lows are broad more open structures. They appear to reflect the more uniformly composed and massive rock units of the Minnow Keratophyre and Tertiary basalts versus the interbedded units of the Gog Range Greywacke predominant on Sheet 2.

The major structure of interest is located in the north-west corner of the sheet and comprises a large resistivity low approximately bounded by the 100 nT contour line.

Anomaly 5D-9E, anomalies 11F-12F, 11G-14I lie within this area and are described on page I-6 of Appendix I of the Dighem report.

Ground follow-up shows basalt cover to occupy much of the area and a low priority rating is assigned to all of these anomalies as tabled in Appendix VII.

9.3 Conclusion

The Dighem airborne geophysical survey detected a few weak, possible bed rock electromagnetic conductors. These, in addition to 56 of the 82 anomalies with conductor grade 2 or better were followed-up by ground geological investigation and, where appropriate, by rock chip geochemistry.

None of the anomalies were found to be related to surface or near surface mineralisation.