

MD 42 was collared at 1170 m E/97 m N just east of the BCF to intersect the wrigglite skarn below Hugo's Fault. It was hoped this zone would have higher grade mineralization than holes further away from the fault. (Refer plans D/MZ 01/109, 145).

<u>FROM</u>	<u>TO</u>	<u>CORE LENGTH(m)</u>	<u>LITHOLOGY</u>
0.00	137.00	137.00	Moina sandstone.
137.00	143.00	6.00	Hugo's Fault with mainly broken Moina Sandstone and quartz veining.
143.00	158.00	15.00	Hugo's Fault with mainly broken and brecciated wrigglite, garnet skarns etc.
158.00	164.60	6.60	Wrigglite/magnetite skarn with feldspar veining.
164.60	165.60	1.00	Fractured quartzite.
165.60	174.10	8.50	Wrigglite/magnetite-chlorite skarn with feldspar veining.
174.10	177.00	2.90	Garnet-magnetite skarn. Feldspar veins.
177.00	178.50	1.50	Quartzite.
178.50	192.60	14.10	Garnet/garnet-magnetite skarn.
192.60	195.20	2.60	Chlorite-garnet-pyrite (to 10%).
195.20	199.30	4.10	Chlorite Moina Sandstone.
199.30	208.00	8.70	Moina Sandstone.

Summary assays from this hole are as follows:

<u>INTERVAL(m)</u>	<u>CORE LENGTH(m)</u>	<u>ASSAYS</u>	
		<u>Sn ppm</u>	<u>W ppm</u>
158.00 - 177.00	19.00	1350	475

This hole has indicated either a rapid steepening of the dip of Hugo's Fault or the presence of an additional north-south fault (indicated by magnetics) between MD 39 and MD 42. The skarn intersected did not show any notable increase in Sn, W grade.