

SMD 11: 750E/100S, vertical, depth 120 m. To test central part of main magnetic anomaly. Basalt with mudstone interbeds to 31 m, then wrigglite interbedded with various metasilstone and calc-silicate rock to 69 m.

SMD 12: 450E/50N, vertical, depth 123 m. To test an area with no magnetic high, to determine rock types, at NW perimeter of the main magnetic anomaly. Basalt with underlying deep lead sediments to 40 m, then cavernous limestone to 91 m, then relatively minor wrigglite interbedded with calc-silicate rock and metasilstone to 109 m.

SMD 13: 1450E/50S, vertical, depth 182 m. To test the magnetic anomaly to the east of Bismuth Creek. Anomaly was puzzling since sandstone occurs at the surface.

Sandstone to 84 m, then through a fault into skarn to 113 m. Skarn is very rich in sphalerite in places; up to 27.5% Zn (89.10 to 90.00) and averaging 8.6% Zn over 16.65 m from 87.35 to 104.00 (see Table below). This skarn seems to be replacement of pre-existing calc-silicate rock and wrigglite. Below skarn there is calc-silicate rock to 124, then sandstone.

SMD 16 was drilled into the same anomaly and established that the fault is a flat lying reverse fault, where older sandstone has been brought over the top of limestone or skarn. It is not known whether this reverse fault predates or post dates mineralization.

<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	<u>Int.</u>	<u>% Zn</u>	<u>Int x Zn</u>
87.35	88.50	1.15	6.30	7.25
88.50	89.10	0.60	13.80	8.28
89.10	90.00	0.90	27.50	24.75
90.00	91.00	1.00	14.50	14.50
91.00	92.00	1.00	5.25	5.25
92.00	93.00	1.00	12.50	12.50
93.00	94.00	1.00	11.50	11.50
94.00	95.00	1.00	8.50	8.50
95.00	96.00	1.00	13.00	13.00
96.00	97.00	1.00	5.40	5.40
97.00	98.25	1.25	0.43	0.54
98.25	99.25	1.00	1.31	1.31
99.25	100.25	1.00	7.75	7.75
100.25	101.25	1.00	10.40	10.40
101.25	102.25	1.00	7.00	7.00
102.25	103.25	1.00	4.65	4.65
103.25	104.00	0.75	1.63	1.22
<u>Total 16.65 m</u>			<u>wt.av. 8.63%</u>	<u>143.76</u>

SMD 14: 100W/175N, vertical, depth 194 m. Not logged by PWA, see graphical sedimentological log of P.W. Stainton. To test E.I.P. chargeability anomaly (Post Office anomaly).