

RH12 and very little of the sequence was clearly bedded or well-sorted although much of the sequence was apparently erupted into water.

The silicified zone identified on surface by C. Eastoe as extending conformably within the volcanoclastic/pyroclastic sequence stratigraphically above the chlorite alteration pipe in the Red Hills Lavas, possibly correlates with a zone of silicified lava breccia at 122.5-136.8m in RH12, with relict colloform-textured chalcedonic cement around the lava blocks. This was possibly some form of sinterous deposit on the margin of the Basin.

Future drilling should be concentrated further south in the Basin.

RED HILLS

References

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