

SCINTREX

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to 1400 ohm-metres was recorded. The source which is less resistive than the enclosing rocks, is estimated to lie at a maximum depth of about 45 metres. This response is of *SECONDARY* interest at best.

382325E - 383700E

The western margin of this sector is marked by a major rock type change at about 382300E, with resistivities to 1000 ohm-metres to the immediate west and 10,000 ohm-metres to the immediate east. To the east of 383700E the resistivity falls unevenly and gradually to 1000 ohm-metres, while the chargeability climbs unevenly but gradually from a low 10 millivolts/volt to about 20 millivolts/volt. There are four major deviations from this background, these are:-

Sharp, 6 millivolts/volt responses were noted at 382650E, 383010E and 383070E, all from within higher 4000 ohm-metres (+) resistivities. The maximum depth to these sources which are considered of *SECONDARY* interest are about 25 to 30 metres.

A significant broad response of 8 millivolts/volt above background recorded centred at 383412E, is associated with a more substantial sharp 50% fall in apparent resistivity to 1700 ohm-metres at 383400E. This displacement, together with the form of the chargeability anomaly suggests the source has an east dip, and a maximum depth of about 60 metres. The response is of *SECONDARY* interest.

383700E - 384075E

Over this section the background resistivity falls from 1000 ohm-metres