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The total magnetic field map identifies a number of separate rock units which are distinguished by their magnetic activity character. For example, a wide unit of low activity extends in a northeast-southwest direction across sheet 2 into the north-central part of sheet 3 where its strike changes to southeast. In contrast, one of the more interesting zones of high magnetics occurs in the southwest corner of sheet 3. It should be noted that most of narrow magnetic features are best defined by enhanced magnetics. They reflect shallow magnetic sources which may be of interest in the present exploration program.

The electromagnetic anomaly map shows the anomaly locations with the interpreted conductor shape, dip, conductance and depth being indicated by symbols. Direct magnetic correlation is also shown if it exists. The strike direction and length of the conductors are indicated when anomalies can be correlated from line to line. When studying the map sheets for follow-up planning, consult the anomaly listings appended to this report to ensure that none of the conductors are overlooked.

Anomaly 12xB-14xB

These x-type responses occur along a cliff and may be partly due to stresses being applied to the EM