

South Comet 18 (S.C.18)

Objective: S.C.18 was located near and to the immediate south-east of Adelaide Creek and was directed at the southern extension of the South Comet-Kosminsky fracture zone.

Results: A wide weakly mineralised zone was intersected at 129.9ft, within brecciated siltstones and sandstones of the Hodge formation. The mineralisation, associated with abundant siderite veinlets, gave the following result:-

129.9ft - 148ft

0.51% Pb, 0.7% Zn

Minor mineralisation was also encountered in the interval 278.9ft - 393.7ft and here was associated with siderite veinlets and sporadic brecciation.

South Comet 19 (S.C.19)

Objective: As for S.C.14 above.

Results: Throughout the length of S.C.19, only sporadic weakly mineralised sections were encountered, the best result being 1.95% Pb, 0.64% Zn, in the interval 788.4ft - 771.3ft. The projected South Comet-Kosminsky lode zone was cut at 350ft A.S.L. and here was represented by barren carbonate veining only.

South Comet 21 (S.C.21)

Objective: As for S.C.14 above.

Results: S.C.21 intersected the main South Comet-Kosminsky lode at 520ft A.S.L. where only minor mineralisation was encountered. The weak mineralisation was hosted by brecciated sandstones