L. 9/71  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By: L.G. SZABO  
Checked By:  
Drilled By: A.D.D.

Drilling Technique: GEMCO AUGER  
Core Size: 3"  
Client: U.S.S.I.-N.Y.

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
84E	0	28	247593E 5590667N			Clay: Khaki, wet. Chips: Muscovite-Biotite Hornfels.		Sch?	22	28	258	39	50		15		2	4	15	L0.1		
86E	0	28	247644E 5590649N			Clay: Brown-grey, wet. Chips: Muscovite-Biotite Hornfels		Zr, Sch?	22	28	257	49	30		15		4	2	15	0.1		
88E	0	22	247707E 5590624N			Clay: Light brown, wet. Chips: Quartz and Feldspar Pegmatite.		Sch?	16	22	256	23	25		10		6	25	10	0.2		
90E	0	16	247765E 5590602N			Clay: Light brown, moist. Chips: Biotite-Muscovite Hornfels and Hematite		Zr, Sch	10	16	255	9	30		20		2	2	10	L0.1		
92E	0	23	247819E 5590581N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Granite and Biotite Hornfels.		Sch	17	23	259	18	35		10		6	6	12.5	L0.1		
94E	0	24	247877E 5590561N			Gritty mud, light brown, wet. Chips: Granite.		Zr	18	24	260	28	45		25		2	4	20	L0.1		
96E	0	57	247937E 5590544N			Gritty mud, light brown, wet. Chips: Granite and Pyrite.		Zr Py abundant	51	57	261	15	30		90		L2	6	15	L0.1		
98E	0	64	247995E 5590521N			Gritty mud, light brown, wet. Chips: Granite and Pyrite.		Zr Py abundant	58	64	262	49	50		210		L2	6	20	0.1		

DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4-800 N HOLE No.: PAGE: 1

Property: E.L. 9/71 Co-ordinates x: Bearing: Logged By: L.G. SZABO Drilling Technique: GEMCO AUGER  
Date Collared: y: Dip: Checked By: Core Size: 3"  
Date Completed: z: Depth: Drilled By: A.D.D. Client: U.S.S.I.-N.Y.

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays											
	From	To	Width	Ft. %				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U	
82E	0	20	247573E 5590810 N		Clay: Dark grey, wet. Chips: Andalusite?-Biotite Hornfels.			14	20	266	47	25		15		6	4	10	10.1			
84E	0	34	247635E 5590785 N		Clay: Grey-green, wet. Chips: Aplite & Muscovite-Biotite Hornfels.		Sch	28	34	265	27	55		15		4	2	10	10.1			
86E	0	28	247691E 5590766 N		Clay: Light grey, moist. Chips: Muscovite-Biotite Hornfels & Granite.			22	28	264	12	35		15		6	2	15	10.1			
88E	0	52	247751E 5590741 N		Clay: Light grey, moist. Chips: Granite & Aplite.			46	52	263	16	35		10		8	4	10	10.1			
90E	0	8	247806E 5590723 N		Clay: Yellow-brown, moist. Chips: Granite sand.			2	8	267	3	20		10		6	4	12.5	10.1			
92E	0	16	247860E 5590701 N		Clay: Red-brown, wet. Chips: Granite sand.			0	16	268	3	5		10		12	2	4	0.1			

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4-1200 N HOLE No.:

PAGE: 1

Property: E.L. 9/71  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By: L.G. SZABO  
Checked By:  
Drilled By: A.D.D.

Drilling Technique: GEMCO AUGER  
Core Size: 3"  
Client: U.S.S.I.-N.Y.

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft. %				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
76	0	22	247439 E 5590986 N		Mud: Gritty, brown, wet. Chips: Spotted Shale, Biotite Hornfels - Pyroxene Hornfels.		Sch?	16	22	282	42	30		20		L2	2	2	LO.1		
77	0	30	247463 E 5590978 N		Mud: Gritty, brown, wet. Chips: Spotted shale, Biotite Hornfels.			24	30	281	38	30		20		2	2	2	0.1		
78	0	19	247494 E 5590963 N		Clay: Gritty, brown, wet. Chips: Biotite Hornfels & Spotted Shale (higher grade).		Sch (many)	13	19	280	40	30		20		2	2	2	LO.1		
79	0	24	247522 E 5590952 N		Clay: Gritty, grey, wet. Chips: Spotted shale (higher grade)		Sch	18	24	279	28	28		10		2	2	4	LO.1		
80	0	25	247548 E 5590940 N		Clay: Gritty, grey, wet. Chips: Spotted shale - siltstone (lower grade).			19	25	278	55	30		15		4	2	4	LO.1		
81	0	30	247574 E 5590933 N		Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Spotted shale - siltstone (lower grade).			24	30	277	41	25		20		2	2	2	0.4		
82	0	32	247604 E 5590922 N		Clay: Gritty, grey-green, wet. Chips: Spotted shale - siltstone.		Sch, Zr	26	32	276	38	30		15		2	2	2	0.1		
83	0	22	247632 E 5590914 N		Clay: Gritty, grey-green, wet. Chips: Spotted Quartz-Biotite- Muscovite Hornfels & Quartz.		Sch	16	22	275	29	30		15		2	2	2	0.1		
84	0	19	247663 E 5590901 N		Clay: Light brown, wet. Chips: Spotted Quartz-Biotite Hornfels & Aplite.		Sch (dull) Zr	13	19	274	15	30		10		2	2	2	LO.1		

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.

LINE No.: 4-1200 N HOLE No.:

PAGE: 2

Consulting Exploration &amp; Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

Property:

Co-ordinates x:

Bearing:

Logged By:

Drilling Technique:

Date Collared:

y:

Dip:

Checked By:

Core Size:

Date Completed:

z:

Depth:

Drilled By:

Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
85	0	26	247699E 5590889N			Clay: Gritty, dark green, wet. Chips: Spotted Quartz-Biotite Hornfels & Aplite and green Pyroxene Hornfels?		Sch (dull), Zr	20	26	273	29	25		15		4	4	4	L0.1		
86	0	15	247726E 5590880N			Clay: Gritty, dark grey, wet. Chips: Biotite Hornfels.		Sch, Zr	9	15	272	8	50		10		4	2	2	L0.1		
87	0	35	247751E 5590867N			Clay: Gritty, green-grey, wet. Chips: Quartz-Biotite Hornfels.		Sch (dull), Zr	29	35	271	15	30		15		4	2	2	L0.1		
88	0	17	247778E 5590861N			Clay: Gritty, light grey, wet. Chips: Granite & Biotite Hornfels.			11	17	270	7	15		10		L2	2	2	L0.1		
89	—					Not drilled.																
90	0	8	247841E 5590836N			Sand: Gritty, light brown, wet. Chips: Granite & Aplite.			2	8	267	3	10		25		L2	2	4	L0.1		
91	—					Not drilled.																
92	0	29	247902E 5590815N			Clay: Gritty, green-grey, wet. Chips: Granite.			23	29	239	9	20		15		L2	12.5	4	0.1		

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 4-1600 N HOLE No.:

PAGE: 1

Property: E.L. 9/71  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By: L.G. SZABO  
Checked By:  
Drilled By: A.D.D.

Drilling Technique: GEMCO AUGER  
Core Size: 3"  
Client: U.S.S.I.-N.Y.

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.				%	From		To	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag
82	0	18	247657E	5591047N	Clay: With chips, grey, wet. Chips: Spotted siltstone.		Zr	12	18	288	16	40		10		L2	2	2	L0.1		
84	0	13	247706E	5591026N	Clay: Gritty, grey, wet. Chips: Muscovite-Biotite Hornfels & Sand.		Zr	7	13	287	9	20		10		L2	2	2	0.1		
86	0	17	247771E	5591001N	Gritty material, light grey, wet. Chips: Granite, Quartz & Feldspar.			10	17	286	7	25		10		2	4	L2	L0.1		
88	0	17	247826E	5590983N	Gritty material, light grey, wet. Chips: Granite, Quartz & Feldspar.			11	17	285	5	10		20		2	6	L2	0.2		
90	0	15	247892E	5590956N	Gritty material, grey-green, wet. Chips: Granite.			9	15	283	6	20		20		L2	15	2	L0.1		
92	0	14	247946E	5590937N	Mud: Gritty, grey, wet. Chips: Granite.			8	14	284	4	20		15		L2	6	L2	L0.1		

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 6-West

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 1

Property: E.L. 9/71  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By: L.G. SZABO  
Checked By:  
Drilled By: A.D.D.

Drilling Technique: GEMCO AUGER  
Core Size: 3"  
Client: U.S.S.I.-N.Y.

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft. %				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
0W	0	28	244672E 5589384 N		Clay: Grey-green, wet. Chips: Micaschist.			22	28	222	36	20		10		L2	2	10	L0.1		
2W	0	22	244620E 5589399 N		Grit: Yellow-brown, wet. Chips: Micaschist.			16	22	223	22	25		10		L2	2	6	L0.1		
4W	0	52	244562E 5589413 N		Clay: White-brown, wet. Chips: Micaschist.			46	52	224	13	20		15		2	8	20	L0.1		
6W	0	28	244503E 5589420 N		Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Laterite.			22	28	225	33	15		25		L2	2	4	L0.1		
8W	0	34	244439E 5589442 N		Clay: White-grey, wet. Chips: Micaschist, Laterite.			28	34	226	13	20		60		L2	4	25	0.1		
10W	0	28	244376E 5589457 N		Clay: White-grey, wet. Chips: Laterite, Micaschist.			22	28	227	27	10		20		L2	4	12.5	L0.1		
12W	0	34	244317E 5589470 N		Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Micaschist.			28	34	228	11	10		30		L2	4	10	L0.1		
14W	0	22	244257E 5589481 N		Powdery material, grey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			16	22	229	12	10		20		L2	4	12.5	L0.1		
16W	0	28	244203E 5589502 N		Clay: Fine, grey, wet. Chips: Laterite, Micaschist.		Py	22	28	230	40	15		50		L2	4	17.5	L0.1		
18W	0	18	244139E 5589512 N		Clay: Fine, grey, wet. Chips: Micaschist.			12	18	231	62	20		30		4	4	12.5	L0.1		
20W	0	52	244091E 5589529 N		Clay: Red-brown, moist. Chips: Micaschist, Laterite.		Py	22	28	232	29	15		20		2	2	20	L0.1		
								46	52	233	38	10		30		4	4	20	L0.1		
22W	0	34	244028E 5589542 N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.		Py	28	34	254	73	20		40		4	4	4	L0.1		

A P P E N D I X    X X I I

DRILLING RECORD: AUGER LINE 6

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 6

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 1

Property: E.L. 9/71  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By: L.G. SZABO  
Checked By:  
Drilled By: A.D.D.

Drilling Technique: GEMCO AUGER  
Core Size: 3"  
Client: U.S.S.I.-N.Y.

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays											
	From	To	Width	Ft. %				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U	
2	0	22	244739E 5589370 N		Clay: Silty, grey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			0	4	234	5	10				2	4	60	0.1			
								4	10	235	3	5				L2	4	20	0.1			
								10	16	236	3	5				L2	4	15	0.1			
4	0	19	244794E 5589355 N		Clay: Silty, white grey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			16	22	237	49	15			2	4	8	0.1				
								13	19	238	16	10				L2	8	4	0.3			
6	0	24	244861E 5589342 N		Clay: Brown, wet. Chips: Micaschist.			18	24	239	12	25			L2	4	17.5	0.1				
8	0	30	244921E 5589325 N		Clay: Silty, grey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			24	30	240	12	20			L2	4	15	0.1				
10	0	34	244976E 5589315 N		Clay: Pebbly, light brown, wet. Chips: Micaschist.			0	4	241	3	5			15		4	6	15	0.1		
								4	10	242	4	5			9		L2	4	25	0.1		
								10	16	243	3	5			15		L2	15	25	0.1		
								16	22	244	11	25			20		L2	4	20	0.2		
								22	18	245	13	20			30		L2	2	17.5	0.1		
								23	34	246	18	15			40		L2	6	20	0.1		
12	0	10	245037E 5589296 N		Pebbly material, brown, moist. Chips: Micaschist, laterite.			6	10	247	3	5			L2	15	8	0.1				
14	0	28	245093E 5589284 N		Fine powdery material, grey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			22	28	248	51	30			L2	8	12.5	0.1				
16	0	52	245149E 5589265 N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			46	52	164	10	20			L2	2	L2	0.1				
18	0	25	245211E 5589253 N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			19	25	163	20	20			L2	L2	2	0.1				
20	0	18	245267E 5589241 N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			12	18	162	20	15			L2	2	L2	0.1				

DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 6

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 2

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
22	0	25	245326E 5589230N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Quartz and Micaschist.			19	25	130	10	25		7		L2	L2	8	L0.1		
24	0	52	245344E 5589211N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Quartz and Micaschist.			46	52	131	20	30		20		L2	2	L2	L0.1		
26	0	36	245445E 5589196N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			30	36	132	10	25		15		L2	2	4	L0.1		
28	0	22	245505E 5589183N			Clay: Whitegrey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			16	22	133	20	15		15		2	4	2	L0.1		
30	0	36	245560E 5589166N			Clay: Red, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			30	36	134	15	40		20		L2	L2	2	L0.1		
32	0	34	245619E 5589153N			Clay: Brown, moist. Chips: Shale and Quartz.		Py abundant	28	34	135	20	30		20		L2	6	L2	L0.1		
34	0	28	245677E 5589138N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Pyrite, Quartz.		Py abundant	22	28	136	50	25		35		2	6	2	L0.1		
36	0	16	245744E 5589124N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Shale and Quartz.			10	16	137	2	25		10		L2	6	L2	L0.1		
38	0	28	245799E 5589108N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Shale.			22	28	138	3	10		10		L2	2	L2	L0.1		
40	0	34	245856E 5589090N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Shale.			28	34	139	10	20		20		L2	2	L2	L0.1		
42	0	31	245922E 5589074N			Powdery material, whitegrey, moist. Chips: Shale.			25	31	140	20	20		20		L2	L2	L2	L0.1		
44	0	28	245981E 5589062N			Clay: Whitegrey, moist. Chips: Shale.			22	28	141	45	25		10		2	6	L2	L0.1		

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.

Consulting Exploration &amp; Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 6

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 3

Property:

Co-ordinates x:

Bearing:

Logged By:

Drilling Technique:

Date Collared:

y:

Dip:

Checked By:

Core Size:

Date Completed:

z:

Depth:

Drilled By:

Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.				%	From		To	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag
46	0	16	246036E	5589050N	Clay: Gritty, whitegrey, wet. Chips: Shale.			10	16	142	3	15		10		L2	2	10	L0.1		
48	0	36	246095E	5589036N	Fine powdery material, light grey, moist. Chips: Shale.			30	36	143	10	45		20		L2	L2	L0.1			
50	0	52	246155E	5589022N	Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Shale and Quartz.			46	52	144	60	40		40		L2	L2	0.1			
52	0	16	246212E	5589007N	Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Shale and Laterite.			10	16	145	40	25		15		4	L2	L0.1			
54	0	26	246275E	5588991N	Clay: Brown, moist. Chips: Laterite.			20	26	146	45	20		15		2	L2	L0.1			
56	0	28	246334E	5588976N	Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Shale.			22	28	147	50	30		20		2	L2	L0.1			
58	0	34	246399E	5588961N	Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Shale.			23	34	148	40	40		20		2	L2	L0.1			
60	0	28	246449E	5588947N	Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Pyrite and Shale.		Py	22	28	149	20	15		10		4	L2	L0.1			
62	0	21	246513E	5588928N	Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Shale.			15	21	150	20	25		25		L2	L2	L0.1			
64	0	22	246576E	5588917N	Mud: Green, moist. Chips: Laterite.					NOT											
66	0	46	246632E	5588902N	Mud: Green, moist Chips: Shale Laterite.			40	46	151	50	25		50		2	4	L0.1			
68	0	49	246694E	5588887N	Clay: Green, moist. Chips: Shale.			43	49	152	65	30		20		2	L2	L0.1			

DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
 Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 6 HOLE No.: PAGE: 4

Property: Co-ordinates x: Bearing: Logged By: Drilling Technique:  
 Date Collared: y: Dip: Checked By: Core Size:  
 Date Completed: z: Depth: Drilled By: Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
70	0	34	246749E 5588875 N			Clay: Green, moist. Chips: Shale.		Py	28	34	153	60	30		25			2	4	L0.1		
72	0	34	246812E 5588859 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Pyritic shale (spotted?)		Py	28	34	154	45	25		55			2	4	L0.1		
74	0	46	246874E 5588840 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Quartz and Shale Laterite.		Py	40	46	155	55	15		40		6	L2	6	L0.1		
76	0	40	246931E 5588827 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Shale, Laterite.			34	40	156	40	20		40		L2	L2	L2	L0.1		
78	0	37	246989E 5588914 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Shale, Laterite.		Py	32	37	157	55	20		55		2	4	L2	L0.1		
80	0	52	247042E 5588799 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: -----					NOT SAMPLED											
82	0	52	247105E 5588787 N			Clay: Grey, moist.			46	52	158	50	20		55		2	2	L2	L0.1		
84	0	48	247174E 5588773 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Pyrite, Quartz shale.		Py	42	48	159	25	15		15		L2	6	L2	L0.1		
86	0	52	247231E 5588755 N			Fine powdery material, grey, moist. Chips: Pyrite, Quartz, Shale.		Py 50%	46	52	161	20	20		15		L2	2	2	L0.1		
88	0	40	247294E 5588743 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Pyrite, Biotite.		Py 50%	34	40	160	50	25		100		L2	4	2	L0.1		
90	0	42	247353E 5588726 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Sugary Quartz and Pyrite.		Py 30%	36	42	165	42	20		45		4	15	15	0.1		
92	0	42	247411E 5588707 N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Sugary Quartz and Pyrite.		Sch, Zr Py 30%	36	42	166	60	20		40		4	15	12.5	L0.1		

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 6

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 5

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
94	0	52	247467E 5588697N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Shale, Pyrite.		Py	46	52	167	38	15		30		2	17.5	6	LO.1		
96	0	43	247528E 5588679N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Gravel.		Py	37	43	168	19	20		15		6	15	8	LO.1		
98	0	76	247582E 5588666N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Shale.			46	52	169	12	20		15		8	35	6	LO.1	Spectrum	
									46	52	KI-4						5	40			McPhar	
									46	52	KI-14						5	10			"	
									46	52	KI-4							25			AMDEL	
									46	52	KI-14							10			"	
100	0	40	247633E 5588649N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Gravel.		Py	34	40	170	39	20		20		6	12.5	4	LO.1		
102	0	52	247642E 5588638N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Gravel.		Zr, Py	46	52	171	38	15		10		4	8	6	LO.1		
104	0	52	247755E 5588624N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Gravel.		Zr	46	52	172	12	5		15		2	4	6	LO.1		
106	0	58	247813E 5588609N			Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Gravel.		Zr, Sch?	52	58	173	15	10		10		4	8	2	0.1		
108	0	124	247872E 5588599N			Clay: Gritty, grey, wet. Chips: Shale.		Py	46	52	174	21	10		20		6	4	4	0.1		
									118	124	296						L2	L2			McPhar	
									118	124	KI-19						L2	L2			"	
									118	124	296	40	20		20		L2	8	2	0.1	Spectrum	
110	0	46	247934E 5588582N			Mud: Gritty, light grey, wet. Chips: Granite, quartz gravel.		Py	42	46	175	13	10		10		4	4	2	LO.1		
112	0	60	247996E 5588569N			Mud: Grey, wet. Chips: Quartz and Granite gravel.		Zr, Py	54	60	176	29	10		15		6	15	6	0.1		



## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 6

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 7

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays											
	From	To	Width	Ft.				%	From		To	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U
134	0	32	248647E	5588408N	Clayey material, brown, wet. Chips: Bioclastic Limestone.			28	32	292					10	L2						McPhar
								28	32	KI-15					L2	L2						"
								28	32	292	11	40		75	L2	2	20	L0.1				Spectrum
136	—				Not drilled.																	
138	—				Not drilled.																	
140	0	192	248824E	5588370N	Clay: Grey, wet. Chips: Quartz Feldspar Hornblende Hornfels.			190	193	293	12	30		30	L2	16	15	L0.1				Spectrum
								190	193	KI-16						15	L2					"
								190	193	293						20	L2					McPhar
142	—				Not drilled.																	
144	—				Not drilled.																	
146	0	184	248999E	5588322N	Clay: Gritty, brown-grey, wet. Chips: Dark shale, Quartz and white non-magnetic metal fragments.			178	184	294	15	40		25	2	245	6	L0.1				Spectrum
								178	184	295	19	60		40	L2	140	4	0.1				"
								178	184	KI-17					L2	10						McPhar
								178	184	KI-18					L2	20						"
								178	184	294					L2	20						"

A P P E N D I X    X X I I I

DRILLING RECORD: AUGER LINES 6-2000N TO 6-4000N

## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 6-2000 N HOLE No.:

PAGE: 1

Property: E.L. 9/71  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By: L.G. SZABO  
Checked By:  
Drilled By: A.D.D.

Drilling Technique: GEMCO AUGER  
Core Size: 3"  
Client: U.S.S.I.-N.Y.

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays										
	From	To	Width	Ft.				%	From		To	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag
110	0	25	249704 E 5588788 N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Siltstone - shale.			19	25	299	56	45		15		2	10	10	L0.1	Spectrum	
								19	25	KI-22						L2	10			McPhar	
								19	25	299						L2	15			"	
120	0	36	248638 E 5589052 N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Spotted siltstone.			30	36	300	22	30		25		L2	6	20	L0.1	Spectrum	
								30	36	KI-23						L2	L2			McPhar	
								30	36	300						L2	L2			"	
130	0	126	248375 E 5589121 N		Clay: Gritty, grey, moist. Chips: Sand, Granite-sand.			120	126	301	26	25		15		2	10	4	L0.1	Spectrum	
								120	126	KI-24						L2	15			McPhar	
								120	126	301						L2	30			McPhar	
140					Not drilled.																
150					Not drilled.																
160					Not drilled.																
165	0	120	248073 E 5589199 N		Clay: Quartz, gritty, brown-grey, wet. Chips: Quartz gravel & chips.			114	120	302	13	40		20		2	6	15	L0.1	Spectrum	
								114	120	KI-25						L2	L2			McPhar	
								114	120	302						L2	10			"	



DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
 Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 6-3450 N HOLE No.: 16900 E PAGE: 1

Property: E.L. 9/71  
 Date Collared:  
 Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
 y:  
 z:

Bearing:  
 Dip:  
 Depth:

Logged By: L.G. SZABO  
 Checked By:  
 Drilled By: A.D.D.

Drilling Technique: GEMCO AUGER  
 Core Size: 3"  
 Client: U.S.S.I.-N.Y.

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays									
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag
168	0	8.5	249 99 E 556 9 213 N			Clay: Silty, grey-brown, moist. Chips: Spotted rock & grossularite rock.		Zr, Sch( plenty )	7	8	307	6	30		50		2	6	15	LO.1	Spectrum
									7	8	KI-30						L2	30			McPhar
									7	8	307						L2	30			McPhar
									8	8.5	Drilling continued by Tungsten Carbide bit to recover bedrock chips.										

DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 6-3500 N HOLE No.: PAGE: 1

Property: E.L. 9/71 Co-ordinates x: Bearing: Logged By: L.G. SZABO Drilling Technique: GEMCO AUGER  
Date Collared: y: Dip: Checked By: Core Size: 3"  
Date Completed: z: Depth: Drilled By: A.D.D. Client: U.S.S.I.-N.Y.

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.		Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft		Sample No.	Assays													
	From	To	Width	Ft. %				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U			
160	0	40	249402E 5589234N		Clay: Silty, light brown, wet. Chips: Dark grey, Quartzite (contact rock).		Sch? (plenty)	34	40	310	30	25		15		2	4	4	10.1	Spectrum				
								34	40	KI-33						L2	L2					McPhar		
								34	40	310						L2	15							"
165	0	11	249869E 5589240N		Clay: Silty, light brown, moist. Chips: Acid Igneous, - Aplite?, Microgranite?			5	11	304	7	25		10		2	6	15	0.1	Spectrum				
								5	11	KI-27						L2	10						McPhar	
								5	11	304						L2	L2							"
								0	11	Complete hole drilled by Tungsten Carbide Bit.														
166	0	15	24946E 5589247N		Silt: Clayey, yellow-brown, moist. Chips: Garnet Hornfels? & Spotted Rock.		Sch?	12	13	309	3	20		25		2	4	10	0.1	Spectrum				
								12	13	KI-32						L2	L2						McPhar	
								12	13	309						L2	15							"
								13	15	Drilling continued by Tungsten Carbide Bit to recover bedrock chips.														
167	0	8.5	24980E 5589258N		Silt: Clayey, light brown, moist. Chips: Spotted siltstone & Garnet.			8	8.5	308	6	20		30		2	4	15	10.1	Spectrum				
								8	8.5	KI-31						L2	10						McPhar	
								8	8.5	308						2	10							"
168	0	12	24966E 5589293N		Clay: Silty, grey-brown, moist. Chips: Garnet Rock, (Grossulaite).		Sch?	10	12	305	13	25		25		L2	4	15	10.1	Spectrum				
								10	12	KI-28						L2	L2						McPhar	
								10	12	305						L2	L2							"

DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 6-4000 N HOLE No.:

PAGE: 1

Property: E.L. 9/71  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

Co-ordinates x:  
y:  
z:

Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By: L.G. SZABO  
Checked By:  
Drilled By: A.D.D.

Drilling Technique: GEMCO AUGER  
Core Size: 3"  
Client: U.S.S.I.-N.Y.

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays											
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U	
110	0	16	249940E	5589381	N	Clay: Silty, khaki-brown, moist. Chips: Spotted Siltstone.			10	16	318	28	20		20	L2	2	20	0.1	Spectrum			
									10	16	KI-41					L2	L2				McPhar		
									10	16	318					L2	L2				"		
120	—					Not drilled.																	
121	0	25	249846E	5589411	N	Clay: Silty, khaki-brown, wet. Chips: Spotted shale - Siltstone.			19	25	319	19	15		20	L2	6	25	0.2	Spectrum			
									19	25	KI-42					L2	15				McPhar		
									19	25	319					L2	L2				"		
130	0	19	249695E	5589444	N	Clay: Silty, light brown, moist. Chips: Spotted shale-Siltstone.			13	19	320	33	20		45	L2	2	8	0.1	Spectrum			
									13	19	KI-43					L2	20				McPhar		
									13	19	320					L2	L2				"		
140	0	34	249103E	5589594	N	Clay: Sandy, khaki-grey, moist. Chips: Quartz & Feldspar, Granite.			28	34	321	14	40		30	2	8	15	0.1	Spectrum			
									28	34	KI-44					L2	30				McPhar		
									28	34	321					L2	L2				"		
150	—					Not drilled.																	
160	0	56	248809E	5589666	N	Clay: Sandy, blue-grey, wet. Chips: Granite, fine grained.			44	50	314	17	35		20	2	30	30	0.1	Spectrum			
									44	50	KI-37					L2	60				McPhar		
									44	50	314					L2	60				"		
									50	56	No sample - Drill Elite & Bit lost.												
165	0	20	248537E	5589735	N	Silt: Clayey, light brown, moist. Chips: Spotted shale.			14	20	306	20	20		25	4	25	30	0.1	Spectrum			
									14	20	KI-29					L2	30				McPhar		
									14	20	306					L2	40				McPhar		
168	0	15	248215E	5589818	N	Silt: Clayey, khaki-brown, moist. Chips: Spotted rock & Garnet rock?			9	15	311	12	20		15	L2	2	10	0.1	Spectrum			
									9	15	KI-34					L2	L2				McPhar		
									9	15	311					L2	5				"		

A P P E N D I X XXIV

DRILLING RECORD: AUGER LINE 8



## DRILLING RECORD

L.G. SZABO AND PARTNERS PTY. LTD.  
Consulting Exploration & Mining Geologists, Hydrogeologists

LINE No.: 8

HOLE No.:

PAGE: 2

Property:  
Date Collared:  
Date Completed:

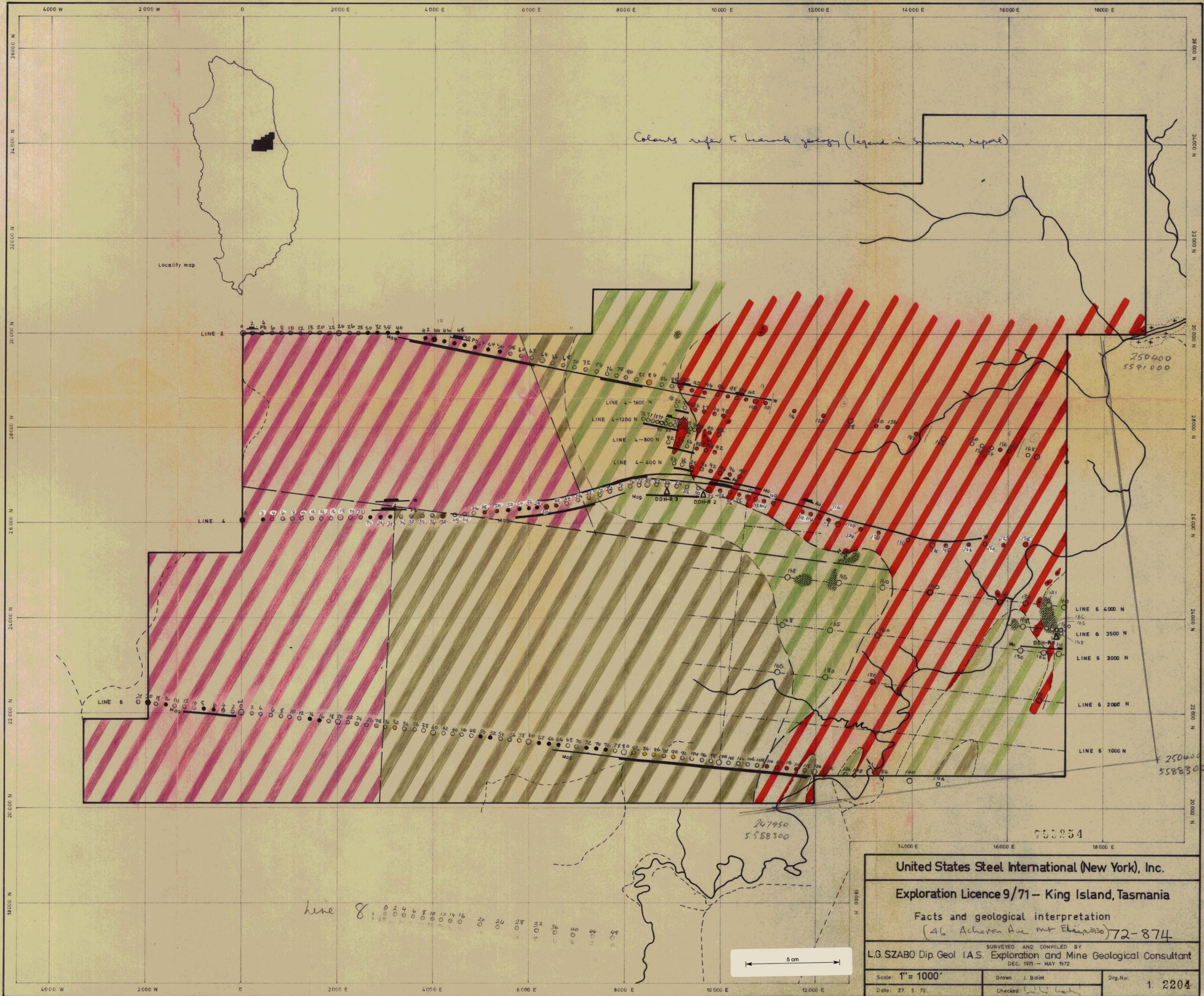
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y:  
z:

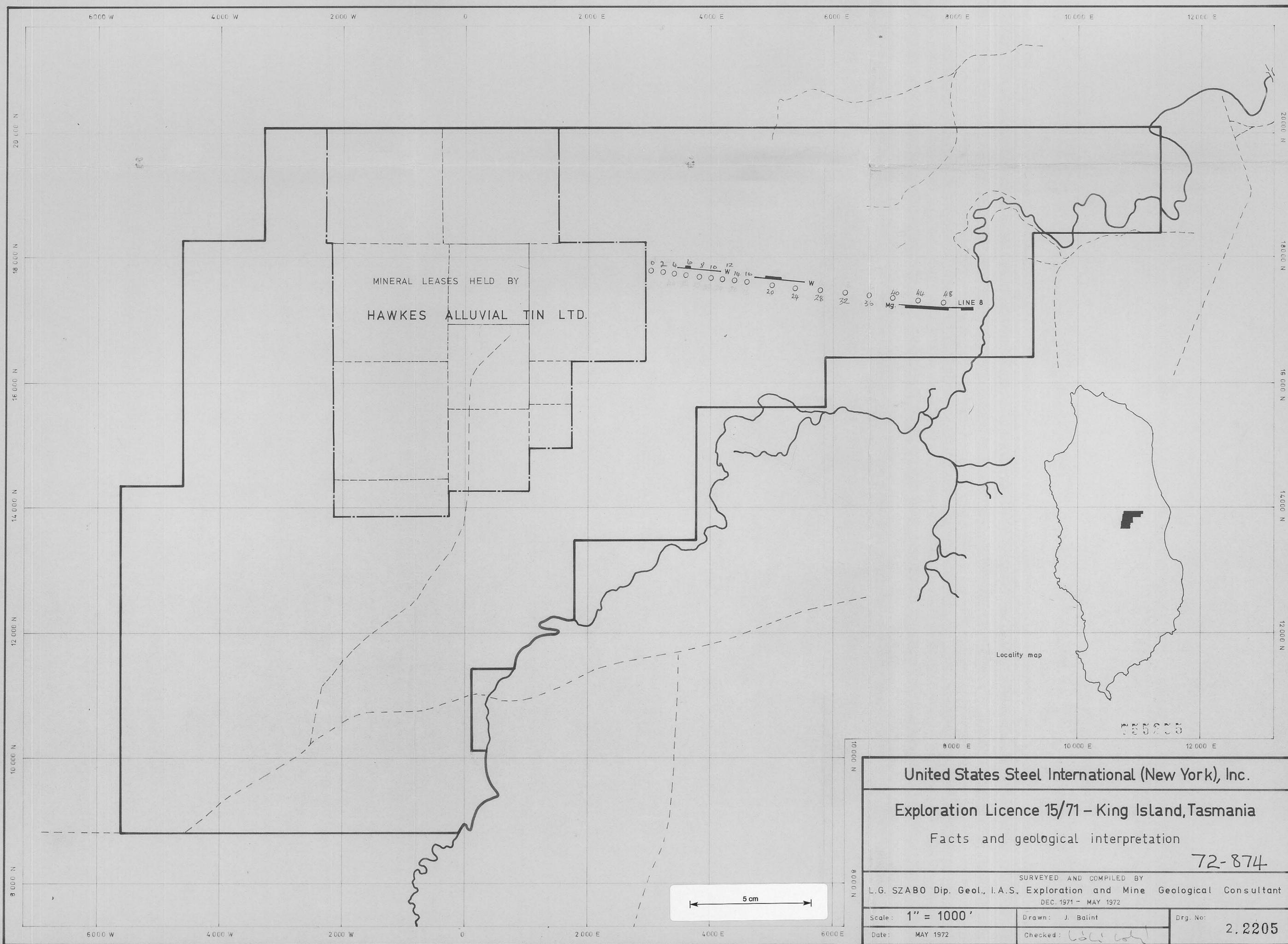
Bearing:  
Dip:  
Depth:

Logged By:  
Checked By:  
Drilled By:

Drilling Technique:  
Core Size:  
Client:

Hole No.	Drilled Ft.			Recovery		Description	Rock Unit	Mineralisation	Sampled Ft.		Sample No.	Assays											
	From	To	Width	Ft.	%				From	To		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ni	Bi	Mo	W	Sn	Au	Ag	U	
24	0	70	245749E	5587865N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Quartz, gravel, sand & Pyrite.		Py	64	70	186	9	20		10		2	15	10	L0.1			
26						Not drilled.																	
28	0	70	245694E	5587857N		Clay: Grey, moist. Chips: Micaschist.			64	70	187	18	20		30		L2	4	8	L0.1			
30						Not drilled.																	
32	0	70	245633E	5587873N		Clay: White-grey, wet. Chips: Micaschist & Pyrite.		Py	64	70	249	13	20		20		2	4	10	0.1			
34						Not drilled.																	
36	0	70	245573E	5587890N		Clay: Gritty, grey, wet. Chips: Quartz, gravel, sand & Pyrite.		Py	64	70	250	23	30		30		2	4	20	L0.1			
38						Not drilled.																	
40	0	70	245515E	5587904N		Clay: Gritty, light grey, wet. Chips: Sand & Pyrite.		Py	64	70	251	31	10		15		2	4	12.5	L0.1			
42						Not drilled.																	
44	0	70	245462E	5587921N		Clay: Gritty, light grey, wet. Chips: Sand & Pyrite.		Py	64	70	252	63	25		20		10	2	15	L0.1			
46						Not drilled.																	
48	0	64	245349E	5587936N		Clay: Gritty, light grey, wet. Chips: Laterite, sand & Pyrite.		Py	58	64	253	20	25		15		4	6	5	L0.1			





MINERAL LEASES HELD BY  
HAWKES ALLUVIAL TIN LTD.

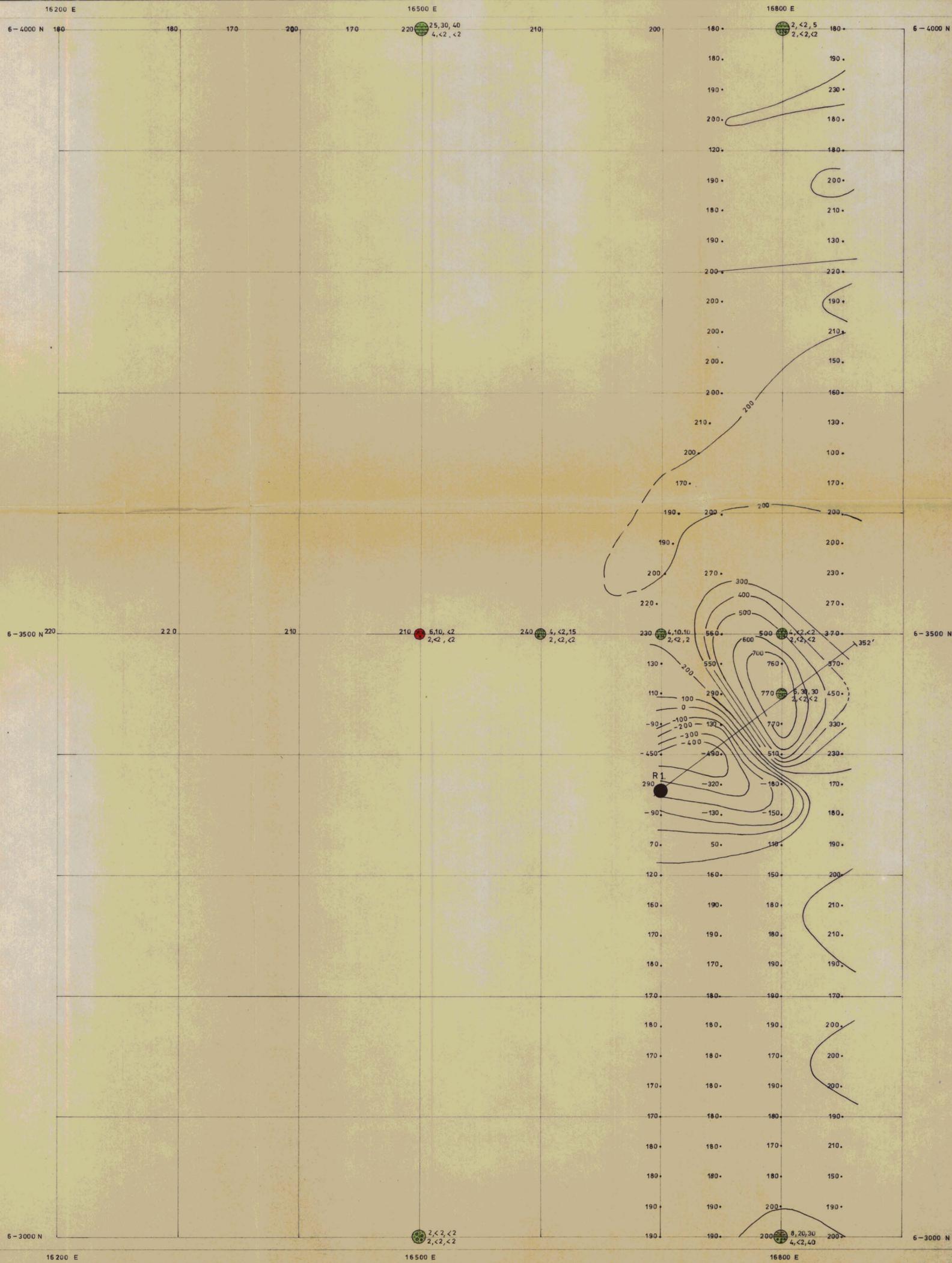
0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 24 28 32 36 40 44 48  
LINE 8

Locality map

755255

5 cm

United States Steel International (New York), Inc.		
Exploration Licence 15/71 - King Island, Tasmania		
Facts and geological interpretation		
72-874		
SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol., I.A.S., Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant DEC. 1971 - MAY 1972		
Scale: 1" = 1000'	Drawn: J. Balint	Drg. No:
Date: MAY 1972	Checked: <i>[Signature]</i>	2.2205



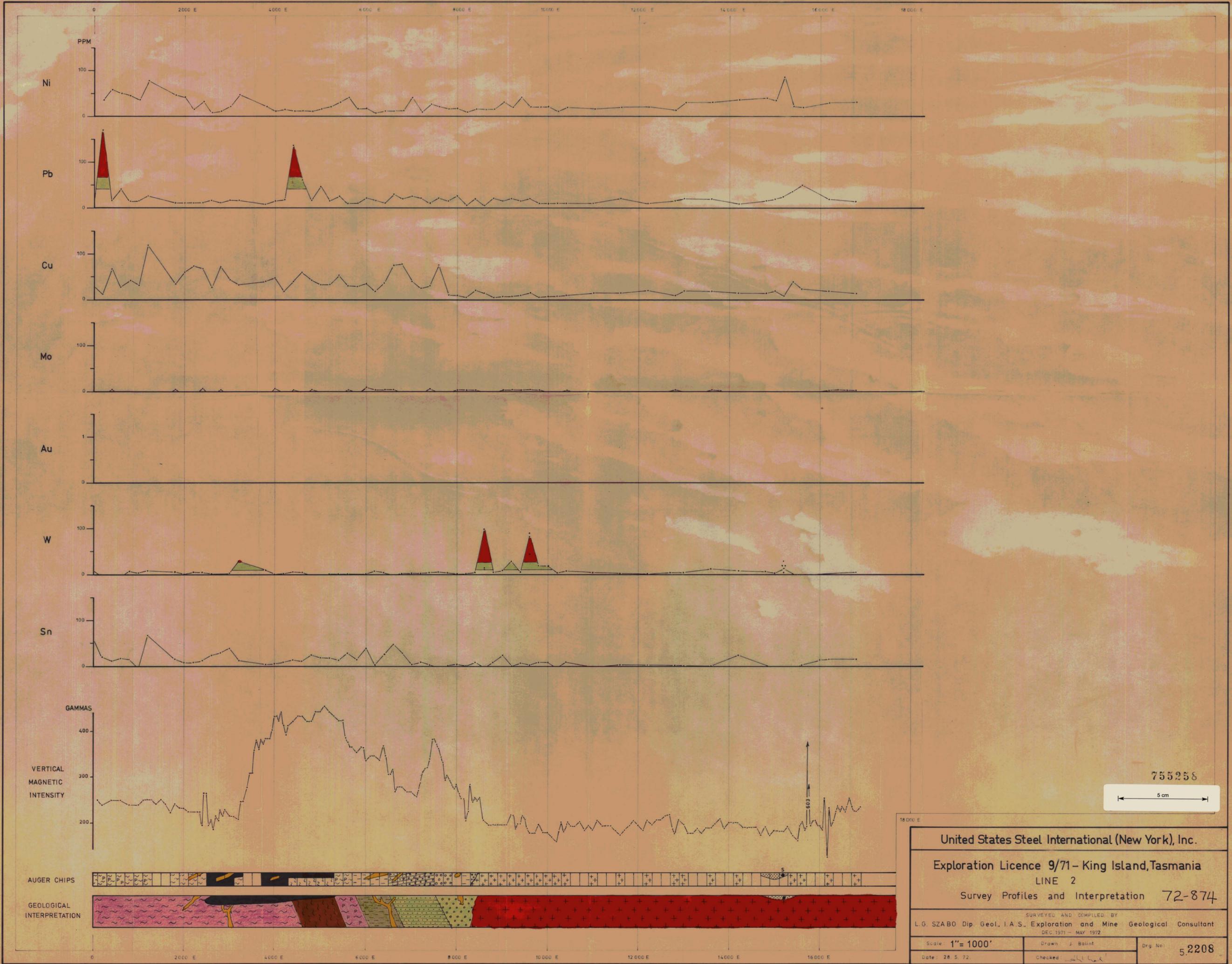
LEGEND

- Diamond drill hole
- Auger hole
- 210 | 110 ← Vertical magnetic intensity
- 210 | 6, 10, <2 ← Tungsten p.p.m.: Spectrum, M<sup>c</sup>phar, M<sup>c</sup>phar
- 210 | 2, <2, <2 ← Molybdenum p.p.m.: Spectrum, M<sup>c</sup>phar, M<sup>c</sup>phar
- 300 — Magnetic contours



United States Steel International (New York), Inc.		
Exploration Licence 9/71 – King Island, Tasmania		
Target Area – DDH R-1		
72-874		
SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol. I.A.S. Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant DEC. 1971 – MAY 1972		
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Checked : <i>W.G.W.</i>	Date : MAY, 1972	

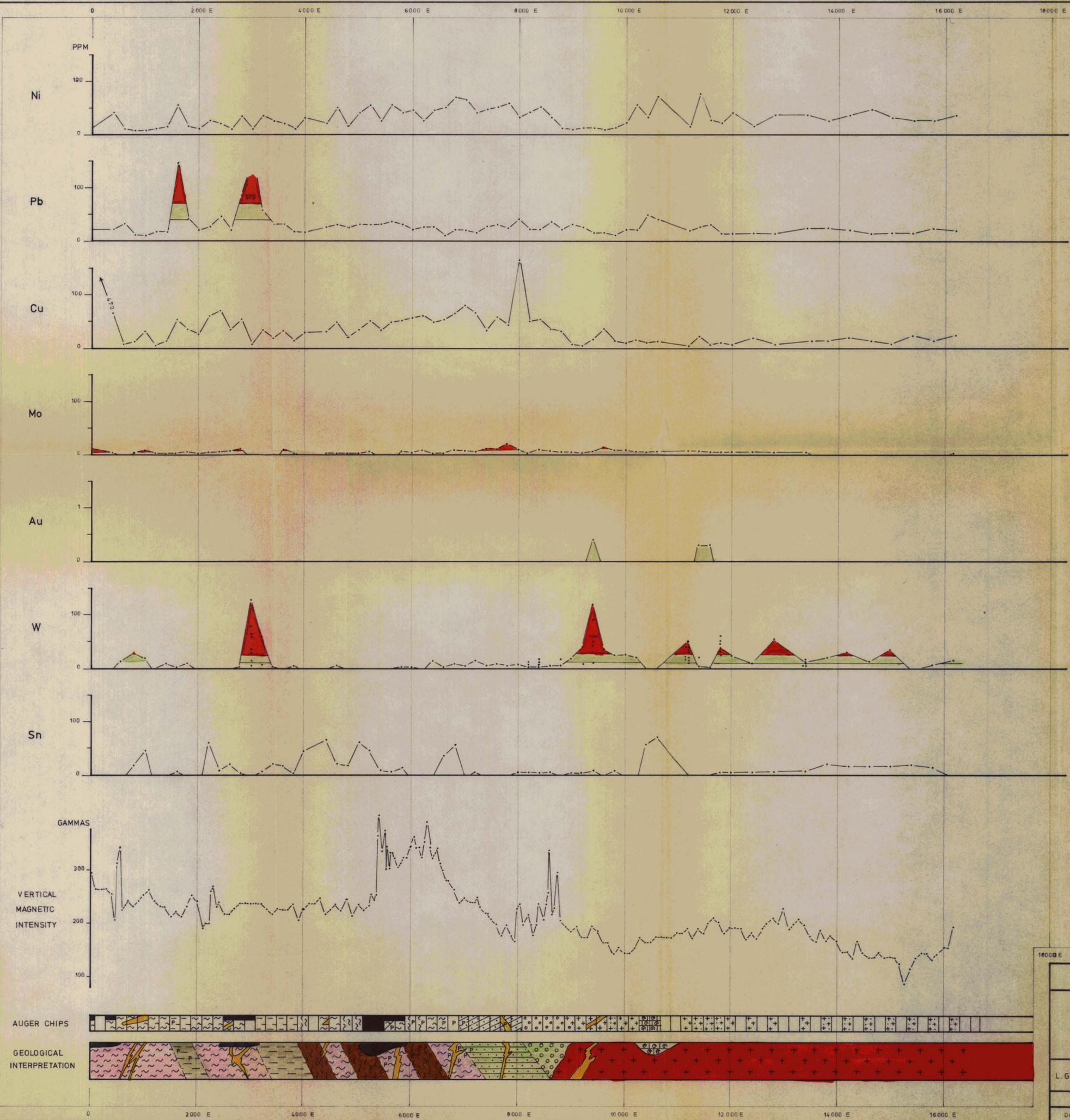




755258



United States Steel International (New York), Inc.		
Exploration Licence 9/71 - King Island, Tasmania		
LINE 2		
Survey Profiles and Interpretation 72-874		
SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol., I.A.S., Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant DEC. 1971 - MAY 1972		
Scale: 1" = 1000'	Drawn: J. Baint	Dwg. No: 52208
Date: 28.5.72	Checked: [Signature]	



755259

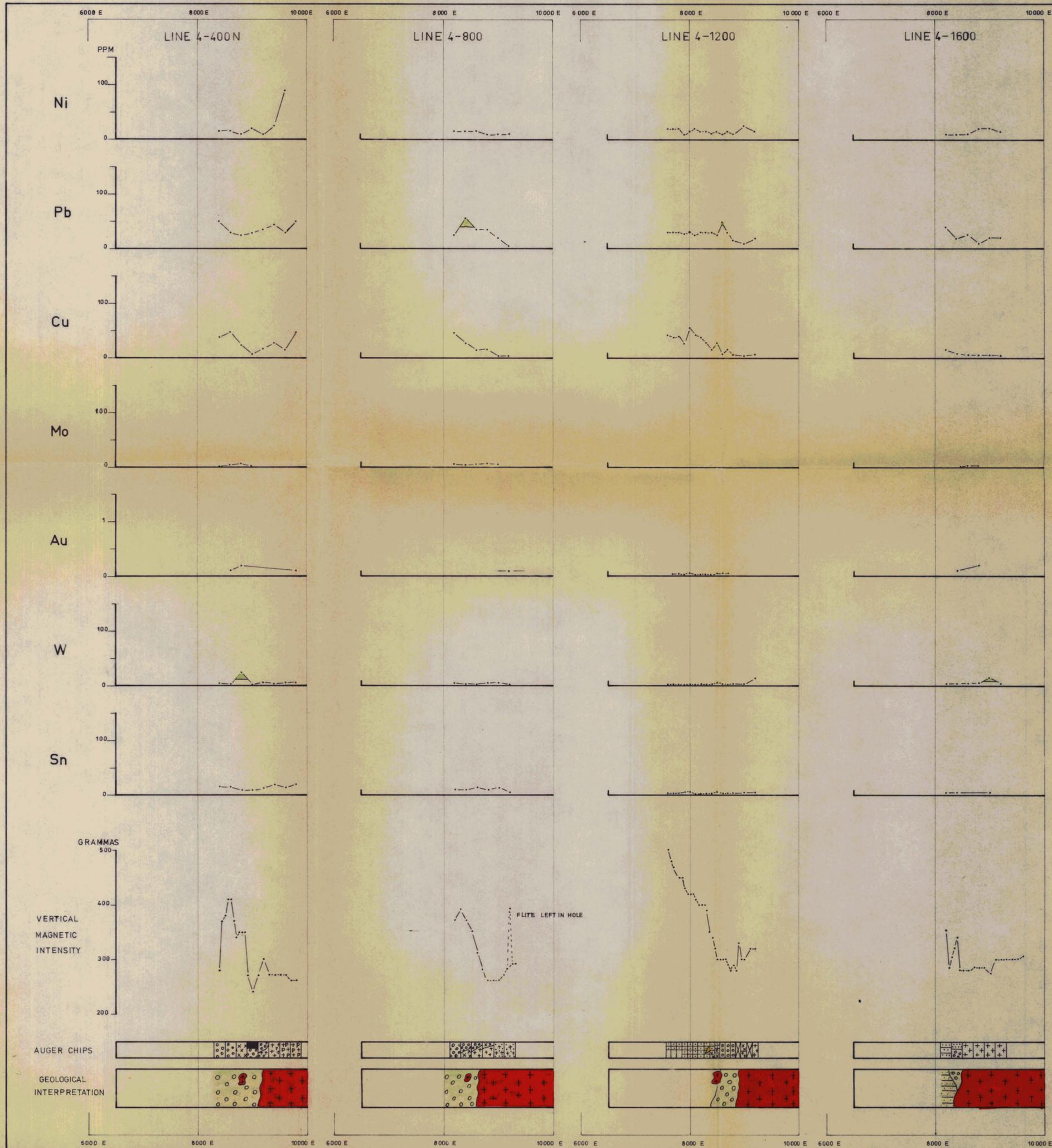


72-874

United States Steel International (New York), Inc.  
 Exploration Licence 9/71 - King Island, Tasmania  
 LINE 4  
 Survey Profiles and Interpretation

SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY  
 L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol., I.A.S., Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant  
 DEC. 1971 - MAY 1972

Scale: 1" = 1000'	Drawn: J. Balint	Dwg. No: 2209
Date: 28. 5. 72.	Checked: <i>[Signature]</i>	6.

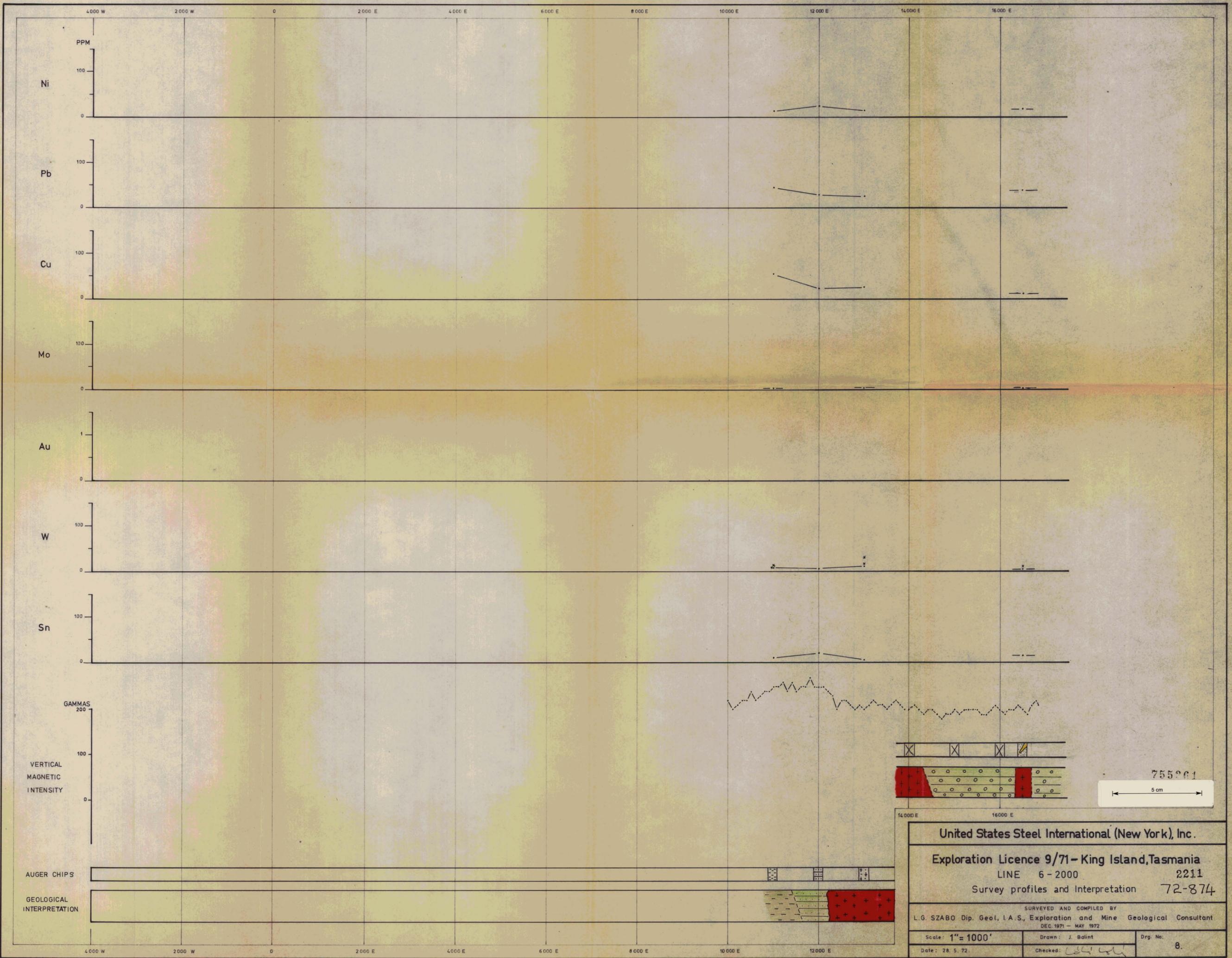


755260



72-874

United States Steel International (New York), Inc.		
Exploration Licence 9/71 - King Island, Tasmania		
LINE Nos. 4-400 N, 4-800 N, 4-1200 N, & 4-1600 N		
Survey profiles and Interpretation		
2210		
SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY L.G SZABO Dip. Geol. I.A.S. Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant DEC. 1971 - MAY 1972		
Scale: 1" = 1000'	Drawn: J. Balint	Dwg. No:
Checked: <i>[Signature]</i>	Date: MAY 1972	7.



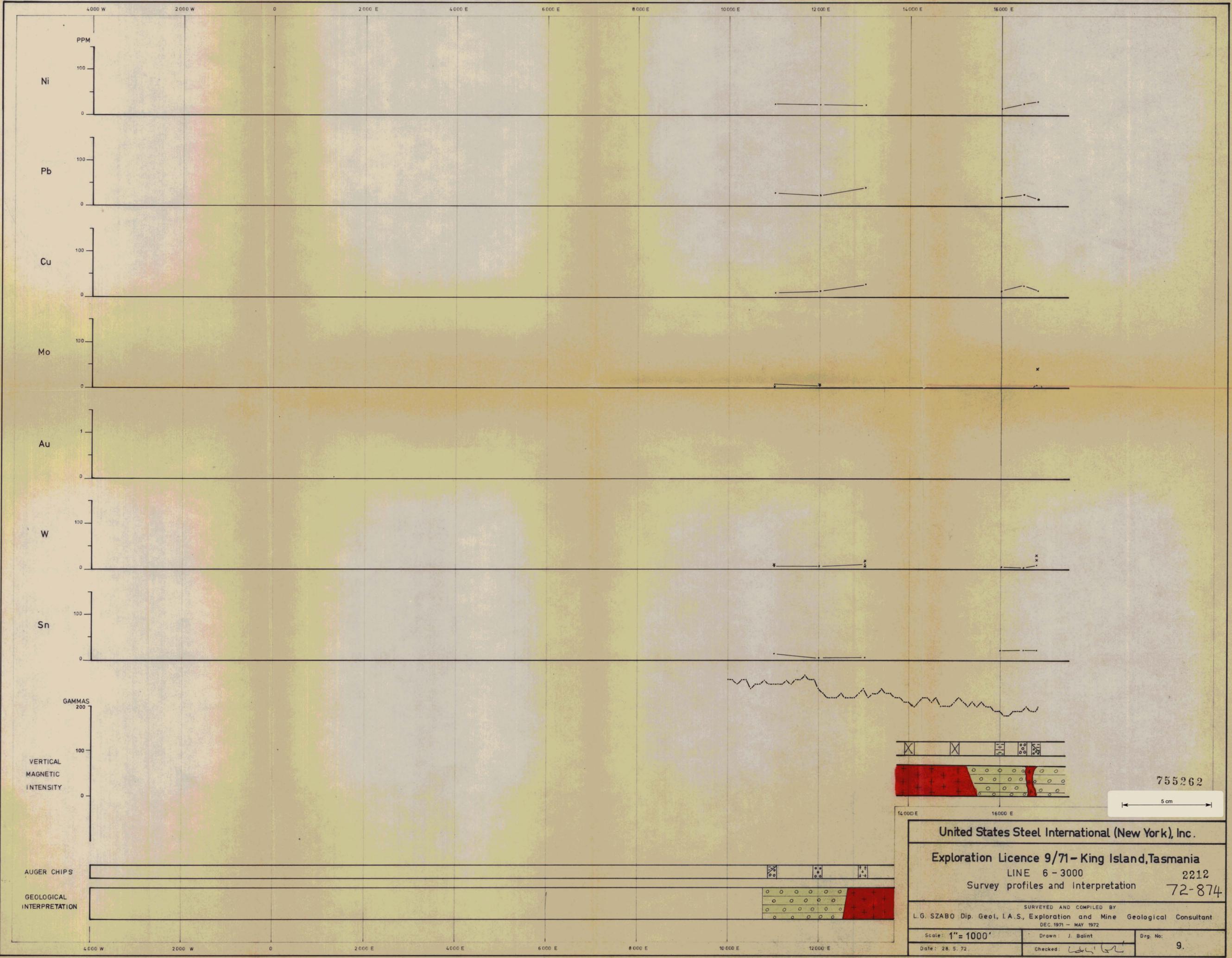
755201



United States Steel International (New York), Inc.  
 Exploration Licence 9/71 - King Island, Tasmania  
 LINE 6 - 2000 2211  
 Survey profiles and Interpretation 72-874

SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY  
 L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol. I.A.S., Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant  
 DEC. 1971 - MAY 1972

Scale: 1" = 1000'  
 Date: 28. 5. 72.  
 Drawn: J. Balint  
 Checked: [Signature]  
 Drg. No.: 8.



755262

5 cm

United States Steel International (New York), Inc.

Exploration Licence 9/71 - King Island, Tasmania

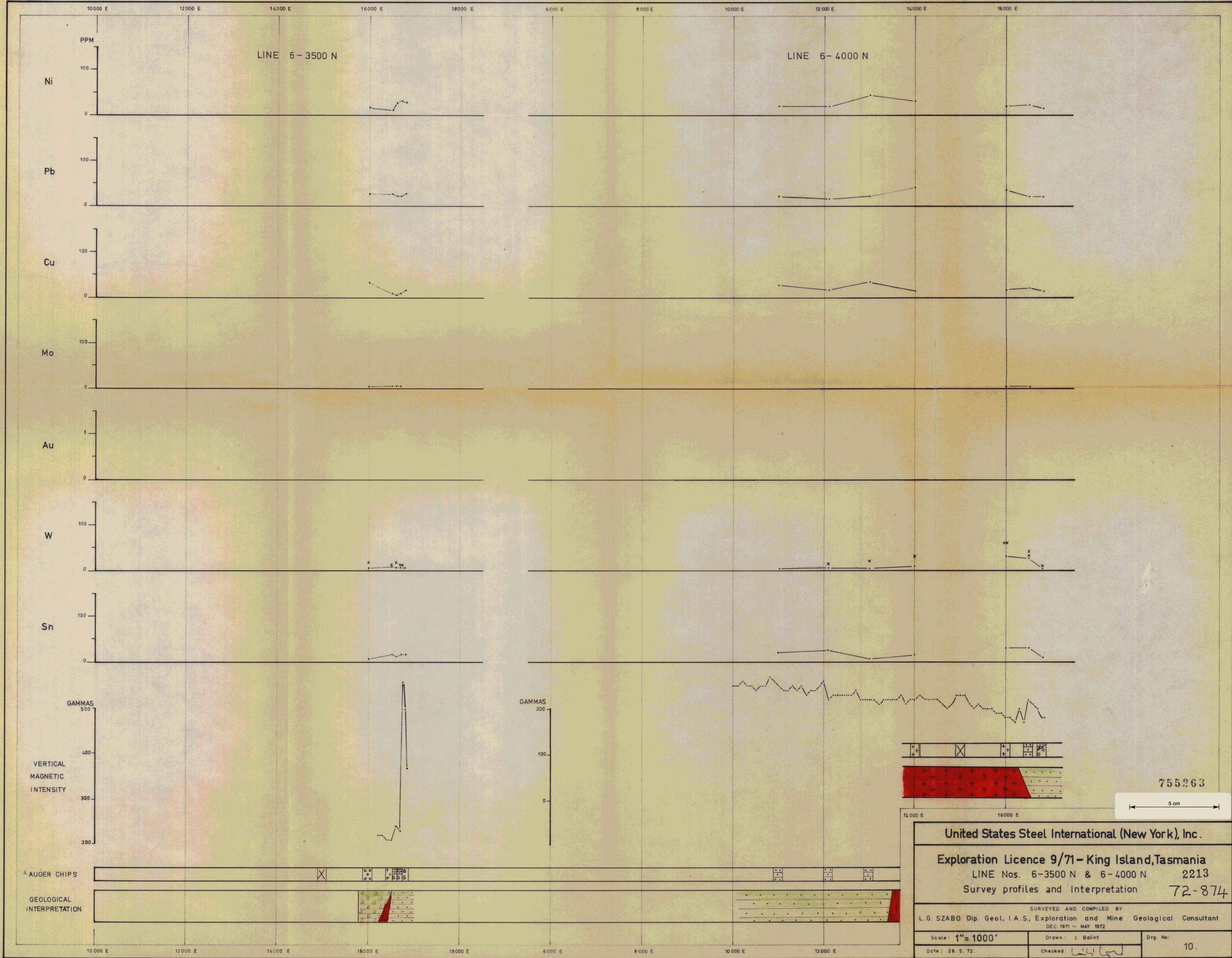
LINE 6 - 3000 2212

Survey profiles and Interpretation 72-874

SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY  
L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol. I.A.S., Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant  
DEC. 1971 - MAY 1972

Scale: 1" = 1000' Drawn: J. Baint Drg. No.: 9.

Date: 28. 5. 72. Checked: [Signature]



755263



United States Steel International (New York), Inc.

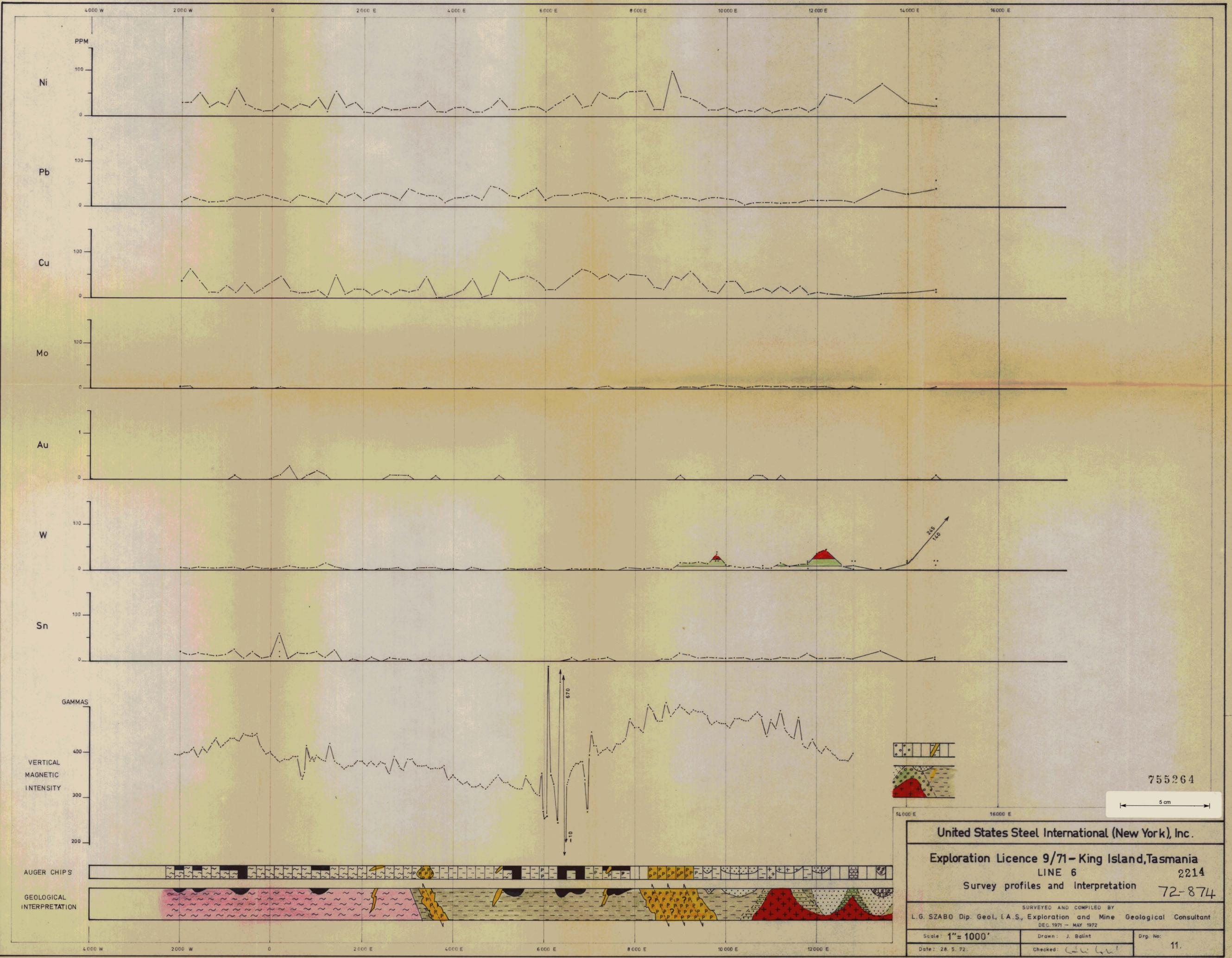
Exploration Licence 9/71 - King Island, Tasmania

LINE Nos. 6-3500 N & 6-4000 N 2213

Survey profiles and Interpretation 72-874

SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY  
L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol. I.A.S., Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant  
DEC. 1971 - MAY 1972

Scale: 1" = 1000'	Drawn: J. Baint	Drp. No:
Date: 28. 5. 72.	Checked: <i>[Signature]</i>	10.



755264

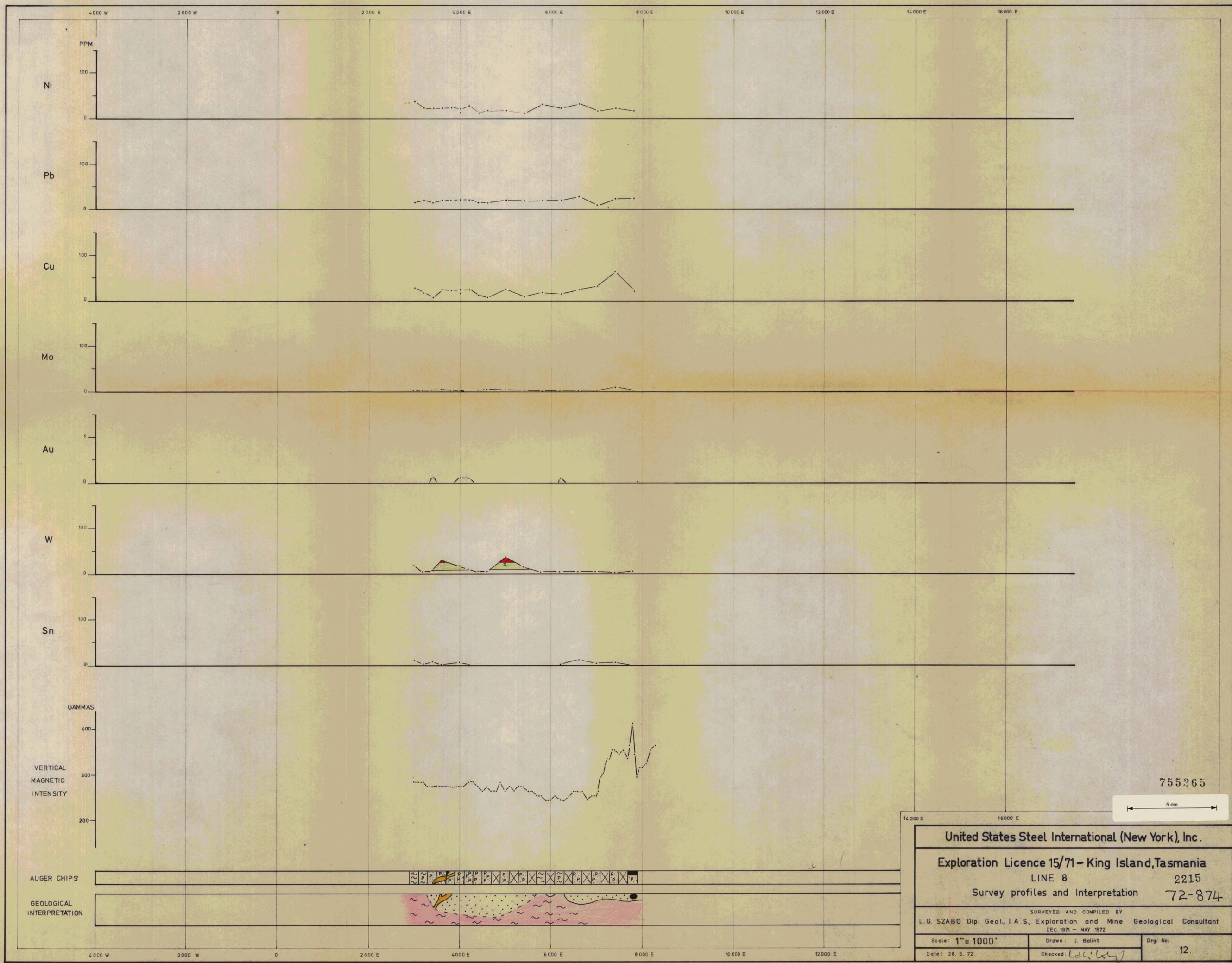
5 cm

United States Steel International (New York), Inc.

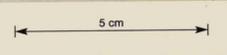
Exploration Licence 9/71 - King Island, Tasmania  
 LINE 6 2214  
 Survey profiles and Interpretation 72-874

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 L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol. I.A.S., Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant  
 DEC. 1971 - MAY 1972

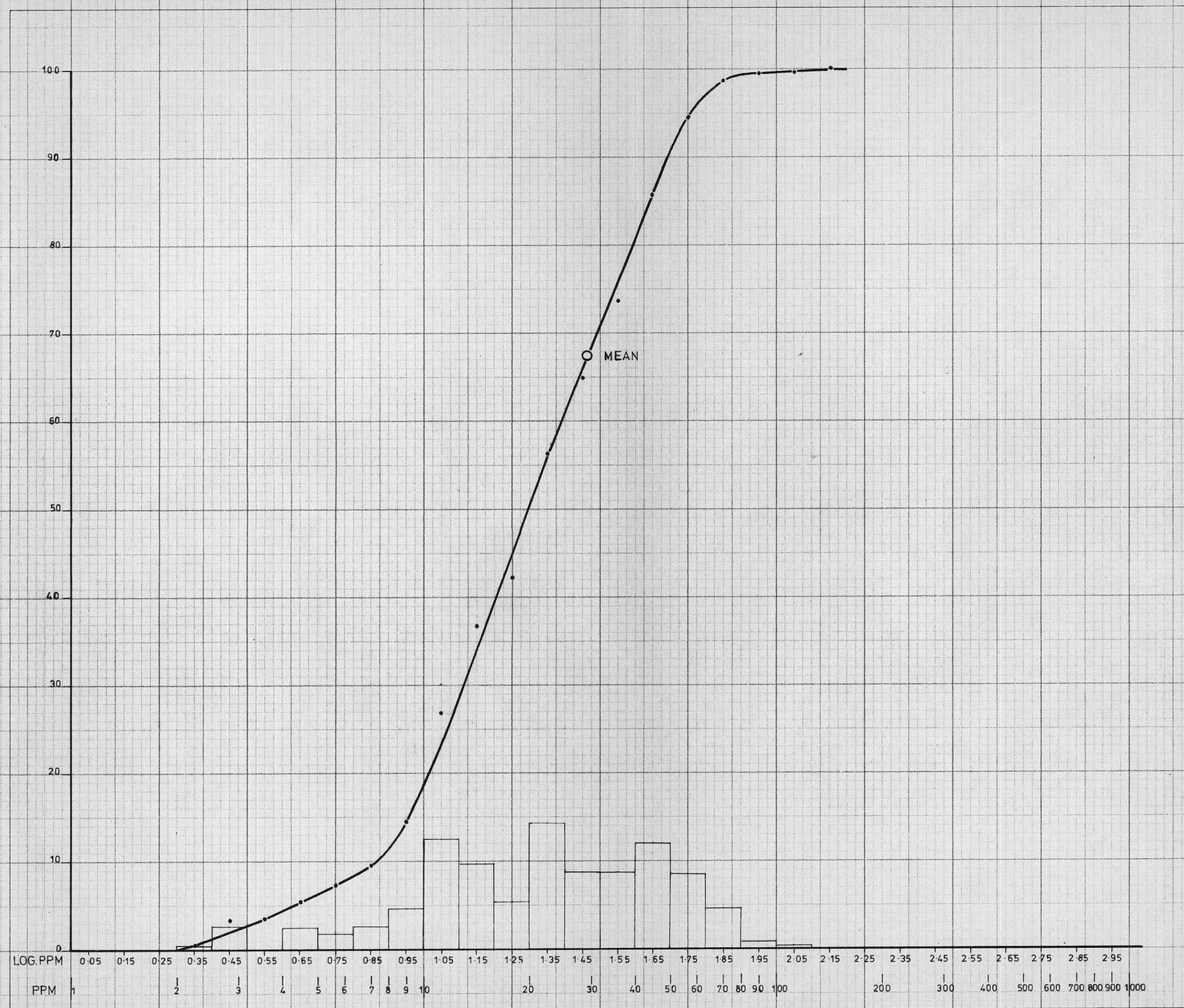
Scale: 1" = 1000'	Drawn: J. Balint	Dwg. No:
Date: 28. 5. 72.	Checked: <i>[Signature]</i>	11.



755265



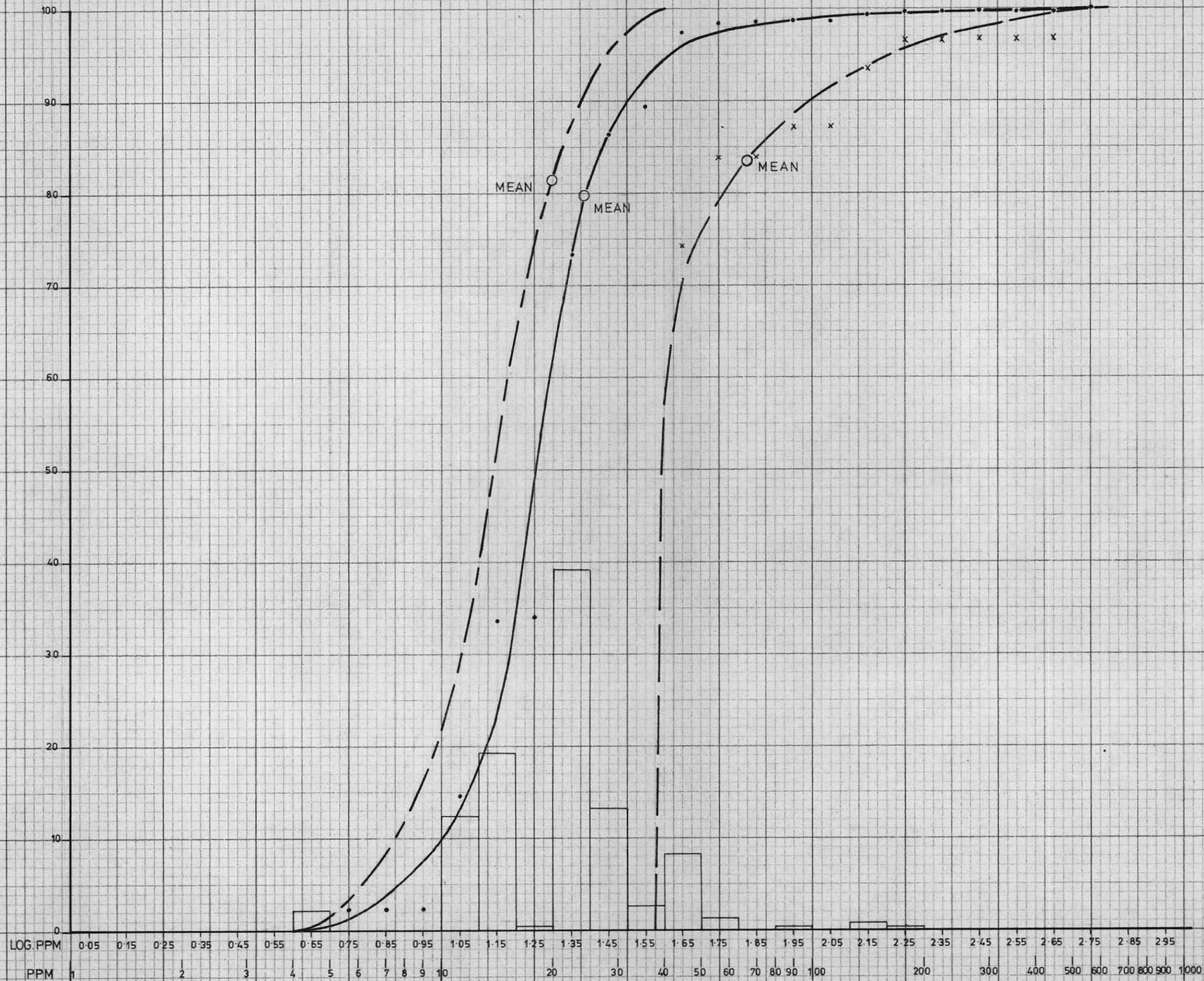
United States Steel International (New York), Inc.		
Exploration Licence 15/71 - King Island, Tasmania		
LINE 8	2215	
Survey profiles and Interpretation		72-874
SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY		
L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol. I.A.S., Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant		
DEC. 1971 - MAY 1972		
Scale: 1" = 1000'	Drawn: J. Balint	Drg. No:
Date: 28. 5. 72.	Checked: <i>[Signature]</i>	12.

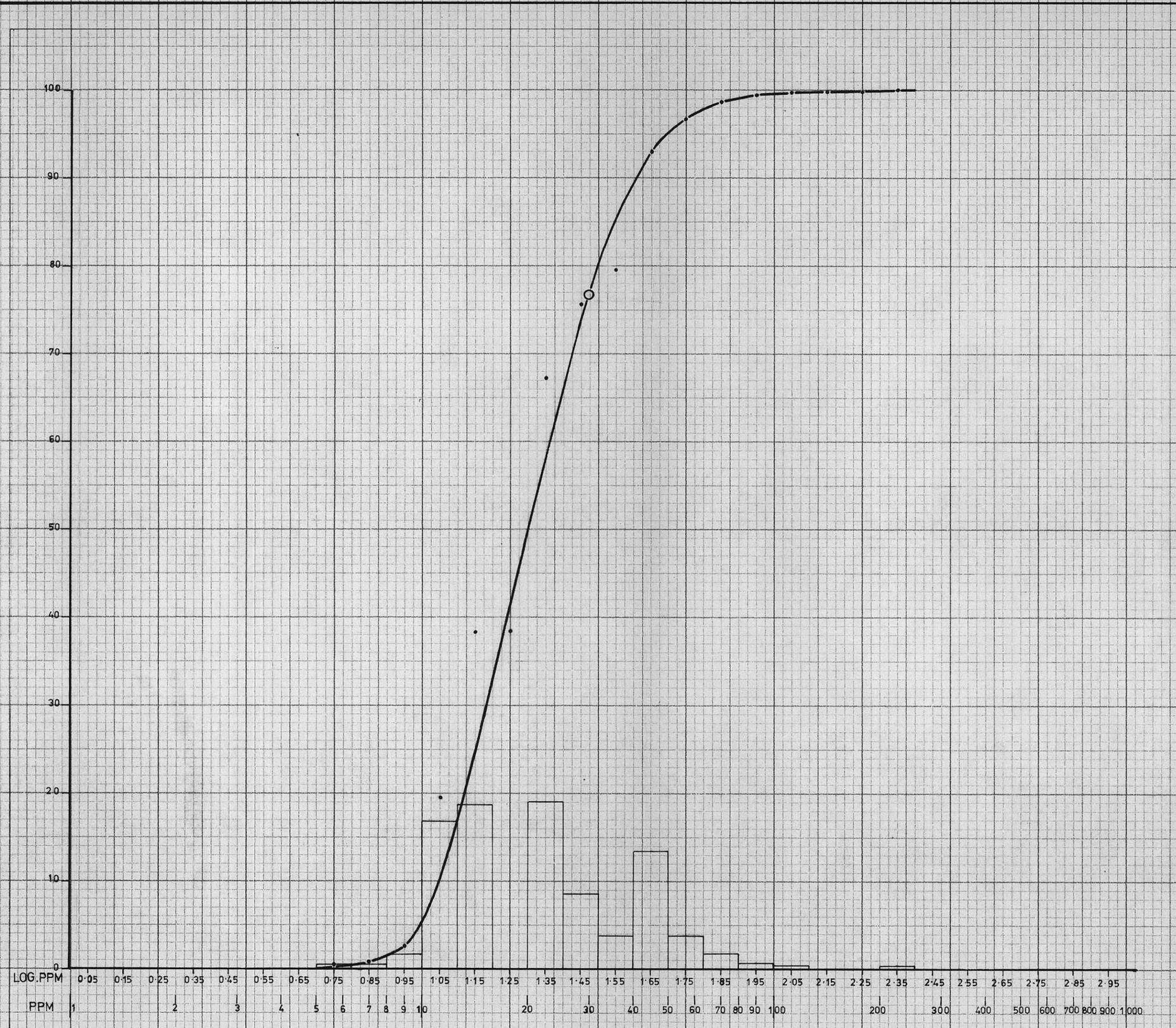


Background: nil  
 Anomalous: nil  
 Total: 283 assays

755266  
 5 cm  
 72-874

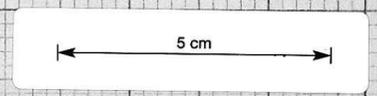
United States Steel International (New York), Inc.		
Exploration Licence 9/71 & 15/71 King Island, Tasmania		
Frequency & Cumulative Distributions of <b>COPPER</b> in geochemical auger samples		
<small>SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY</small> L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol. T.A.S. Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant <small>DEC. 1971 - MAY 1972</small>		
Date: MAY 1972	Drawn: J. Balint	Drg. No.: 13. 2216
Checked: <i>[Signature]</i>		





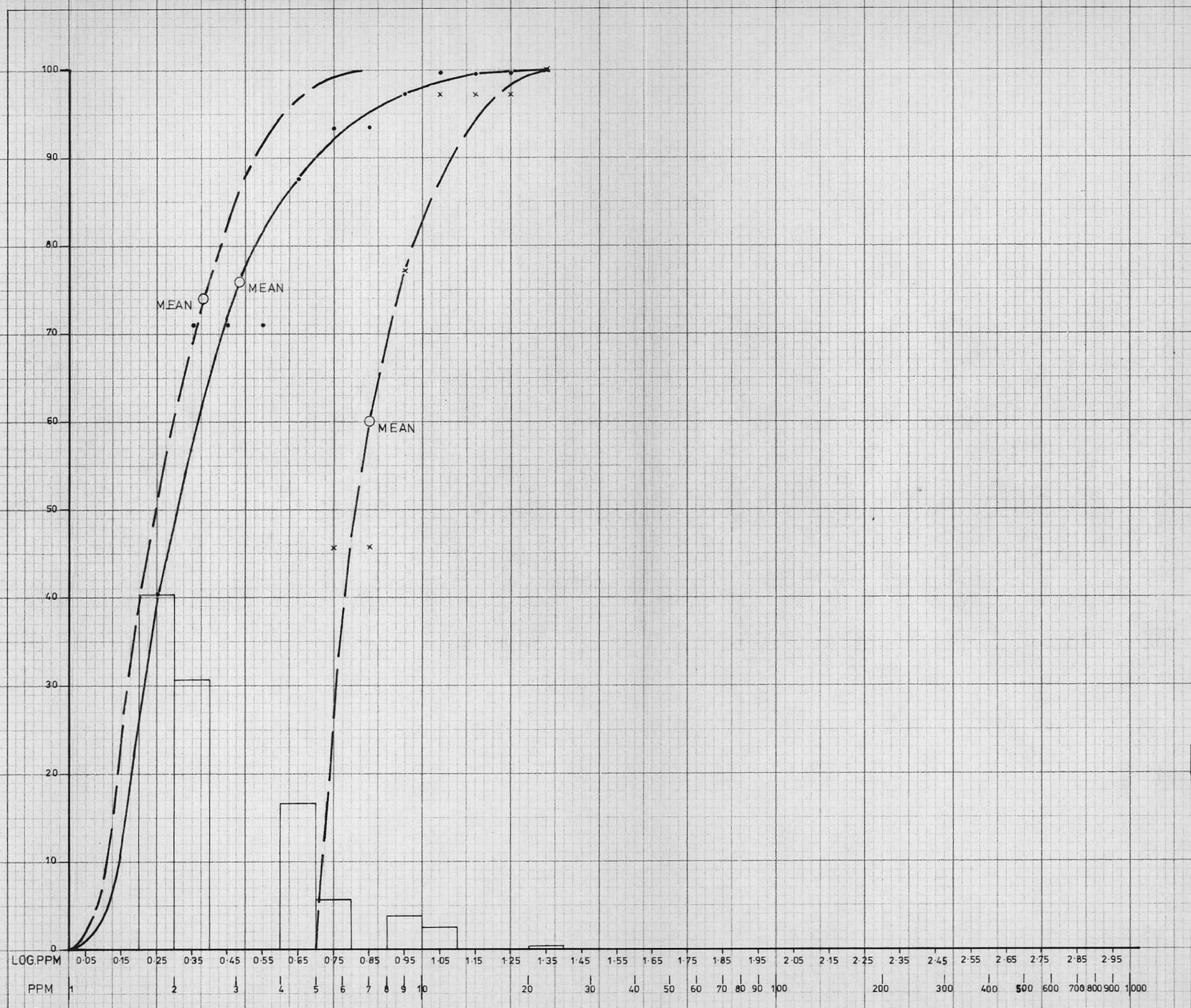
Background : nil  
 Anomalous : nil  
 Total : 217 assays

755268

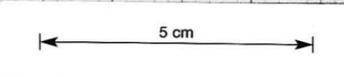


72-874

United States Steel International (New York), Inc.		
Exploration Licence 9/71 & 15/71 King Island, Tasmania		
Frequency & Cumulative Distributions of <b>NICKEL</b> in geochemical auger samples		
SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY L. G. SZABO Dip Geol. I.A.S. Exploration & Mine Geological Consultant DEC. 1971 - MAY 1972		
Date : MAY 1972	Drawn : J. Balint	Dwg. No. : 152218
Checked : <i>[Signature]</i>		



755269



72-874

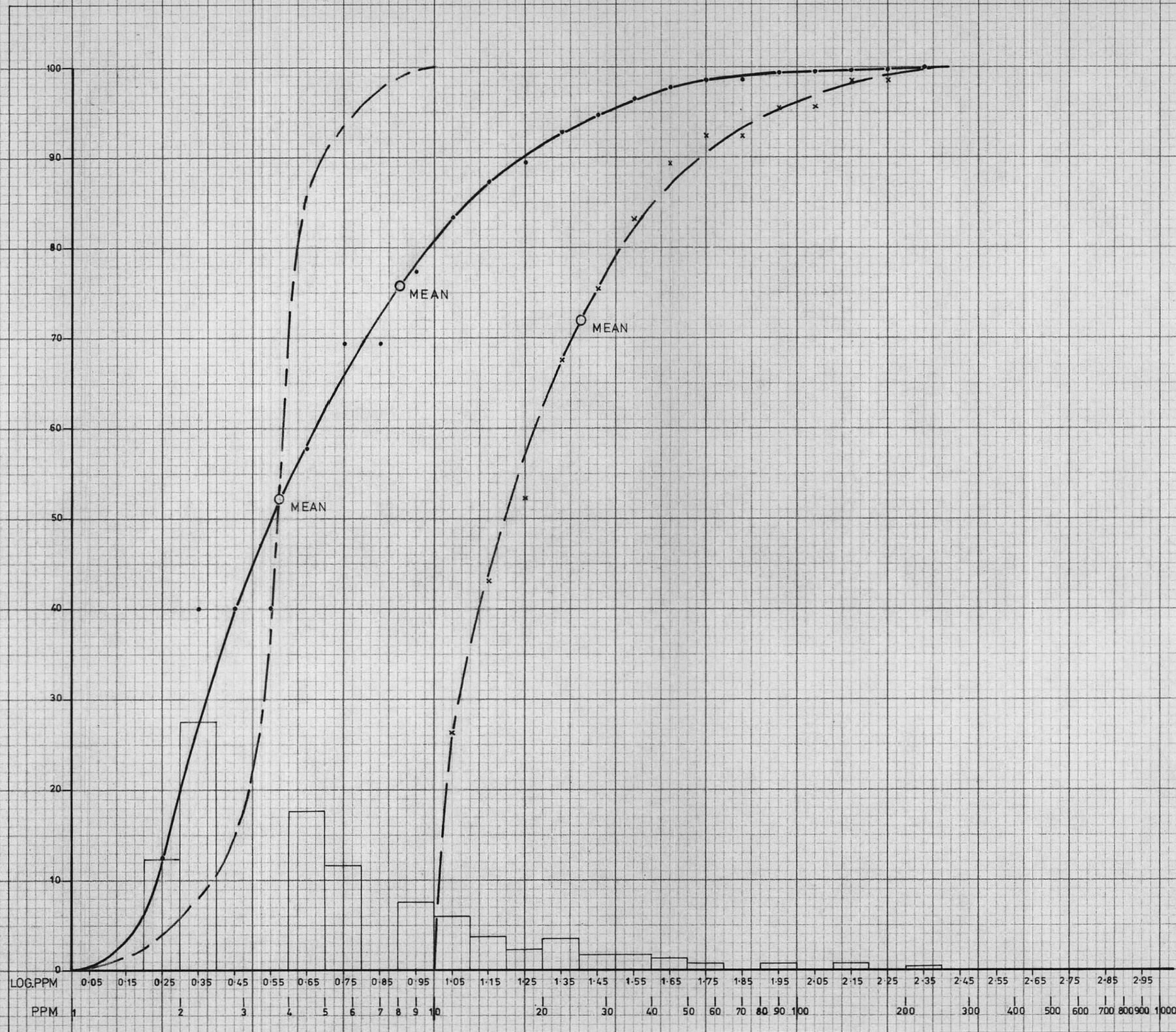
United States Steel International (New York), Inc.

Exploration Licence 9/71 & 15/71 King Island, Tasmania

Frequency & Cumulative Distributions of  
MOLYBDENUM  
in geochemical auger samples

SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY  
L. G. SZABO Dip. Geol. I.A.S. Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant  
DEC. 1971 — MAY 1972

Date: MAY 1972	Drawn: J. Balint	Drq. No: 16. 2219
Checked: <i>[Signature]</i>		



- - - Background : 218 assays  
 ——— Anomalous : 65 assays  
 ——— Total : 283 assays

755270  
 ← 5 cm →

72-874

United States Steel International (New York), Inc.		
Exploration Licence 9/71 & 15/71 King Island, Tasmania		
Frequency & Cumulative Distributions of <b>TUNGSTEN</b> in geochemical auger samples		
SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol. I.A.S. Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant DEC. 1971 — MAY 1972		
Date: MAY 1972	Drawn: J. Balint	Drg. No.: 17. 2220
Checked: <i>L.G. Szabo</i>		

- - - Background: 402 assays  
 ——— Anomalous: 97 assays  
 ——— Total: 499 assays

755271

5 cm

72-874

**Bold Head Detailed Survey**  
 Frequency & Cumulative Distributions of  
**TUNGSTEN**  
 in geochemical auger samples

SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY  
 L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol. I.A.S. Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant  
 1969

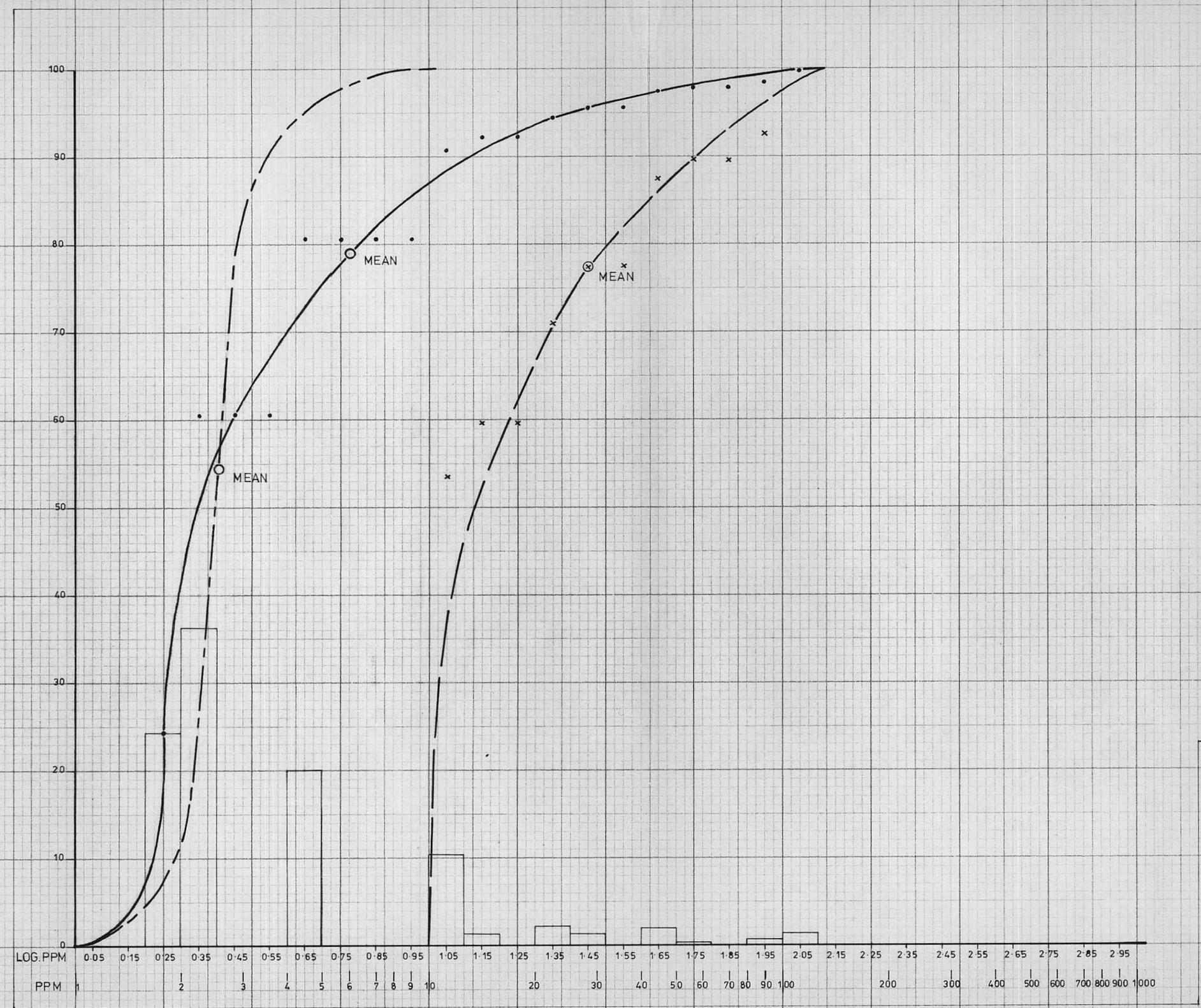
Date: MAY 1972

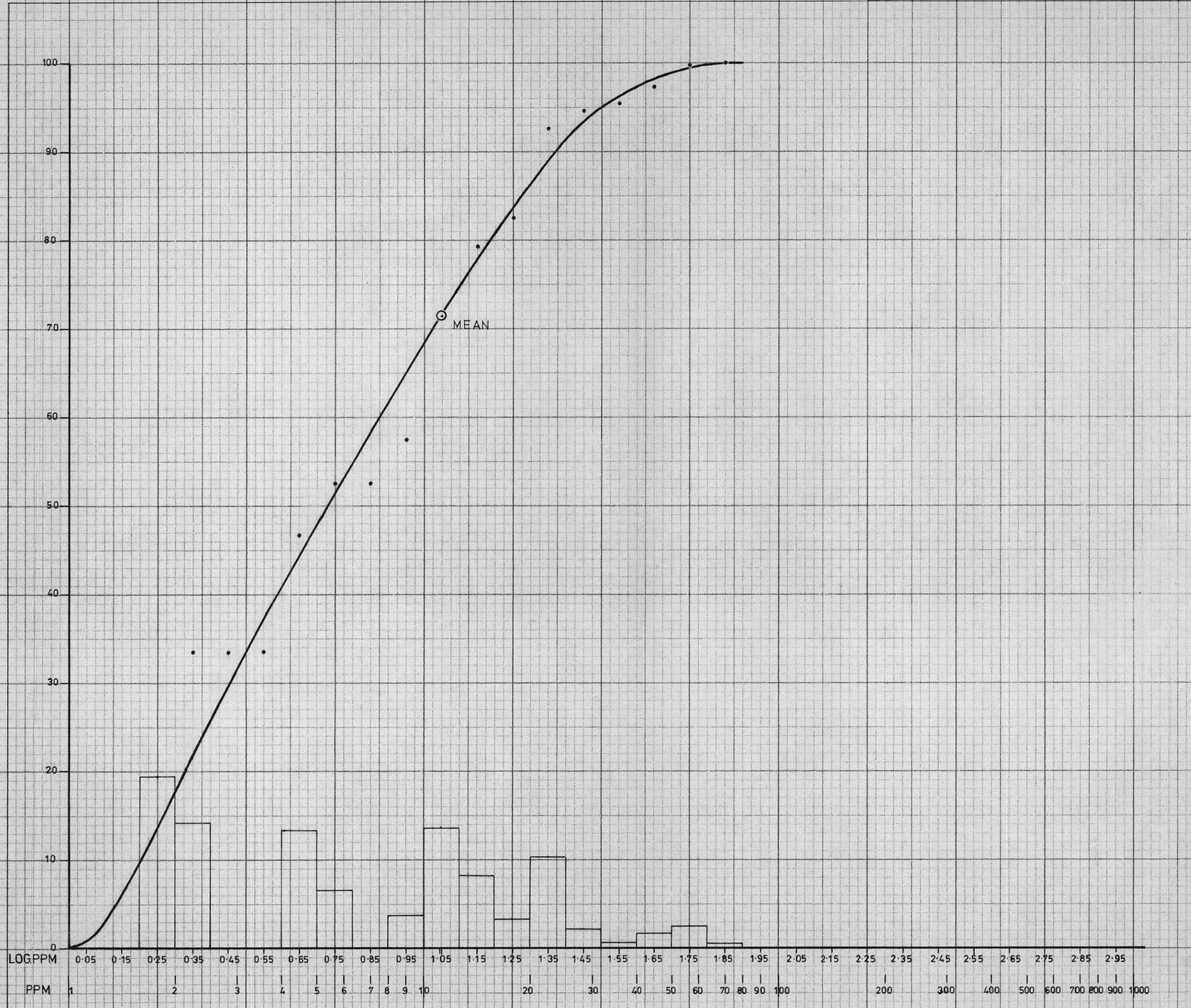
Drawn: J. Balint

Drg. No.:

Checked: *W. H. H.*

18. 2221

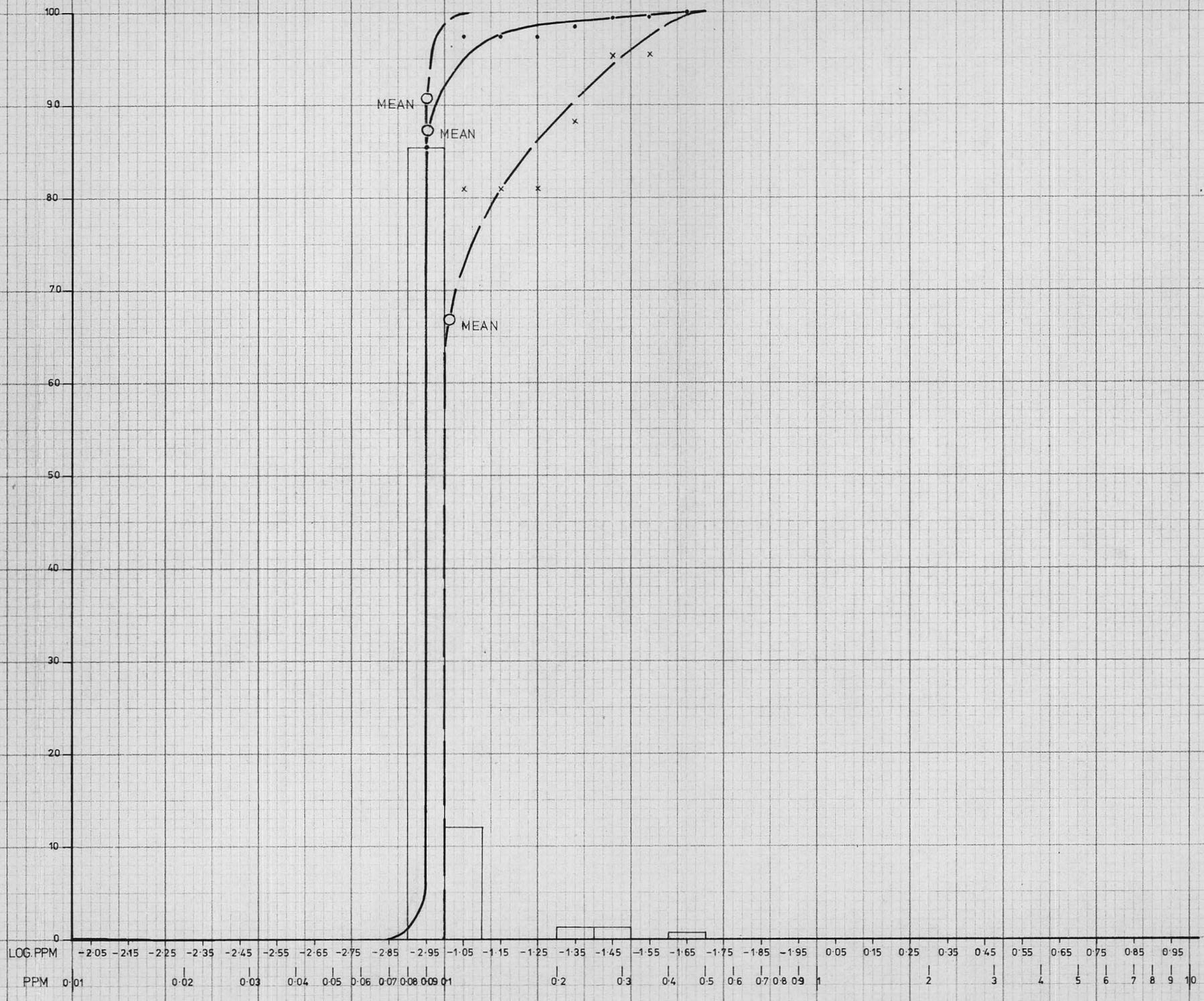




Background: nil  
 Anomalous: nil  
 Total: 283 assays

755272  
 5 cm  
 72-874

United States Steel International (New York), Inc.		
Exploration Licence 9/71 & 15/71 King Island, Tasmania		
Frequency & Cumulative Distributions of TIN in geochemical auger samples 2222		
SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY L.G. SZABO Dip Geol. I.A.S. Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant DEC. 1971 - MAY 1972		
Date: MAY 1972	Drawn: J. Balint	Drg. No:
Checked: <i>Lake</i>		19.



- - - - Background : 241 assays  
 — — — Anomalous : 42 assays  
 — — — Total : 283 assays

755273  
 5 cm

72-874

United States Steel International (New York), Inc.		
Exploration Licence 9/71 & 15/71 King Island, Tasmania		
Frequency & Cumulative Distributions of		2223
GOLD		
in geochemical auger samples		
SURVEYED AND COMPILED BY		
L.G. SZABO Dip. Geol. I.A.S. Exploration and Mine Geological Consultant		
DEC. 1971 — MAY 1972		
Date: MAY 1972	Drawn: J. Balint	Drg. No:
Checked: <i>hsh hsh</i>		20.