

561

#072 & #073 F/T:475S-312S; C:450S, 325S; T:A,A/B; S:-3, -2
D:50M & 30M; DF:N

These two associated chargeable sources correlate with similar anomalies, #061 and #062, on line 400W, but are of lesser magnitude.

#074 F/T:-; C:ABOUT 275S; T:D; S:+7(150%); D:50/70M; DF:N

This strong external polarization axis is coincident with an increase in H_N to 150% against backgrounds of 80% or less to the north and south. The response correlates with #063 on line 400W.

#075 F/T:-; C:175S; T:A; S:-6(RELATIVE -12); D:75M; DF:N/F

The substantial -12 milligamma/gamma internal polarization anomaly has a source of "normal" grain size hosted within a medium which is *more resistive* than the enclosing rocks. This feature is contained between two conductive axes on this line (#074 and #076) and while it can be traced west between the westerly extensions of these conductors, this is the first line where it forms a major internal polarization feature on its own merit.

#076 F/T:-; C:ABOUT 112S; S:??; T:D; D:??; DF:s

The overlap in arrays obscures this feature. However, a strong external polarization feature is inferred centred at about 112S(+). This correlates with a similar feature at about 125S on line 400W.

#077 & #078 F/T:075S-050N; C:050S & 020N; T:B,B; S:-4,-6;
D:50/60M(BOTH); DF:N, S