

## Voyager 9 - 8400N/11200E

Lead-zinc geochemical anomaly at eastern edge of old Voyager 9 grid. Situated adjacent to 'kink' in major N-S linear/fault structure, localized chloritic alteration. Strong coincident resistivity low with good depth extent.

Deserves: (i) Infill IP-Resistivity on 100m lines spacing.  
 (ii) Close spaced geochemical sampling.  
 (iii) Trenching over geochemical peaks/Resistivity lows to determine source type.

## Voyager 9 South-East - 7000N/11900E

Coincident Pb-Zn geochemical anomaly at extreme South East corner of gridded area. Suggestion of Res-IP anomaly developing at end of line. Geology not well known.

Requires: (i) Extension of IP.  
 (ii) Extension of bedrock geochemical sampling.  
 (iii) Trenching if warranted.

## 3.3. GOLD - TIN EXPLORATION

Panned concentrate drainage sampling should be extended outward from Voyager 30 and Stoney Creek Microgranite areas to fully define the extent of the drainage anomalies.

C-Horizon geochemical sampling at 25m intervals has not satisfactorily outlined zones of gold mineralization at Voyager 30. However, at Voyager 24, the technique appears to successfully outline a stratabound gold anomaly suggesting that it's use (perhaps on a closer sampling pattern) should be extended to north and (particularly) south-west to assist in definition of gold distribution and drill targetting.

Consideration should be given to a program involving shallow percussion drilling on a systematic pattern over the favourable rock unit to obtain fairly large samples of primary rock to allow an assessment of extent, continuity and grade of the gold mineralization.