

c. Boreholes K.H.6 and K.H.4

The 1,064' A.S.L. and 1,083' A.S.L. intersections of these two boreholes outline a lens which could be about 320 feet long with an average width close to 5.5 feet, but with a grade probably slightly inferior to that of Texins Development's exploration targeted (about 11.4% of combined Pb and Zn, and about 2.3 oz of Ag per ton). The estimated length of this lens is, however, above the average in the area and fill-in drilling could indicate that it is actually formed by two isolated pods.

3. Trend E2

Borehole K.H.3 shows a mineralised intersection at 1,238 feet A.S.L. which, over a width of 6.7 feet, averaged 13.84% Pb, 2.37% Zn and 3.02 oz Ag.

This lens has not been satisfactorily tested, the two nearby boreholes K.H.2 and K.H.5 having been depressed to intersect the vein structure far below the common vertical range of the richest pods of the area. We can, however, estimate also for this lens a strike length of 180 feet and a vertical dimension of 80 feet which would yield a tonnage in the order of 9,000 tons at the above reported grade.

4. Trend E1

Borehole K.H.1 intersected at 805' A.S.L. a vein structure which averaged over a width of 7 feet, 13.5% Pb, 1.72% Zn, 13.07 oz Ag. Considering that this vein structure was not intersected by K.H.21 at about 70 feet above the K.H.1 intersection nor by K.H.14 at about 200 feet below, it is possible that this pod might have more limited dimensions than the previous ones. Tentatively, taking a strike length of 100 feet and a vertical dimension of 40 feet, it could yield a tonnage of about 2,600 tons at the above reported grade.