

CONCLUSION

The magnetic anomaly at Ring River can be divided into a series of features which in turn can be related to the geology seen at the surface. The rocks are not homogeneous along strike which will partly account for the variation in amplitude from line to line.

Also there may be a plunge involved producing a domal structure. Combined with variable magnetic character of the surface rock units, the overall result will be a magnetic feature as seen on the generalised contour map.

A drill hole could be sited using geology and magnetic interpretation on almost any profile. However the points of particular interest in the magnetics are: (1) the "negative" zone, seen on line 5,367,400N, which is fault related - ground inspection and geochemistry would help.

(2) the stronger magnetic response on line 5,367,700N between 4500E and 4600E

(3) the strong magnetic responses on line 5,367,300N between 4800N and 4900E.