

5,367,300N

The fault associated anomaly is still present at 4375E but does not have the amplitude as seen on previous traverses; the zone is of similar width but does not have the same high percentage of magnetic minerals.

The zone between 4825E and 4925E relates to a similar zone on the line to the north; but the magnetic character is more intense. It is interpreted as being a faulted outcrop of Stitt Formation, but the amplitudes are far in excess of anything seen previously. The two sharp anomalies indicate concentrations of magnetic minerals in bands about 25m wide, over a strike length of 200m at least.

5,367,200N

The magnetic features are similar to those of line 5,367,300N with variations in amplitude and width. The sharp anomalies near 4900E are still apparent, confirming their strike length.

5,367,000N

This profile crosses the centre of the major