

The only other anomalous gold value is 100ppb at 8400N/9200E which appears to correspond to the same lithological horizon as other gold soil anomalies of the Voyager 30 area (Wilson et al, 1982).

Results of Sn analyses of samples collected from the area of the tin drainage 'halo' around the microgranite body were likewise disappointing. An isolated maximum value of 35ppm Sn occurs at 8400N/10500E.

Tungsten values from the same area range from < 10 upto 60ppm. There is a subtle but possibly coherent tungsten anomaly of upto 50ppm occurring on lines 7200N, 7400N, 7600N at about 10475E which is approximately co-incident with the axis of the large magnetic feature adjacent to south eastern margin of the 'microgranite'.

Infill Jacro sampling at 5m intervals was carried out on lines 7900N and 8100N between 8700E and 8900E to provide 'along strike' information relating to the strong Pb-Zn-Ag geochemical anomaly and galena-sphalerite-quartz vein mineralization at 8000N/8800E reported by Wilson et al, 1982. Figures 4 and 5 portray the sample locations and analytical results in profile form. The profiles appear to indicate that the mineralization on 8000N is not laterally extensive and also illustrate the typically 'spiky' character of C-Horizon metal values which is the bane of geochemical sampling and data contouring in this environment.

Infill sampling at 5m intervals was also carried out on:
 Line 9200N 9550 - 9750E
 Line 9600N 9250 - 9500E
 as part of the planned follow up on chargeability anomalies. Geochemical profiles are presented in Figures 6 and 7.

The principal Pb-Zn anomaly centred on 9600N/9375E appears to coincide with an (interpreted) near surface chargeability resistivity anomaly. Backhoe pitting or trenching could be considered as a means of elucidating the style of mineralization.