

(025/026)

#025 F/T:-; C:625N; T:A; S:-6; D:50M; DF:s/N

#026 F/T:-; C:675N; T:A; S:-5; D:50M?; DF:N

Anomalies #025 and #026 are related and are in close proximity. They may either represent two separate sources, or edges of a broader source.

#027 F/T:837N-888N; C:850N; T:C; S:(R)-8; D:60M; DF:F/N

This substantial Type 'C' response is most likely to emanate from a broad chargeable zone rather than a single conductor.

#028 F/T:-; C:975N; T:D; S:+4(150%); D:70M; DF:N

This very strong zone of external polarization current within a relatively conductive zone at 975N represents the path of discharge of the substantial Type 'C' response to the south and Type 'A' response to the north (probably related to #013).

#029 F/T:-; C:1050N; T:A; S:(R)-9; D:60M; DF:N/S

This response, although classified as a Type 'A', could be interpreted as a slightly conductive chargeable source on a contact between a conductive (to the south) and a resistive (to the north) unit. This is inferred by a slight shoulder in the H_N profile.