

**SCINTREX**

no apparent contrast in the resistivity between the chargeable source and the enclosing rocks. The response should be followed up by extending the line to the west should this anomaly of secondary interest be found to have potential economic interest.

Line 5387900N      378900E to 379700E     $a = 100$  metres,  $n = 1$  to 4

Surveyed 7-6-79

The resistivity data shows a progressive increase in resistivity from 500 ohm-metres ( $\pm$ ) to the east of 379200E to twice this level at depth, indicating more resistive rocks at depth. The chargeability, however, while varying about the 10 millivolts/volt( $\pm$ ) level, shows no definitive pattern other than to infer slightly more chargeable rocks between 379200E and 379400E within 100 metres of surface.

There are no significant anomalies of potential economic interest.

Line 5387700N      378660E to 379460E     $a = 100$  metres,  $n = 1$  to 4

Surveyed 7.6.79

The resistivity shows a variation from 550 ohm-metres to 2200 ohm-metres, while the chargeability varies about the 10 millivolts/volt  $\pm 2$  millivolts/volt level. While there are no significant responses of potential economic interest, progressively lower chargeability to 6 millivolts/volt from twice this level with increasing  $n$  values at 378960E, indicates a less chargeable (more acid?) rock unit at depth.