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rocks are similar to Crimson Creek volcanic wackes, however the present interpretation includes them within the Westcott Argillite Formation of the Rosebery Group. Thin beds of dacite to rhyolite crystal tuff outcrop north of the Ring River on line 5,367,500mN. A narrow unit of quartz arenite and siltstone occur towards the top of the Westcott Argillite.

Salisbury Conglomerate:

Lenses of conglomerate occur within the Westcott Argillite and Munro Creek Slate Formations at the south extremity of the grid and along the Moores' Pimple track (figure 3). The conglomerate is composed of 30 to 60% well rounded pebbles and cobbles of siltstone chert, quartz and quartzite in a fine to coarse grained sand matrix of the same composition. A bright green mineral, fuchsite occurs associated with fractures in the matrix and on pebbles and cobbles. Formation of the fuchsite is probably related to the Moores' Pimple Gabbro. A narrow limestone bed was exposed on the new road accessing Moores' Pimple track. The outcrop is situated at 5,364,250mN 374,325mE. The limestone strikes 340° dipping vertically. A narrow vein in the limestone contained a sphalerite stringer 1cm wide. A four metre wide dolomite bed outcrops on the Moores' Pimple track at 5,364,300mN 374,250mE.

Natone Volcanics:

Natone Volcanics outcrop on the new road accessing Moores' Pimple track. Rhyolite, white, fine grained, with weakly developed flow banding, up to 5% quartz phenocrysts (0.25mm) and white fine grained rhyolite tuff, interbedded with black shale were exposed in the road cut.

Munro Creek Slate Formation:

The Munro Creek Slate Formation is composed of 70 to 95% laminated shales interbedded with narrow beds of quartz arenite, rhyolite quartz feldspar crystal tuffs, and minor volcanic wackes.

The black shales are laminated, commonly micaceous and pyritic.