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The principal feature is a narrow, NNW elongate Pb, Zn, Ag anomaly of some 300m strike length (between 13800N and 14100N) coincident with the contact between argillaceous shales and tuffaceous sandstones within the 'Western Sequence'.

Close spaced auger sampling (5m and 2m intervals) over the anomaly on lines 14000N and 14100N indicated peak values of 4.1%Pb, 1.25%Zn and 180gm/t Ag with upto 290ppb Au and 0.3%As.

Geochem profiles are shown on Plan No 56. Lead to zinc ratios are high ( >1) tending to indicate a vein style association.

A less coherent and weaker group of Pb-Zn-Ag anomalies roughly coincident with a broad IP anomaly, occurs on lines 14200N-14300N between 9200E and 9600E within a fairly massive quartz (feldspar-biotite) porphyritic rhyolite unit immediately below the 'Tyndal Group' unconformity.

5.2.3. Trenching

14100N: A 40m long trench was excavated to bedrock, (with hand tools) across the peak of the geochemical anomaly on line 14100N between 8870E and 8910E.

One metre continuous rock chip/channel samples were obtained from the bottom of the trench and analysed for Cu, Pb, Zn, Fe, Ag, Au, As, Ba, Sn and W. Analytical results (KR 10908 - 10940 representing 1 metre intervals from 8876E to 8910E) are presented in Appendix IV and summarized on Plan No:56.

An 8 metre wide zone (8895E to 8903E) has an average grade of  
1.1% Pb  
0.32%Zn  
96gm/tAg  
0.35gm/tAu  
with significantly anomalous (upto 1.3%) As.