

Ag, Au, Ni, Co, Cr and some for Mn, Mo, W, As and Fe. The 1977/78 sampling (Macnamara, 1979a) delineated seven anomalous areas (Figure 2). Several of these were confirmed by the 1979 sampling (Macnamara 1980a) which also delineated several other anomalous areas (Figure 3).

Follow-up work of the Montezuma anomaly was hampered by access problems in 1978/79. Only one of the old CGFA lines was resampled and confirmed the CGFA anomaly (Macnamara 1979b). This area has now been joint ventured with E.Z./Getty.

Most other CSR Limited investigations (until 1981/82) were confined to the north^{we}east of the Licence (Cuni/Lead Blocks area). This drainage anomaly was covered by 16 grid lines which were traversed with magnetics, VLF-EM and 1850 auger soil samples. Three anomalous zones were located:-

- (a) Lead Blocks area showed Sn/Cu/Zn/Pb/Ag/Ni/Co anomalies (Macnamara, 1980b). Diamond drill testing of these showed only minor intersections of Pb/Zn/Ag mineralisation (Macnamara, 1981a).
- (b) Cu/Zn/Pb/Ag/Co anomalies at Cuni have not been confirmed (Macnamara 1981b).
- (c) Cu/Zn/Pb/Au/Ni/Co/Cr anomalies in the Nevada Grid were associated with ultramafics on the Razorback Conglomerate-Hodge Slate contact.

The only other pre 1982 investigation of E.L. 15/76 by CSR Limited was an airborne input/magnetic test survey of four lines. The six anomalies located related to stratigraphic, cultural or intrusive features in areas which had been thoroughly investigated (Macnamara, 1981c).