

167

coincident with a resistivity high was recorded over the tailings dump.

*LINE 1050E:-* A 13 to 14 millisecond anomaly recorded at about 188N is due to a disseminated sulphide and/or graphite source at a maximum depth of about 50 to 60 metres. This response comes from the zone to the immediate north of the western flank of the fault zone *but is not due to the fault as such.* However, should graphite and/or sulphide mineralisation be present within the fault zone, this may well give rise to the response.

A second 6 millisecond response centred at 088N also from a source showing no apparent resistivity contrast with the enclosing rocks is considered to have a maximum depth to source of 25 metres and a southerly dip. This is probably due to a sulphide enriched zone from within the skarn zone.

A small 4 to 5 millisecond response at 087S from a source twice as resistive as the enclosing skarn rocks could be due to sulphides and silicification within the skarn.

*LINE 1150E:-* The most striking feature observed was a 25 millisecond anomaly centred at 138N, but whose source lies between 088N and 175N. The maximum depth to the source is of the order of 25 metres and the source is some three times