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PROJECT NAME: COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED

TITLE: FINAL REPORT ON FOLLOW UP WORK ON INPUT ANOMALY FAH

OPEN FILE

AREA NAME/S, STATE 1: 250,000 SHEET NO/S & COORDINATES: Huskisson, Burnie Sheet SK55-3
372000E, 5384000N

COMMODITY/IES: Lead, Copper, Zinc

TEXT PAGES NO: 7

PLAN NOS: See Appendix

TABLE NOS: Nil

APPENDICES: List of Plans

AUTHOR/S: G.F. Pigott

DATE: 7th April 1977

AUSTRALIAN ANGLO AMERICAN LIMITED

Incorporated in the State of Victoria

AUSTRALIAN ANGLO AMERICAN LIMITEDCOMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITEDFINAL REPORT ON FOLLOW UP WORK ON INPUT ANOMALY FAH1. SUMMARY

Mapping at FAH shows a sedimentary sequence consisting of fine greywackes, tuffs, mudstones and shales into which two sills of basic to intermediate composition have been intruded. Lead and zinc soil anomalies, coincident with Crone EM and Self Potential anomalies, are associated with a graphitic shale. Pyrite is concentrated at the contacts of the shales with the sills. Costeining of the anomalies has found no evidence of mineralisation associated with the pyrite. An isolated tin anomaly requires confirmation by resampling a portion of the grid.

2. INTRODUCTION

FAH refers to an Input anomaly found in the Huskisson area of Exploration Licence 5/63, Part 5. Work in the area also incorporated Input anomalies FAG and FAF. The area lies east of the Huskisson River and is drained by Con Creek and its tributaries. Access is provided by a bulldozed track from the Murchison Highway.

3. PREVIOUS WORK

1970-1971: FAH was included in a regional geological and geochemical survey. Neither mineralisation nor geochemical anomalies were recorded from the area.

1975: Three anomalies, each spaced 400m apart, were recorded on an airborne electromagnetic Input survey carried out by Geoterrex Pty. Ltd.

1975-1976: A three line Input follow up grid was set up to prospect the area of the main Input anomaly. 133 soil samples were collected, sieved to -80 mesh and analysed for copper, lead, zinc, nickel and tin. An anomalous zone in lead and zinc was outlined. A ground electromagnetic survey, using the vertical transmitter shootback Crone system, was carried out over the grid lines, along with a magnetic survey. Near surface anomalies were found on the three lines coincident with the anomalous soil zone.

4. WORK DONE

The grid was extended 360m to the north and south by cutting six grid lines 120m apart, each 640m long. The new lines were soil sampled at 20m stations. All nine lines were geologically mapped, and geophysical surveys in the form of Crone EM and Self Potential were carried out.

Two costeans were excavated on lines 5000N and 4880N to expose the conductor and prospect the area of the soil anomalies.

5. GEOLOGY

The area covered by the grid lies within Cambrian sediments and minor volcanics of the Dundas Series; a thick sequence of greywackes, mudstones, shales, conglomerates, tuffs and volcanoclastics considered to have been deposited contemporaneously with the Mt. Read Volcanics. It lies immediately east of the Huskisson Serpentinite along the eastern limb of the Huskisson Syncline (see Plan 1).

5.1. Sedimentary Rocks

Fine greywacke sandstones, mudstones, shales and minor tuffs make up the oldest mappable rock unit along the eastern side of the grid (see Plan 2).

The tuffs are medium grained, highly feldspathic and contain both crystal and lithic fragments. The greywackes are similar in appearance, but are generally graded and form thinly bedded units interlayered with shales and mudstones.

Black graphitic shales conformably overly these rocks to the west. The lower part of the unit consists of interbedded sandstones, siltstones and shales. The carbon content increases upwards through the sequence. Fine disseminated pyrite occurs in carbonaceous siltstones which are interbedded with the shales.

Fine grey-green greywacke sandstones, tuffs, siltstones, mudstones and shales overly the graphitic rocks to the west. Carbonaceous matter occurs as lithic fragments in the greywackes, in carbonaceous silty shales and in graphitic shales.

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Fine grained black basalt outcrops on the western end of line 5120N and in a creek 50m to the south. Coarse grained quartzite outcrops west of this on line 5000N extension.

5.2. Igneous Rocks

The Huskisson serpentinite (described in detail in the 1971/1972 Summer Field Season Report - Huskisson Asbestos Project) forms a major intrusive body on the western side of the grid. The eastern contact zone of the serpentinite does not give rise to any significant geophysical or geochemical anomalies in this area, and is not considered to be mineralised.

Two sills of basic-intermediate composition intrude the graphitic shales. The larger sill forms a topographic feature which may be traced through all nine lines. The smaller sill has only been exposed in the costeans. Both sills are composed of plagioclase, hornblende (replacing pyroxene) and quartz and exhibit a relict ophitic texture overprinted by the amphiboles. The contact zones are fine grained and show a concentration of pyrite along carbon filled fractures. The graphite shales in contact with the sills are indurated and contain crystalline pyrite.

5.3. Structure

The bedding dips steeply both to the west and east, while facing directions are all westward. Cleavage bedding relationships suggest a synclinal axis to the west, while minor folds plunge steeply to the north. The rocks outcrop in an arcuate pattern, north of 5000N the strike is almost north west-south east, while to the south it is north-north east - south-south west.

5.4. Mineralisation

Pyrite occurs within the graphitic sediments and is concentrated by remobilisation and recrystallisation along the contact zones with the sills. Crystalline pyrite occurs along bedding and cleavage planes up to 15m from the sills. The eastern contact of the shales with the smaller of the two sills has 4.5m of anomalous zinc and lead values: 4800 ppm Zn and 400 ppm Pb between 5136E and 5140.5E in Costean 5000N.

6. GEOCHEMISTRY

6.1. Costeans

Two costeans, totalling 240m, were excavated on lines 5000N and 4880N. The costeans were geologically mapped and channel sampled in three metre sections. The contact zone between a sill and graphite shales could not be channel sampled in Costean 4880N as the ground was waterlogged. Samples of weathered rock were obtained by using a motor driven auger.

The rock geochemistry closely reflects the lithologies (see Plans 3 and 4): relatively high lead and zinc in the graphite shales, particularly on the contact zone with the smaller sill (see 5.4. above); relatively high nickel in the sills, and moderately high zinc, copper and nickel in the greywackes.

6.2. Soil Geochemistry

In situ soil is developed over most of the grid, so soil samples were collected from the B-C horizons. Plotting and interpretation of 331 soil sample results revealed anomalous zones of lead and zinc coincident with the graphite shales. The results are tabulated below:

Element	Low	High	Mean	Standard Deviation
Copper	2.0	130.0	32.86	23.45
Nickel	4.0	1750.0	71.62	191.65
Lead	10.0	160.0	34.68	15.45
Zinc	8.0	600.0	71.80	86.82
Tin	*bld	130.0	8.88	12.52

*bld = below level of detection

Element	Populations
Copper	<15, 15-35, >35
Nickel	<65, 65-150, 150-950, >950
Lead	<27, 27-60, >60
Zinc	<17, 17-130, 130-350, >350
Tin	Not divisible into populations

6.2.1. Copper

There are no anomalous copper values in the

soils, nor is there any obvious correlation with rock type, except to note that the values over the Huskisson Serpentinite are low.

6.2.2. Nickel

A nickel content in excess of 150 ppm delineates the Huskisson serpentinite. Sporadic values in excess of 950 ppm occur throughout the serpentinite, and probably reflect differentiation into dunite, peridotite and pyroxenite.

6.2.3. Lead

Values in the soils in excess of 60 ppm are regarded as anomalous. High lead values occur in the soils over the graphite shales on lines 5120N, 5000N, 4880N and 4760N in a well defined zone. This zone has been examined by costeans but no evidence of mineralisation has been found, other than pyrite.

6.2.4. Zinc

130 ppm zinc in the soils is considered anomalous. High zinc values occur associated with the graphite shales on lines 5000N and 4880N.

6.2.5. Tin

An isolated anomalous value of 130 ppm tin was found in one sample collected at 5220E/4760N which is adjacent to a northerly flowing tributary of Con Creek. This value cannot be explained, but should be confirmed by check sampling at five metre intervals on either side.

7. GEOPHYSICS

7.1. Crone EM

A Crone EM survey was carried out using a coil spacing of 80m. The previous survey carried out on the original three lines used a coil spacing of

160m. A good near surface conductor was located on the nine lines coincident with the graphitic shales. All the EM profiles indicate a westerly dip.

7.2. Self Potential

A Self Potential survey using a VP 7 Self Potential unit was carried out over the grid. Two major and several minor anomalies were outlined. The main SP anomaly correlates well with the EM anomaly, and is therefore interpreted as being due to the graphite shales rather than mineralisation. The anomaly axis is generally displaced to the west of the conductor axis. According to the Senior Geophysicist the SP anomaly should centre round the top of the conductive body whereas the EM axis can be centred down dip to some extent. The anomaly in the south western part of the grid is due to the edge of the Huskisson serpentinite, while the minor anomalies are probably due to graphitic sediments within the greywacke units.

8. DISCUSSION

Mapping has shown a sedimentary sequence consisting of fine greywackes, tuffs, mudstones and shales into which two sills of basic to intermediate composition have been intruded. Geochemical sampling of soils and rocks has delineated a zone of anomalous zinc and lead values associated with a graphite shale. The shale also gives rise to Crone EM and Self Potential anomalies. Pyrite is concentrated at the contact of the shale with the sills, particularly the eastern contact with the smaller sill where, in Costean 5000N, there is 4.35m of pyritic mineralisation containing the following values in parts per million:

Sample	Sample Interval	Width	Cu	Ni	Pb	Zn	Sn
T 4428	5140.35E - 5139E	1.35m	60	74	580	6800	bld*
T 4429	5139.00E - 5136E	3.00m	76	82	310	3800	bld

*bld = below level of detection

The graphite shale at FAH could form an ideal host rock for stratabound base metal mineralisation. It is pyritic, highly carbonaceous and somewhat enriched in metallic elements such as lead and zinc. However, while

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the black shales provide a source for sulphur, a metallic source such as acid volcanics or intrusives is missing, and there is no evidence to suggest that the sills are mineralisers. Alteration of the shales is minimal, being confined to the contact zones with the sills, where contact metamorphism has concentrated primary pyrite by remobilisation and recrystallisation.

9. RECOMMENDATIONS

9.1. No further work on the Input anomaly is recommended.

9.2. The isolated tin anomaly in the soils should be confirmed by resampling line 4760N between 5200E and 5240E at 5m intervals, and by collecting stream and heavy concentrate samples from the creek.

G. Pigott

7th April 1977

G. Pigott

Approved by

Original Signed by R. J. KERNICK
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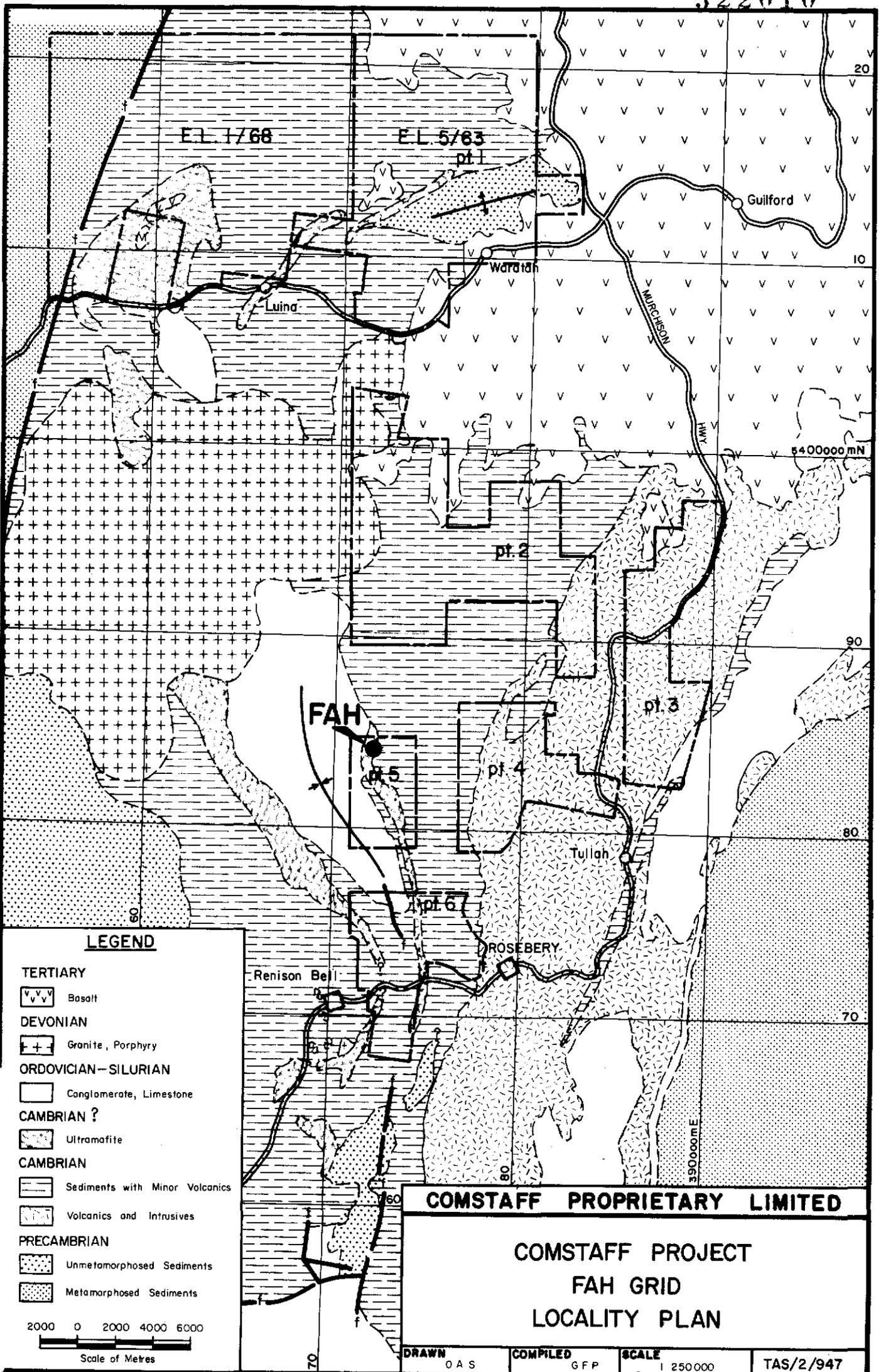
R.J. Kernick
EXPLORATION MANAGER

APPENDIXLIST OF PLANS

1. TAS/2/947 Regional Geology and Location
2. TAS/2/752 Geology of FAH
3. TAS/2/1162 Costean 4880N - Geology and Geochemistry
4. TAS/2/1163 Costean 5000N - Geology and Geochemistry
5. TAS/2/1164 Soil Geochemistry - Copper
6. TAS/2/1165 Soil Geochemistry - Nickel
7. TAS/2/1166 Soil Geochemistry - Lead
8. TAS/2/1167 Soil Geochemistry - Zinc
9. TAS/2/1168 Crone EM Profile - 4520N
10. TAS/2/1169 Crone EM Profile - 4640N
11. TAS/2/1170 Crone EM Profile - 4760N
12. TAS/2/1171 Crone EM Profile - 4880N
13. TAS/2/1172 Crone EM Profile - 5000N
14. TAS/2/1173 Crone EM Profile - 5120N
15. TAS/2/1177 Crone EM Profile - 5240N
16. TAS/2/1178 Crone EM Profile - 5360N
17. TAS/2/1179 Crone EM Profile - 5480N
18. TAS/2/1180 Self Potential and Topographical Profiles - 4520N
19. TAS/2/1181 Self Potential and Topographical Profiles - 4640N
20. TAS/2/1182 Self Potential and Topographical Profiles - 4760N
21. TAS/2/1183 Self Potential and Topographical Profiles - 4880N
22. TAS/2/1184 Self Potential and Topographical Profiles - 5000N
23. TAS/2/1185 Self Potential and Topographical Profiles - 5120N
24. TAS/2/1186 Self Potential and Topographical Profiles - 5240N
25. TAS/2/1187 Self Potential and Topographical Profiles - 5360N
26. TAS/2/1188 Self Potential and Topographical Profiles - 5480N

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LEGEND

TERTIARY

Basalt

DEVONIAN

Granite, Porphyry

ORDOVICIAN-SILURIAN

Conglomerate, Limestone

CAMBRIAN ?

Ultramafite

CAMBRIAN

Sediments with Minor Volcanics

Volcanics and Intrusives

PRECAMBRIAN

Unmetamorphosed Sediments

Metamorphosed Sediments

2000 0 2000 4000 6000

Scale of Metres

5 cm

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**COMSTAFF PROJECT
FAH GRID
LOCALITY PLAN**

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O A S

COMPILED
G F P

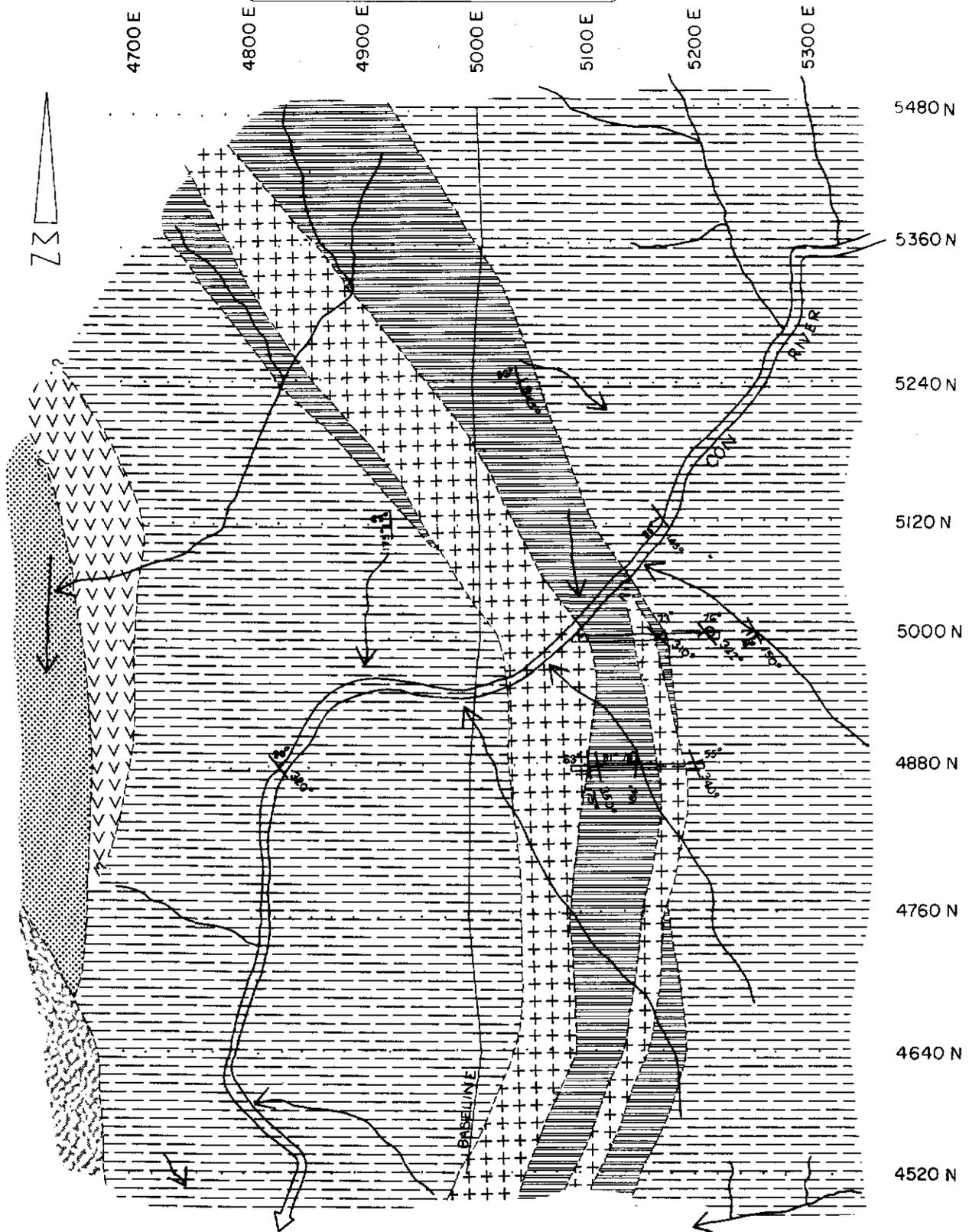
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TAS/2/947

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LEGEND

-  Ultramafic
-  Quartzite
-  Basalt
-  Carbonaceous Shales
-  Amphibolite
-  Shales, Sandstones and Greywackes

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COMSTAFF PROJECT

FAH GRID

INTERPRETED GEOLOGY

DRAWN 5/77 H.M.D.	COMPILED G.P.	SCALE 1:5000	TAS-2-752
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West

5000

5020

5040

5060

5080

5100

5120

5140

5160

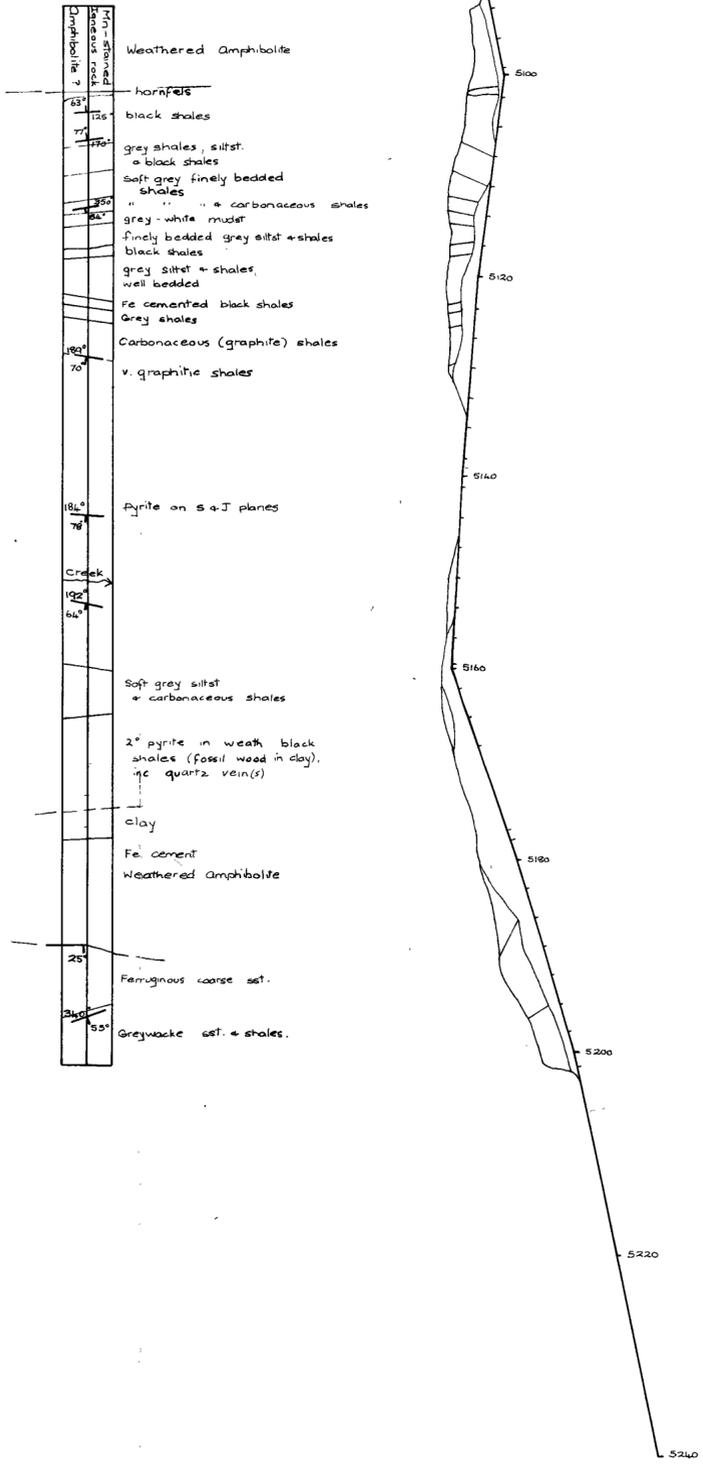
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5200

5220

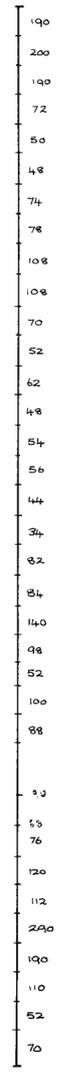
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East

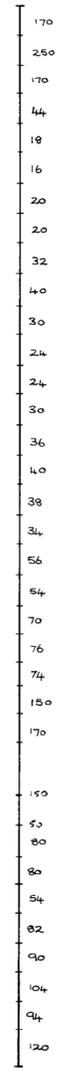


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- T 4451
- T 4452
- T 4453
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- T 4458
- T 4459
- T 4460
- T 4461
- T 4462
- T 4463
- T 4464
- T 4465
- T 4466
- T 4467
- T 4468
- T 4469
- T 4470
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- T 4478
- T 4479
- T 4480

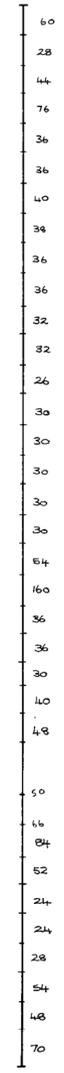
Cu



Ni



Pb



Zn



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COMSTAFF PROJECT 681

FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)

COSTEAN ON LINE 4880 N

DRAWN A.M. CHECKED G.F.P. SCALE 1:500 TAD/2/1162

West

5080

5100

5120

5140

5160

5180

5200

5220

East



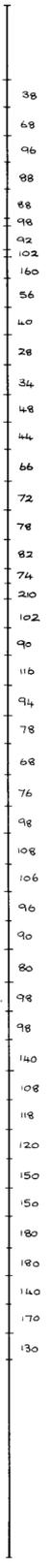
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- T4413
- T4412
- T4411
- T4410
- T4409
- T4408
- T4407
- T4406
- T4405
- T4404
- T4403
- T4402
- T4401

Coarse crystalline Amphibolite
 Well jointed
 c crystalline pyrite in f.g. amphibolite
 Pyritic carbonaceous shales
 Friable green f.g. sst
 Black carbonaceous shales
 Pyrite especially on S, J, + F planes
 Green + black indurated shales
 Fine grained Amphibolite
 Carbon-rich patches with pyrite
 Disseminated pyrite in black stringers
 c crystalline Amphibolite
 Disseminated pyrrhotite in Amphibolite
 Fine grained Amphibolite
 Black carbonaceous shales
 c. sst. + siltst
 Grey carbonaceous sst, siltst + shales
 f.g. sst
 shales
 c.g. sst
 mudst
 c.g. sst
 mudst
 c.g. sst
 shales
 feldspathic sst
 mudst
 greywacke sst
 mudst
 Mn-stained feldspathic greywacke? or tuffaceous sst
 Shales + f.g. ssts.
 ssts + shales
 Mn-stained sst

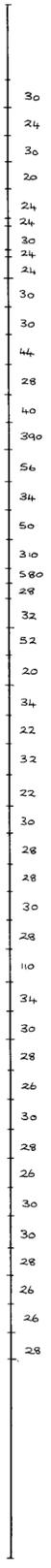
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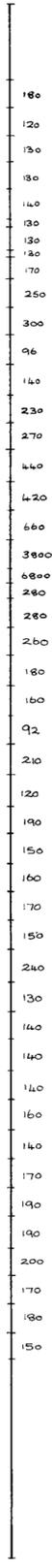
Ni



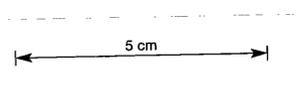
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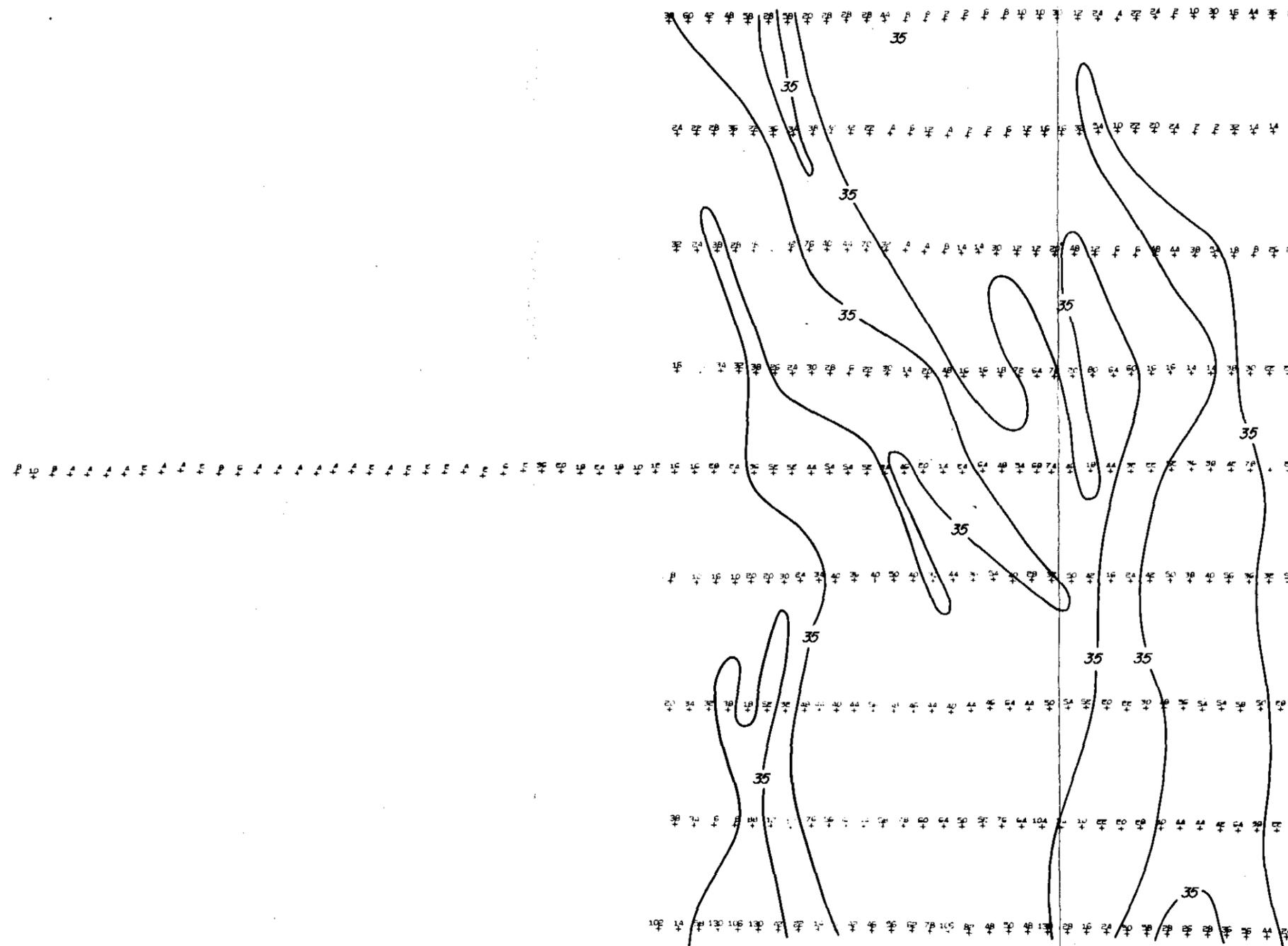
Zn



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 COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED
 COMSTAFF PROJECT 682
 FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)
 COSTEAN ON LINE 5000 N



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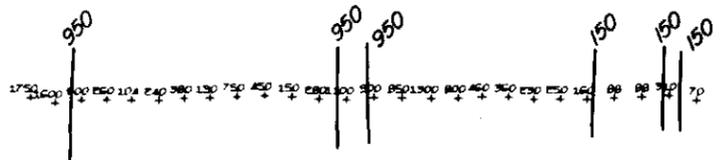
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COMSTAFF PROJECT 683

FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)

SOIL GEOCHEMISTRY - COPPER

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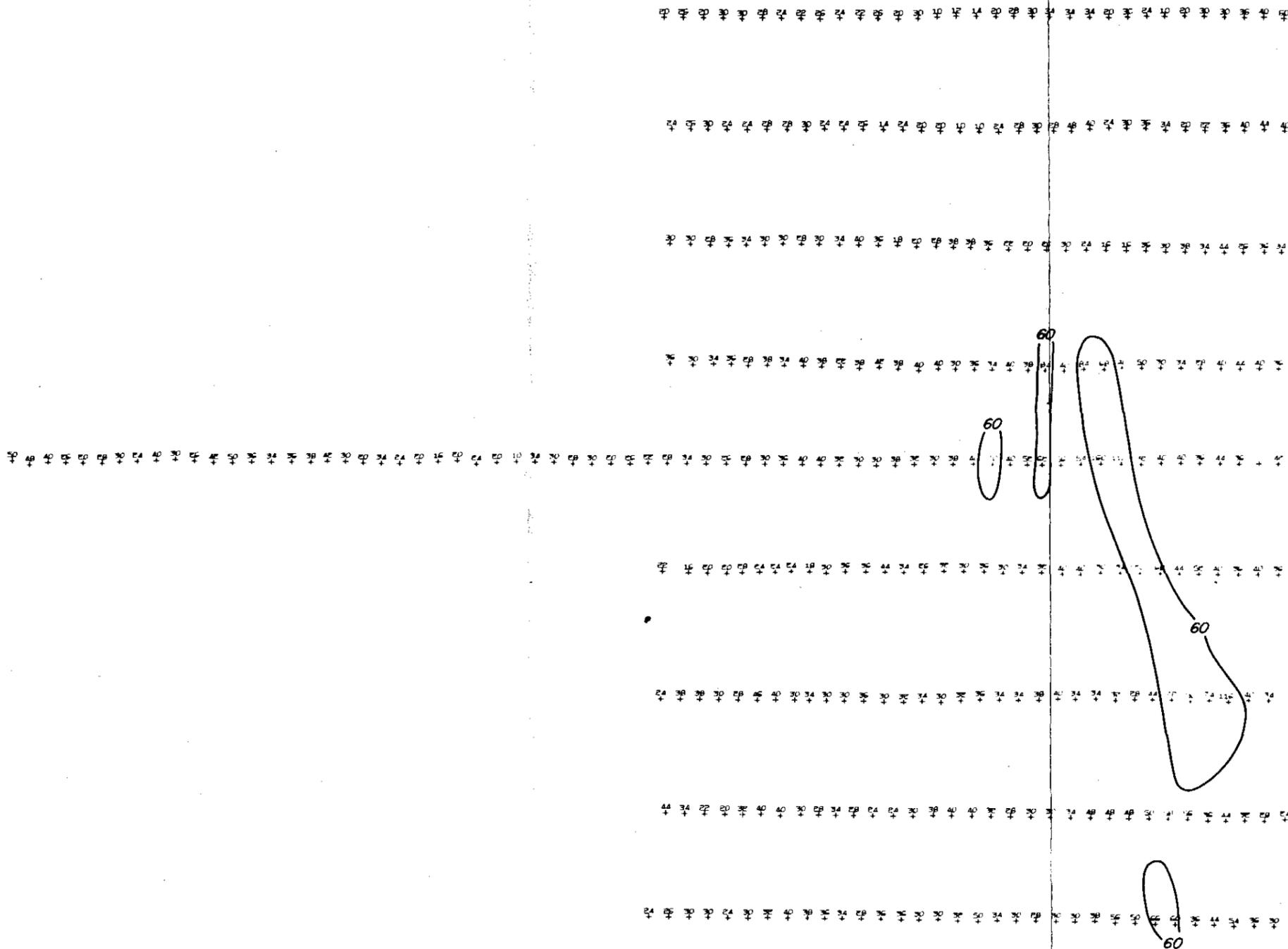
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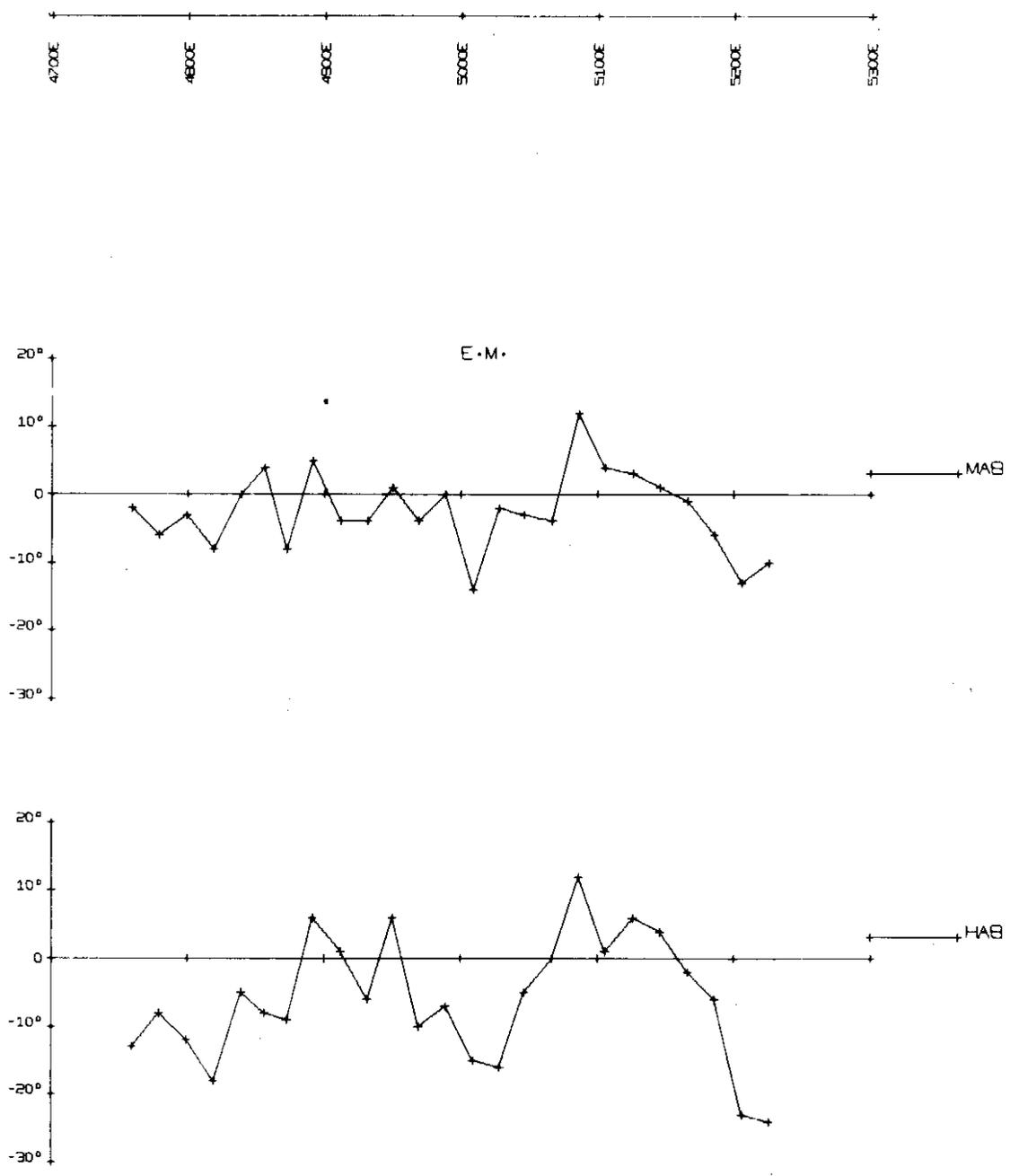
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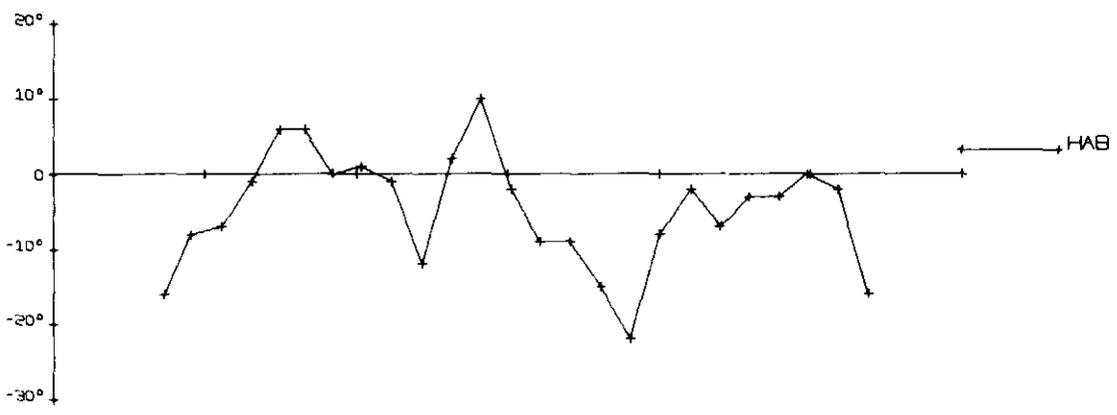
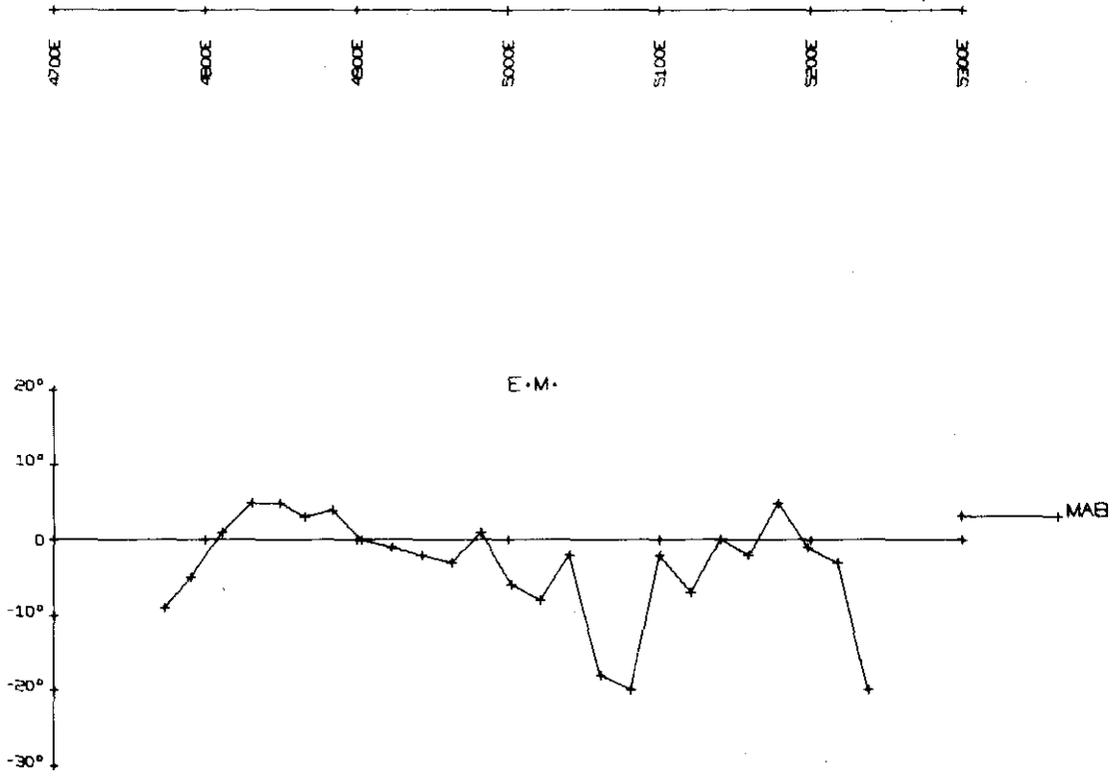
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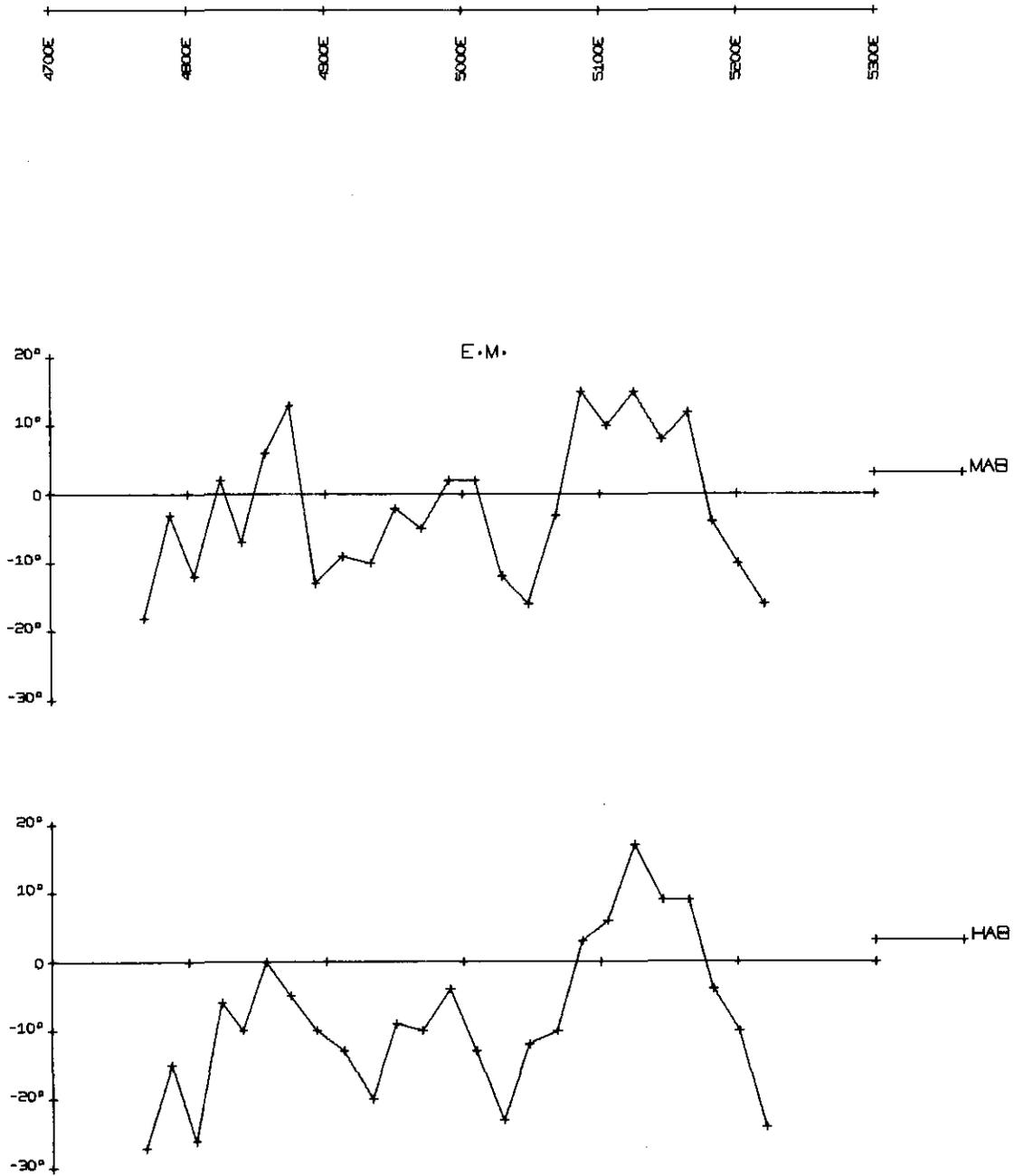


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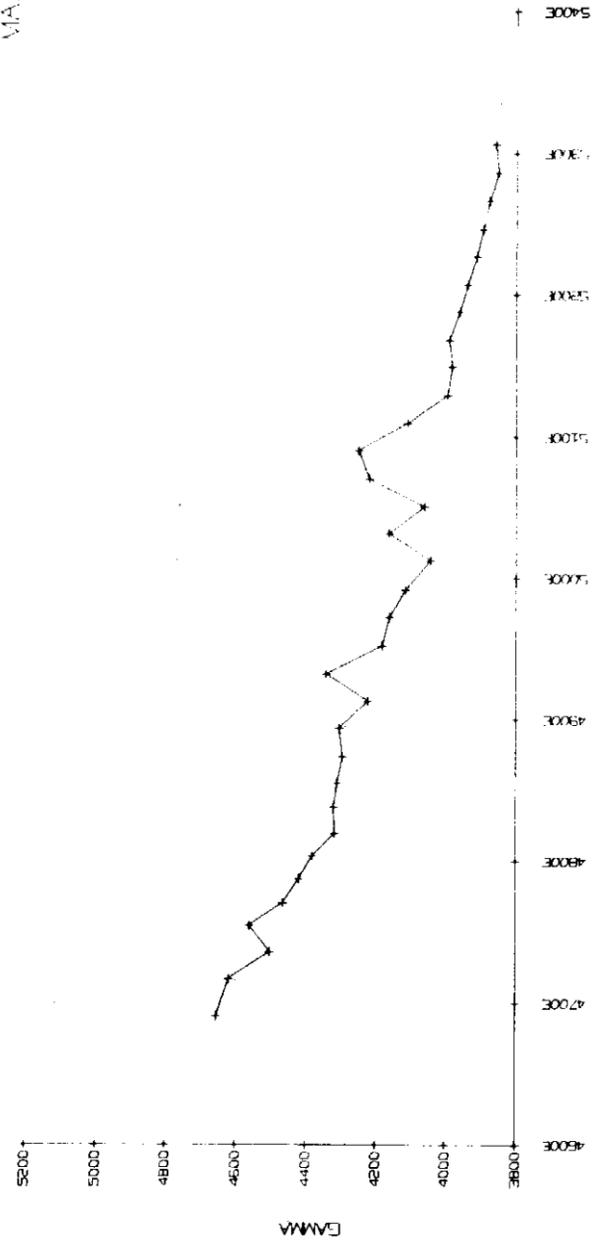


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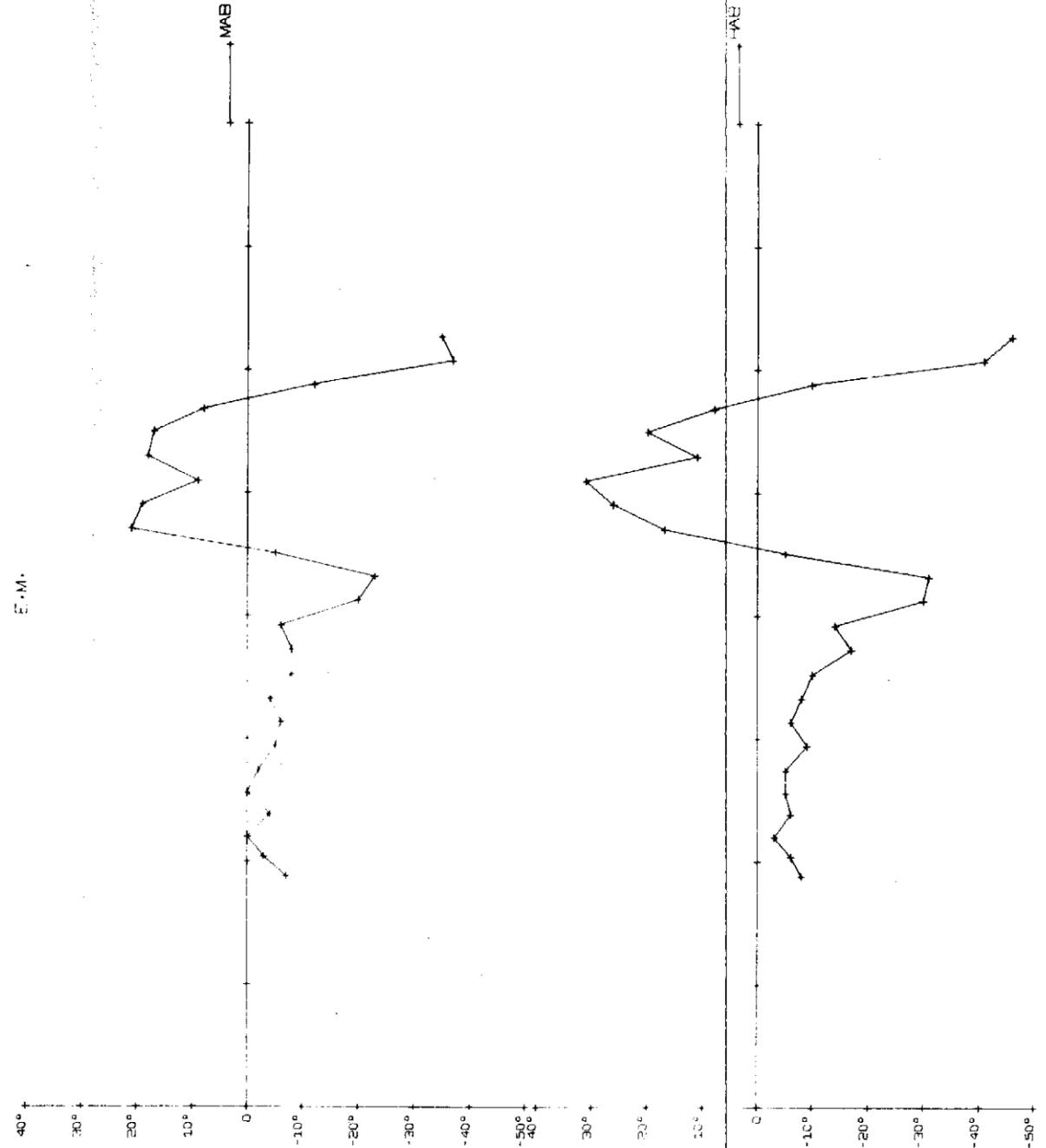
COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED
 COMSTAFF PROJECT
 FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)
 CRONE E.M. PROFILE 4760 N

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MAGNETICS



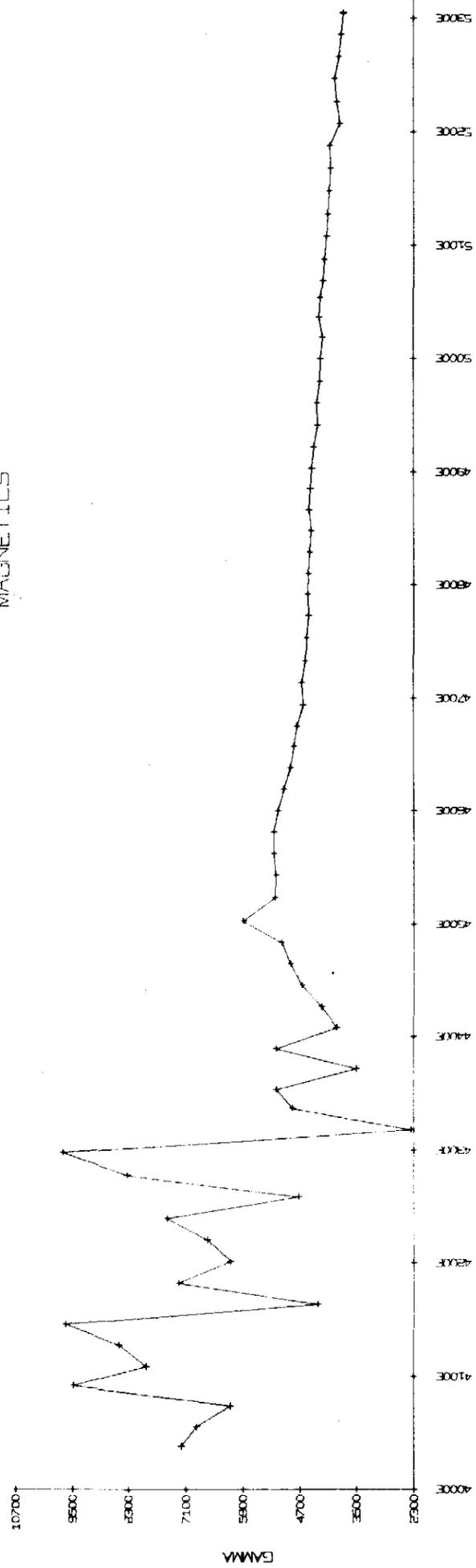
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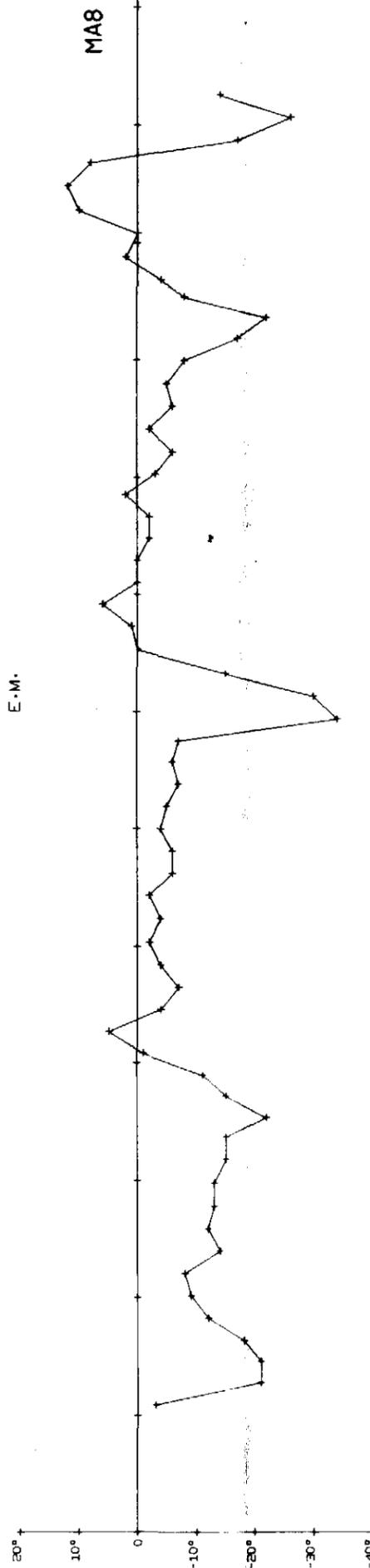
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COMSTAFF PROJECT		
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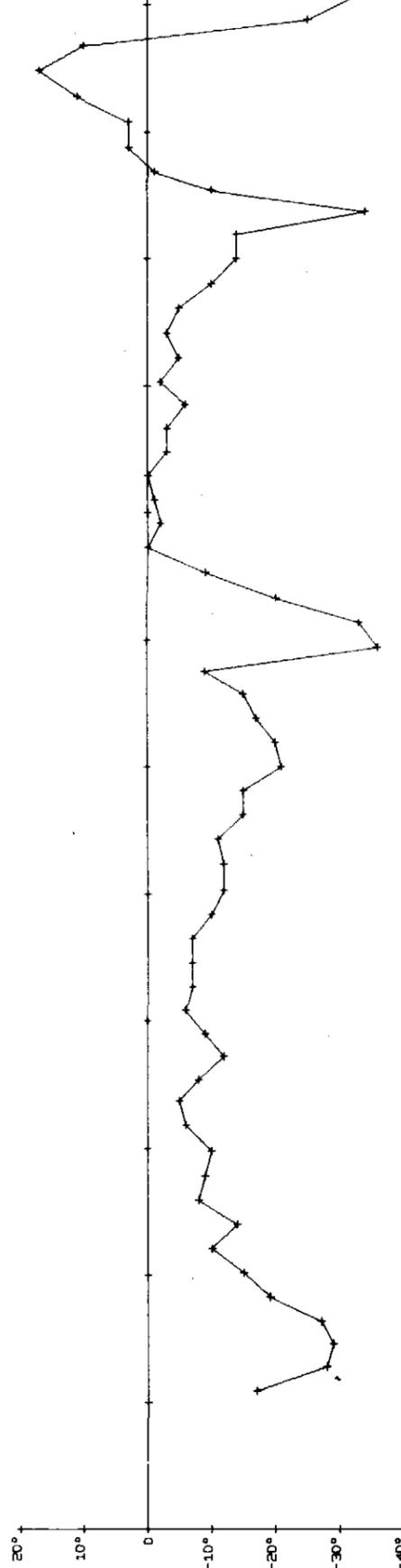
MAGNETICS



E.M.



HAS



5 cm

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COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED

COMSTAFF PROJECT 688

FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)

CRONE E.M. PROFILE 5000N

DRAWN
GEO DRAFT 7/77

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COMPUTER

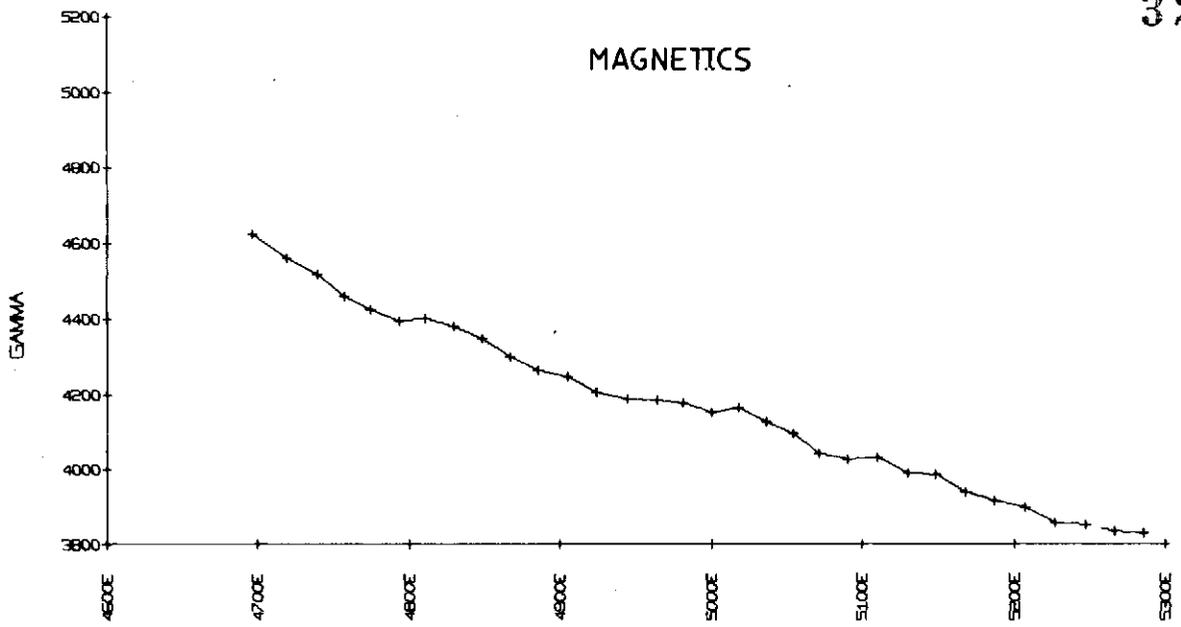
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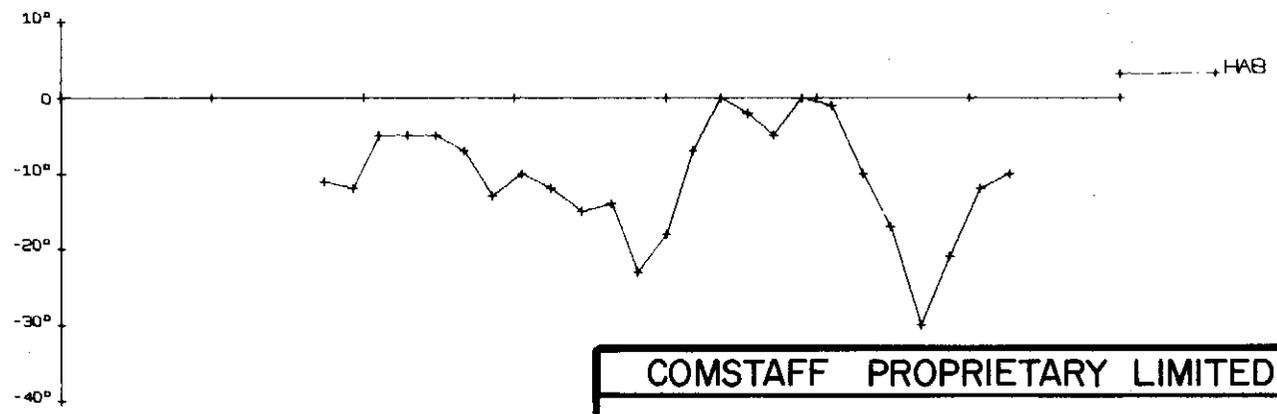
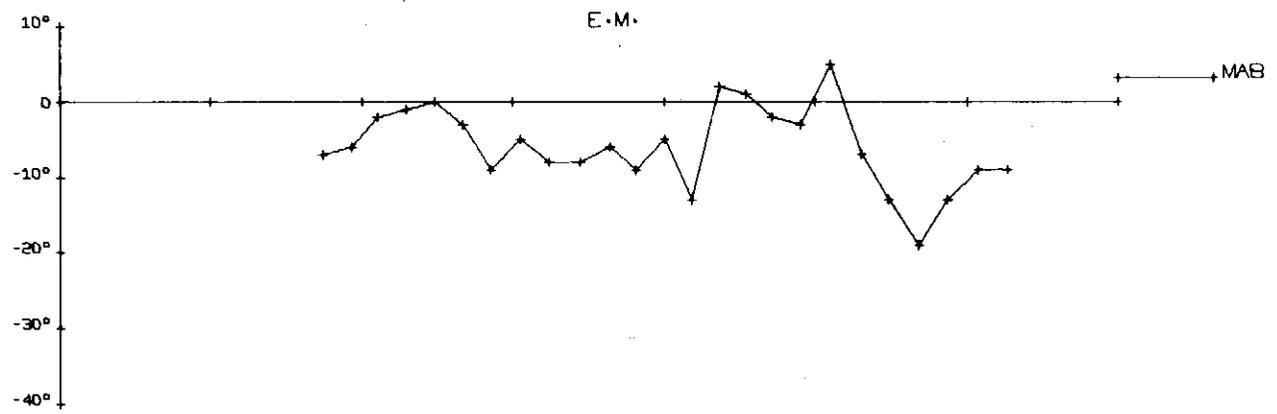
014

322023

MAGNETICS



E.M.

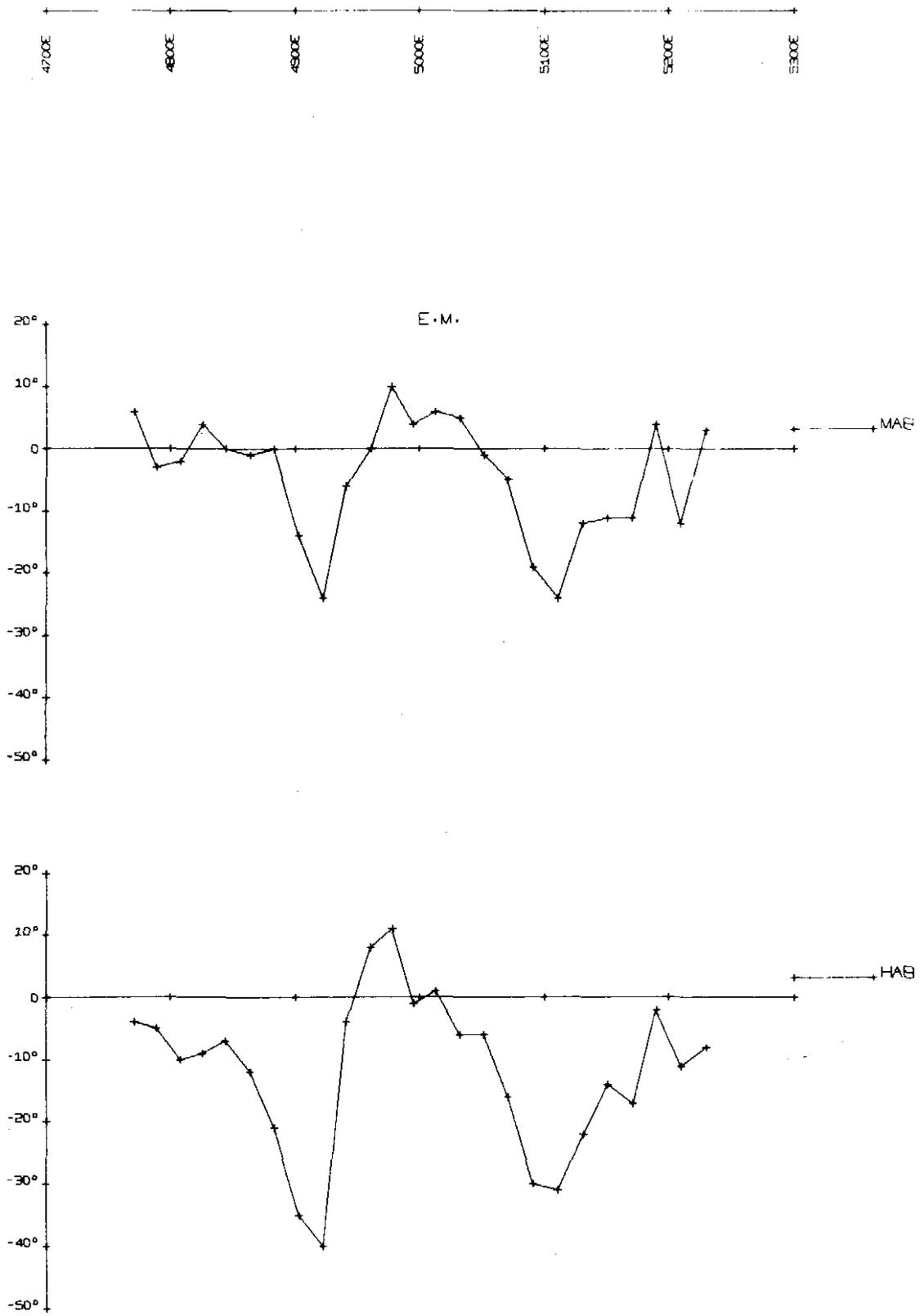


5 cm

COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED			
COMSTAFF PROJECT			
FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)			
CRONE E.M. PROFILE 5120 N			
DRAWN GEODRAFT 7/77	COMPILED COMPUTER	SCALE 1:5000	TAS/2/1173

015

322024



COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED

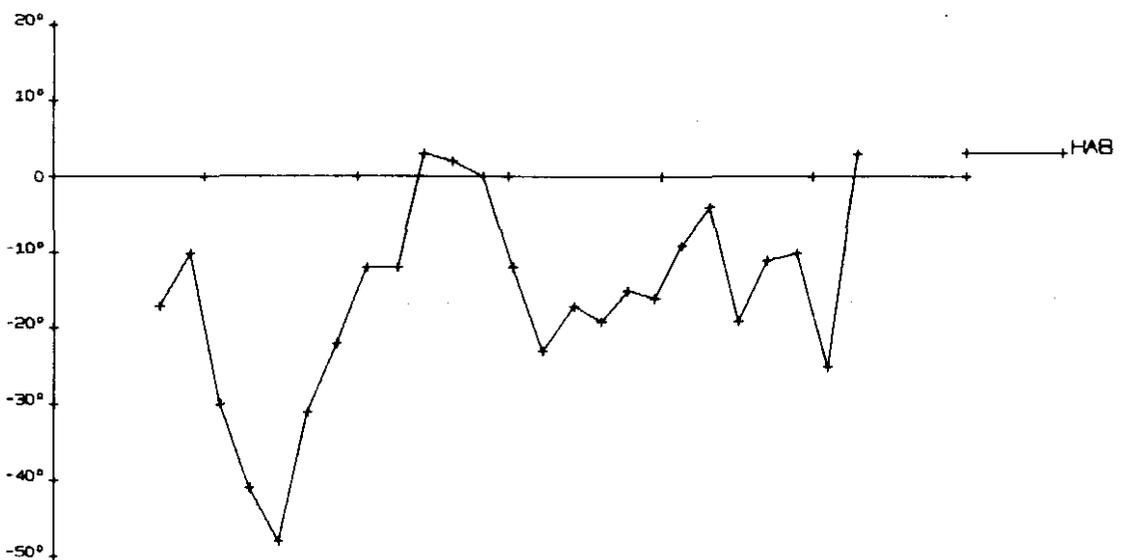
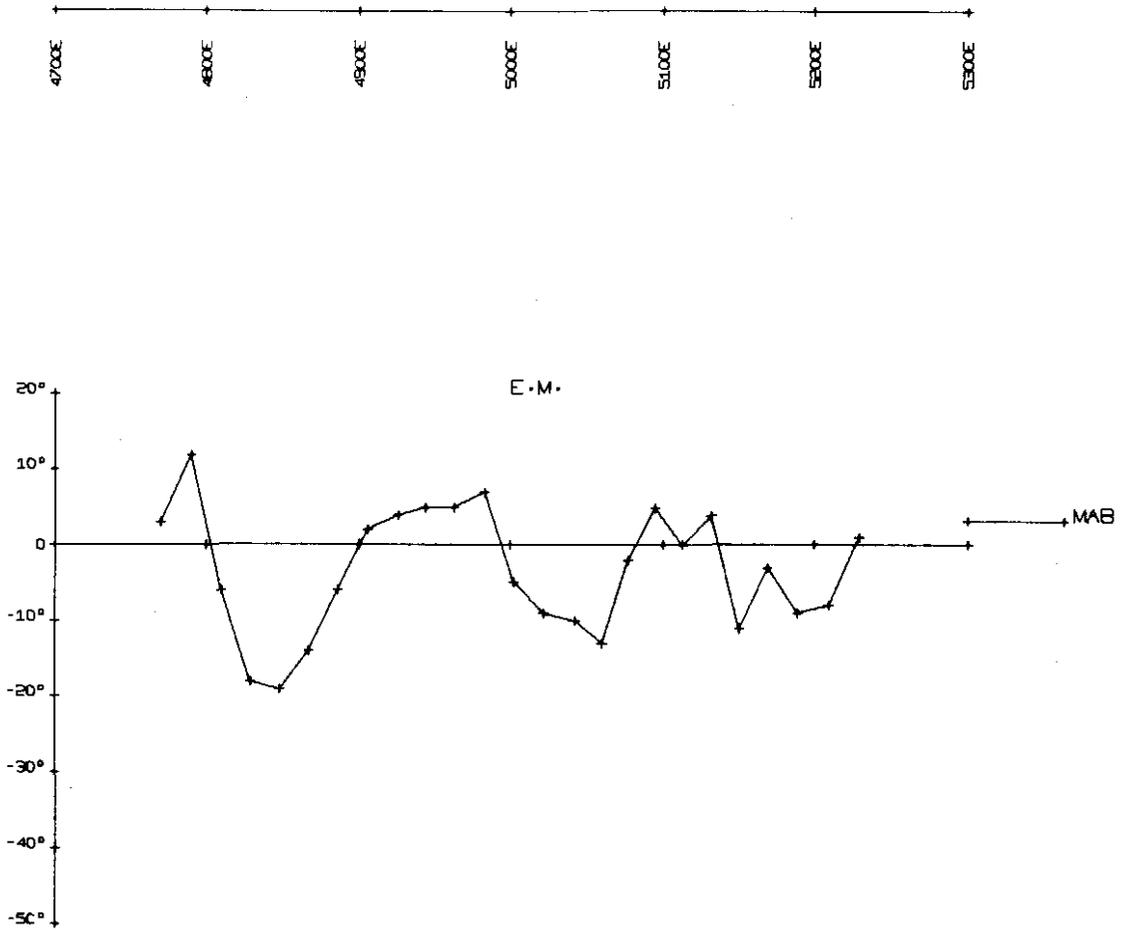
COMSTAFF PROJECT
 FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)
 CRONE E.M. PROFILE 5240 N

DRAWN GEO DRAFT 7/77	COMPILED COMPUTER	SCALE 1: 5000	TAS/2/1177
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5 cm

016

322025



5 cm

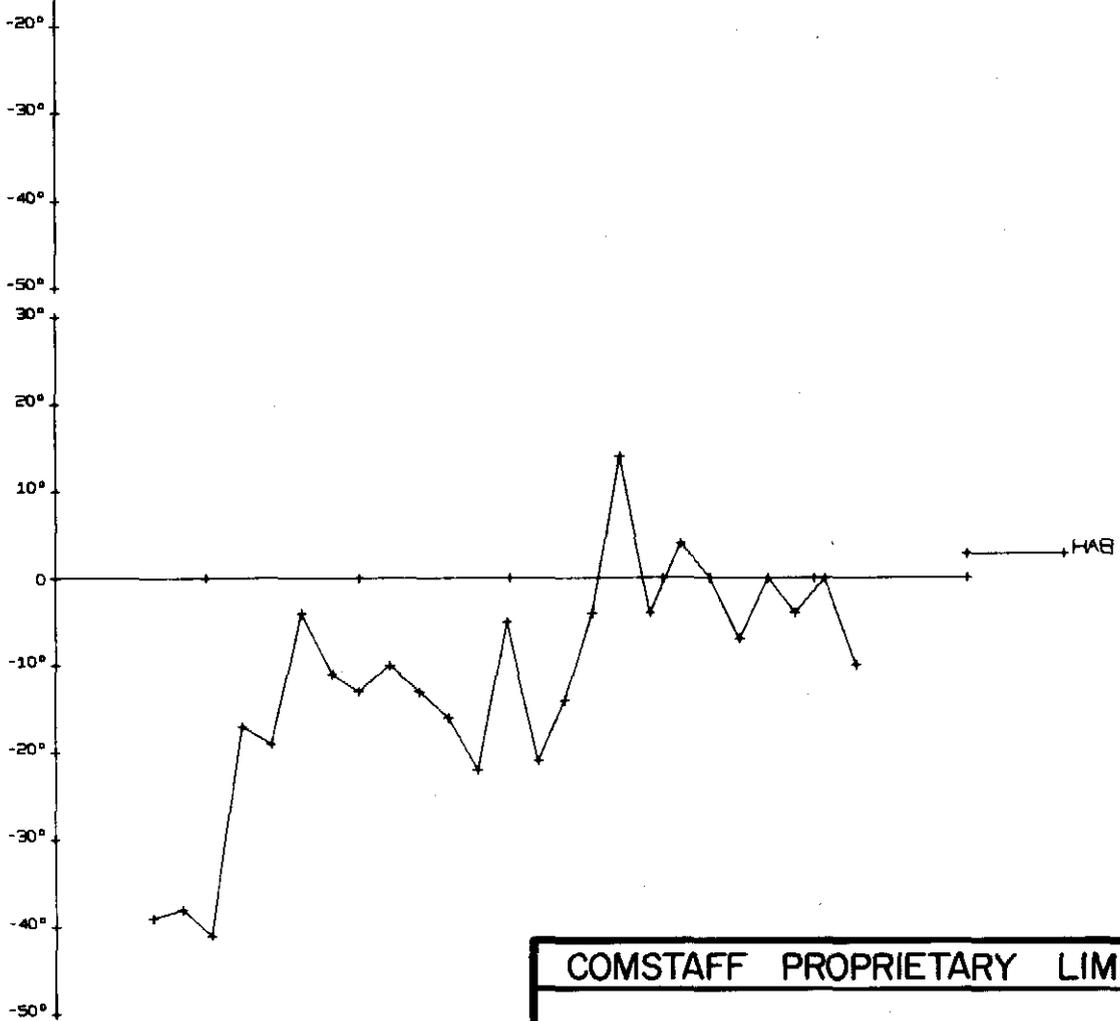
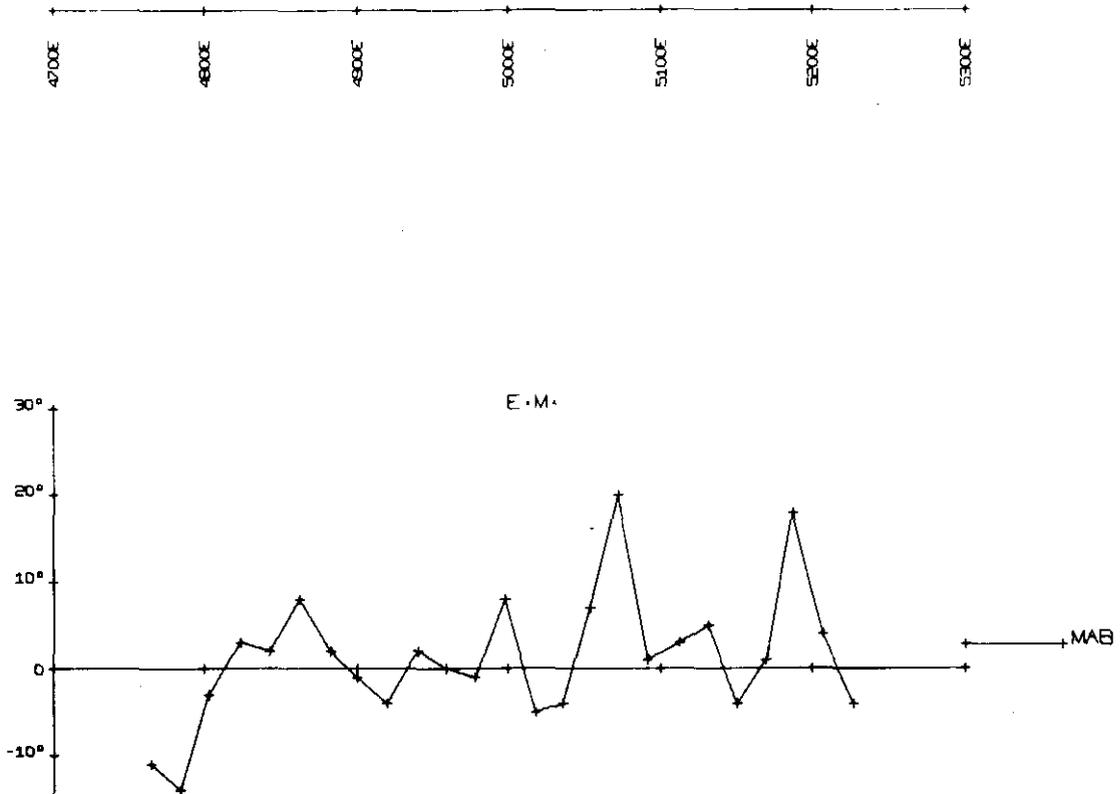
COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED

COMSTAFF PROJECT
 FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)
 CRONE E.M. PROFILE 5360 N

DRAWN: GEODRAFT 7/77 | COMPILED: COMPUTER | SCALE: 1:5000 | TAS/2/1178

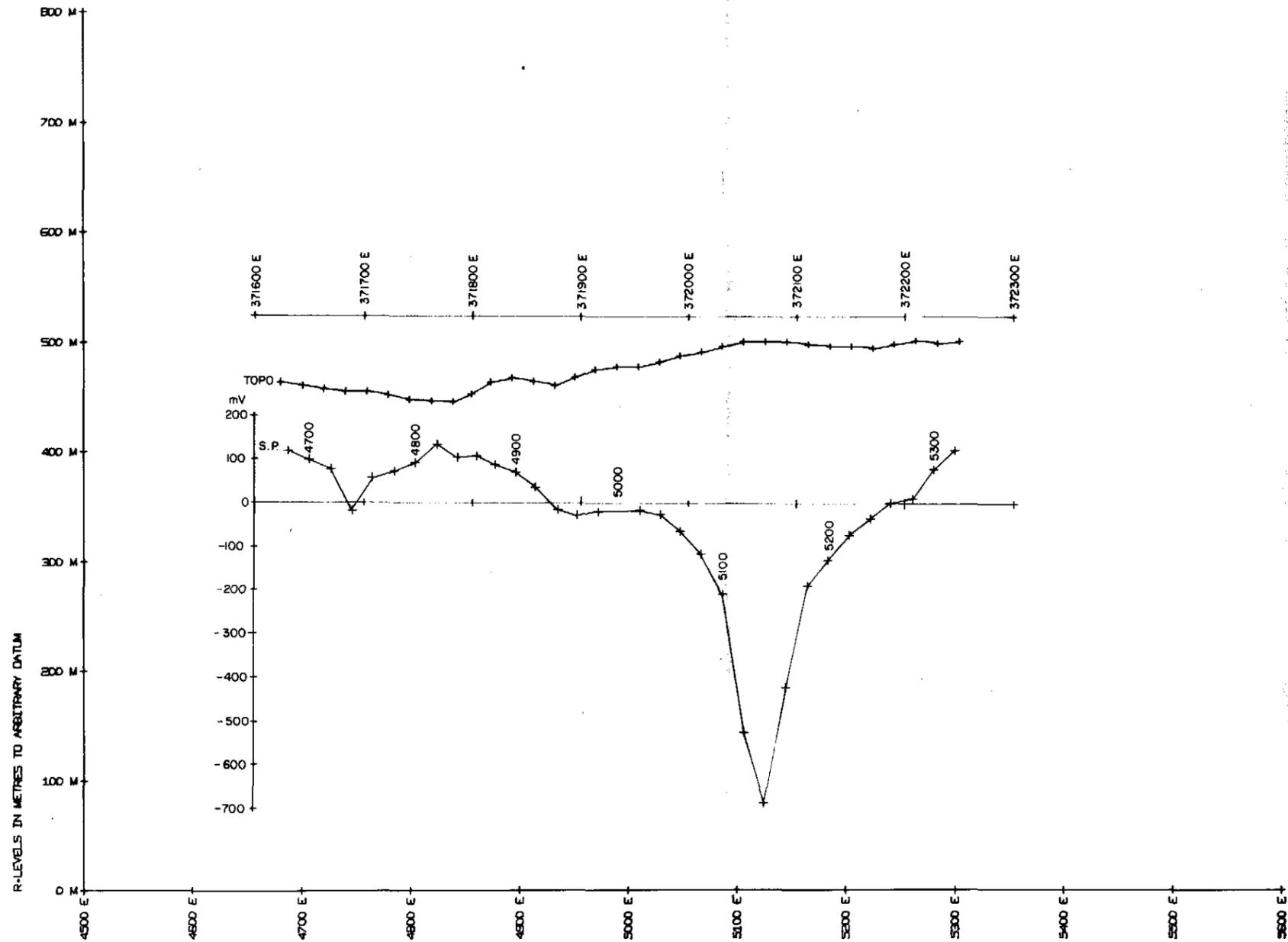
017

322026



5 cm

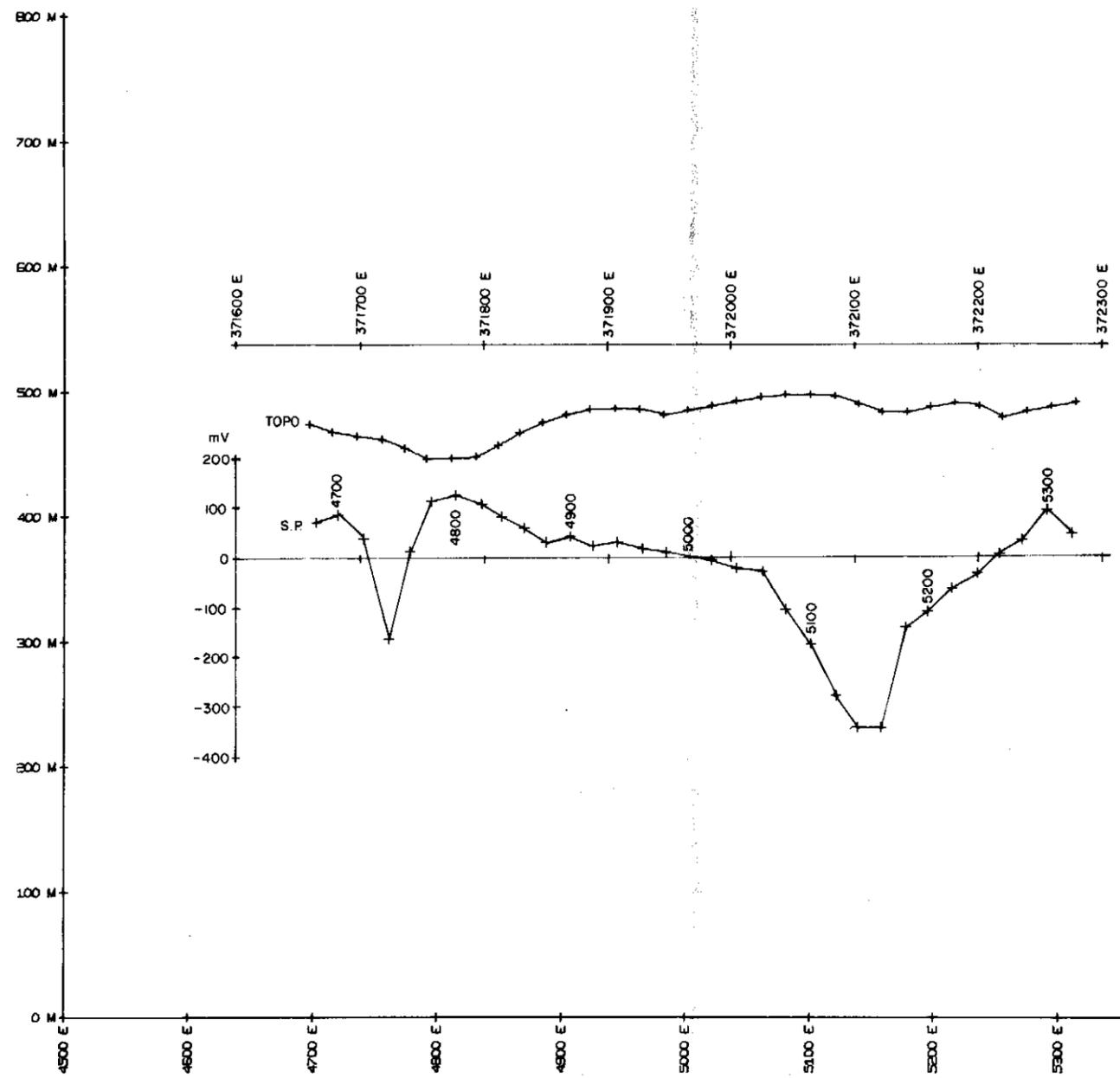
COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED			
COMSTAFF PROJECT			
FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)			
CRONE E.M. PROFILE 5480N			
DRAWN GEDDRAFT 7/77	COMPILED COMPUTER	SCALE 1:5000	TAS/2/1179



5 cm

77-1202

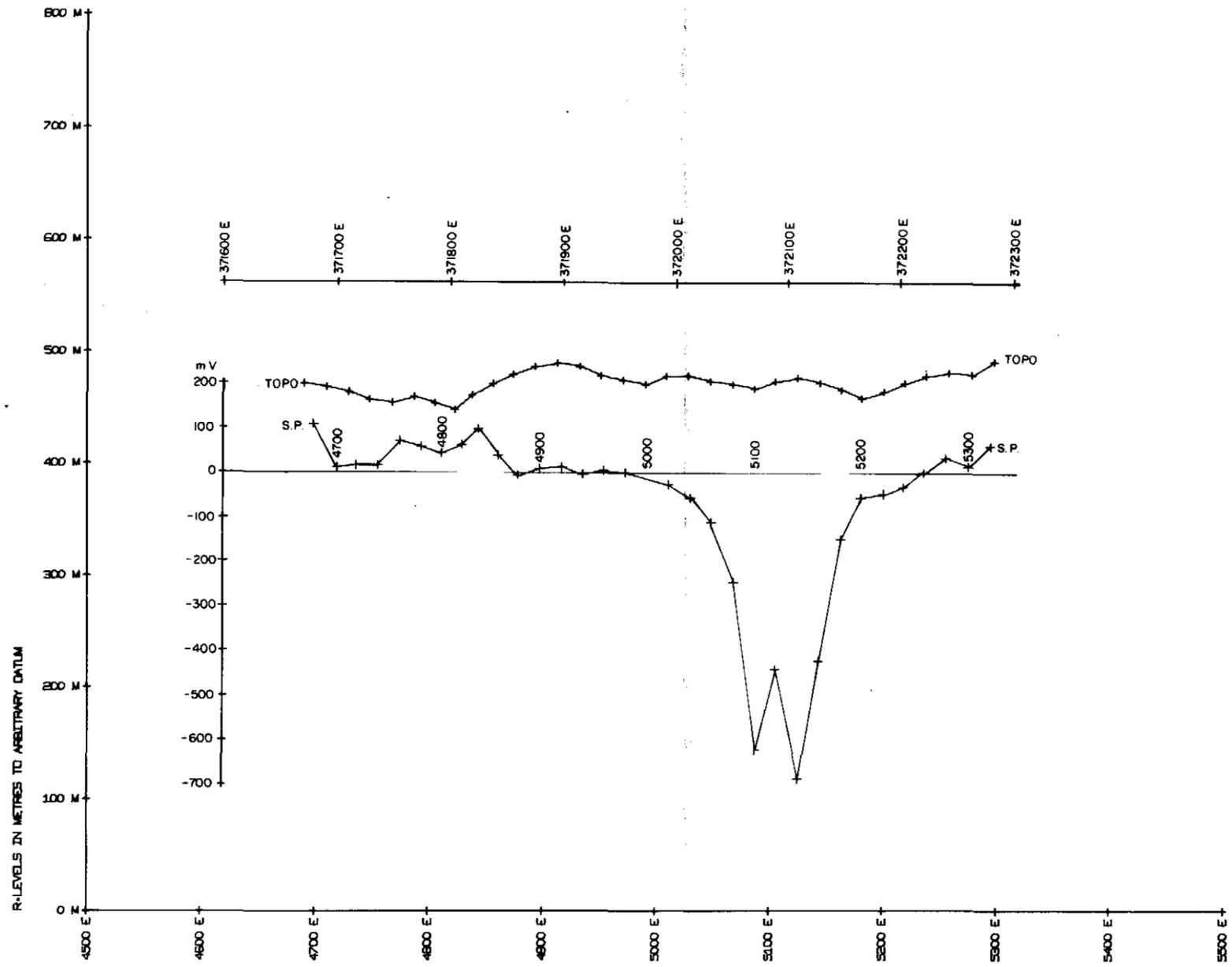
COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED			
COMSTAFF PROJECT		689	
FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)			
SELF POTENTIAL & TOPO PROFILES L 4520 N			
DRAWN GEO DRAFT 7/77	COMPILED COMPUTER	SCALE 1 : 5000	TAS/2/1180



5 cm

77-1202

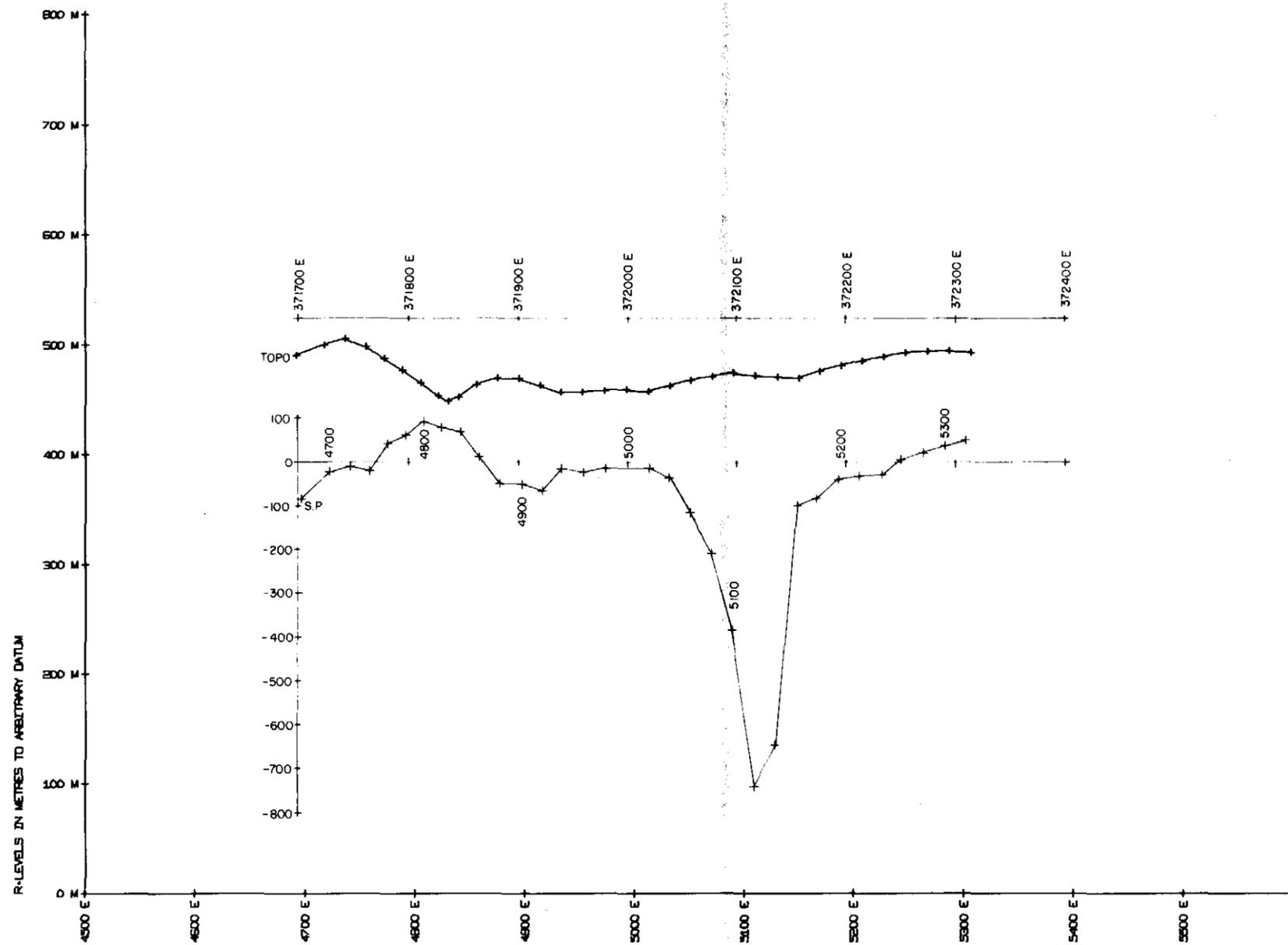
COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED			
COMSTAFF PROJECT 690			
FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)			
SELF POTENTIAL & TOPO PROFILE L 4640 N			
DRAWN GEODRAFT 7/77	COMPILED COMPUTER	SCALE 1: 5000	TAS/2/1181



5 cm

77-12.02

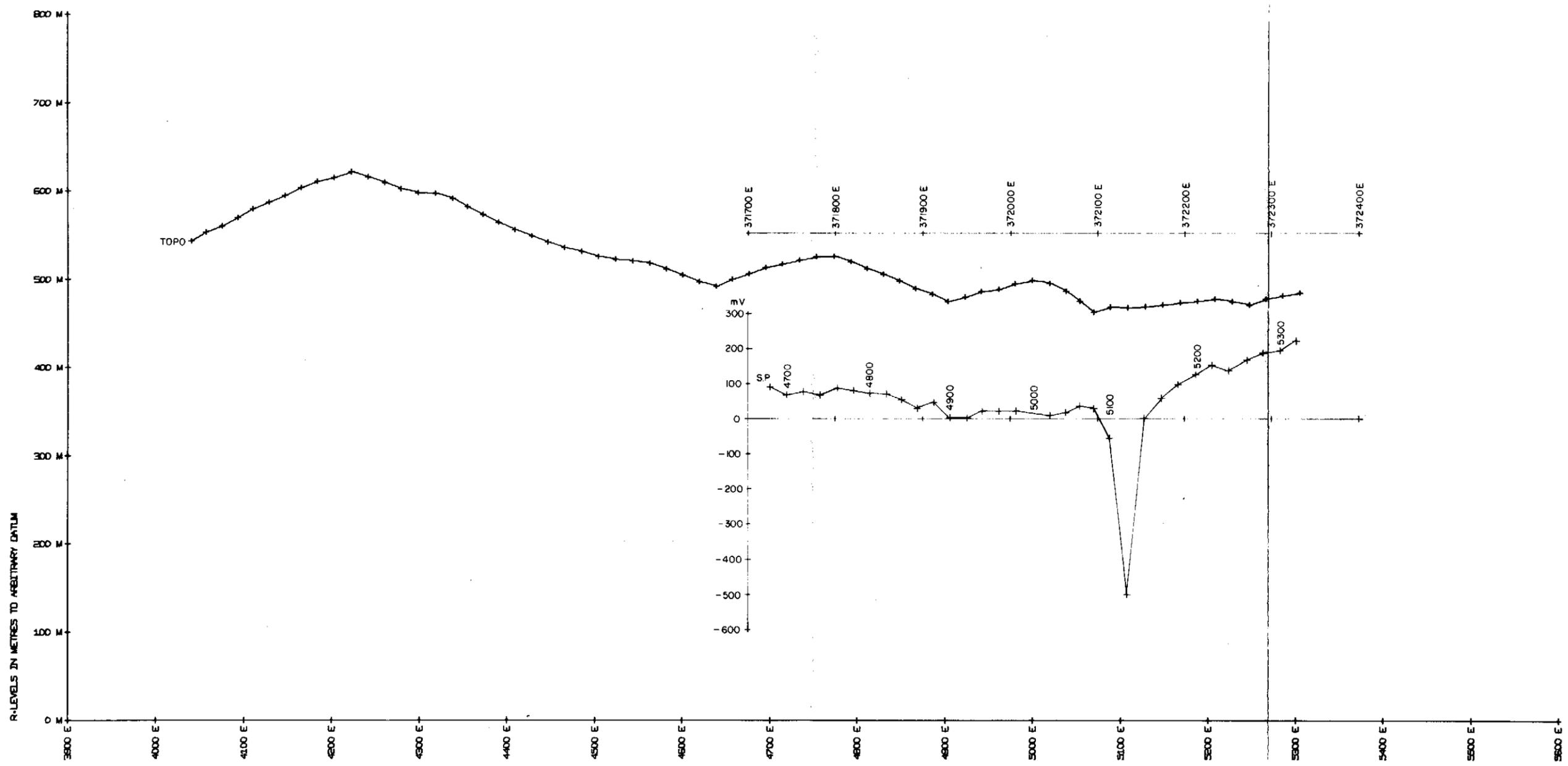
COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED			
COMSTAFF PROJECT			691
FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)			
SELF POTENTIAL & TOPO PROFILES L 4760 N			
DRAWN GEODRAFT 7/77	COMPILED COMPUTER	SCALE 1:5000	TAS/2/1182



5 cm

77-1202

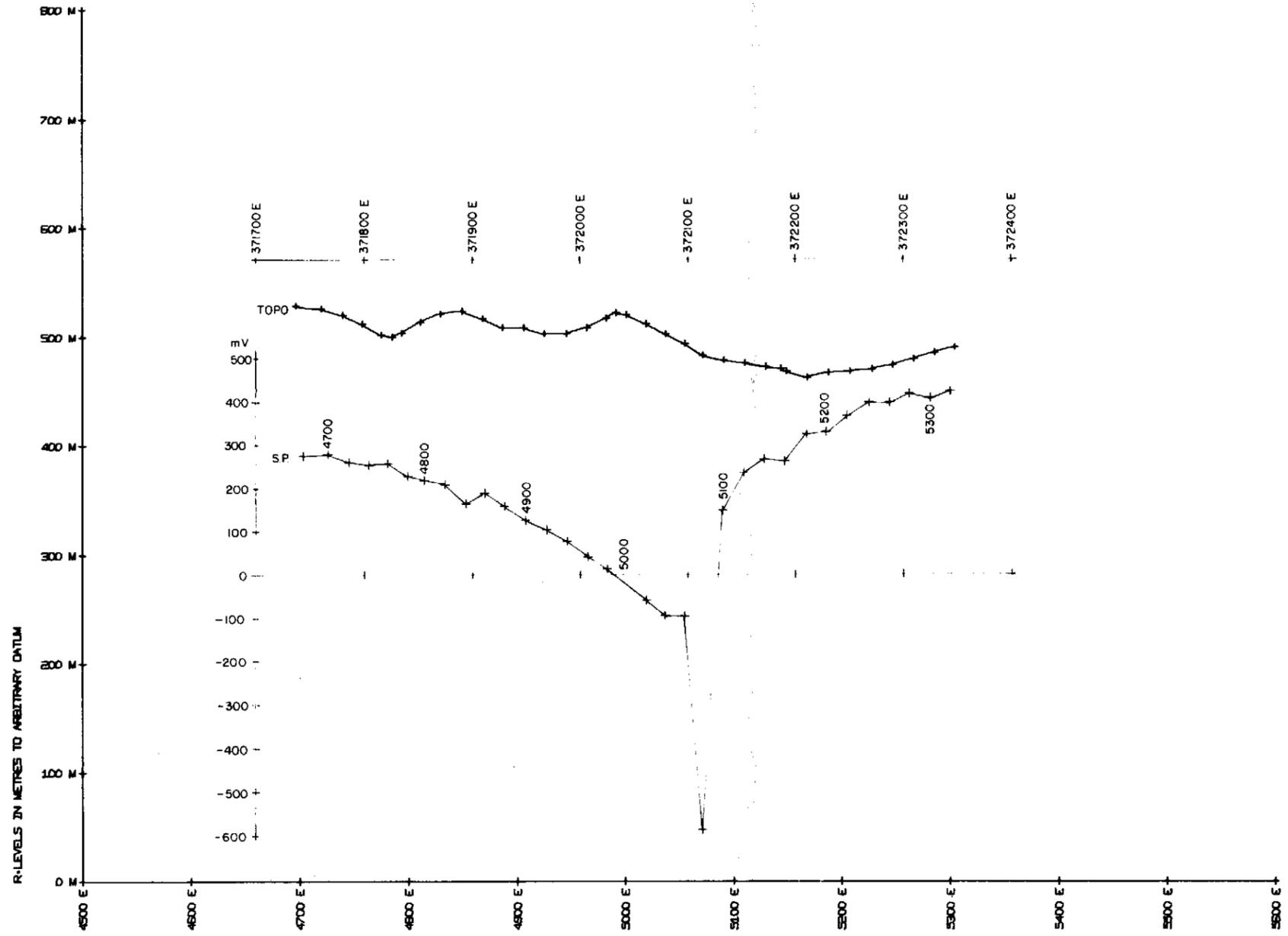
COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED		
COMSTAFF PROJECT 692		
FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)		
SELF POTENTIAL & TOPO PROFILES L4880N		
DRAWN GEODRAFT 7/77	COMPILED COMPUTER	SCALE 1:5000
		TAS/2/1183



5 cm

77-1202

COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED		
COMSTAFF PROJECT		693
FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)		
SELF POTENTIAL & TOPO PROFILES L5000 N		
DRAWN GEO DRAFT 7/77	COMPILED COMPUTER	SCALE 1 : 5000
		TAS/2/1184

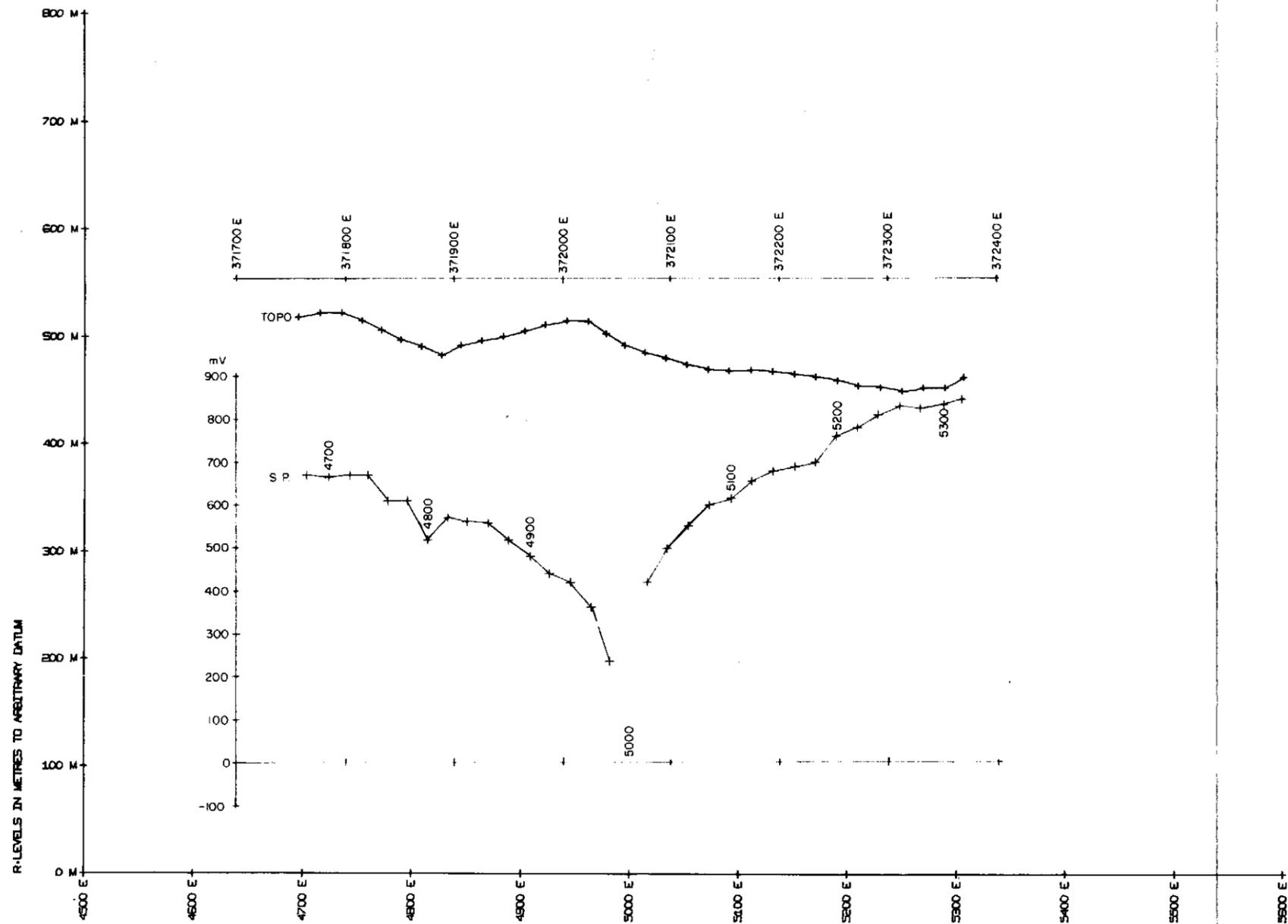


5 cm

77-1202

COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED
 COMSTAFF PROJECT 694
 FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)
 SELF POTENTIAL & TOPO PROFILES L 5120 N

DRAWN GEODRAFT 7/77	COMPILED COMPUTER	SCALE 1:5000	TAS/2/1185
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5 cm

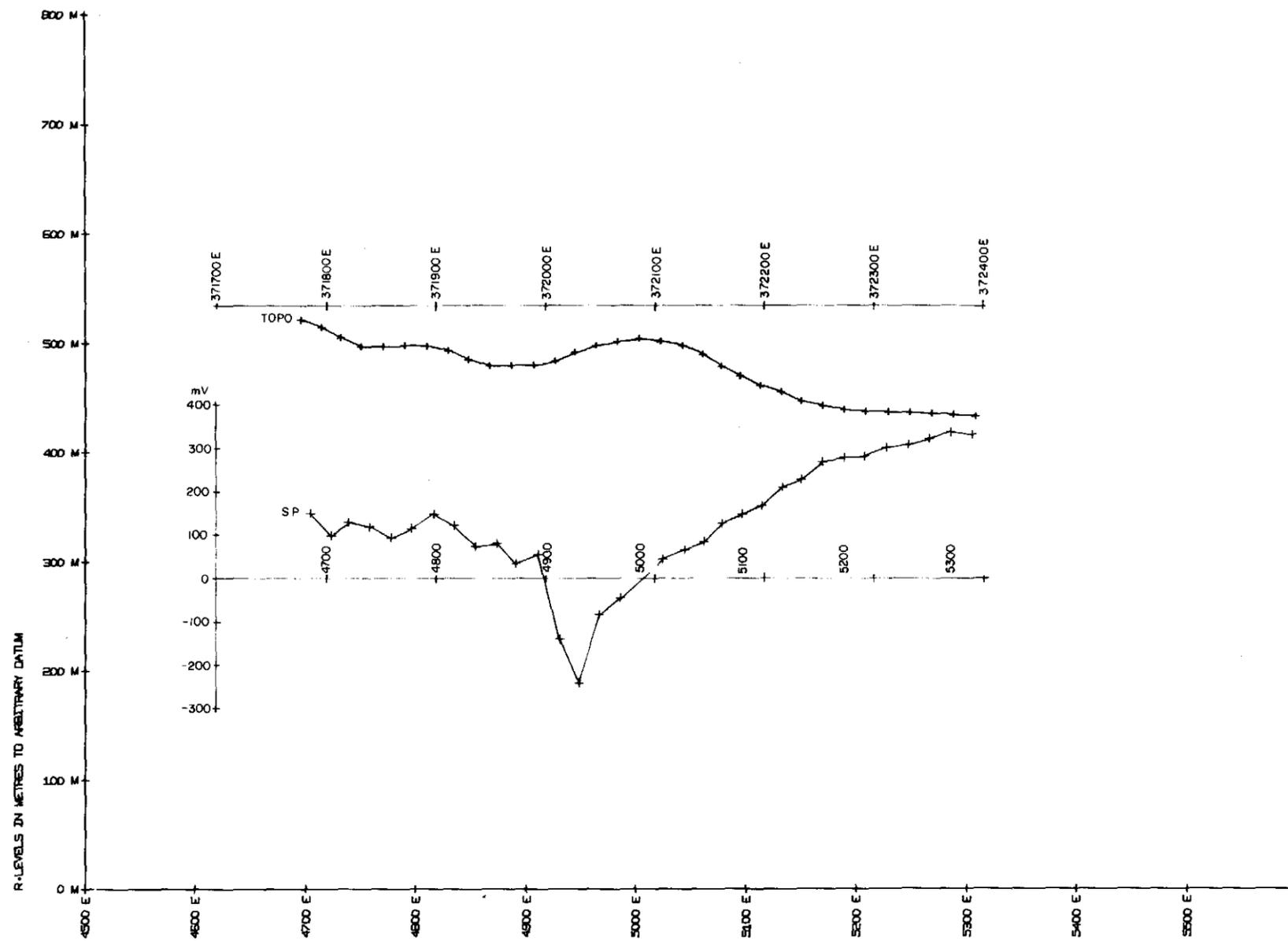
77-1202

COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED

COMSTAFF PROJECT 695

FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)

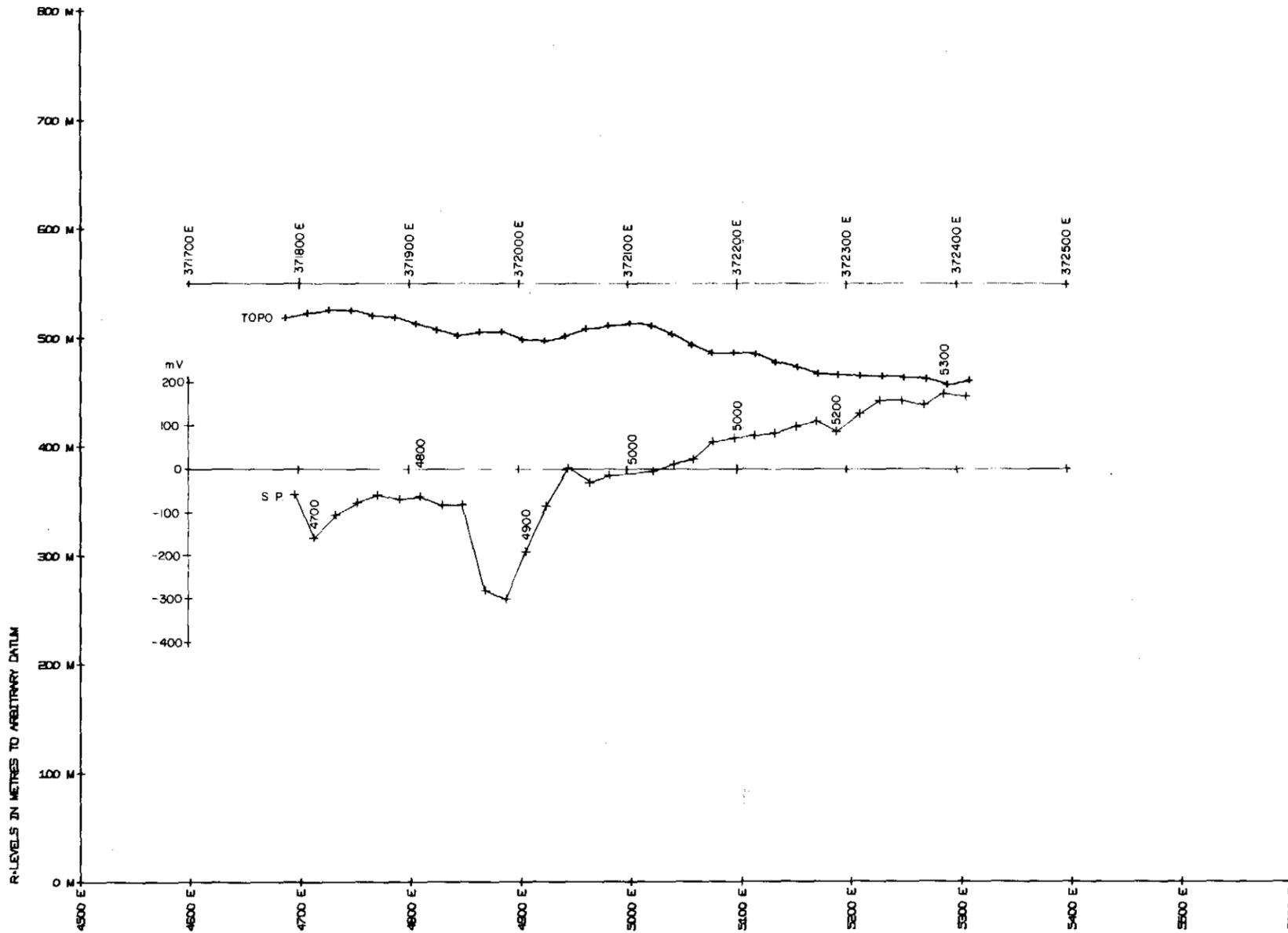
SELF POTENTIAL & TOPO PROFILES L 5240 N



5 cm

77-1202

COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED			
COMSTAFF PROJECT 696			
FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)			
SELF POTENTIAL & TOPO PROFILES L 5360 N			
DRAWN GEODRAFT 7/77	COMPILED COMPUTER	SCALE 1 5000	TAS/2/1187



5 cm

77-1202

COMSTAFF PROPRIETARY LIMITED	
COMSTAFF PROJECT 697	
FAH GRID (HUSKISSON)	
SELF POTENTIAL & TOPO PROFILES L5480 N	
DRAWN GEOGRAFT 7/77	COMPILED COMPUTER
SCALE 1:5000	TAS/2/1188