

The writer suggests the perimeter of the Stanniferous Greisen Granite Zone has been adequately tested for exploration purposes.

b) The structures which control ore grade mineralisation are adequately known. The following structural features are considered fundamental for mine planning purposes:

- distinction between overburden and ore. This structure is the roof contact of the Anchor Granite above which is developed barren granite. Near the open cut the overburden is weathered.
- lateral and lower limits of mineralisation. This is essentially a grade problem.
- features affecting continuity of mineralisation. Structural complexities in the dipping roof contact are evident near B Lens.

c) The tonnage and grade estimates are inadequate to fulfill the requirements of the Definitive Feasibility Study.

Summarised estimates are:

<u>POSSIBLE ORE (NOT RESERVES) AT 0.2% TIN CUT-OFF</u>		
Zone	Tonnage	Grade
A Lens	425,500	0.51% Sn
B Lens	208,400	0.45% Sn
Total	633,900	0.49% Sn
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<u>ORE POTENTIAL AT 0.1% TIN CUT-OFF</u>		
Zone	Tonnage	Grade
A Lens marginal	193,000	0.21
	82,800	0.25
B. Lens	1,243,800	0.23
	1,360,000	0.23
Total	2,879,600 tonnes	0.23% Sn