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SUMMARY

During the first year of tenure of exploration licence 29/88, Billiton has completed a programme of gridding, detailed geological mapping, rock chip sampling, ground magnetics, UTEM surveying and diamond drilling.

Exploration has been mainly concerned with the Cambrian Tyndall Group volcanics in which the detailed geological setting was interpreted. A major strike extensive horizon of high potential was mapped and is considered a prime target for the development of significant VMS mineralization. A UTEM anomaly is not coincident with this horizon although at the northern end and slightly offset, two late channel responses were recorded. These occur in an area transected by two subparallel faults in which significant mineralization has been previously located (old prospector workings).

Future exploration within the Tyndall Group should primarily focus on this horizon by the implementation of additional gridding, mapping, geochemical sampling and diamond drilling.

In the vicinity of the Henty Fault two diamond drill holes have tested strong IP responses and it is concluded that in both cases the source is graphitic pyritic black shale. Interesting geochemical anomalism was recorded in one drill hole. Further exploration should be confined to down hole IP of the recently drilled holes and shallow diamond drilling of one remaining anomaly.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report details results of exploration carried out by Billiton Australia on behalf of the Sterling Valley Joint Venture during the twelve month period ending 14th October 1989. It is the first annual report pertaining to exploration licence 29/88.

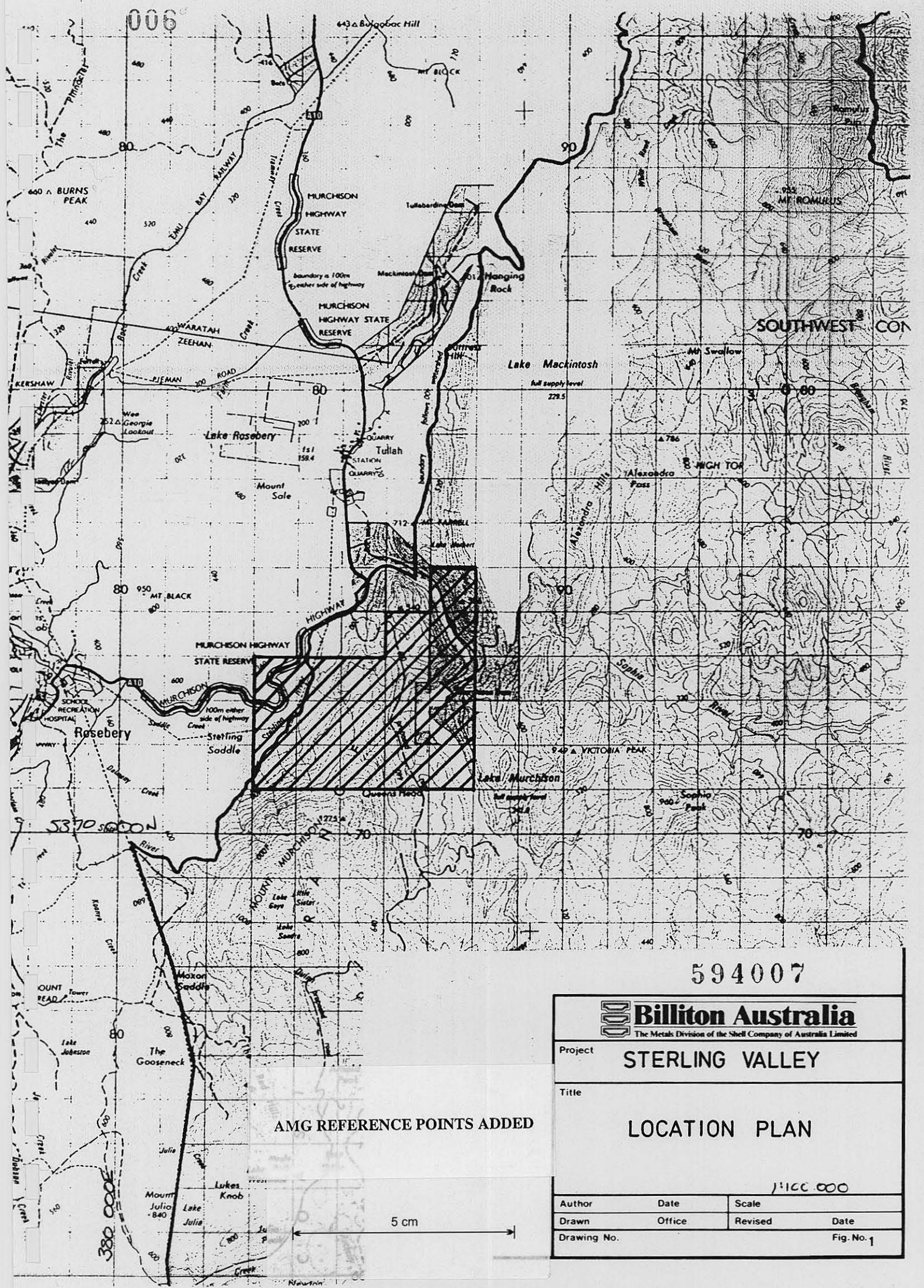
2.0 LOCATION

The licence is situated between Rosebery and Tullah on the West Coast of Tasmania and is transected on its north-western edge by the Murchison Highway. (see Fig. 1). Access is gained via the partially sealed Anthony Road and an HEC powerline track that traverses the western portion of the licence.

3.0 LAND TENURE

Exploration licence 29/88, of 17 sq kms, was granted to Norgold Limited on the 14th October, 1988 for a period of ten years renewable every 12 months. A joint venture agreement is currently in place between Norgold Limited and the Shell Company of Australia Limited whereby Billiton Australia, the Metals Division of The Shell Company of Australia Limited, manages the joint venture.

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AMG REFERENCE POINTS ADDED

5 cm

594007

Billiton Australia
 The Metals Division of the Shell Company of Australia Limited

Project **STERLING VALLEY**

Title **LOCATION PLAN**

1:100 000

Author	Date	Scale
Drawn	Office	Revised
Drawing No.		Date
		Fig. No. 1

Norgold and Billiton entered into a joint venture agreement on 12th November 1986 whereby exploration licence 4/73 was the subject of this agreement. The licence expired on 6th March 1988 but a new exploration licence, namely EL 29/88, was granted to Norgold Limited on behalf of the Sterling Valley Joint Venture (see Fig. 2).

The licence area excludes 0.4 sq km Murchison Highway State Reserve, 1.5 sq km Land vested in the HEC and two mining leases (ML's 1M/55, 2M/55) held by Pasminco. In addition, approximately 80% of the licence is contained within the South West Conservation Area.

4.0 PREVIOUS WORK

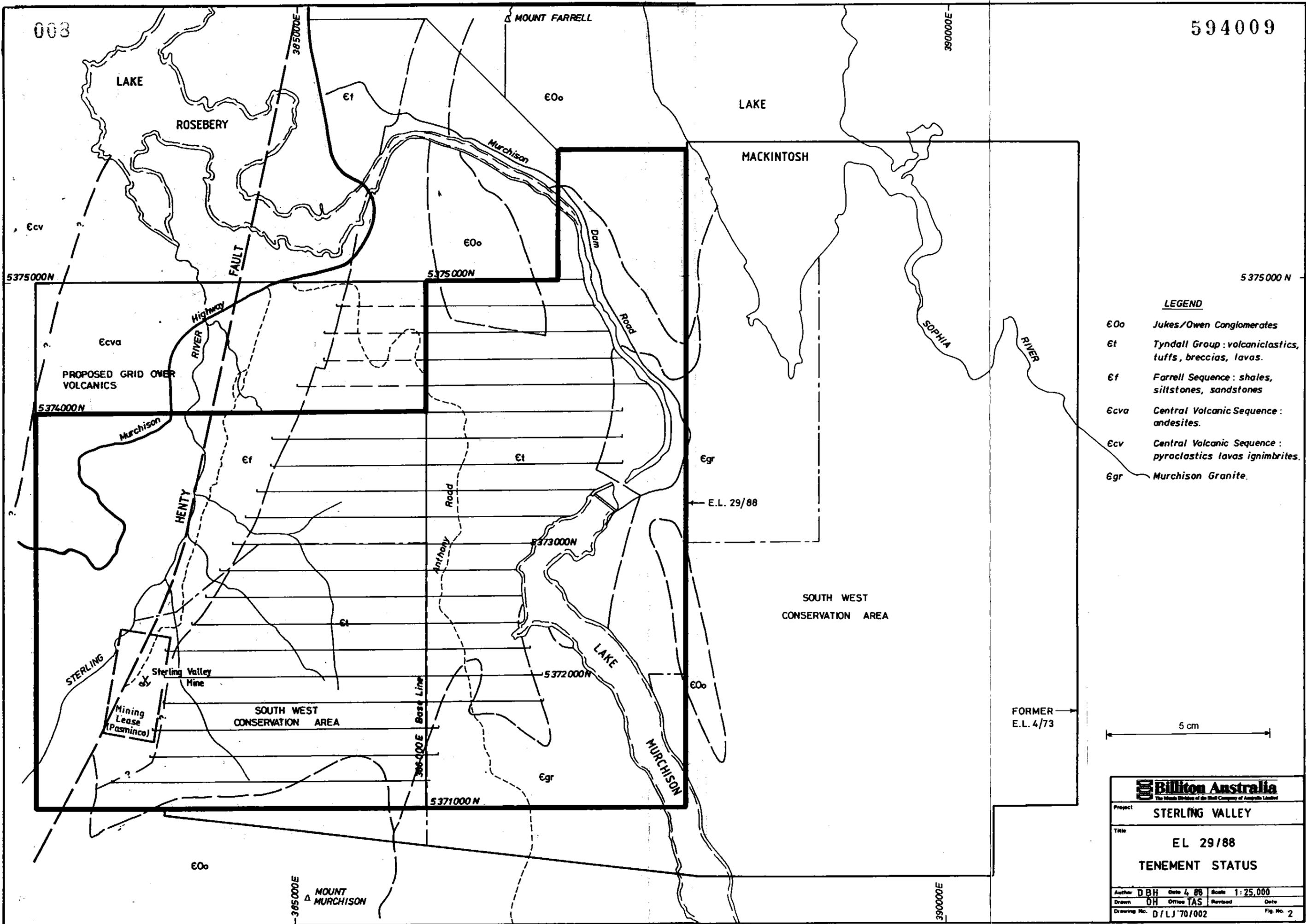
Previous exploration was carried out under exploration licence 4/73 by Asarco (Aust) Pty Ltd (1973-74), Cominco Aust. Pty Ltd (1975-78), EZ Co. (1979-86) and Billiton Australia (1987-88).

A list of important references relating to this work is summarized below.

Asarco (Aust) Pty Ltd	EL 4/73 Sterling Valley Tasmania. Progress Report to June 1974.
Cominco Expl. Pty Ltd	Progress Report on EL 4/73 Sterling Valley Tasmania for the 6 months ending 6/3/76 (and summarising work carried out in the previous 6 months).

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LEGEND

- E0o Jukes/Owen Conglomerates
- E1 Tyndall Group: volcaniclastics, tuffs, breccias, lavas.
- Ecf Farrell Sequence: shales, siltstones, sandstones
- Ecv Central Volcanic Sequence: andesites.
- Ecv Central Volcanic Sequence: pyroclastics lavas ignimbrites.
- Egr Murchison Granite.

Bilton Australia
The Mining Division of the BHP Company of Australia Limited

Project: **STERLING VALLEY**

Title: **EL 29/88**

TENEMENT STATUS

Author	DBH	Date	4/88	Scale	1:25,000
Drawn	DH	Office	TAS	Revised	Date
Drawing No.	D/LJ/70/002			Fig. No.	2

Cominco Expl. Pty Ltd	Report on diamond drilling programme. EL 4/73, Sept-Nov 1977.
EZ Co. Report No.133	EL 4/73 Progress Report on Activity July 1979 to June 1980.
143	EL 4/73 Progress Report on Activity July 1980 to June 1981.
146	EL 4/73 Six monthly project review as at 15th Dec. 1981.
150	EL 4/73 Progress report on Activity 15th Dec 1981 to 4th May 1982.
154	EL 4/73 Progress report on Activity 4th May 1982 to 24th Aug. 1982.
161	EL 4/73 Progress report on Activity 24th Aug. 1982 to 20th Nov. 1982.
167	EL 4/73 Progress report on Activity 31st Nov. 1982 to 3rd May 1983.
T181	EL 4/73 Progress report on Activity 16th Nov. 1983 to 1st May 1984.
T202	EL 4/73 Progress report on Activity 2nd May 1984 to 6th March 1985.
T214	EL 4/73 Progress report on Activity 7th March 1985 to 6th March 1986.
Billiton Australia	EL 4/73 Final Report & Report on Explor- ation to 6th March 1988. 08.3912
Billiton Australia	EL 4/73 Final Report. 08.3915

The Sterling Valley area is one of the more intensively and continuously explored areas of the Mt. Read Volcanics. Since modern systematic exploration began in the late 1950's, the area has been subjected to repeated geophysical, geochemical and geological surveys. A total of 28 diamond drillholes have been drilled for a total of 4,650m.

At least seven small old workings of vein-style Pb-Ag and Cu-Zn sulphides, mark the earliest known phase of exploration in the Sterling Valley area. Most of these date from the period 1908-1915, with some revival again in 1929-1932.

The largest and best known of these workings is the Sterling Valley Mine, which comprised a shaft and several levels, excavated on high grade shoots of galena-sphalerite-arsenopyrite in a shear zone within black shales of the Farrell Slate sequence. The scale of all the old workings can be gauged by the fact that recorded production from the Sterling Valley Mine is only 52 tons of 55% Pb, 1500 g/t Au, ore.

Modern systematic exploration of the Sterling Valley commenced in the late 1950's, when a Joint Venture between EZ and RTAE gridded the main valley area and carried out ground geophysical surveys following a regional airborne TURAM survey. The ground surveys were limited in coverage and comprised magnetics, dip-angle EM, SP, dipole-dipole IP and gravity. Holes STP 101 and 105 were put down in 1960-61 into geophysical responses defined within the Farrell sequence.

Continuous exploration dates from Asarco's pegging of EL 4/73 in early 1973. They stream sediment sampled the EL on a coarse grid with 360m line spacing, with detailed lines at 120m spacing in the main valley area. This work defined a number of basemetal and tin anomalies (the samples were not analysed for gold), and the presence of the tin led to Cominco (later Aberfoyle), becoming involved in a Joint Venture with Asarco.

The JV directed the principal thrust of its exploration towards testing of the tin potential. Further sediment sampling indicated areas of tin mineralization in the Farrell Slate sequence east of the Henty Fault and also in the Mt. Black Volcanics west of the fault. These indications were followed up by bedrock auger sampling, magnetics, vertical loop EM, dipole-dipole IP surveys, and the drilling of holes SV 1 to 3 within the Farrell sequence.

The best intersection was only 1m @ 0.2% Sn in hole SV 1, which was markedly less than the 3m @ 0.65% Sn obtained from trenching of the mineralization at surface. The holes were not assayed for gold. Following the poor drill results, Asarco withdrew from the JV in late 1977.

Apart from a regional aeromagnetic survey flown by Georex in 1978, little work was done until the formation of a Joint Venture involving EZ (36% equity and Manager) - Aberfoyle (40% and EL holder) - Getty (24%), in May 1979.

EZ immediately rehabilitated and extended the grid in the main valley area and carried out systematic geological mapping, soil sampling, dipole-dipole IP and ground magnetics. The rugged, ungridded eastern portion of the EL was covered by a programme of stream sediment sampling, rock sampling and mapping (NB: none of the samples were assayed for gold). EZ's stated targets were:

1. Volcanogenic massive sulphides in sediment lenses in the Eastern Volcanics (east of the Farrell Slate sequence).
2. Farrell-type Ag-Pb mineralization in the Farrell Slate.
3. Renison-type replacement Sn deposits in both the Farrell Slate and Mt. Black Volcanics (west of the Henty Fault).

The bulk of the work completed by EZ was in the north west corner of the EL, over the Henty Fault Zone. The results of this work are reported separately.

In 1985, following Texaco's decision to sell off Getty Mining, EZ exercised its option to purchase the Getty equity in the JV. Later that year Aberfoyle elected to withdraw from the JV, leaving EZ as the only party exploring EL 4/73.

After a Dighem survey in 1984, which produced several subdued EM responses, EZ drilled two holes in 1985. STP 283 tested beneath the auriferous veins obtained in the costean 900m south of the 'arsenic resource', with a best intersection of 0.45m @ 2 g/t Au and up to 11% As. STP 284 encountered black shales in the Farrell Slate.

In November 1986 Billiton Australia farmed-in and assumed managership of the exploration programme on the EL.

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Billiton continued and completed the programme of gold sampling of the old drillcore, extending it to include intervals originally assayed by aqua-regia AAS, and to the EZ and Aberfoyle holes within the Farrell sequence.

In early 1987 Billiton began their own programme of drill testing along the Henty Fault within EL 4/73. Two diamond drill holes (471m total) tested structural offsets in the Henty Fault but intersected only weak Au, Cu, As, Ag mineralization. A dipole-dipole IP survey was completed over two areas of the Henty Fault for a total of 8.4 line kilometres. Three charge-ability highs were considered worthy of drill testing but the imminent expiry of the licence delayed this programme.

5.0 REGIONAL SETTING

The licence covers a portion of the eastern flank of the Mt. Read Volcanic belt immediately east of Rosebery, (see Fig. 3) and includes a range of structural and stratigraphic features.

viz. from west to east:

Central Volcanic Sequence (5%) - Mid Cambrian andesitic lavas and volcanoclastics.

Henty Fault Zone - a major NNE trending Cambrian structure that displays Devonian reactivation features.

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Farrell Sequence (5%) - Mid to Late Cambrian volcanoclastic sandstones and black shales.

Tyndall Group Volcanics (70%) - Mid to Late Cambrian acid - intermediate lavas and volcanoclastics.

Owen Conglomerate (10%) - Late Cambrian to Ordovician siliciclastic conglomerate.

Granite (10%) - Late Cambrian granitic intrusives adjacent to the PreCambrian Tyennan Block.

Within the licence area the Tyndall Group Volcanics and Henty Fault Zone have been the main targets for exploration; the former for VMS style base metal mineralization and the latter for structurally controlled gold-arsenic mineralization.

The Tyndall Group suite has historically been considered to be younger than the Central Volcanic Sequence and consisting of dominant quartz phyrlic lavas with lesser volcanoclastics and sediments. The sequence has never been systematically explored using modern exploration techniques, having been considered as a less prospective sequence than the Central Volcanics. A major objective in the acquisition of the licence by the Sterling Valley Joint Venture has been to comprehensively evaluate the Tyndall Group as a potential host to VMS style mineralization.

The Henty Fault Zone has received considerable attention recently by RGC at the Henty Prospect and by Billiton - Norgold - Little River Resources at Lakeside. Within this licence area, a small arsenic resource is inferred from limited drilling and low grade gold intercepts have been recorded. It has been the intention of the Sterling Valley Joint Venture to continue

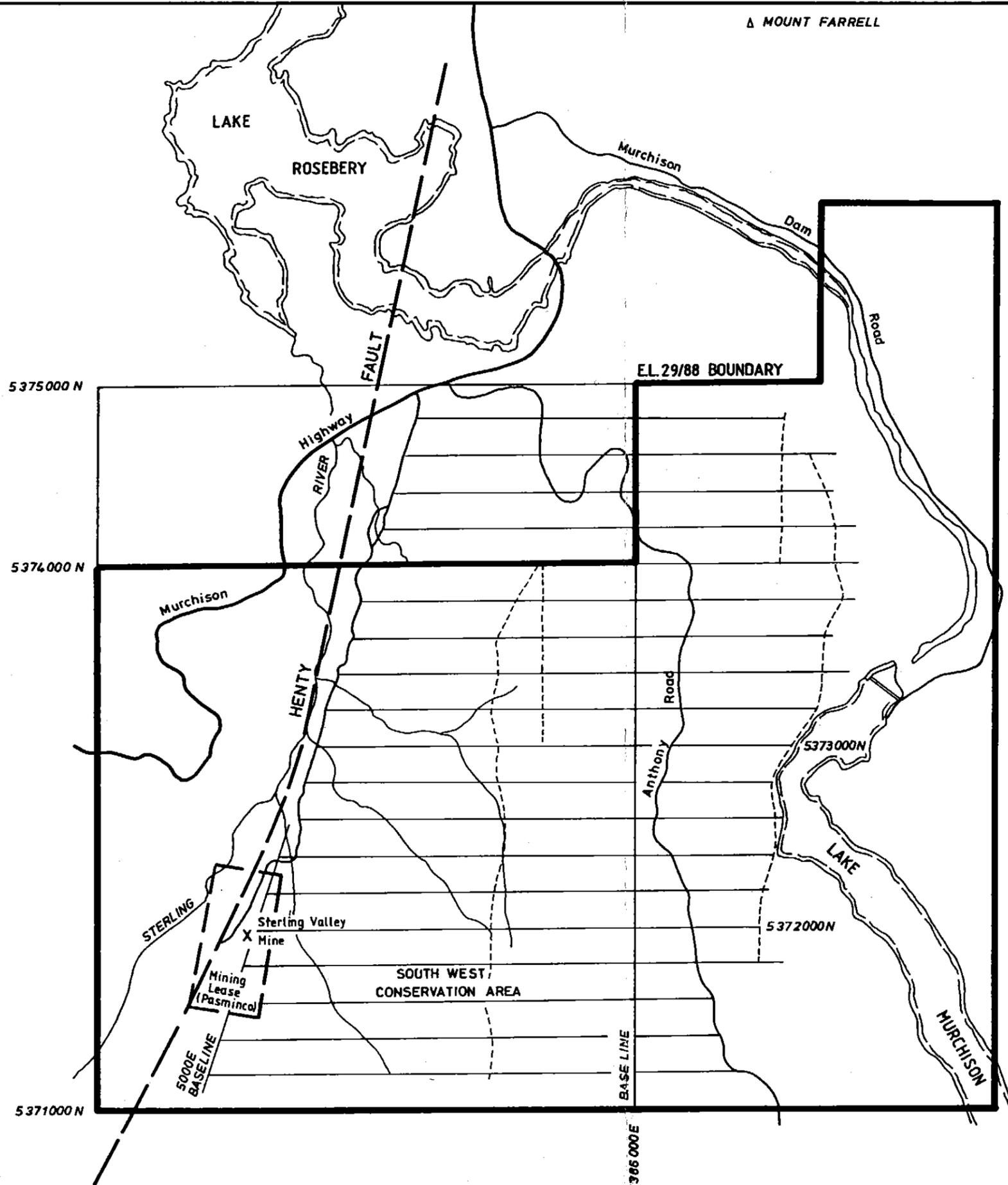
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exploration along this mineralized structure in the search for economic gold mineralization.

6.0 EXPLORATION COMPLETED

Emphasis has been placed upon the assessment of the VMS potential of the Tyndall Group and the following exploration methods have been employed:

- Gridding: a total of 54.3 line kilometres have been cut in order to establish a 200m spaced grid over the entire Tyndall Group. Access lines (6.4 kms) have been cut to permit laying of EM loops (see Fig. 4).
- Geological Mapping: the entire grid has been mapped at 1:5000 scale onto a series of four topographic base maps (Figs. 5-8) to which the grid lines have been recovered and added. During the course of this mapping, a total of 78 rock chip samples have been collected and assayed for Cu, Zn, Ag (AAS); Pb, As, Ba (XRF); Au (FA). Results are presented in Appendix 1.
- Ground Magnetics: all E-W grid lines (50 line kms) have been surveyed using two roving and base G856 Memory-Mag magnetometers with 10 metre station spacings. Data has been corrected for diurnal variation and plotted at 1:5000 scale as stacked profiles and contours.



--- Walking track (Loop access)
 — Grid Line

5 cm

			
Project STERLING VALLEY J.V.			
Title LOCATION OF GRID			
Author	JPR	Date	8/89
Scale	1:25000		
Drawn	OH	Office	TAS
Revised	Date		
Drawing No.			Fig. No. 4

- UTEM Surveying: Lamontagne Geophysics have carried out a fixed loop survey over the entire gridded area (47.6 line kms) from four set loops (see Fig. 9). Lines surveyed are tabulated below whilst the data is presented in Appendix 2.

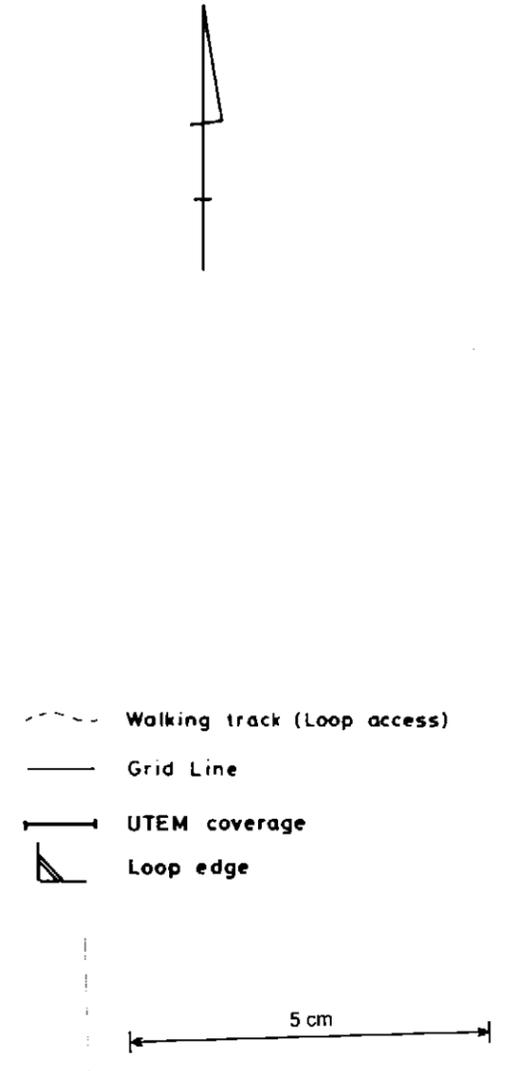
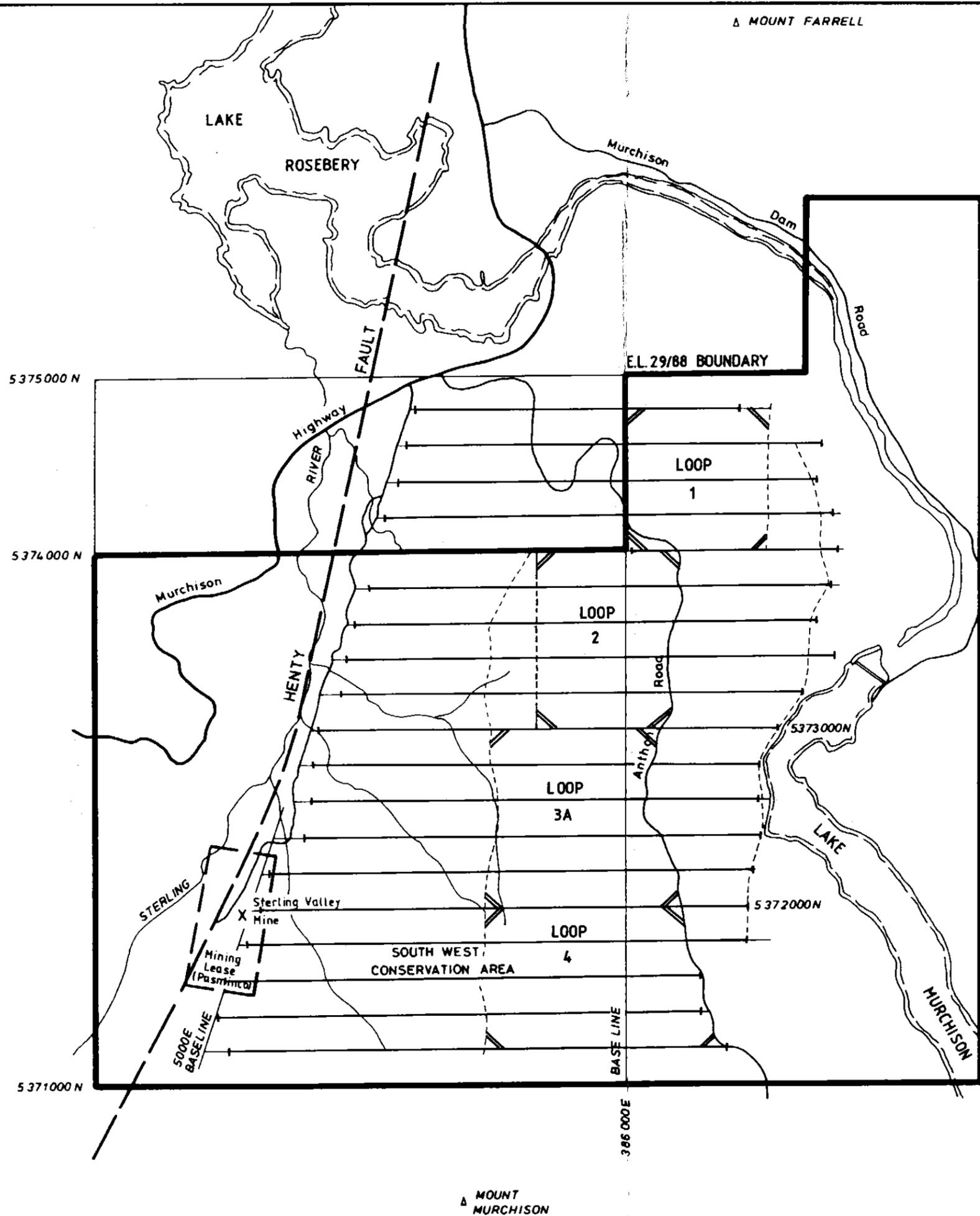
Surveying has been carried out both in and out of loop and hence coupling problems are recognized with varying geometries. Where loop edges are required to be surveyed the loop has been physically moved either north or south to avoid reading along the loop edge.

TABLE 1 : UTEM SURVEY LINES

<u>LINE</u>	<u>LOOP</u>	<u>EASTING</u>	<u>LENGTH</u> (km)	<u>Tx LOOP</u>
374800N	1	384800-386640E	1.84	386000-386800E
374600N	1	384760-387120E	2.36	386000-386800E
374400N	1	384720-387080E	2.36	386000-386800E
374200N	1	384640-387160E	2.52	386000-386800E
374000N	2A	386040-387200E	1.16	385500-386280E
373800N	2	384560-387160E	2.60	385480-386320E
373600N	2	384480-387080E	2.60	385500-386300E
373400N	2	384440-387200E	2.76	385500-386280E
373200N	2	384400-387000E	2.60	385480-386280E
373000N	2	384280-386840E	2.56	385500-386220E
372800N	3A	384240-386760E	2.52	385240-386160E
372600N	3A	384240-386760E	2.52	385260-386160E
372400N	3A	384200-386760E	2.56	385280-386280E
372200N	3A	384000-386720E	2.76	385200-386320E
372000N	4	383960-386680E	2.72	385200-386320E
371800N	4	383880-386680E	2.80	385200-386400E
371600N	4	383720-386440E	2.72	385200-386440E
371400N	4	383720-386440E	2.72	385200-386480E
371200N	4	383680-386660E	2.98	385200-386600E

TOTAL 47.62 Kms

89-3013



 The Metals Division of the Shell Company of Australia Limited			
Project		STERLING VALLEY J.V.	
Title			
LOCATION OF GRID AND UTEM LOOP LAYOUT / COVERAGE			
Author	JPR	Date	8/89
Scale	1:25000		
Drawn	OH	Office	TAS
Revised	Date		
Drawing No.			Fig. No. 9

- 030
- Diamond Drilling: Two drill holes, SVD 89-1 and 2, were completed for a total metreage of 283.6m. Both holes tested geophysical targets located adjacent to the Henty Fault Zone. A total of 120 samples were split or chipped and assayed for Cu Zn Ag (AAS) Pb As Ba (XRF) and Au (FA). Results are presented in Appendix 1.

7.0 EXPLORATION RESULTS

7.1 Grid Geology & Geochemistry

Geological mapping was carried out by both J. Randell and C. Creagh on an alternate line basis and an abbreviated logging system was utilized to aid interpretation. The geology is presented on four fact maps at 1:5000 scale (Figs. 10-13) which overlay the topographic base maps. In addition, an interpretation of the mapping was made in conjunction with the ground magnetic data to produce a single interpretative map. (Fig. 14).

7.1.1 Lithologies

In a gross sense, there are five major subdivisions of sequences within the licence boundaries viz the Central Volcanic Sequence, Farrell Sequence, Tyndall Group, Murchison Granite and Denison Group.

021

The Central Volcanic Sequence (CVS) does not occur within the main gridded area but minor outcrops were observed whilst mapping in the Sterling Valley Mine area (see Section 7.4). Regionally the eastern portion of the CVS is dominated by andesitic lava and volcanoclastics. The lavas are feldspar phyric and generally massive whilst the volcanoclastics often have a pumiceous character and are well layered. Alteration can be quite strong, especially against the Henty Fault, and is expressed as silicification, chloritization, carbonatization and/or pyritization.

The Farrell Sequence abuts the CVS on its eastern faulted margin and despite poor outcrop, appears to be a complex interplay of volcanoclastic sandstones-siltstones, black laminated ± pyritic shales, fine to coarse epiclastics and minor acid lavas. Alteration within the volcanoclastic units is usually quite strong and is typified by pervasive sericite with lesser carbonate. Quartz veining is quite common but often appears to be of tension gash style. There appears to be a general zonation of lithotypes from south to north within the Farrell Sequence. The southern area, particularly in the vicinity of the Sterling Valley Mine, is dominated by multiple lenses of mixed black shale - volcanoclastic siltstone. Thicker and more uniform black shale development occurs to the north

022

whilst in the extreme north of the licence and within EL 1/62, volcanoclastic sandstones are dominant. These changes are probably reflecting paleo-environmental differences within the 4km strike from a restricted basin with considerable volcanic detritus input to a quieter basinal setting and then to a more active perhaps turbiditic environment.

The change from Farrell Sequence to Tyndall Group rocks is not sharp nor particularly easy to define. Mapping along 4 km of strike failed to discern any obvious faulting or structural changes but merely a general decrease in acid lava and proportional increase in volcanoclastic detritus.

The Tyndall Group lithologies are represented by acid to acid-intermediate rhyolitic to dacitic lavas and volcanoclastics with minor basaltic dykes. Rhyolitic lavas are massive, blocky, sometimes flow banded and often quartz phyric with fine to coarse quartz phenocrysts. Observed alteration is expressed as ubiquitous chlorite (low percentage content), K-feldspar (the pink alteration), magnetite (very variable), silica and sericite. Pyritic alteration is minor and represented by minor disseminations within the lava matrix.

023

Rhyodacitic lavas are typically quartz and feldspar phyric with a poorly defined fabric and variably altered. Sericite and chlorite alteration is generally more noticeable than in rhyolitic lavas but magnetite alteration shows no obvious pattern. Indeed, within individual outcrops there is obviously an erratic distribution of magnetite.

Dacitic rocks are a minor constituent of the overall sequence and are typically feldspar phyric and chloritized. The field description of dacite may in fact be a function of this chloritic overprint and it is unclear whether they are in fact linear intrusives or lavas.

Volcaniclastic units vary in composition from rhyodacitic to dacitic and may be feldspar or quartz-feldspar phyric. They are generally well layered and apparently pumiceous and often strongly sericitized. Grain size is typically fine and some units may be adequately described as "cherty ash". These rocks are sometimes quite massive but more often are finely banded or laminated.

Alteration is dominated by sericite with minor carbonate and pyrite while magnetite was not recorded in any outcrop.

024

Identifiable epiclastic rocks are rhyodacitic to dacitic in composition and contain medium to coarse lithics of angular to sub rounded nature. Sericite-chlorite alteration is often quite intense obscuring the composition of the lithics but they appear to be dominantly acid lava or clastic fragments. The rocks are not magnetic and are rarely pyritic.

Fine grained basaltic dykes rarely occur within the grid and are typically strongly chloritic and non-magnetic. Minor outcrops are coarse grained and gabbroic in texture but are interpreted to be only minor compositional variants.

Examples of the Murchison Granite observed within the grid are typically coarse equigranular aggregates of quartz, plagioclase, K-feldspar and biotite. Chlorite alteration is very common but magnetite is restricted to certain contact areas of the granite with surrounding Tyndall Group rocks. Pyritic alteration is relatively common often in association with chlorite and occurring as coarse grained clusters of crystals.

The Cambro-Ordovician Denison Group is represented by equivalents of Dora Conglomerate, Newton Creek Sandstone and Owen Conglomerate. The former consists of rounded volcanic detritus cobbles in a siliceous

C 025

hematitic matrix while the Newton Creek Sandstone equivalent, occurs as dirty medium grained quartzites. The Owen Conglomerate member is by far the most abundant and occurs as a pebble to boulder sized conglomerate within a hematitic siliceous matrix.

7.1.2 Structure

Within the Tyndall Group, bedding measurements (11 in total) have been made from outcrops of laminated or layered volcanoclastics/epiclastics. They are considered to represent true bedding and not a later imposed deformation. All readings show a consistent westerly dip in the range 60°-85° with bedding strikes in the range of 315°-00° Mag. Cleavage measurements taken from both lava and clastic units mimic the bedding and range from 335°-355° Mag/42°W-90.

Within the Farrell Sequence bedding strikes are quite consistent (00°-010° Mag) but dips vary considerably from 75°E in the south to 65°W in the northern part of the licence. These bedding measurements mimic the trace and attitude of the Henty Fault and are considered to be modified differentially due to the ductile nature of the sediments in comparison to the more competent Tyndall Group volcanics. This apparent 10-20° variation in strike in the adjacent Tyndall Group and Farrell

Sequence rocks can also be explained by invoking a structural or erosional discontinuity between the two sequences. In the absence of supporting evidence for these conclusions the less dramatic option of sediment ductility is preferred.

Facing criteria (scour marks, graded bedding, cross bedding) were not observed within any of the volcanoclastic outcrops despite particular attention being paid to this observation. It is hoped however that a more detailed search on particular horizons may provide some evidence. Regionally the entire sequence east of the Henty Fault is assumed to face west and facing criteria from an area north of the licence would confirm this inference. However, the drilling recently completed on IP targets adjacent to the Henty Fault provided evidence of an east facing sequence, at least within the Farrell Sequence. It is quite possible that the units in the vicinity of the Henty Fault have been structurally overturned thus providing a reverse facing. However, it is assumed in this report that the overall west facing is correct and that the Farrell Sequence lies stratigraphically above the Tyndall Group.

027

Faulting within the licence area has been interpreted from regional studies (eg MRV Mapping Project), from ground magnetics and detailed mapping. The most obvious feature is the Henty Fault, a major regional fault that may well have been an original Mid-Cambrian basin margin feature. The attitude of this structure is consistently 00° - 010° Mag with a steep westerly dip. Of more interest to this discussion, is the interpretation mainly from the ground magnetic data of three subparallel linear structures of attitude 330° Mag that appear to be splay faults from the Henty Fault, intersecting the latter at Lake Rosebery. Whilst the proof of these structures as faults is not conclusive, several features indicate this probability:

- the features correspond to clear discontinuities in the ground magnetic pattern.
- small workings within the Tyndall Group all are confined by these three structures and are usually located along their trace.
- the gross distribution of lava sequences correlates with these inferred structures.
- several extensive milky quartz blows correlate with the interpreted position of these structures.

028

The significance of these faults has not been demonstrated so far but importantly, they do appear to localize mineralization and are probably related to the Henty Fault system.

The Mines Department map sheets have shown two subparallel NW-SE trending faults that have laterally displaced the Tyndall Group/Murchison Granite contact in the extreme eastern portion of the licence. The veracity of these structures has not been checked by field mapping but would imply the presence of a block of Tyndall Group volcanics west of Murchison Dam.

Other inferred structures are a series of NE-SW trending features that result from fairly tenuous interpretation. They have been implied because of rapid terminations of strike extensive volcanoclastic units but their inference and attitude is not convincing.

7.1.3 Distribution of Units

Figure 14 shows the distribution of volcanics of the Tyndall Group within the licence area. Three broad subdivisions are evident from this interpretation: the western zone (385250E) consists of quartz-feldspar phyric rhyodacitic lavas containing 20-30% volcanoclastic/epiclastic units which are more abundant and thicker north of 372500N. Individual units attain

thicknesses of up to 150 metres and it is suggested that there is a significant break in volcanism from 372500N- 375000N. The central zone constitutes almost 60% of Tyndall Group exposure and is dominated by massive quartz phyric rhyolite lavas with a central spine of quartz-feldspar phyric rhyo-dacitic lava. Both lava units of the central zone contain small (100-300m) lenses of volcanoclastics/epiclastics but these constitute no more than 10% of the total zone. The eastern zone is similar to the western zone in gross lithological character although the proportion of volcanoclastic units is no more than 20% of the total zone.

The Murchison Granite crops out in the south-eastern and eastern edge of the licence but also occurs as small (100-200m) protrusions within the central and eastern zones.

During the course of mapping, alteration assemblages have been recorded and their distribution plotted on the fact maps. Dominant alteration minerals are sericite, chlorite, K-feldspar and magnetite while pyrite and silica are present in only minor cases. There appears to be no preferential association of minerals with each other and all combinations are possible. The distribution of alteration also shows no clear pattern but in general terms, a zonation is

030

evident (Fig. 15). Chloritization is widespread and is absent only in the southern portions of the central and western zones (bounding co-ordinates 372000N-372800N, 385000E-386500E). There is however a predominance of chlorite in the western zone. In general terms, sericite alteration is mainly confined to two geographical and geological areas: firstly, the western edge of the western zone close to the gradational contact with the Farrell Sequence, and secondly, within 1km of the Murchison Granite margin in the south-eastern and eastern portion of the licence. In both cases there is the strong possibility that this particular alteration type is a later structural overprint due to, in the former case, reactivation of the Henty Fault and in the latter case, intrusion of the Murchison Granite. K-feldspar alteration is widespread in distribution but there does appear to be a dominance of this alteration type in a subparallel zone between the two sericite alteration zones. Magnetite alteration is very erratic in detail but in gross terms, two subparallel zones are evident: the eastern zone mimics the eastern sericite alteration zone (and is marginal to the granite contact) while the western zone overlies the central portion of the K-feldspar alteration zone.

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In summary, it seems likely that the overall alteration distribution is reflecting a zonation away from and attributable to the intrusion of the Murchison Granite. This pattern can be summarized as a gradational series from the granite outwards of:

(major)	(minor)
magnetite - chlorite - sericite	
K feldspar - chlorite - magnetite	
chlorite - sericite - k feldspar	

There is also an overprint due to reactivation of the Henty Fault system, reflecting in stronger chlorite - sericite alteration.

Pyrite and silica alteration is localized only and often associated with structural features, such as the linears defined by ground magnetics.

7.1.4 Mineralization

This discussion refers to known mineralization within the Tyndall Group volcanics and not to that associated with the Henty Fault. The latter has been described in previous company reports and is not repeated here.

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A series of prospector workings and geochemically anomalous rock chip samples are recorded on Figure 14, being derived from either Mines Dept. maps or from field collection. These are summarized below:

- Symmons & Rice - not located during field mapping but occurring at or near the granite contact.
5371360N 386200E
- Barytes Lode - not located during field mapping.
5371370N 385150E
- Maces - not located during field mapping although a small pit was observed 250m to the east.
5374000N 385670E
- Midsons - a small pit was observed at this locality. Weak quartz veining in chloritic rhyolitic lavas was noted.
5374220N 385300E
- Donoghues - Several pits, costeans and a small adit occur. Mineralization hosts are strongly sericitized -chloritized pyritic quartz-feldspar phyric rhyolitic lavas. A dump sample collected here (15954) assayed 11.7% Pb, 1.41% Zn, 190g/t Ag, 490ppm W.
5374840N 385640E
- Unnamed Working - A small adit has been cut into a quartz filled shear at the contact of quartz-feldspar phyric rhyodacitic lavas and fine volcanoclastics. A mineralized dump sample collected here (15952) assayed 3.57% Zn, 0.45% Pb, 1.57% As, 30ppm Ag, 550ppm W, 0.3g/t Au.
5374820N 385240E
- Unnamed Working - A small shaft has been sunk on minor quartz veining within rhyolitic lavas. Visible blebby and disseminated galena, sphalerite, pyrite was observed and a dump sample (16091) assayed 0.51% Pb, 0.72% Zn.
5373200N 385600E

In addition to old prospector diggings, a total of 15 of the 78 rock chip samples collected returned anomalous assays. These are summarized below:

- Sample 16218 - Chloritic and weakly pyritic (2-3%) rhyodacitic volcanoclastic. Best assays 1580ppm Pb, 520ppm Zn, 2700ppm Ba.
5374400N 385175E

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- Sample 16219 - Weakly quartz veined siliceous rhyolitic lava
5374400N 385385E Anomalous Au assay 0.14 g/t.
- Samples 15263,66,70 - Samples collected from road cut. Strong-
5374360N 385600-700E ly sericitic, pyritic and chloritic rhyo-
lytic lavas. Maximum assays (non coincident)
of 2.4% Zn, 0.43% Pb, 22g/t Ag, 490ppm Cu.
- Sample 16202 - Fine grained chloritic volcanoclastic. A
5374000N 385370E slight gold anomalism (0.16ppm) was recorded.
- Samples 16226-29 - Dacitic to rhyodacitic fine grained volcani-
5373000N clastics and laminated ash units with visible
385070-120E disseminated galena. Marked anomalism in Pb
(460-1920ppm) and Zn (1040ppm) was recorded
from selected rock chips.
- Sample 16089 - Weakly disseminated pyrite in strongly
5373200N 385730E magnetic chloritic and k-feldspar altered
rhyodacitic lava. Maximum assays of 230ppm
Pb, 2250ppm Ba were recorded.
- Sample 15931 - Quartz veined Dora Conglomerate. Maximum
5371200N 385630E values of 220ppm Cu, 1140ppm Pb were record-
ed.
- Sample 16214 - Ferruginous dacitic epiclastic adjacent to
5371400N 385920E the Murchison Granite contact. A marginal
anomalous Au assay (0.17ppm) was recorded.
- Sample 16210 - Weakly pyritic and chloritic rhyolitic lava.
5371600N 386005E A maximum Pb assay of 770ppm resulted from
this sample.

Geochemical anomalism is clustered into three main areas; firstly, the extreme north western portion of the grid (outside of EL 29/88) and bounded by co-ordinates 5374000-5375000N, 385000E-386000E. Mineralization is closely associated spatially with the two NNW trending sub parallel linears and it is considered that the mineralization style is that of irregular quartz vein nature. The exceptions to this are samples 16202, 16218 in which fine disseminated mineralization is associated with a thick volcani-

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clastic-epiclastic horizon that separates the central and western zones.

The second group of geochemical anomalies are located in the vicinity of 373000N 385000E-385800E. The western most samples again are related to the major clastic horizon separating central and western zones and these show a more obvious primary origin. The eastern samples are more typically fault related.

The third group, at the southern end of the licence, are widely distributed areally but are close to the contact of the Tyndall Group volcanics with the Murchison Granite. All samples show weak pyritic disseminations, an expression possibly of a weak alteration front related to the intrusion of the granite.

7.1.5 Prospectivity

The initial programme of grid based mapping, selected rock chip geochemistry and ground magnetic has allowed a geological setting to be interpreted and has highlighted three main zones of volcanics, i.e. western, central and eastern zones. The contacts between these zones are complex and often poorly defined except between the western and central zones north of 5372600N. Here, a thick (150-200m) unit(s)

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of volcanoclastics - epiclastics extends over a mapped strike length of 2.4kms. Strongly anomalous base metal geochemistry has been detected from selected rock chip samples in which visible pyrite-galena occurs and the presence of fine laminated cherty ash beds provides evidence of tectonic stability between volcanic episodes. Alteration is not obviously marked although given the outcrop density, this observation may be misleading. It is considered that this horizon rates highly on geological grounds as being permissive for the development of volcanogenic base metal mineralization. Further work should concentrate on closer definition of the geological setting and should define the surface geochemical distribution. Alteration mapping, lead isotope sampling, whole rock analysis and litho-geochemical mapping should also be carried out to assist and back up the geological interpretation.

7.2 UTEM Survey

In March 1989, Lamontagne Geophysics carried out a UTEM survey of about 48 line kms, using large fixed transmitting loops and measuring the vertical component of the secondary magnetic field with a mobile receiver.

The transmitting loops (see Fig. 9) were laid out with no particular regard to geology, since at the time of the UTEM survey this was unknown, in particular the dips. This could

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mean that some areas are not optimally coupled to the transmitter primary EM field. Least response can be expected from a thin, vertically dipping conductor in the centre of each transmitting loop. Since completing the geological mapping, a more logical appraisal of potential coupling problems can be assessed.

viz Loop 1 - this loop covers rhyolite lavas with minor intercalated volcanoclastics of the central zone. Current geological interpretation would not support the need to re-survey using a different loop position.

Loop 2 - the western edge of this loop was re-positioned to allow for maximum coupling in the vicinity of the western/central zone contact. Within the loop, the central zone is transected by the two major NNW linears with which Pb-Zn anomalism is associated. It is therefore recommended that additional surveying should be carried out to better couple with this zone.

Loop 3 - the loop covers the central zone predominantly and covers an area of strong sericite - K feldspar alteration within a mixed rhyolite - rhyodacite lava sequence. Strong structural

features are suggested and it is recommended that this area be re-surveyed to better couple with a potential steep west dipping conductor.

Loop 4 - a zone of strong sericite-chlorite-magnetite alteration is associated with scattered base metal anomalism adjacent to the granite contact. The area is structurally disturbed and geologically complex and it is suggested that re-surveying should be carried out.

All profile data is shown in Appendix 2 and although many are noisy adjacent to power lines, in general the data is of reasonable quality.

Unfortunately the only responses apparent on the profiles occur on the earliest channels indicating poor and shallow conductors probably related to fracturing or faulting. The strongest responses occur at the far western ends of many of the lines, and these are contained by the thick, graphitic Farrell slates that occur east of the Henty Fault. Some very subtle late channel responses on lines 374000N (at 385400E) and 374400N (at 385320E) are of interest, and require further geophysical and geological interpretation and investigation. These anomalies occur in an area of slightly anomalous gold

and base metals in close proximity to a major NNW trending linear and to the central/western zone contact. The anomalies occur just outside EL 29/88 but within the joint venture area covered by EL 1/62.

7.3 Ground Magnetics

The gridded area was surveyed for both UTEM and magnetics on 200 metre line-spacing. The magnetics were surveyed using 3 G856 total field magnetometers (one as a base) on 10 metre stations. The data ^{is} reliable but noisy due to variability of magnetite content in the underlying rocks.

The 1:15000 stacked profile plan (Fig. 16) more clearly indicates the general NNE magnetic trend than the 1:5000 magnetic plans (Figs. 17,18). There are two subparallel trends that mimic the gross Murchison Granite - Tyndall Group contact and occur at distances from the granite of 500 metres and 1500 metres respectively. (see Fig. 19). It is considered that these trends are reflecting an alteration zonation around the granite and are not primary constituents of the volcanics.

Several discontinuities are evident from examination of the coloured contoured map and stacked profiles. The most obvious are three subparallel NNW trending structures that transect the entire licence. As mentioned in section 7.1.4 these tend to localize vein style base metal mineralization

and from the displacement observed in the inner NNE magnetic zone there is an apparent post Cambrian (and probably Devonian) movement on these structures producing a kinked pattern. It is quite possible that these structures are splay faults from the Henty Fault itself and as such, may be of mid Cambrian origin and hence of more economic interest as reactivated Cambrian ore localizers.

The individual mapped magnetic trends are quite noisy and discontinuous but probably reflect observations made during mapping of rapidly varying magnetic intensities of rhyolitic - rhyodacitic lavas. Mapping also showed that the majority of the clastic units are not noticeably magnetic, perhaps due to their less brittle physical properties than the more siliceous lavas.

7.4 Diamond Drilling

Within the Henty Fault Zone, a previous BAUS IP survey had identified three responses that warranted diamond drilling

viz Anomaly A 2500N 4980E

Anomaly B 1200N 4910E (see Figure 20)

Anomaly C 1000N 4690E

Of these, Anomalies A and C have been diamond drilled (SVD 89-1 and 2 respectively). Anomaly B is located in an area of steep topography and as the anomaly source is shallow, drilling using a portable diamond drill will be much easier to achieve.

Anomaly A is located immediately east of the Henty Fault (see Fig. 21) in an area of mapped black laminated pyritic shale and fine quartz phyric volcanoclastics - epiclastics. A summary log of SVD 89-1 is presented below and Fig. 22 while the complete log is contained in Appendix 3.

SVD 89-1	Collar Co-ords.	2500N 4890E
	Inclination	-50°
	Azimuth	100° Mag
	Depth	154m

Henty Fault Zone	Summary Log	0- 4.2m	Glacial scree
		4.2- 65.2m	Feldspar phyric andesitic lava
		65.2- 76.2m	Chloritized feldspar phyric andesitic volcanoclastic. Massive py po cpy at 66.9m (2cms), 71.9m (30cms), 74.3m (10cms). Strongly broken core and poor core recovery.
		76.2- 79.8m	Interbedded chloritic arenaceous volcanoclastic and chloritic shale.
		79.8- 81.2m	Foliated sericitized coarse arenaceous volcanoclastic.
		81.2-114.0m	Chloritic interbedded fine arenaceous volcanoclastic and chloritic shale.
		114.0-154.1m	Finely laminated pyritic black shale.
		EOH	

The IP source was modelled to be situated at 2500N 4980E at 50m depth. Projection of this down dip correlates well with the pyritic black shale in SVD 89-1 and hence it is assumed that this is the actual source.

Down hole IP logging should however be carried out to confirm this conclusion.

Selected core chip sampling and splitting has been completed and assays of interest are summarized below:

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<u>Sample</u>	<u>Interval</u>	<u>Width</u>	<u>Cu</u>	<u>Pb</u>	<u>Zn</u>	<u>Ag</u>	<u>Au</u>	<u>As</u>	<u>Log</u>
17886	71.0-71.9	0.9m		460				0.59%	Chloritic pyritic v'clastic
17887	71.9-72.2	0.3m	2.5%	1620	0.26%	96	0.14	5.0%	Mass. Py Po Cpy
17890	74.3- 76.2 (10% core recovery only)	1.9m	1.0%	1280	0.16%	52	0.06	2.4%	10cms mass. Py Po Cpy +qtz vn v'clastic
17893	78.0- 79.0	1.0m			0.53%				Black shale
17913	114.0-116.0	2.0m			0.23%				Black shale
17915	118.0-120.0	2.0m			0.38%				Black shale
17935	150.1-150.8	0.7m	0.17%			7		3.3%	Chloritic siliceous pyritic breccia

(Values in ppm except where otherwise indicated, blank space implies non anomalous values).

These results demonstrate the polymetallic nature of massive pyritic sulphide, as is often found when drilling adjacent to the Henty Fault. However, the widths and grades are not considered significant and no further work is deemed necessary.

? Analyse for Sn

Anomaly C is also located immediately east of the Henty Fault in an area of poor outcrop. Here the position of the Henty Fault has been inferred from the IP data but experience elsewhere has indicated that this provides a very good approximation.

A summary log of drill hole SVD 89-2 is presented below and in Figure 23. A detailed log is included in Appendix 3.

1. The facing criteria ^{are} ~~is~~ not primary and therefore not valid.
2. The facing evidence is correct and
 - a) The Farrell Sequence here is easterly facing, or
 - b) Severe structural perturbations post consolidation have disrupted blocks of the Farrell Sequence.

Evidence from the Tyndall Group would be of obvious benefit here but in the absence of same, it is assumed that a westerly facing is regionally valid.

8.0 CONCLUSIONS

Within the Tyndall Group, a programme of geological mapping, rock chip sampling, ground magnetic and UTEM surveying has resulted in a detailed appreciation of the geological setting and has identified a strike extensive horizon considered favourable for the development of massive base metal sulphide mineralization. No UTEM responses were recorded from the main area of interest within this horizon but two late channel responses are located towards the northern end, in close proximity to a major NNW trending fault. Rock chip anomalism and the presence of old prospector workings further adds to the prospectivity of this area.

Exploration along the Henty Fault has consisted of two diamond drill holes, the results of which have indicated strong IP responses associated with graphitic pyritic black shales. Sub economic widths/grades of base-precious metal geochemistry were recorded in one drill hole while the other was barren.

9.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Exploration within the Tyndall Group should primarily focus on the horizon of interest at the contact of the western/central zones.

- infill gridding (100m spacing) to accurately map the lithologies and alteration.
- systematic rock chip and auger sampling to map geochemical anomalism and to add to the geological picture in areas of poor outcrop.
- lead isotope analysis of selected samples to prove the Cambrian nature of the mineralization.
- trace element and whole rock analysis using Billiton's lithogeochemical study results.
- diamond drilling of the best UTEM anomaly located at the northern end of the licence.

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- diamond drilling of the best geochemical area within the main horizon of interest.

- additional UTEM surveying in areas of minimal coupling resulting from the previous survey.

Within the Henty Fault environs, little more work is recommended. Diamond drilling of Anomaly B using the portable diamond drill is warranted and down hole IP of drill holes SVD 89-1,2 should be carried out.

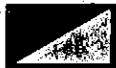
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APPENDIX 1

Rock chip and diamond drill assay results

047

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594048

Mr. Jeff Randell
 Billiton Australia Ltd
 30 Mersey Main Road
 Spreyton
 Devonport
 TAS 7310 Australia

JOB NUMBER: 9AD0168

Your Reference: 11646/LJ70/JPR

Date Received: 31-JAN-1989

Turnaround 2 days

Date Relayed: 2-FEB-1989

Date Reported: 2-FEB-1989

Number of Samples: 18

Report Analyte Codes

N.A. - Not Analysed.

L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.

I.S. - Insufficient Sample for Analysis.

Report Comprising: Cover Sheet
 Pages 1 to 2

Comments:

Report Dist'n Type	Recipient	Location	Date	Magnetic Media (MM) Copies
Carbon Copies (CC)				
Electronic Media (EM)				

Approved Signature:

for

Harry Fishman
 Managing Director.
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(Please address any enquiries to Mr. Trevor Francis)

This report relates specifically to the sample(s) tested in so far as that the sample(s) is truly representative of the sample source as supplied.


 Job: 9AD0168
 O/N: 11646/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
16077	<0.01	0.01	<0.01	--	270	390	10
16078	<0.01	--	--	--	13	150	1
16085	<0.01	--	--	--	2	48	<1
16087	0.02	--	--	--	7	160	<1
16088	<0.01	--	--	--	9	20	<1
16089	<0.01	--	--	--	4	250	<1
16090	<0.01	--	--	--	6	54	<1
16091	<0.01	--	--	--	125	7200	6
16092	<0.01	--	--	--	4	180	1
16093	<0.01	--	--	--	5	125	<1
16094	<0.01	--	--	--	2	230	<1
16096	<0.01	--	--	--	11	105	1
16097	<0.01	--	--	--	6	50	<1
16098	<0.01	--	--	--	4	46	<1
16099	<0.01	--	--	--	7	130	<1
15909	<0.01	--	--	--	4	150	1
15910	<0.01	--	--	--	190	135	1
15914	<0.01	--	--	--	9	64	<1
UNITS SCHEME	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS2



Job: 9AD0168
 O/N: 11646/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Sn	Pb	As	Ba
16077	600	2550	62	135
16078	6	52	6	1060
16085	8	19	8	115
16087	10	210	8	1360
16088	10	13	6	650
16089	4	230	3	2250
16090	10	15	5	790
16091	78	5100	<2	280
16092	4	70	6	810
16093	10	60	6	970
16094	6	28	12	2050
16096	<4	22	7	1000
16097	6	62	9	1940
16098	8	62	11	2900
16099	8	68	6	900
15909	4	100	5	1940
15910	6	520	4	1760
15914	<4	78	5	135
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1



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File

Mr. Jeff Randell
Billiton Australia Ltd
30 Mersey Main Road
Spreyton
Devonport
TAS 7310 Australia

JOB NUMBER: 9AD0252

Your Reference: 11647/LJ70/JPR

Date Received: 14-FEB-1989 Turnaround 2 days
Date Relayed: 16-FEB-1989
Date Reported: 16-FEB-1989

Number of Samples: 36 Report Analyte Codes
N.A. - Not Analysed.
L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.
I.S. - Insufficient Sample for Analysis.

Report Comprising: Cover Sheet
Pages 1 to 4

Comments:

Report Dist'n: Carbon Copies(CC), Electronic Media(EM), Magnetic Media(MM)
Type Recipient Location Date Copies

Approved Signature:

for

Harry Fishman
Managing Director.
CLASSIC COMLABS LTD
(Please address any enquiries to Mr. Trevor Francis)

This report relates specifically to the sample(s) tested in so far as that the sample(s) is truly representative of the sample source as supplied.

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Job: 9AD0252

O/N: 11647/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
16201	<0.01	--	--	--	7	115	<1
16202	0.16	0.09	0.23	--	10	48	<1
16203	0.04	--	--	--	17	50	<1
16204	0.02	--	--	--	9	240	<1
16208	0.04	--	--	--	6	14	<1
16209	0.18	--	--	--	2	84	<1
16210	<0.01	--	--	--	32	160	1
16211	0.09	--	--	--	52	330	2
16212	0.08	--	--	--	12	98	1
16213	0.03	--	--	--	24	140	<1
16214	0.17	0.19	0.15	--	9	90	<1
16215	0.11	--	--	--	6	105	<1
16216	0.02	--	--	--	9	720	1
16217	0.03	--	--	--	3	34	<1
16218	<0.01	--	--	--	110	520	1
16219	0.14	0.13	0.15	--	32	78	1
3600N/8775E	0.06	--	--	--	19	52	<1
3600N/9150E	0.07	--	--	--	16	330	<1
3600N/9175E	0.05	--	--	--	12	40	<1
4000N/8650E	0.01	--	--	--	4	19	<1
4000N/8725E	0.04	0.05	0.02	--	13	90	<1
4000N/8865E	0.01	--	--	--	4	40	<1
4000N/8975E	0.06	--	--	--	3	28	<1
4000N/9095E	<0.01	--	--	--	9	62	<1
4000N/9150E	0.02	--	--	--	14	34	<1
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	FA1	FA1	FA1	FA1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS2

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Job: 9AD0252

O/N: 11647/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
15902	0.07	--	--	--	6	26	<1
15903	0.02	--	--	--	56	72	<1
15916	0.06	--	--	--	10	80	<1
15917	0.03	--	--	--	7	40	<1
15920	0.03	0.03	0.02	--	22	125	<1
15921	0.03	--	--	--	140	125	14
15924	0.06	--	--	--	16	26	<1
15925	0.05	--	--	--	12	7	1
15926	<0.01	--	--	--	6	96	<1
15928	0.10	0.09	0.11	--	160	2450	16
15931	<0.01	--	--	--	220	58	<1
UNITS SCHEME	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS2



Job: 9AD0252
 O/N: 11647/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Pb	As	Ba	Sn
16201	46	4	260	4
16202	9	4	520	<4
16203	7	10	890	8
16204	250	8	2150	<4
16208	240	17	350	6
16209	22	7	1720	4
16210	770	42	1060	6
16211	520	34	75	4
16212	34	26	990	8
16213	58	7	440	4
16214	15	12	860	6
16215	19	12	780	4
16216	115	15	2600	8
16217	19	5	440	6
16218	1580	<2	2700	8
16219	270	13	1040	4
3600N/8775E	40	11	930	10
3600N/9150E	100	13	2200	6
3600N/9175E	8	24	520	<4
4000N/8650E	6	4	860	4
4000N/8725E	38	12	600	<4
4000N/8865E	7	12	460	6
4000N/8975E	5	8	600	<4
4000N/9095E	17	11	730	4
4000N/9150E	12	9	900	<4
UNITS SCHEME	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1

054



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Job: 9AD0252
O/N: 11647/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Pb	As	Ba	Sn
15902	2	7	920	<4
15903	50	16	910	4
15916	10	6	700	8
15917	9	7	1020	4
15920	28	7	1000	4
15921	2250	<2	1580	8
15924	46	6	25	<4
15925	48	5	95	6
15926	22	5	2250	4
15928	15	36	15	4
15931	1140	46	550	<4
UNITS SCHEME	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1

055 305 South Road, Mile End South, South Australia, 5031
Telephone: (08) 43 5722 Fax: (08) 234 0321 Telex: LABCOM AA89323

Mr. Jeff Randell
Billiton Australia Ltd
30 Mersey Main Road
Spreyton
Devonport
TAS 7310 Australia

JOB NUMBER: 9AD0379

Your Reference: 11649/LJ70/JPR

Date Received: 6-MAR-1989 Turnaround 3 days
Date Relayed: 9-MAR-1989
Date Reported: 9-MAR-1989

Number of Samples: 82

Report Analyte Codes
N.A. - Not Analysed.
L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.
I.S. - Insufficient Sample for Analysis.

Report Comprising: Cover Sheet
Pages 1 to 8

Comments:

Drill Core 17873-937.

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Approved Signature:

for



Harry Fishman
Managing Director.
CLASSIC COMLABS LTD
(Please address any enquiries to Mr. Trevor Francis)

This report relates specifically to the sample(s) tested in so far as that the sample(s) is truly representative of the sample source as supplied.



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056



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Job: 9AD0379
O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
15901	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	100	34	<1
15905	0.01	--	--	--	7	175	<1
15906	<0.01	--	--	--	13	100	<1
15932	<0.01	--	--	--	24	98	1
15933	0.16	0.14	0.18	--	180	135	<1
15935	0.04	--	--	--	350	340	2
15936	0.09	0.08	0.10	--	380	230	3
16220	0.01	--	--	--	17	210	1
16221	0.01	--	--	--	60	185	2
16222	<0.01	--	--	--	12	84	<1
16223	<0.01	--	--	--	4	125	<1
16224	<0.01	--	--	--	15	110	<1
16225	0.01	--	--	--	105	125	<1
16226	<0.01	--	--	--	175	630	1
16227	0.01	--	--	--	32	155	<1
16228	<0.01	--	--	--	44	370	1
16229	<0.01	--	--	--	8	1040	1
17873	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	24	520	<1
17874	<0.01	--	--	--	3	170	<1
17875	<0.01	--	--	--	4	110	<1
17876	<0.01	--	--	--	7	170	<1
17877	<0.01	--	--	--	770	1320	2
17878	<0.01	--	--	--	15	145	<1
17879	<0.01	--	--	--	14	155	<1
17880	<0.01	--	--	--	15	490	<1
UNITS SCHEME	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS2



Job: 9AD0379
O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

057

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
17881	0.01	--	--	--	520	770	2
17882	<0.01	--	--	--	40	290	1
17883	<0.01	--	--	--	140	660	2
17884	<0.01	--	--	--	94	550	1
17885	<0.01	--	--	--	260	240	1
17886	<0.01	--	--	--	700	450	5
17887	0.10	0.14	0.05	--	2.50%	2600	96
17888	0.01	--	--	--	860	250	6
17889	<0.01	--	--	--	590	190	2
17890	0.05	0.06	0.04	--	1.02%	1640	52
17891	<0.01	--	--	--	80	470	4
17892	<0.01	--	--	--	68	1780	1
17893	<0.01	--	--	--	36	5300	1
17894	<0.01	--	--	--	28	2200	1
17895	<0.01	--	--	--	9	350	1
17896	<0.01	--	--	--	7	165	<1
17897	<0.01	--	--	--	11	200	<1
17898	<0.01	--	--	--	240	155	2
17899	<0.01	--	--	--	190	350	2
17900	<0.01	--	--	--	9	210	<1
17901	<0.01	--	--	--	11	195	<1
17902	<0.01	--	--	--	22	450	1
17903	<0.01	--	--	--	13	800	<1
17904	<0.01	--	--	--	5	250	1
17905	<0.01	--	--	--	22	280	1
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	FA1	FA1	FA1	FA1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS2
UPPER SCHEME					AAS1C		



058

Job: 9AD0379
O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
17906	<0.01	--	--	--	19	570	1
17907	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	22	165	<1
17908	<0.01	--	--	--	22	750	1
17909	<0.01	--	--	--	50	550	<1
17910	0.01	--	--	--	13	330	<1
17911	<0.01	--	--	--	8	520	1
17912	<0.01	--	--	--	19	370	1
17913	<0.01	--	--	--	190	2300	1
17914	<0.01	--	--	--	135	870	1
17915	<0.01	--	--	--	210	3850	1
17916	<0.01	--	--	--	48	330	<1
17917	<0.01	--	--	--	80	860	1
17918	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	110	1400	1
17919	<0.01	--	--	--	64	340	1
17920	<0.01	--	--	--	105	150	2
17921	<0.01	--	--	--	130	105	1
17922	<0.01	--	--	--	110	105	<1
17923	0.01	--	--	--	100	190	1
17924	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	64	185	1
17925	<0.01	--	--	--	100	185	1
17926	<0.01	--	--	--	80	180	<1
17927	<0.01	--	--	--	92	150	1
17928	<0.01	--	--	--	52	180	<1
17929	<0.01	--	--	--	68	470	1
17930	<0.01	--	--	--	240	430	1
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	FA1	FA1	FA1	FA1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS2



059

 Job: 9AD0379
 O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
17931	<0.01	--	--	--	110	120	1
17932	<0.01	--	--	--	48	70	<1
17933	<0.01	--	--	--	26	72	<1
17934	<0.01	--	--	--	135	72	<1
17935	<0.01	--	--	--	1720	135	7
17936	0.01	--	--	--	140	66	1
17937	<0.01	--	--	--	48	94	<1
UNITS SCHEME	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS2



000

Job: 9AD0379
O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	As	Ba	Pb
15901	48	830	20
15905	10	800	22
15906	11	1740	17
15932	17	530	40
15933	30	750	34
15935	48	500	110
15936	66	440	190
16220	470	1020	350
16221	50	430	900
16222	20	650	32
16223	12	950	32
16224	9	590	15
16225	5	2350	17
16226	50	1600	1920
16227	11	1580	540
16228	22	1040	1100
16229	26	260	460
17873	145	210	115
17874	16	105	16
17875	15	70	7
17876	22	65	36
17877	120	30	420
17878	52	30	30
17879	16	120	40
17880	30	175	84
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1



061

Job: 9AD0379
O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	As	Ba	Pb
17881	60	115	125
17882	640	105	62
17883	40	170	240
17884	430	115	68
17885	420	95	40
17886	5900	65	460
17887	5.00%	<10	1620
17888	1860	65	260
17889	1080	145	360
17890	2.40%	25	1280
17891	165	100	120
17892	230	240	270
17893	110	135	50
17894	130	280	120
17895	24	320	56
17896	86	330	70
17897	56	220	54
17898	105	145	80
17899	145	160	135
17900	92	200	90
17901	72	145	68
17902	92	330	150
17903	42	270	110
17904	74	155	68
17905	260	115	96
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1
UPPER SCHEME	XRF2		

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Job: 9AD0379

O/N: 11849/LJ70/JPR

062

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	As	Ba	Pb
17906	38	220	180
17907	38	200	80
17908	52	250	230
17909	74	155	270
17910	84	185	160
17911	50	125	290
17912	120	115	135
17913	60	195	340
17914	78	200	145
17915	74	250	820
17916	34	220	98
17917	40	185	220
17918	38	240	330
17919	48	220	160
17920	64	175	54
17921	70	165	82
17922	44	165	58
17923	210	190	84
17924	50	320	36
17925	96	320	74
17926	42	290	62
17927	68	300	68
17928	78	370	54
17929	68	155	78
17930	320	75	80
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1



Job: 9AD0379

O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

063

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	As	Ba	Pb
17931	82	240	38
17932	62	260	34
17933	54	260	34
17934	155	195	42
17935	3.30%	10	210
17936	760	300	34
17937	320	290	38
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1
UPPER SCHEME	XRF2		

594065

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Telephone: (08) 43 5722 Fax: (08) 234 0321 Telex: LABCOM AA89323

File
LJ70
846

Mr. Jeff Randell
Billiton Australia Ltd
30 Mersey Main Road
Spreyton
Devonport
TAS 7310 Australia

JOB NUMBER: 9AD0429

Your Reference: 11650/LJ⁷⁰~~50~~/JPR

Date Received: 15-MAR-1989 Turnaround 2 days
Date Relayed: 17-MAR-1989
Date Reported: 17-MAR-1989

Number of Samples: 61 Report Analyte Codes
N.A. - Not Analysed.
L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.
I.S. - Insufficient Sample for Analysis.

Report Comprising: Cover Sheet
Pages 1 to 6

Comments:

DRILL CORE 17938-93

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for

Harry Fishman
Managing Director.
CLASSIC COMLABS LTD
(Please address any enquiries to Mr. Trevor Francis)

This report relates specifically to the sample(s) tested in so far as that the sample(s) is truly representative of the sample source as supplied.



Job: 9AD0429

O/N: 11650/LJ50/JPR

065

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
16230	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	125	165	<1
16231	0.03	--	--	--	110	200	1
16232	0.02	--	--	--	120	185	1
16233	<0.01	--	--	--	36	110	<1
16234	<0.01	--	--	--	7	140	<1
17938	<0.01	--	--	--	125	200	<1
17939	<0.01	--	--	--	10	120	<1
17940	<0.01	--	--	--	54	410	<1
17941	<0.01	--	--	--	7	150	<1
17942	<0.01	--	--	--	12	200	<1
17943	<0.01	--	--	--	9	310	1
17944	<0.01	--	--	--	17	330	<1
17945	<0.01	--	--	--	54	430	<1
17946	<0.01	--	--	--	11	88	<1
17947	<0.01	--	--	--	9	62	<1
17948	<0.01	--	--	--	7	210	<1
17949	<0.01	--	--	--	3	26	<1
17950	<0.01	--	--	--	6	28	<1
17951	<0.01	--	--	--	2	20	<1
17952	<0.01	--	--	--	5	22	<1
17953	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	4	30	<1
17954	<0.01	--	--	--	5	60	1
17955	<0.01	--	--	--	6	125	1
17956	<0.01	--	--	--	6	82	1
17957	<0.01	--	--	--	6	30	<1
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	FA1	FA1	FA1	FA1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS2



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Job: 9AD0429
O/N: 11650/LJ50/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

033

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
17958	<0.01	--	--	--	4	110	<1
17959	<0.01	--	--	--	3	56	1
17960	<0.01	--	--	--	48	150	3
17961	<0.01	--	--	--	44	230	2
17962	<0.01	--	--	--	24	24	1
17963	<0.01	--	--	--	34	50	<1
17964	<0.01	--	--	--	46	64	<1
17965	<0.01	--	--	--	54	270	1
17966	<0.01	--	--	--	84	290	1
17967	<0.01	--	--	--	72	540	<1
17968	<0.01	--	--	--	62	250	<1
17969	<0.01	--	--	--	72	135	1
17970	<0.01	--	--	--	80	320	1
17971	<0.01	--	--	--	92	110	1
17972	<0.01	--	--	--	92	110	1
17973	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	80	110	1
17974	<0.01	--	--	--	78	105	1
17975	<0.01	--	--	--	92	56	1
17976	<0.01	--	--	--	82	60	1
17977	<0.01	--	--	--	80	46	1
17978	<0.01	--	--	--	84	185	1
17979	<0.01	--	--	--	72	220	2
17980	<0.01	--	--	--	94	46	1
17981	<0.01	--	--	--	74	42	1
17982	<0.01	--	--	--	80	52	1
UNITS SCHEME	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS2



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Job: 9AD0429

O/N: 11650/LJ50/JPR

067

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
17983	<0.01	--	--	--	54	72	1
17984	<0.01	--	--	--	58	76	1
17985	<0.01	--	--	--	64	42	1
17986	<0.01	--	--	--	88	62	1
17987	<0.01	--	--	--	90	96	1
17988	<0.01	--	--	--	82	36	2
17989	<0.01	--	--	--	82	96	1
17990	<0.01	--	--	--	98	125	1
17991	<0.01	--	--	--	105	78	1
17992	<0.01	--	--	--	98	60	1
17993	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	74	60	1
UNITS SCHEME	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS2



058

Job: 9AD0429
O/N: 11650/LJ50/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Ba	Pb	As
16230	650	115	14
16231	185	280	140
16232	180	510	92
16233	440	540	15
16234	330	130	11
17938	50	22	88
17939	25	19	100
17940	15	16	32
17941	45	9	64
17942	50	38	82
17943	50	125	72
17944	45	80	105
17945	100	90	54
17946	230	40	11
17947	190	18	16
17948	185	80	17
17949	165	13	13
17950	185	20	16
17951	145	9	16
17952	155	13	14
17953	175	15	14
17954	210	72	13
17955	140	76	12
17956	175	360	9
17957	175	22	14
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1



Job: 9AD0429
O/N: 11650/LJ50/JPR

069

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Ba	Pb	As
17958	170	28	10
17959	195	46	12
17960	140	850	86
17961	230	220	74
17962	230	54	36
17963	230	90	32
17964	250	70	36
17965	230	98	40
17966	210	84	58
17967	230	94	52
17968	250	58	56
17969	210	100	36
17970	210	90	38
17971	240	74	38
17972	185	135	36
17973	190	94	34
17974	230	40	24
17975	210	84	40
17976	240	115	36
17977	200	68	32
17978	185	360	26
17979	240	390	66
17980	220	105	26
17981	190	52	38
17982	220	64	30
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1



Job: 9AD0429

O/N: 11650/LJ50/JPR

070

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Ba	Pb	As
17983	250	66	36
17984	260	140	60
17985	270	70	54
17986	270	220	54
17987	210	230	36
17988	250	370	60
17989	230	400	98
17990	230	260	105
17991	200	130	140
17992	220	60	125
17993	240	62	160
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1

APPENDIX 1

Rock chip and diamond drill assay results



Shell METALS DIVISION

SAMPLE RECORD

Sheet 1 of 3

SAMPLE TYPE: Rock Chip

PROJECT / LOCATION: STERLING VALLEY

HOLE / GRID: _____

SAMPLER: J. RANDALL
C. CREAIGH

DATE: 2/89

ASSAY LAB: COMLABS

SAMPLE DISPATCH _____

ASSAY REPORT NOS: _____

MAP REF: _____

SAMPLE STORAGE: DEVONPORT

ORDER NOS: _____

PHOTO REF: _____

A.M.G.

SAMPLE No.	LOCATION		INTER'L (m)	ANALYSES												DESCRIPTION		
	N	E																
16201	373800	385960																Mag. chl. gtr. phyr. lava + py.
16202	374000	385350																Qtz vmed chl K-spar felsic volcanic
16203	371800	386690																Qtz felds biochl granite gmed.
16204	372000	385890																Ferug qtz felds rhydac. lava
16208	372000	385640																Banded massive qtz.
16209	372000	384900																Mag-chl K-spar rhyolite lava
16210	371600	386030																Py. qtz phyr. chl. rhyolite lava
16211	371600	385810																Pyritic chl. shad volcanic
16212	371600	384620																Schistose chl-mag-py schist.
16213	371600	384050																Felds. phyr. dacitic volcanic/carbonate
16214	371400	385920																Ferug qtz felds chl. epiclastic
16215	371400	385400																Chl. qtz ser schist + z.l. py.
16216	371400	385340																Chl mag qtz phyr. schist z.l. py.
16217	372400	385880																Epid. K-spar rhyolite lava f.l. py
16218	374400	385160																Chl. felds rhyodacitic volcanic
16219	374400	385370																Sheeted g-vnd. silic. rhyolite lava
16220	374000	386320																Ferug. ser chl Kspat g-rhyolite
16221	374000	387110																Ferug. chl. qtz phyr. rhyolite.
16222	374200	386750																Qtz vmed ferug. chl. epiclastic
16223	374200	386170																Pyritic chl. qtz phyr. rhyolite
16224	374400	386650																Pyritic chl. volcanic (epiclastic)
16225	374600	385700																Ferug. ser chl Kspat rhyol. volcanic
16226	373000	385105																Siltified ash + py sph. g. z.l. bbb
16227	373000	385090																Senescent lam. ash + epiclastic
16228	373000	385080																Silic. ash + quartz + py + Mn.
16229	373000	385060																Ferug + Mn chl schist.
16230	371720	386340																Mn ferug. chl. lava.
16231	372100	386300																Ferug. py. g. vn + volcanic ash.
16232	372100	386300																Pyritic layered ferug. g-vn.
16233	372120	386300																Pyritic z.l. in ferug. ser volcanic
16234	373920	386280																Ferug g-phyr. rhyolite lava
15904	373000	386340	Not Assayed															Pyritic phyr. brook rhyolite pop.
15905	373000	386770																Dacitic calcitic volcaniclastic
15906	373000	Tk Line																Quartz phyr. rhyolite.
15909	372800	385100																F.g. cherty ash + pyrite

REMARKS:

594073



Shell METALS DIVISION

SAMPLE RECORD

Sheet 2 of 3

SAMPLE TYPE: ROCK CHIP

PROJECT / LOCATION: STERLING VALLEY

HOLE / GRID: _____

SAMPLER: J. RANDELL
C. CREAGH

DATE: 2/89

ASSAY LAB: COMLABS

SAMPLE DISPATCH _____

ASSAY REPORT NOS: _____

MAP REF: _____

SAMPLE STORAGE: DEVONPORT

ORDER NOS: _____

PHOTO REF: _____

SAMPLE No.	LOCATION INTERVAL		INTER'L (m)	ANALYSES												DESCRIPTION	
	N.M.M.B	E.M.B															
15912	373000	385170															Pyritic rhyodacitic v. clastic
15914	373400	386490															Siliceous chert.
16077	2500N	5000E	Grid														Pyritic quartz carbonat. black shale
16078	372400	386260															Qtz veined ferrug. quartz phytic volc.
16085	372600	386280															Magn. sil. chlorite-magnetite.
16087	372600	384910															Qtz veined sil. chl. rhyodacite lava
16088	372600	384890															" " K-spar " "
16089	373200	385720															Chl K-spar 1% py. rhyodacite lava
16090	373200	385660															Shaded q-veined " "
16091	373200	385595															Digging. Chl q-phytic " + gal-sph ^{rimmed} py
16092	373200	385 ?															Cherty ash, minor lithic.
16093	373400	385810															Qtz phytic K-spar rhyodacite lava 79v.
16094	373400	385790															Qtz felds phytic chl rhyodac lava 79p
16096	373400	385280															Cherty sericitic ash.
16097	372600	385140															Lam cherty ash trace q-cb-py vns.
16098	373600	385130															Ferrug. qtz veined cherty, ser. ash.
16099	373600	385590															1% py in ser. qtz phytic rhyodacite
15907	372800	385840	Not	Assayed													Flow banded rhyodacitic lava
15908	372800	385540	"	"													Chloritic quartz phytic volcanic
15911	373000	385090	"	"													Banded chert.
15912	373200	386430	"	"													Basic chloritic intrusive
15913	373200	386490	"	"													Chloritic rhyodacite v. clastic
15918	372100		"	"													Chloritic quartz phytic rhyolite lava
15919	372200	385930	"	"													Magnetite K-spar rhyolite lava
15920	372200	384780	"	"													Rhyodacite lava.
15921	371800	386000	"	"													Sericitic dacite lava
15922	371800	385900	"	"													Dacite lava
15923	371800	385760	"	"													Basic intrusive
15924	371800	385760															Quartz breccia veins
15925	371800	385500															Silicified quartz-felds. rhyodacite lava
15926	371800	384590															Quartz veined rhyolite lava.
15928	371240	386000															Silicified pyritic volcanic
15929	371200	385740	Not	Assayed													Rhyodacite epiclastic
15930	371200	385680	"	"													Quartz phytic epiclastic
15931	371200	385640															Quartz veined + gal. Cambro Ordovician

594074

REMARKS:



Shell METALS DIVISION

SAMPLE RECORD

Sheet 3 of 3

SAMPLE TYPE: ROCK CHIP

PROJECT / LOCATION: STERLING VALLEY

HOLE / GRID: _____

SAMPLER: J. RANDALL
C. CRENSHAW

DATE: 2/89

ASSAY LAB: COMLABS

SAMPLE DISPATCH _____

ASSAY REPORT NOS: _____

MAP REF: _____

SAMPLE STORAGE: _____

ORDER NOS: _____

PHOTO REF: _____

SAMPLE No.	LOCATION		INTERVAL	INTER'L (m)	ANALYSES												DESCRIPTION
	AMG N	AMG E															
15946	374000	385050															Quartz veined quartz beds rhynchonella loc.
15947	374000	385280															Quartz chlorite Kiper veins
15948	373800	384550															Chlorite quartz van stockwork
15949	373800	384630															Quartz veins in chlorited volcanic
15950	373800	384920															Quartz veined br. rhynchon. v. cleastic
15951	374200	384980															Massive milky quartz
15952	374800	385220															Quartz schal pyrite veins
15954	374800	385600															Undert volcanic
					Not Analyzed												

594075

REMARKS: _____

DEPARTMENT OF MINES

594076



TASMANIA

Launceston Office:

Chemical and Metallurgical
Laboratory,
287 Wellington Street,
LAUNCESTON 7249

26 May 1989

Enquiries: P L James
Phone: 003 442431
Your ref: 08467
Our file:

Attent. Jeff Randell

Shell Company of Australia Ltd
Metals Division
PO Box 860
DEVONPORT TAS 7310

Dear Sir

Enclosed please find results of analyses of samples submitted by you.

Determinations were made by methods as follows.

Au: By 50 gram fire assay/AAS finish

Ag, Cu, Zn, Pb, As, Bi: By AAS

Ba, Sn, W, Sb: By XRF

You did require Pb, As and Bi to be determined by XRF. However, there are inherent difficulties in the XRF determination of these elements in the presence of one another, which can cause serious aberrations in results. Some of these became apparent in the work done on your samples and accordingly we are giving you AAS results for these three elements. The method of digestion plus special precautions to retain the elements in solution gives reliable results. All minerals of interest will be in solution unless in the form of refractory silicates.

A further note: The XRF determination of tin indicates total value and does not differentiate between cassiterite and stannite. Your sample No 16329 showed a significant amount of tin present.

Checks on a number of gold assays will follow early next week.

Yours faithfully

(P L James)
CHIEF CHEMIST & METALLURGIST

STERLING VALLEY 15946-52, 54
08467/MT24/JPR.

Enc.

Shell Co of Aust. Reg. No 893282-324

g/t

O/No 08467

26.5.8

<u>Reg. Nos</u>	<u>Desc.</u>	<u>Ag</u>	<u>Cu</u>	<u>Zn</u>	<u>Pb</u>	<u>As</u>	<u>Ba</u>	<u>Sn</u>	<u>W</u>	<u>Bi</u>	<u>Sb</u>	<u>Au</u>
893282	15946	<5	90	55	30	3500	1800	25	55	40	<10	<0.05
283	947	<5	55	20	<5	<200	630	<10	<50	<10	<10	<0.05
284	948	<5	40	15	50	<200	<20	160	<50	<10	<10	<0.05
285	949	<5	100	25	90	300	35	35	75	<10	<10	0.06
286	950	<5	40	320	110	<200	3660	<10	50	10	<10	<0.05
287	951	<5	80	60	380	<200	30	<10	<50	15	<10	<0.05
288	952	30	960	35700	4500	15700	700	10	550	15	15	0.30
289	954	190	70	14100	19000	<200	220	<10	490	<10	20	<0.05
290	16301	10	90	110	930	770	230	<10	<50	25	10	0.97
291	302	<5	60	70	35	<200	410	<10	60	<10	<10	<0.05
292	303	<5	50	60	55	<200	450	<10	<50	<10	<10	<0.05
293	304	<5	40	80	20	<200	590	<10	60	<10	<10	<0.05
294	305	<5	35	70	25	<200	660	<10	<50	<10	<10	<0.05
295	306	<5	55	50	20	<200	540	<10	<50	<10	<10	<0.05
296	307	<5	10	10	55	<200	40	<10	<50	<10	20	<0.05
297	308	<5	40	15	10	<200	230	<10	55	<10	<10	<0.05
298	309	<5	45	35	20	<200	510	<10	85	<10	<10	<0.05
299	310	<5	40	15	20	<200	70	<10	70	<10	<10	<0.05
300	311	<5	45	35	5	<200	130	<10	<50	<10	<10	<0.05
301	312	<5	60	10	10	<200	<20	<10	<50	30	<10	<0.05
302	313	<5	60	90	30	<200	230	<10	<50	<10	<10	<0.05
303	314	<5	50	55	65	640	130	<10	<50	10	20	1.18
304	315	<5	40	15	10	<200	60	<10	<50	<10	<10	<0.05
305	316	<5	55	25	<5	<200	170	<10	<50	<10	<10	<0.05
306	317	<5	50	20	<5	<200	200	<10	<50	<10	15	<0.05
307	318	<5	75	45	10	<200	280	<10	<50	<10	<10	<0.05
308	319	<5	30	10	<5	<200	360	<10	<50	<10	<10	<0.05

594077



TASMANIA

Launceston Office:

Chemical and Metallurgical
Laboratory,
287 Wellington Street,
LAUNCESTON 7249

Enquiries: Shell Company of Aust Ltd
Phone: Metal Division
Your ref.: P.O. Box 860
Our file: Devonport 7310

1.6.89

Attent. Chris. Craig.

Dear Chris,

The check gold assays on a selection of your samples have now been done. The results are as follows:

<u>Reg. No</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Au g/t</u>	
		<u>Reported</u>	<u>Check (s)</u>
893282	15946	<0.05	0.12 0.18
893285	15949	0.06	0.08
3288	15952	0.30	0.36
3290	16301	0.97	1.08
3300	16311	<0.05	<0.05
3303	16314	1.18	1.95 2.2
3311	16322	<0.05	0.16 0.06
3318	16329	<0.05	0.08 0.14
3319	16330	<0.05	0.07
3323	16334	41.6	43.1
3324	16335	11.8	10.0

We have checked approximately one in each ten plus those showing significant gold values. Your Ref. No 16330 was checked because a significant amount of arsenic was present.

The deviations in results showing in replicate assays on some samples is almost certainly caused by "shotty" gold.

If you think it necessary we could regrind the assay pulps for a longer period to further "flour" the gold and re-assay.

The only other way to produce a more definitive result would be to do screened fire assays on a comparatively large sample, which is quite costly and time consuming.

I must apologise for the delay in sending you the results which went out to you last week.

Your samples were given high priority but unfortunately the XRF assays for lead, bismuth and arsenic, (the method required by Jeff Randell) gave all sorts of trouble. We had consultation with AMDEL on the subject and they experienced same problems and I understand that XRF is no longer used by them for these elements in the presence of one another.

As stated in the letter covering your results, the XRF method was abandoned and results obtained by AAS.

The problems outlined were the main cause of delay and will not occur in future.

It might be of interest to you to know that we have recently taken part in a NATA gold assaying proficiency test.

Our results on the six samples assayed were \pm one standard deviation in all cases.

Some other lab's were not so precise with a few quite outlandish results being recorded.

Yours faithfully,



(P.L. James)

Chief Chemist & Metallurgist (Peter)

Launceston Office:

Chemical and Metallurgical
Laboratory,
287 Wellington Street,
LAUNCESTON 7249

3th July 1989

MANIA

es: Shell Co of Aust
Metals Division
P.O. Box 860
Devonport 7310

Attent. Mr. Jeff Randell/Chris Craig

Dear Sirs,

We have had occasion to check a number of lead assays recently done in this laboratory.

Three out of the recent suite of forty three samples submitted by you were included in this exercise.

The results of these check assays are as follows:

<u>Reg. No</u>	<u>Your Ref.</u>	<u>Lead Assay % Pb</u>	
		<u>Previous</u>	<u>Repeat</u>
893288	15952	0.45	0.43
893289	15954	1.9	11.7
893323	16334	0.41	0.39

The possibility of error was only present in samples containing more than 2% Lead.

However, as a matter of course, your other two samples showing significant lead were also checked.

Would you please therefore amend the result of No 893289/15954 from 1.9% (19000g/t) to 11.7%. The other two results in question were found to be correct.

The cause of the error has been identified and the possibility of it occurring again has been eliminated.

I apologise for any inconvenience that may have been caused.

Yours faithfully,



(P.L. James)
Chief Chemist & Metallurgist



CLASSIC COMLABS LTD

Analytical Laboratories (INC. IN WA.)

305 South Road, Mile End South, South Australia, 5031
Telephone: (08) 43 5722 Fax: (08) 234 0321 Telex: LABCOM AA89323



594081

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Mr. Jeff Randell
Billiton Australia Ltd
30 Mersey Main Road
Spreyton
Devonport
TAS 7310 Australia

JOB NUMBER: 9AD0168

Your Reference: 11646/LJ70/JPR

Date Received: 31-JAN-1989 Turnaround 2 days
Date Relayed: 2-FEB-1989
Date Reported: 2-FEB-1989

Number of Samples: 18

Report Analyte Codes
N.A. - Not Analysed.
L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.
I.S. - Insufficient Sample for Analysis.

Report Comprising: Cover Sheet
Pages 1 to 2

Comments:

Report Dist'n Type	Recipient	Location	Date	Copies
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Magnetic Media(M)				

Approved Signature:

for

Harry Fishman
Managing Director.
CLASSIC COMLABS LTD

(Please address any enquiries to Mr. Trevor Francis)

This report relates specifically to the sample(s) tested in so far as that the sample(s) is truly representative of the sample source as supplied.



594082

Job: 9AD0168
O/N: 11646/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
16077	<0.01	0.01	<0.01	--	270	390	10
16078	<0.01	--	--	--	13	150	1
16085	<0.01	--	--	--	2	48	<1
16087	0.02	--	--	--	7	160	<1
16088	<0.01	--	--	--	9	20	<1
16089	<0.01	--	--	--	4	250	<1
16090	<0.01	--	--	--	6	54	<1
16091	<0.01	--	--	--	125	7200	6
16092	<0.01	--	--	--	4	180	1
16093	<0.01	--	--	--	5	125	<1
16094	<0.01	--	--	--	2	230	<1
16096	<0.01	--	--	--	11	105	1
16097	<0.01	--	--	--	6	50	<1
16098	<0.01	--	--	--	4	46	<1
16099	<0.01	--	--	--	7	130	<1
15909	<0.01	--	--	--	4	150	1
15910	<0.01	--	--	--	190	135	1
15914	<0.01	--	--	--	9	64	<1
UNITS SCHEME	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS2



594083

Job: 9AD0168
O/N: 11646/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Sn	Pb	As	Ba
16077	600	2550	62	135
16078	6	52	6	1060
16085	8	19	8	115
16087	10	210	8	1360
16088	10	13	6	650
16089	4	230	3	2250
16090	10	15	5	790
16091	78	5100	<2	280
16092	4	70	6	810
16093	10	60	6	970
16094	6	28	12	2050
16096	<4	22	7	1000
16097	6	62	9	1940
16098	8	62	11	2900
16099	8	68	6	900
15909	4	100	5	1940
15910	6	520	4	1760
15914	<4	78	5	135
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1

594084



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305 South Road, Mile End South, South Australia, 5031
Telephone: (08) 43 5722 Fax: (08) 234 0321 Telex: LABCOM AA89323

File

Mr. Jeff Randell
Billiton Australia Ltd
30 Mersey Main Road
Spreyton
Devonport
TAS 7310 Australia

JOB NUMBER: 9AD0252

Your Reference: 11647/LJ70/JPR

Date Received: 14-FEB-1989 Turnaround 2 days
Date Relayed: 16-FEB-1989
Date Reported: 16-FEB-1989

Number of Samples: 36 Report Analyte Codes
N.A. - Not Analysed.
L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.
I.S. - Insufficient Sample for Analysis.

Report Comprising: Cover Sheet
Pages 1 to 4

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Approved Signature:

for

Harry Fishman
Managing Director.
CLASSIC COMLABS LTD

(Please address any enquiries to Mr. Trevor Francis)

This report relates specifically to the sample(s) tested in so far as that the sample(s) is truly representative of the sample source as supplied.

594085



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Job: 9AD0252

O/N: 11647/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
16201	<0.01	--	--	--	7	115	<1
16202	0.16	0.09	0.23	--	10	48	<1
16203	0.04	--	--	--	17	50	<1
16204	0.02	--	--	--	9	240	<1
16208	0.04	--	--	--	6	14	<1
16209	0.18	--	--	--	2	84	<1
16210	<0.01	--	--	--	32	160	1
16211	0.09	--	--	--	52	330	2
16212	0.08	--	--	--	12	98	1
16213	0.03	--	--	--	24	140	<1
16214	0.17	0.19	0.15	--	9	90	<1
16215	0.11	--	--	--	6	105	<1
16216	0.02	--	--	--	9	720	1
16217	0.03	--	--	--	3	34	<1
16218	<0.01	--	--	--	110	520	1
16219	0.14	0.13	0.15	--	32	78	1

UNITS
SCHEME

ppm
FA1

ppm
FA1

ppm
FA1

ppm
FA1

ppm
AAS1

ppm
AAS1

ppm
AAS2



Job: 9AD0252

O/N: 11647/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
15920	0.03	0.03	0.02	--	22	125	<1
15921	0.03	--	--	--	140	125	14
15924	0.06	--	--	--	16	26	<1
15925	0.05	--	--	--	12	7	1
15926	<0.01	--	--	--	6	96	<1
15928	0.10	0.09	0.11	--	160	2450	16
15931	<0.01	--	--	--	220	58	<1
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	FA1	FA1	FA1	FA1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS2

594087



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Job: 9AD0252

O/N: 11647/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Pb	As	Ba	Sn
16201	46	4	260	4
16202	9	4	520	<4
16203	7	10	890	8
16204	250	8	2150	<4
16208	240	17	350	6
16209	22	7	1720	4
16210	770	42	1060	6
16211	520	34	75	4
16212	34	26	990	8
16213	58	7	440	4
16214	15	12	860	6
16215	19	12	780	4
16216	115	15	2600	8
16217	19	5	440	6
16218	1580	<2	2700	8
16219	270	13	1040	4

UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1

594088



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Job: 9AD0252
O/N: 11647/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Pb	As	Ba	Sn
15920	28	7	1000	4
15921	2250	<2	1580	8
15924	46	6	25	<4
15925	48	5	95	6
15926	22	5	2250	4
15928	15	36	15	4
15931	1140	46	550	<4
UNITS SCHEME	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1



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Analytical Laboratories (INC. IN WA.)

594089



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305 South Road, Mile End South, South Australia, 5031
Telephone: (08) 43 5722 Fax: (08) 234 0321 Telex: LABCOM AA89323

Mr. Jeff Randell
Billiton Australia Ltd
30 Mersey Main Road
Spreyton
Devonport
TAS 7310 Australia

JOB NUMBER: 9AD0379

Your Reference: 11649/LJ70/JPR

Date Received: 6-MAR-1989 Turnaround 3 days
Date Relayed: 9-MAR-1989
Date Reported: 9-MAR-1989

Number of Samples: 82 Report Analyte Codes
N.A. - Not Analysed.
L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.
I.S. - Insufficient Sample for Analysis.

Report Comprising: Cover Sheet
Pages 1 to 8

Comments:

Drill Core 17773-937.

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Type Recipient Location Date Copies

Approved Signature:

for

Harry Fishman
Managing Director.
CLASSIC COMLABS LTD
(Please address any enquiries to Mr. Trevor Francis)

This report relates specifically to the sample(s) tested in so far as that the sample(s) is truly representative of the sample source as supplied.

594090



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Job: 9AD0379
O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
15905	0.01	--	--	--	7	175	<1
15906	<0.01	--	--	--	13	100	<1
16220	0.01	--	--	--	17	210	1
16221	0.01	--	--	--	60	185	2
16222	<0.01	--	--	--	12	84	<1
16223	<0.01	--	--	--	4	125	<1
16224	<0.01	--	--	--	15	110	<1
16225	0.01	--	--	--	105	125	<1
16226	<0.01	--	--	--	175	630	1
16227	0.01	--	--	--	32	155	<1
16228	0.01	--	--	--	44	370	1
16228	<0.01	--	--	--	8	1040	1
16229	<0.01	--	--	--	24	520	<1
17873	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	3	170	<1
17874	<0.01	--	--	--	4	110	<1
17875	<0.01	--	--	--	7	170	<1
17876	<0.01	--	--	--	770	1320	2
17877	<0.01	--	--	--	15	145	<1
17878	<0.01	--	--	--	14	155	<1
17879	<0.01	--	--	--	15	490	<1
17880	<0.01	--	--	--			
UNITS SCHEME	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS2



Job: 9AD0379
O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
17881	0.01	--	--	--	520	770	2
17882	<0.01	--	--	--	40	290	1
17883	<0.01	--	--	--	140	660	2
17884	<0.01	--	--	--	94	550	1
17885	<0.01	--	--	--	260	240	1
17886	<0.01	--	--	--	700	450	5
17887	0.10	0.14	0.05	--	2.50%	2600	96
17888	0.01	--	--	--	860	250	6
17889	<0.01	--	--	--	590	190	2
17890	0.05	0.06	0.04	--	1.02%	1640	52
17891	<0.01	--	--	--	80	470	4
17892	<0.01	--	--	--	68	1780	1
17893	<0.01	--	--	--	36	5300	1
17894	<0.01	--	--	--	28	2200	1
17895	<0.01	--	--	--	9	350	1
17896	<0.01	--	--	--	7	165	<1
17897	<0.01	--	--	--	11	200	<1
17898	<0.01	--	--	--	240	155	2
17899	<0.01	--	--	--	190	350	2
17900	<0.01	--	--	--	9	210	<1
17901	<0.01	--	--	--	11	195	<1
17902	<0.01	--	--	--	22	450	1
17903	<0.01	--	--	--	13	800	<1
17904	<0.01	--	--	--	5	250	1
17905	<0.01	--	--	--	22	280	1
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	FA1	FA1	FA1	FA1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS2
UPPER SCHEME					AAS1C		

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Job: 9AD0379
O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
17906	<0.01	--	--	--	19	570	1
17907	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	22	165	<1
17908	<0.01	--	--	--	22	750	1
17909	<0.01	--	--	--	50	550	<1
17910	0.01	--	--	--	13	330	<1
17911	<0.01	--	--	--	8	520	1
17912	<0.01	--	--	--	19	370	1
17913	<0.01	--	--	--	190	2300	1
17914	<0.01	--	--	--	135	870	1
17915	<0.01	--	--	--	210	3850	1
17916	<0.01	--	--	--	48	330	<1
17917	<0.01	--	--	--	80	860	1
17918	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	110	1400	1
17919	<0.01	--	--	--	64	340	1
17920	<0.01	--	--	--	105	150	2
17921	<0.01	--	--	--	130	105	1
17922	<0.01	--	--	--	110	105	<1
17923	0.01	--	--	--	100	190	1
17924	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	64	185	1
17925	<0.01	--	--	--	100	185	1
17926	<0.01	--	--	--	80	180	<1
17927	<0.01	--	--	--	92	150	1
17928	<0.01	--	--	--	52	180	<1
17929	<0.01	--	--	--	68	470	1
17930	<0.01	--	--	--	240	430	1
UNITS SCHEME	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS2

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Job: 9AD0379

O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
17931	<0.01	--	--	--	110	120	1
17932	<0.01	--	--	--	48	70	<1
17933	<0.01	--	--	--	26	72	<1
17934	<0.01	--	--	--	135	72	<1
17935	<0.01	--	--	--	1720	135	7
17936	0.01	--	--	--	140	66	1
17937	<0.01	--	--	--	48	94	<1
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	FA1	FA1	FA1	FA1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS2

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Job: 9AD0379
O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	As	Ba	Pb
15905	10	800	22
15906	11	1740	17
16220	470	1020	350
16221	50	430	900
16222	20	650	32
16223	12	950	32
16224	9	590	15
16225	5	2350	17
16226	50	1600	1920
16227	11	1580	540
16228	22	1040	1100
16229	26	260	460
17873	145	210	115
17874	16	105	16
17875	15	70	7
17876	22	65	36
17877	120	30	420
17878	52	30	30
17879	16	120	40
17880	30	175	84
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1



Job: 9AD0379

O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	As	Ba	Pb
17881	60	115	125
17882	640	105	62
17883	40	170	240
17884	430	115	68
17885	420	95	40
17886	5900	65	460
17887	5.00%	<10	1620
17888	1860	65	260
17889	1080	145	360
17890	2.40%	25	1280
17891	165	100	120
17892	230	240	270
17893	110	135	50
17894	130	280	120
17895	24	320	56
17896	86	330	70
17897	56	220	54
17898	105	145	80
17899	145	160	135
17900	92	200	90
17901	72	145	68
17902	92	330	150
17903	42	270	110
17904	74	155	68
17905	260	115	96
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1
UPPER SCHEME	XRF2		

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Job: 9AD0379
O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	As	Ba	Pb
17906	38	220	180
17907	38	200	80
17908	52	250	230
17909	74	155	270
17910	84	185	160
17911	50	125	290
17912	120	115	135
17913	60	195	340
17914	78	200	145
17915	74	250	820
17916	34	220	98
17917	40	185	220
17918	38	240	330
17919	48	220	160
17920	64	175	54
17921	70	165	82
17922	44	165	58
17923	210	190	84
17924	50	320	36
17925	96	320	74
17926	42	290	62
17927	68	300	68
17928	78	370	54
17929	68	155	78
17930	320	75	80
UNITS SCHEME	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1

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Job: 9AD0379

O/N: 11649/LJ70/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	As	Ba	Pb
17931	82	240	38
17932	62	260	34
17933	54	260	34
17934	155	195	42
17935	3.30%	10	210
17936	760	300	34
17937	320	290	38
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1
UPPER SCHEME	XRF2		



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305 South Road, Mile End South, South Australia, 5031
Telephone: (08) 43 5722 Fax: (08) 234 0321 Telex: LABCOM AA89323

File
LJ70
846

Mr. Jeff Randell
Billiton Australia Ltd
30 Mersey Main Road
Spreyton
Devonport
TAS 7310 Australia

JOB NUMBER: 9AD0429

Your Reference: 11650/LJ~~50~~⁷⁰/JPR

Date Received: 15-MAR-1989 Turnaround 2 days
Date Relayed: 17-MAR-1989
Date Reported: 17-MAR-1989

Number of Samples: 61 Report Analyte Codes
N.A. - Not Analysed.
L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.
I.S. - Insufficient Sample for Analysis.

Report Comprising: Cover Sheet
Pages 1 to 6

Comments:

DRILL CORE 17938-93

Report Dist'n Type	Recipient	Location	Date	Magnetic Media (MM) Copies
Carbon Copies (CC)				
Electronic Media (EM)				

Approved Signature:

for

Harry Fishman
Managing Director.
CLASSIC COMLABS LTD

(Please address any enquiries to Mr. Trevor Francis)

This report relates specifically to the sample(s) tested in so far as that the sample(s) is truly representative of the sample source as supplied.

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Job: 9AD0429
O/N: 11650/LJ50/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
16230	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	125	165	<1
16231	0.03	--	--	--	110	200	1
16232	0.02	--	--	--	120	185	1
16233	<0.01	--	--	--	36	110	<1
16234	<0.01	--	--	--	7	140	<1
17938	<0.01	--	--	--	125	200	<1
17939	<0.01	--	--	--	10	120	<1
17940	<0.01	--	--	--	54	410	<1
17941	<0.01	--	--	--	7	150	<1
17942	<0.01	--	--	--	12	200	<1
17943	<0.01	--	--	--	9	310	1
17944	<0.01	--	--	--	17	330	<1
17945	<0.01	--	--	--	54	430	<1
17946	<0.01	--	--	--	11	88	<1
17947	<0.01	--	--	--	9	62	<1
17948	<0.01	--	--	--	7	210	<1
17949	<0.01	--	--	--	3	26	<1
17950	<0.01	--	--	--	6	28	<1
17951	<0.01	--	--	--	2	20	<1
17952	<0.01	--	--	--	5	22	<1
17953	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	4	30	<1
17954	<0.01	--	--	--	5	60	1
17955	<0.01	--	--	--	6	125	1
17956	<0.01	--	--	--	6	82	1
17957	<0.01	--	--	--	6	30	<1
UNITS SCHEME	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS2



ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
17958	<0.01	--	--	--	4	110	<1
17959	<0.01	--	--	--	3	56	1
17960	<0.01	--	--	--	48	150	3
17961	<0.01	--	--	--	44	230	2
17962	<0.01	--	--	--	24	24	1
17963	<0.01	--	--	--	34	50	<1
17964	<0.01	--	--	--	46	64	<1
17965	<0.01	--	--	--	54	270	1
17966	<0.01	--	--	--	84	290	1
17967	<0.01	--	--	--	72	540	<1
17968	<0.01	--	--	--	62	250	<1
17969	<0.01	--	--	--	72	135	1
17970	<0.01	--	--	--	80	320	1
17971	<0.01	--	--	--	92	110	1
17972	<0.01	--	--	--	92	110	1
17973	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	80	110	1
17974	<0.01	--	--	--	78	105	1
17975	<0.01	--	--	--	92	56	1
17976	<0.01	--	--	--	82	60	1
17977	<0.01	--	--	--	80	46	1
17978	<0.01	--	--	--	84	185	1
17979	<0.01	--	--	--	72	220	2
17980	<0.01	--	--	--	94	46	1
17981	<0.01	--	--	--	74	42	1
17982	<0.01	--	--	--	80	52	1
UNITS SCHEME	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS2

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Job: 9AD0429
O/N: 11650/LJ50/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au Avg	Au Dp1	Au Dp2	Au Dp3	Cu	Zn	Ag
17983	<0.01	--	--	--	54	72	1
17984	<0.01	--	--	--	58	76	1
17985	<0.01	--	--	--	64	42	1
17986	<0.01	--	--	--	88	62	1
17987	<0.01	--	--	--	90	96	1
17988	<0.01	--	--	--	82	36	2
17989	<0.01	--	--	--	82	96	1
17990	<0.01	--	--	--	98	125	1
17991	<0.01	--	--	--	105	78	1
17992	<0.01	--	--	--	98	60	1
17993	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	--	74	60	1
UNITS SCHEME	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm FA1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS1	ppm AAS2



Job: 9AD0429
O/N: 11650/LJ50/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Ba	Pb	As
16230	650	115	14
16231	185	280	140
16232	180	510	92
16233	440	540	15
16234	330	130	11
17938	50	22	88
17939	25	19	100
17940	15	16	32
17941	45	9	64
17942	50	38	82
17943	50	125	72
17944	45	80	105
17945	100	90	54
17946	230	40	11
17947	190	18	16
17948	185	80	17
17949	165	13	13
17950	185	20	16
17951	145	9	16
17952	155	13	14
17953	175	15	14
17954	210	72	13
17955	140	76	12
17956	175	360	9
17957	175	22	14
UNITS SCHEME	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1	ppm XRF1

594103



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Job: 9AD0429
O/N: 11650/LJ50/JPR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Ba	Pb	As
17958	170	28	10
17959	195	46	12
17960	140	850	86
17961	230	220	74
17962	230	54	36
17963	230	90	32
17964	250	70	36
17965	230	98	40
17966	210	84	58
17967	230	94	52
17968	250	58	56
17969	210	100	36
17970	210	90	38
17971	240	74	38
17972	185	135	36
17973	190	94	34
17974	230	40	24
17975	210	84	40
17976	240	115	36
17977	200	68	32
17978	185	360	26
17979	240	390	66
17980	220	105	26
17981	190	52	38
17982	220	64	30
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1



Job: 9AD0429

O/N: 11650/LJ50/JPR

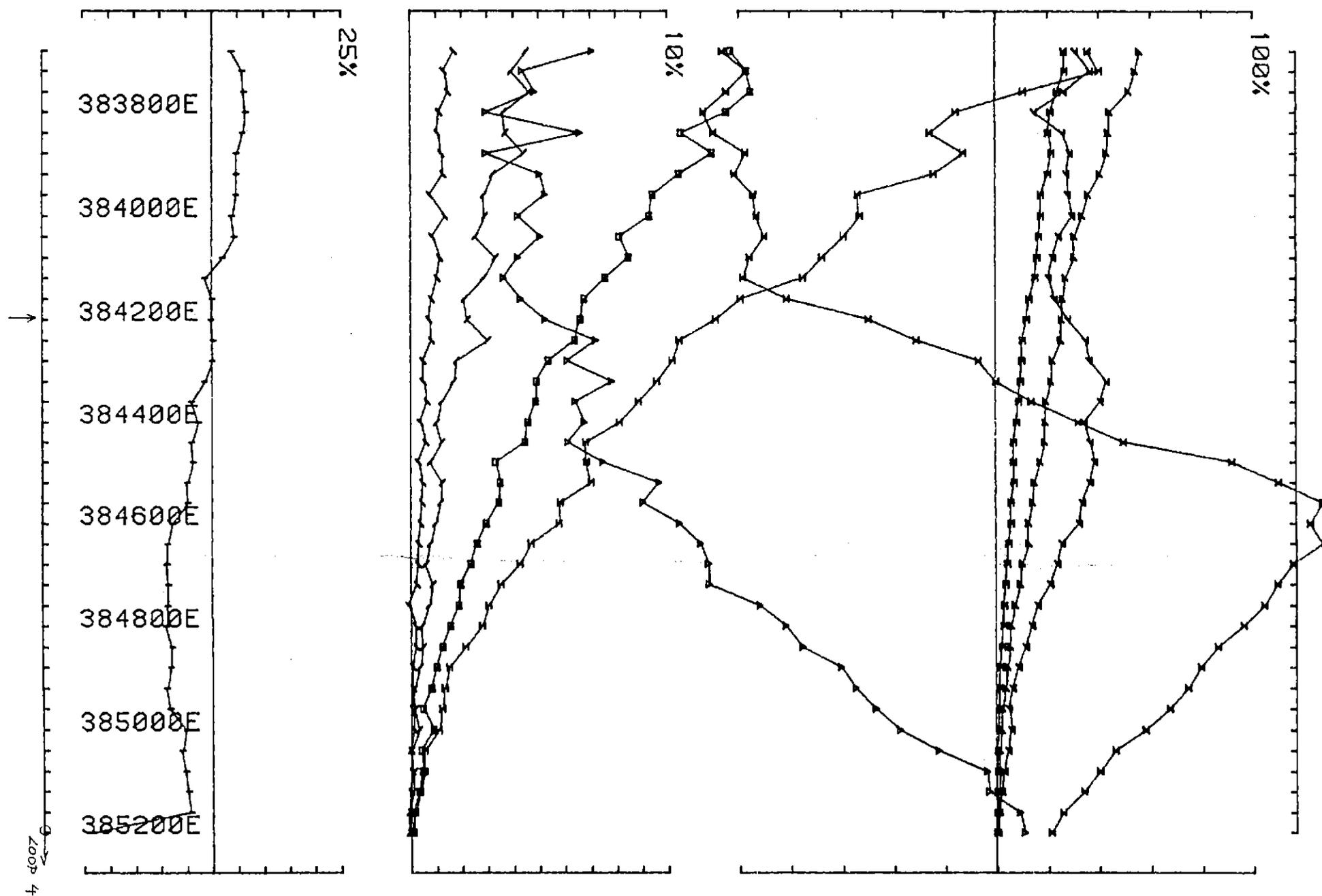
ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Ba	Pb	As
17983	250	66	36
17984	260	140	60
17985	270	70	54
17986	270	220	54
17987	210	230	36
17988	250	370	60
17989	230	400	98
17990	230	260	105
17991	200	130	140
17992	220	60	125
17993	240	62	160
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm
SCHEME	XRF1	XRF1	XRF1

071

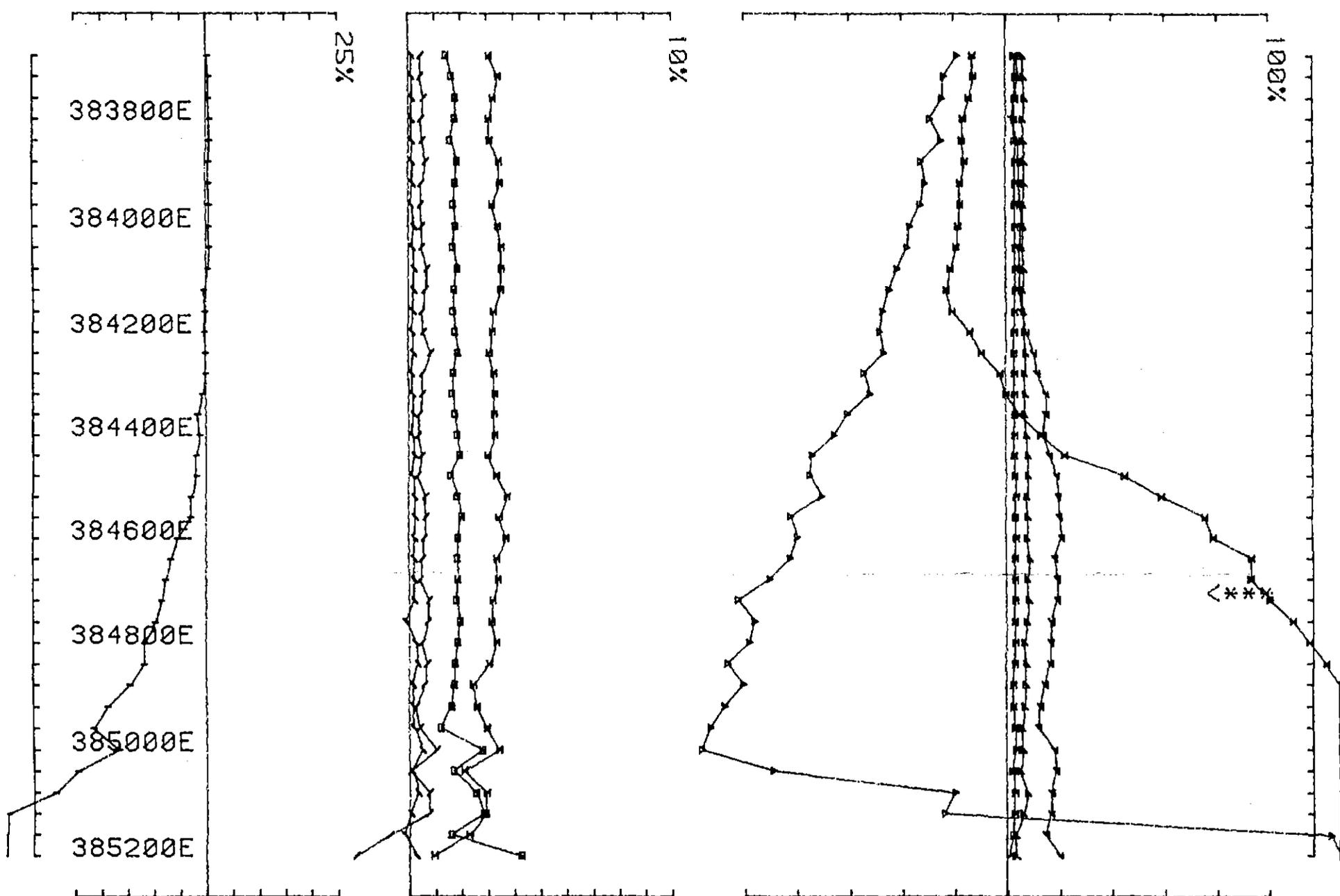
APPENDIX 2

UTEM profiles, point/continuous normalized

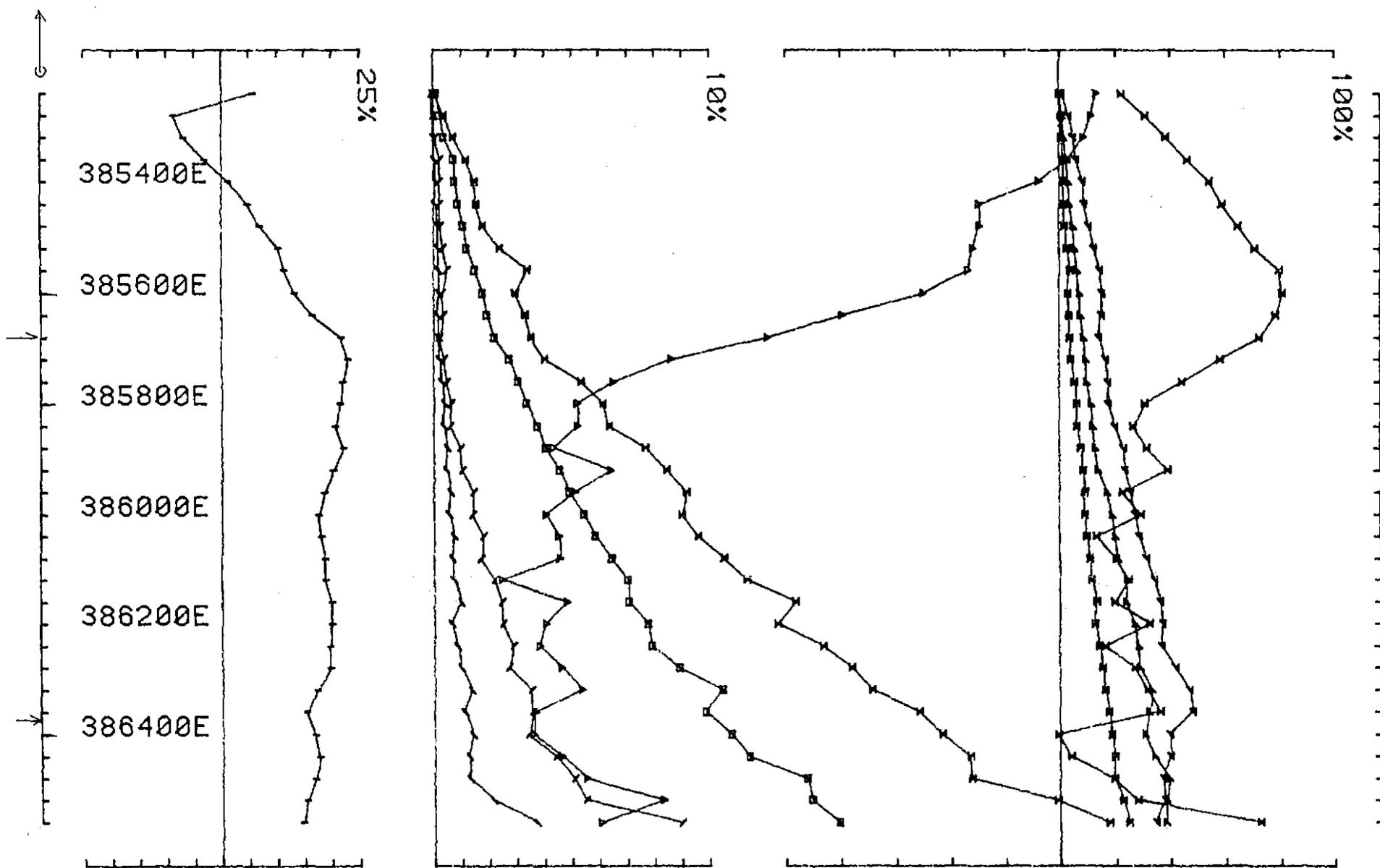


UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 4 line 371200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.

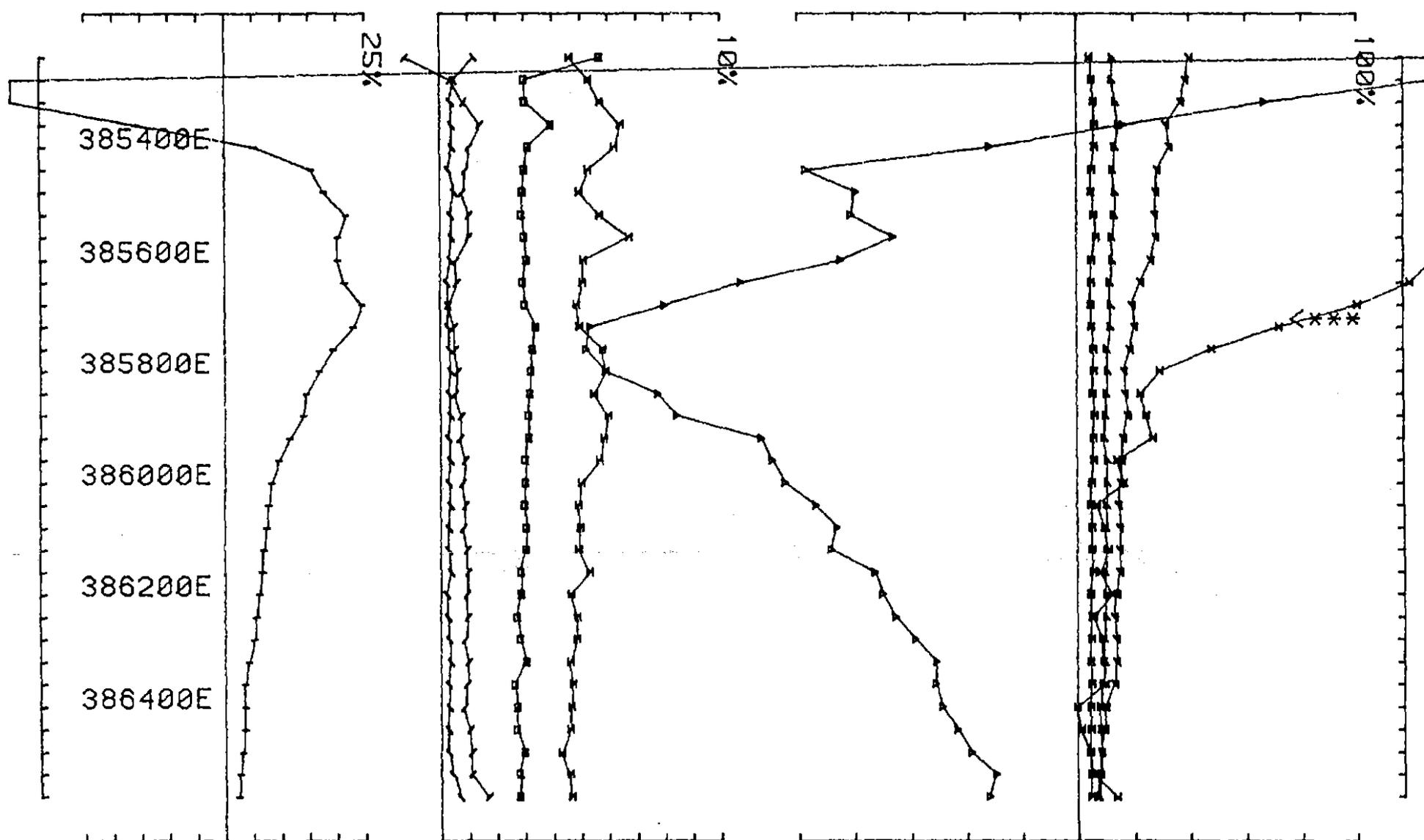
594107



UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 4 line 371200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 4 line 371200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.

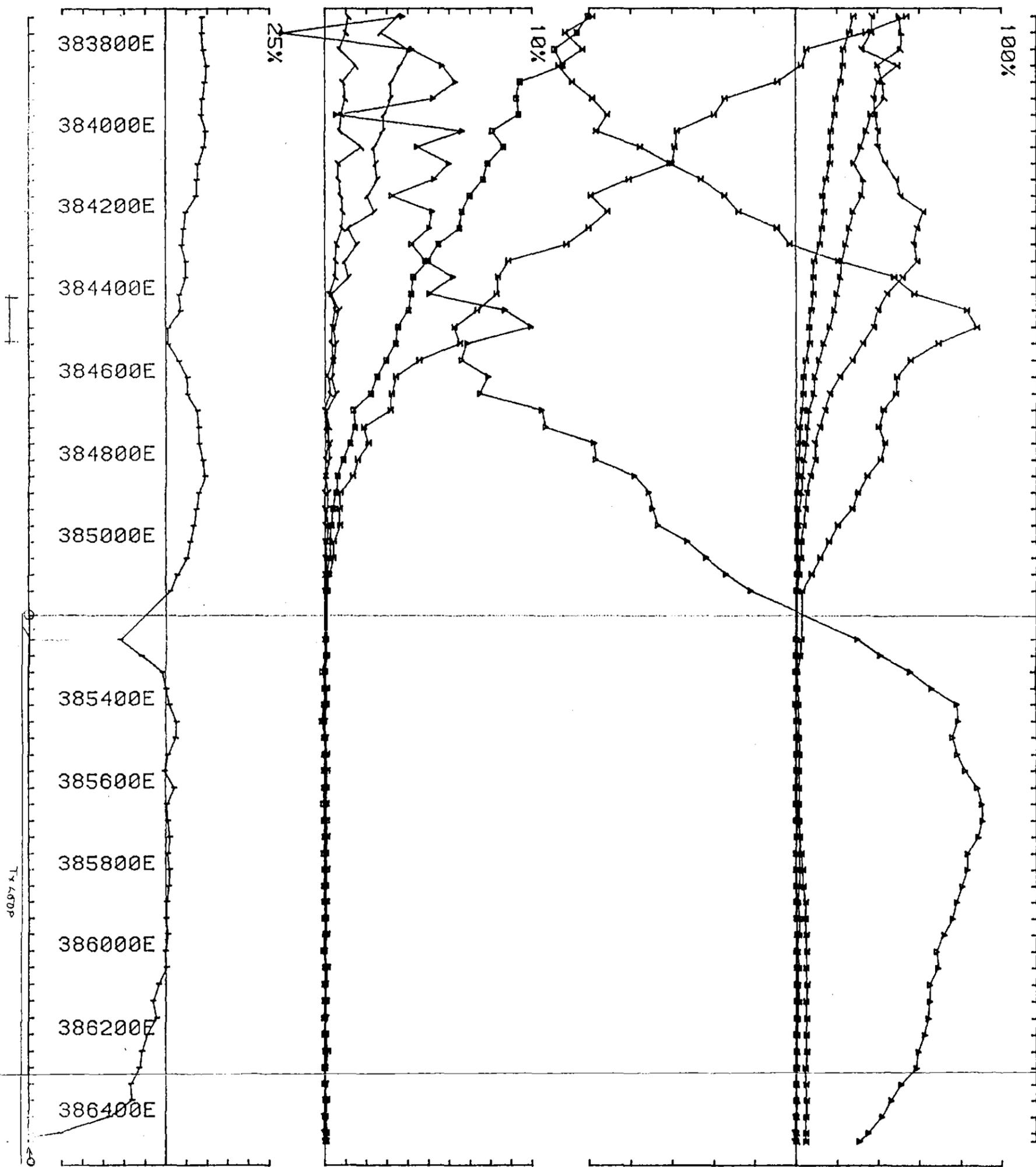


UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 4 line 371200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.

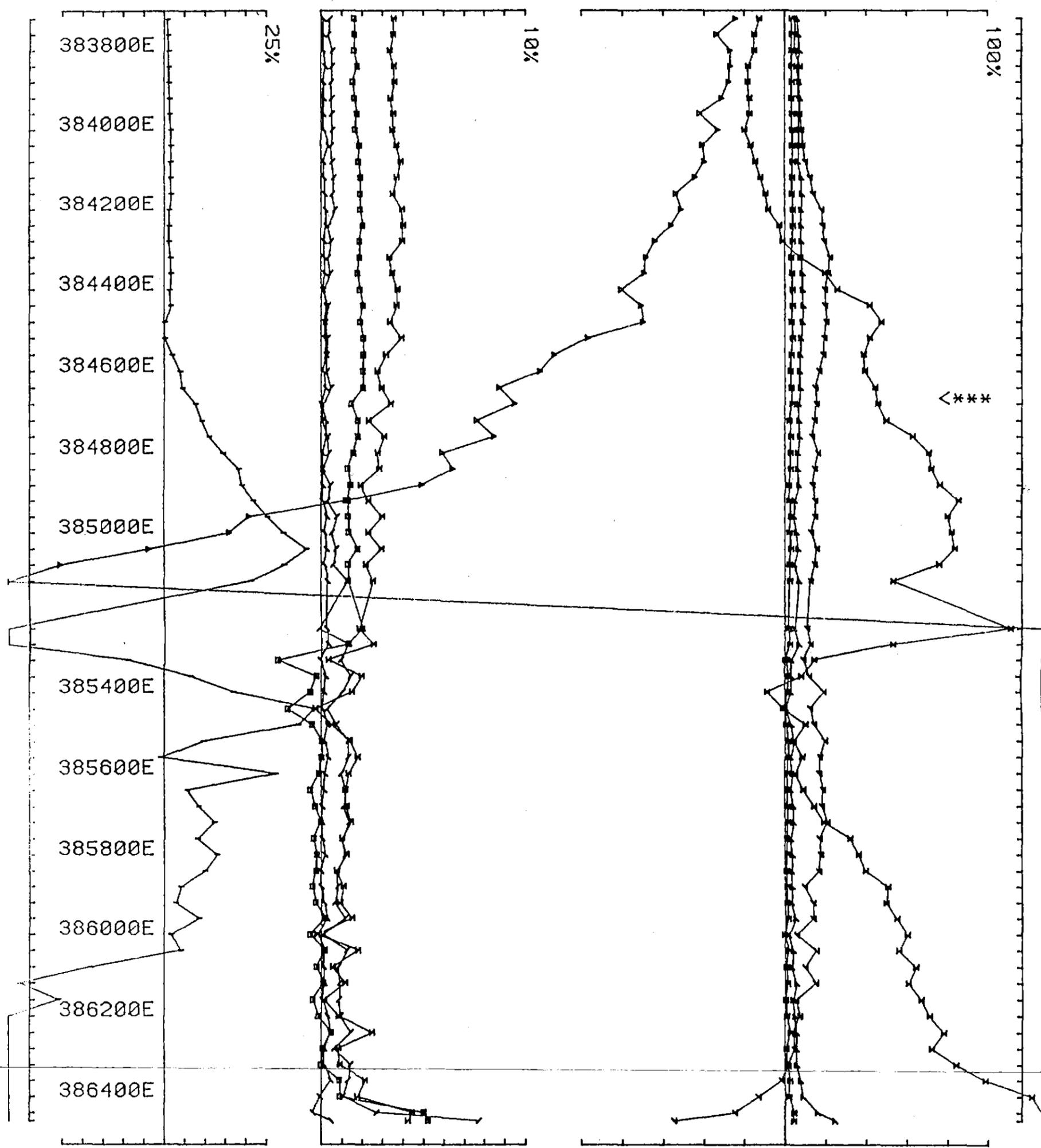
594110

013

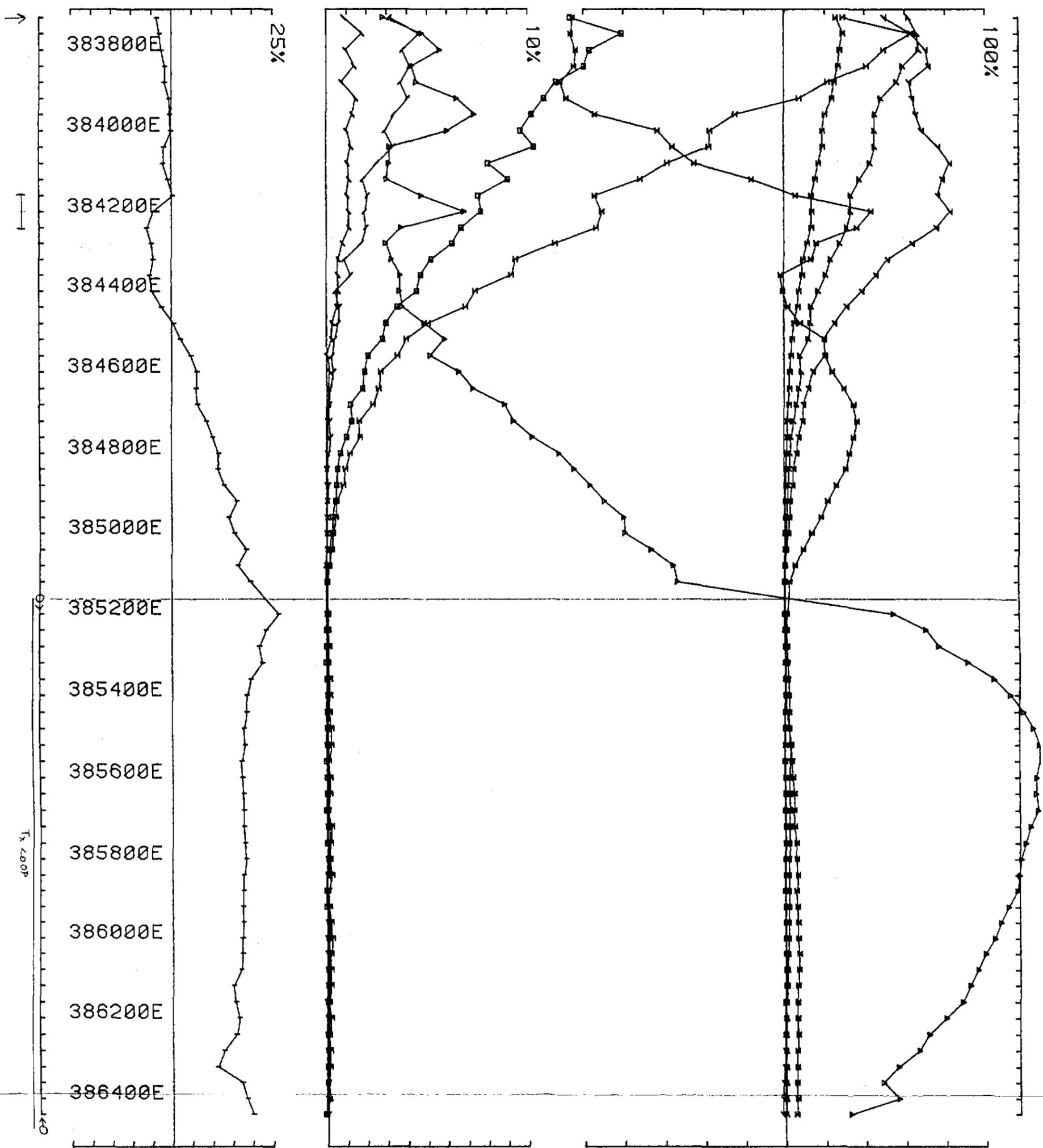
013



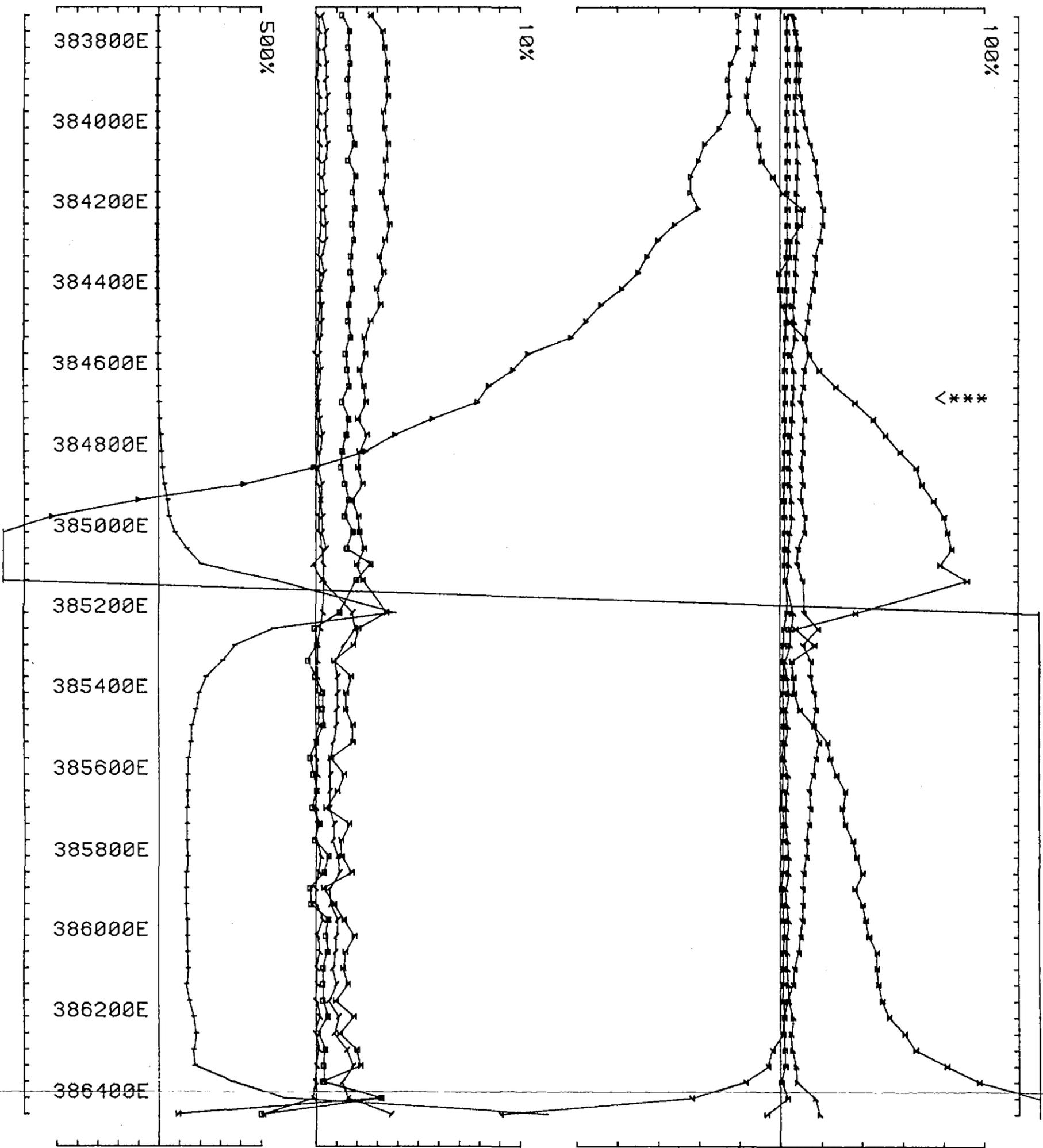
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
conducted by LAMONTAGNE & SJV CONS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 FEB 1989
loop no 4 line 371400N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.



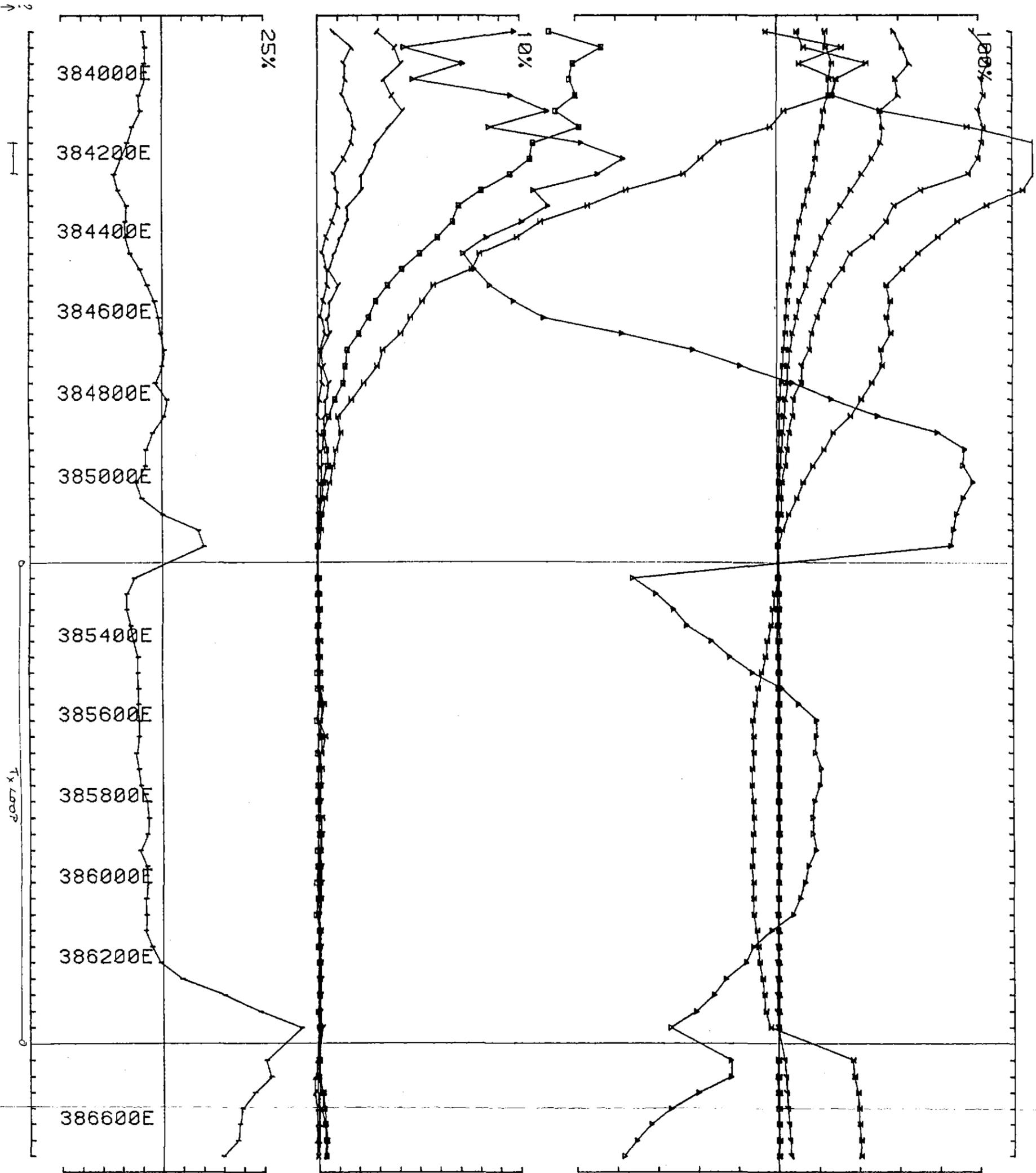
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
conducted by LAMONTAGNE & SJV CONS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 FEB 1989
loop no 4 line 371400N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



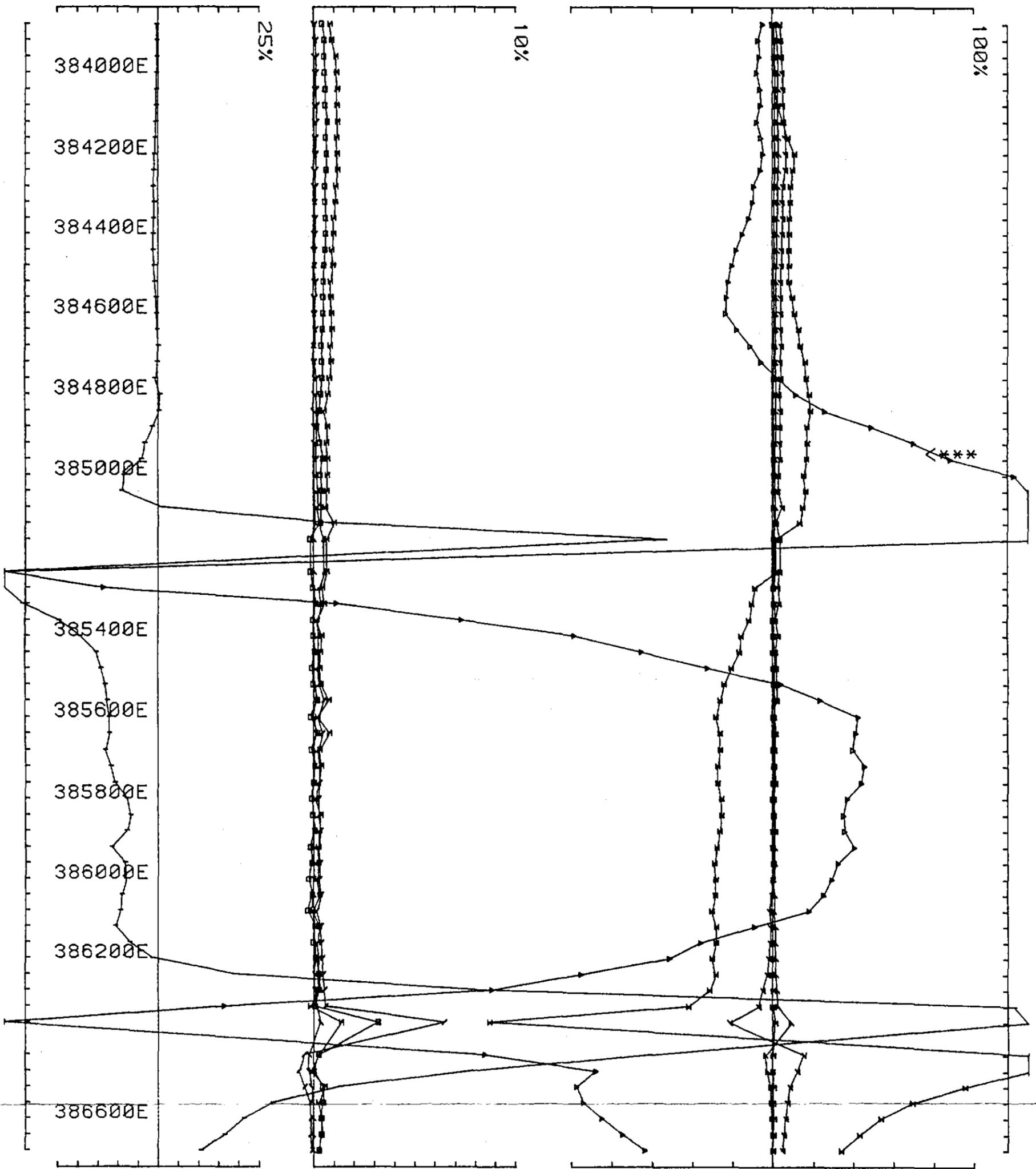
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE & SJV CONS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 MAR 1989
 loop no 4 line 371600N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.



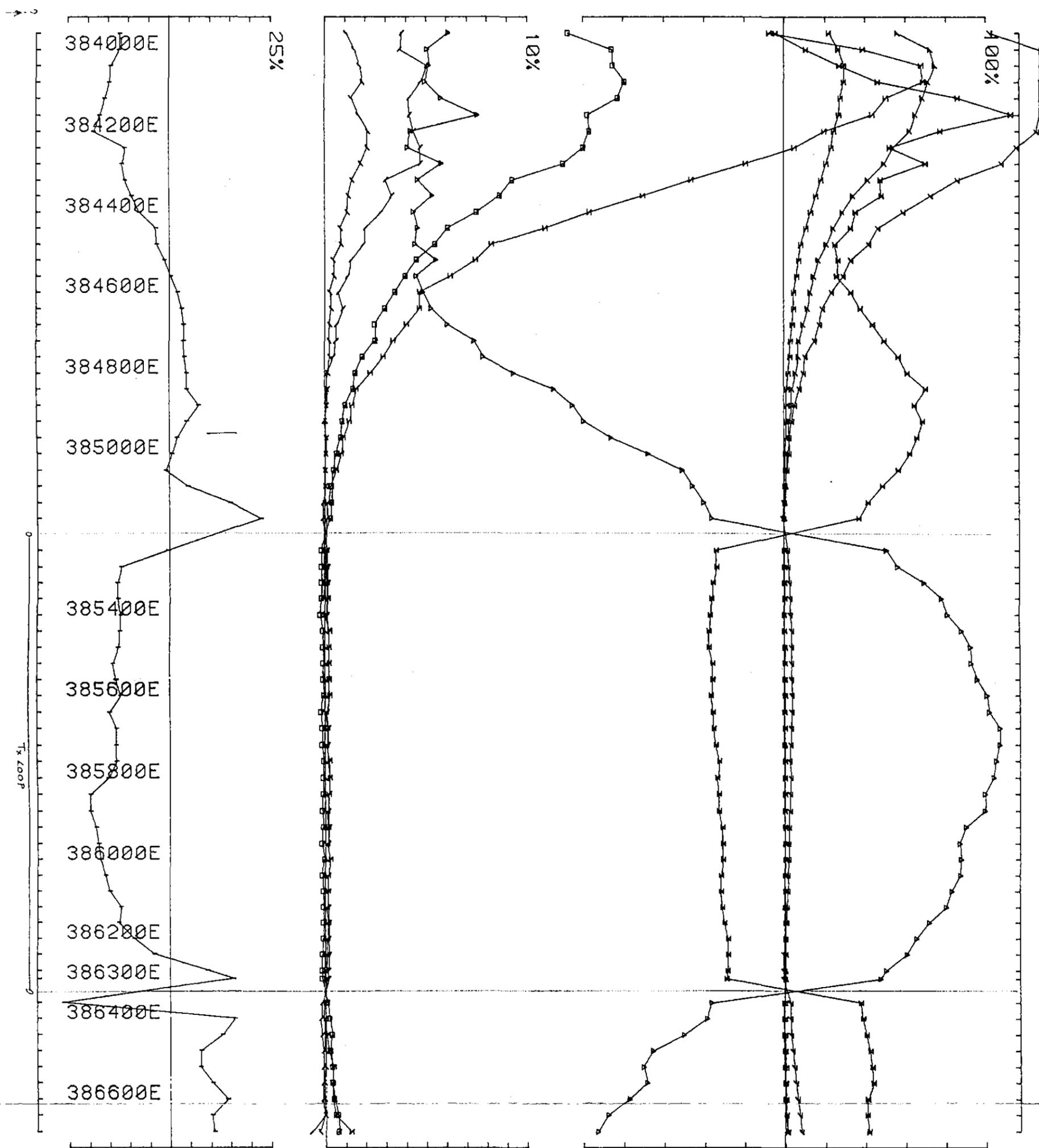
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE & SJV CONS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 MAR 1989
 loop no 4 line 371600N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm. .



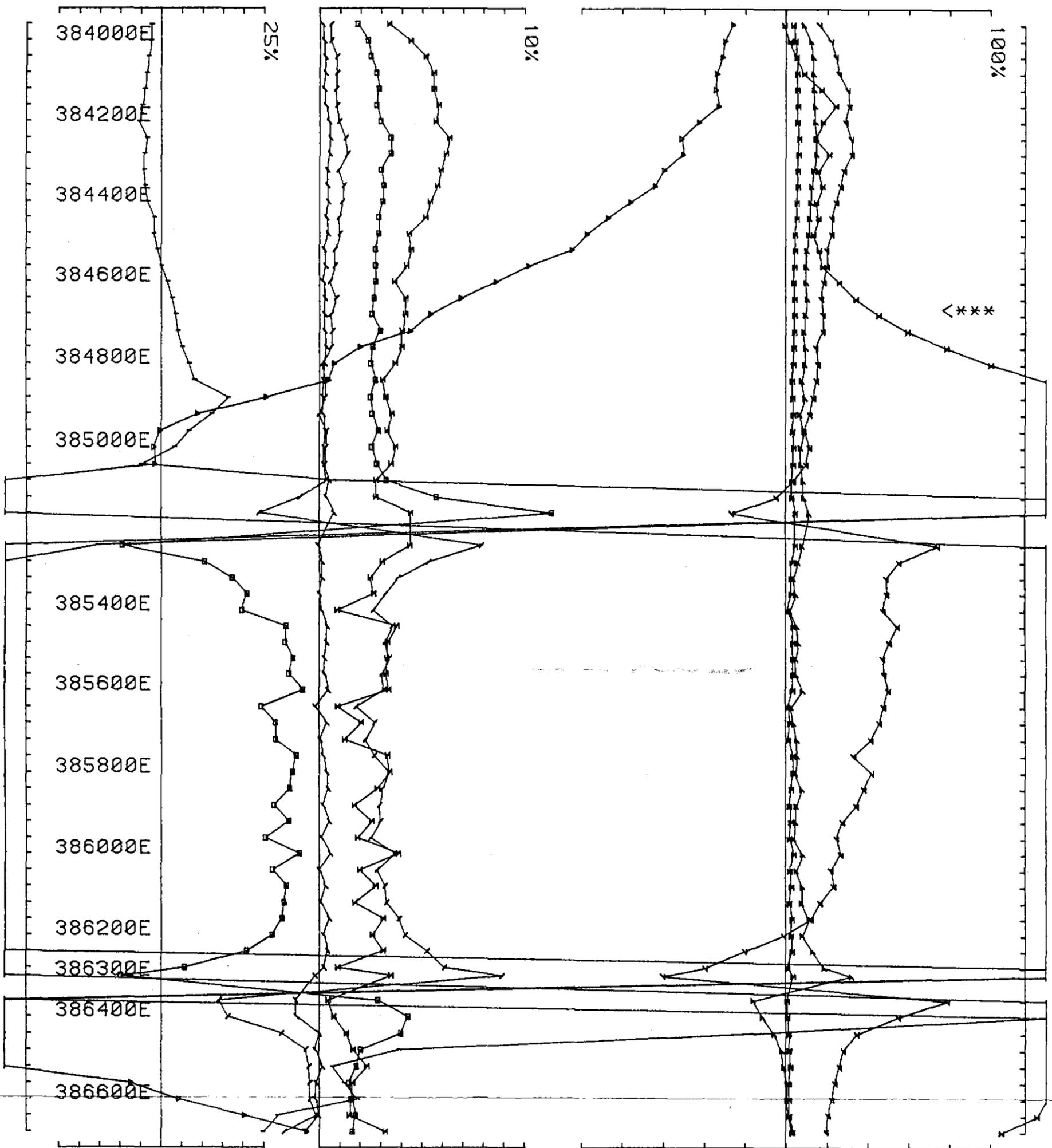
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 4 line 371800N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.



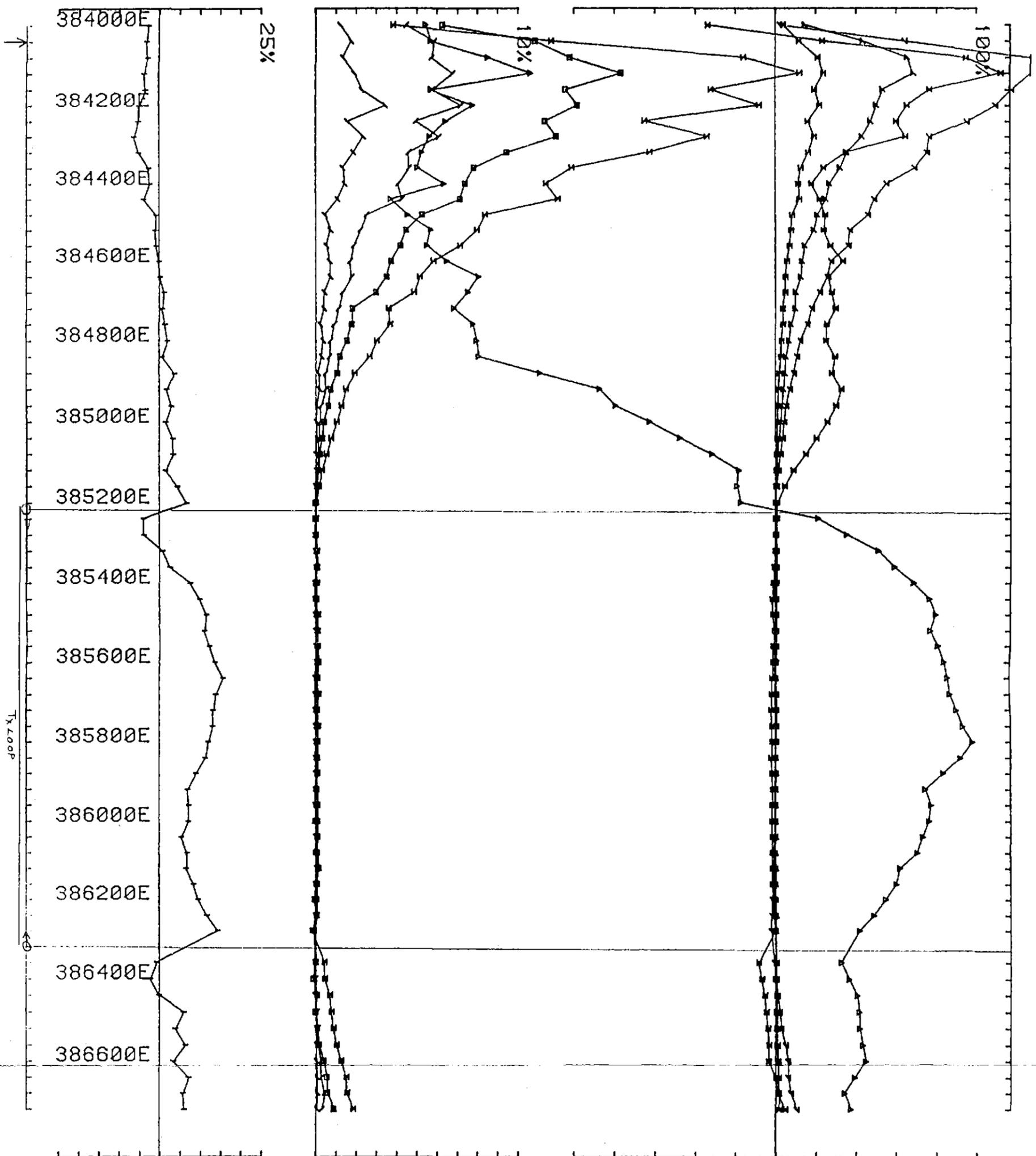
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
loop no 4 line 371800N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 4 line 37200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.

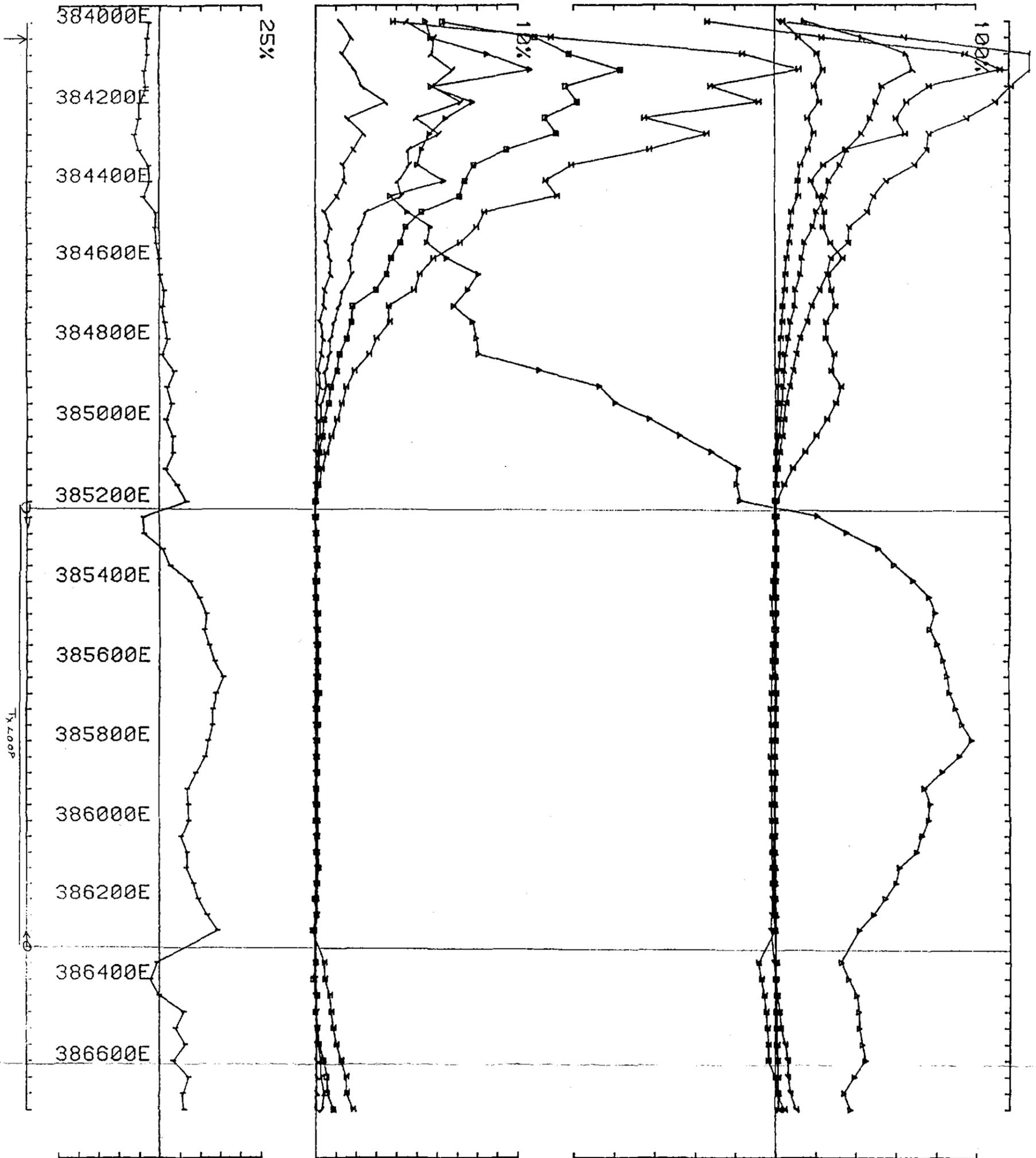


UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
loop no 4 line 372000N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



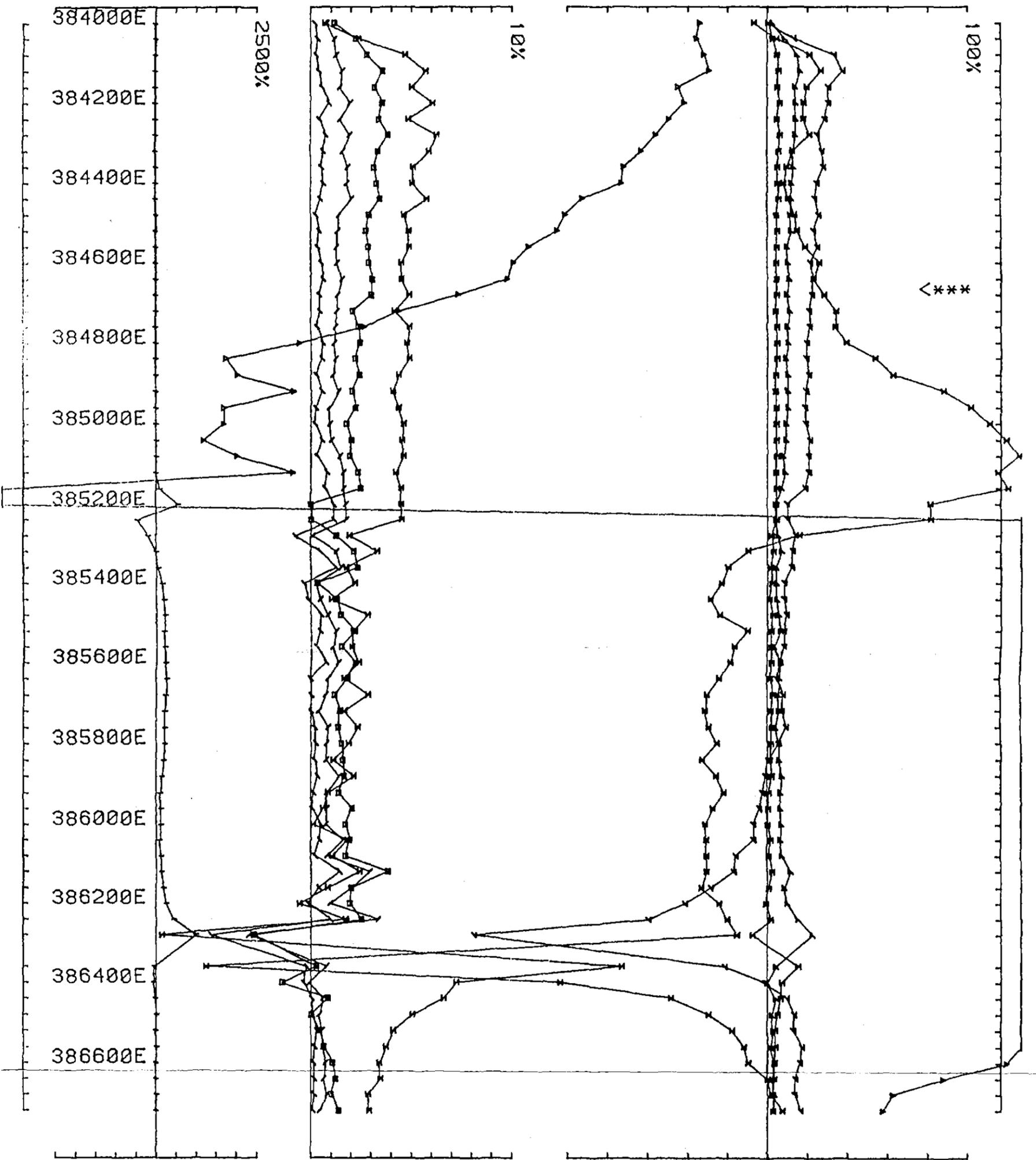
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
conducted by LAMONTAGNE & SJV CONS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 FEB 1989
loop no 3a line 372200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.

5707

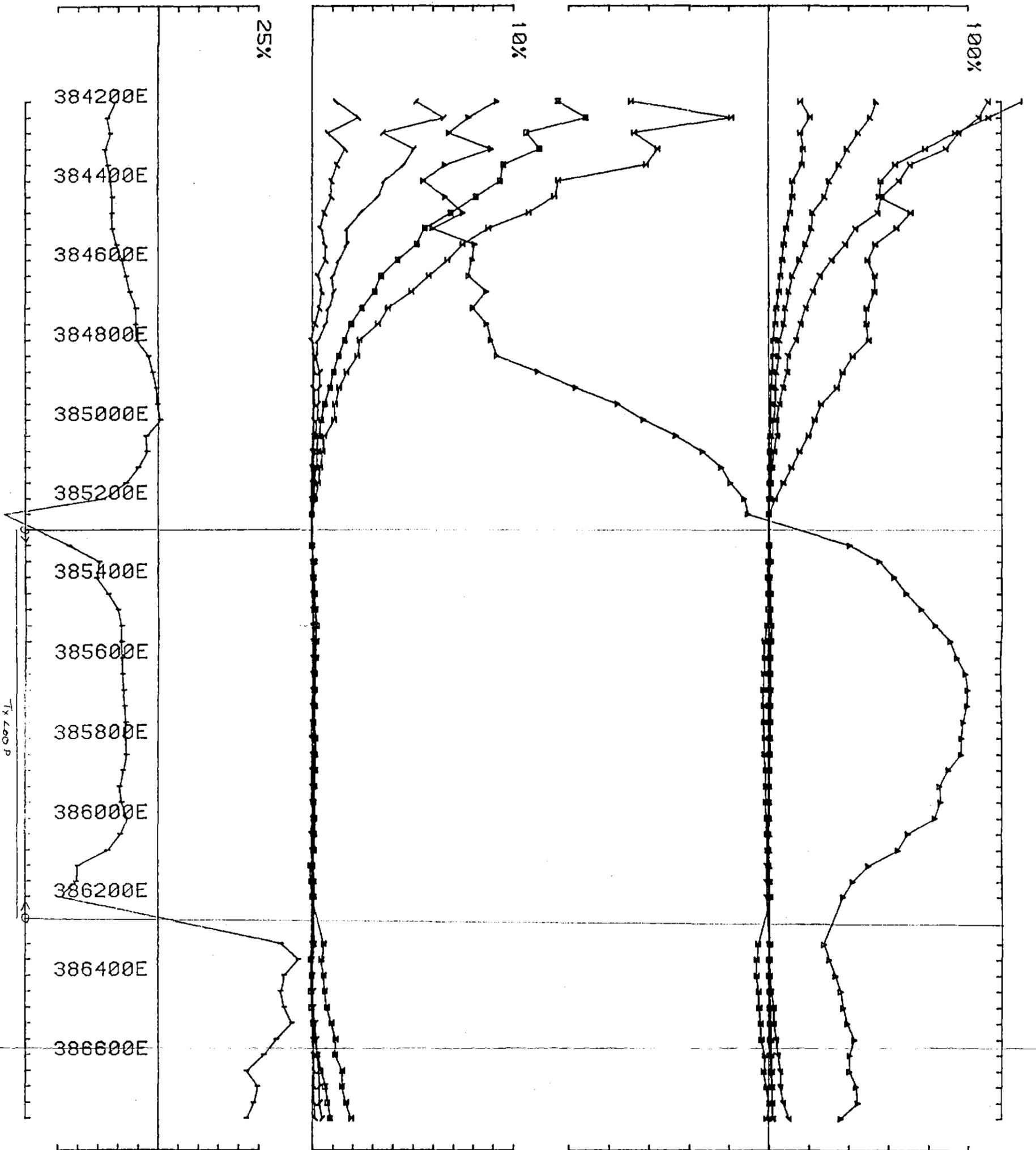


UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE & SJV CONS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 FEB 1989
 loop no 3a line 372200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.

594119

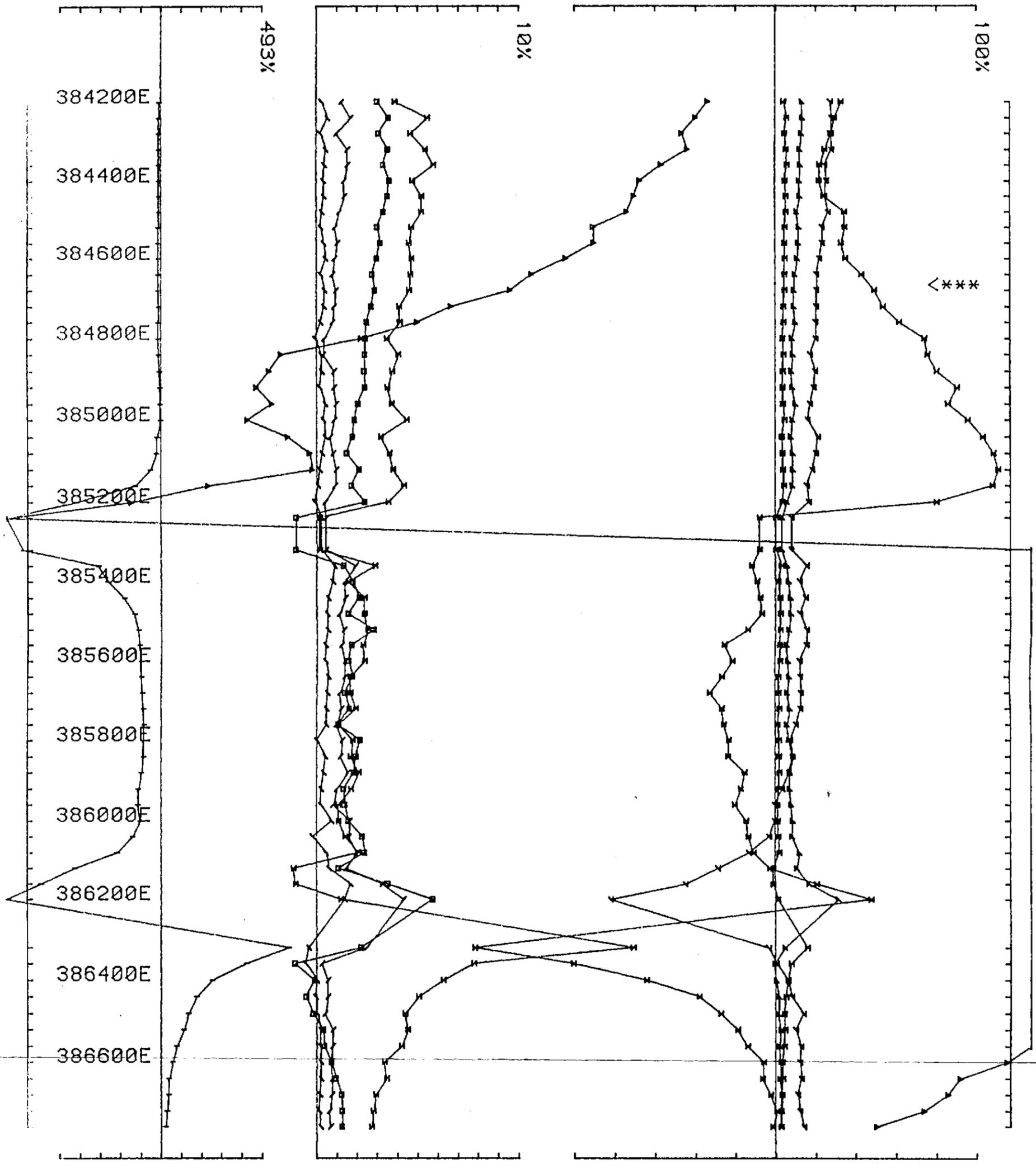


UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE & SJV CONS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 FEB 1989
 loop no 3a line 372200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



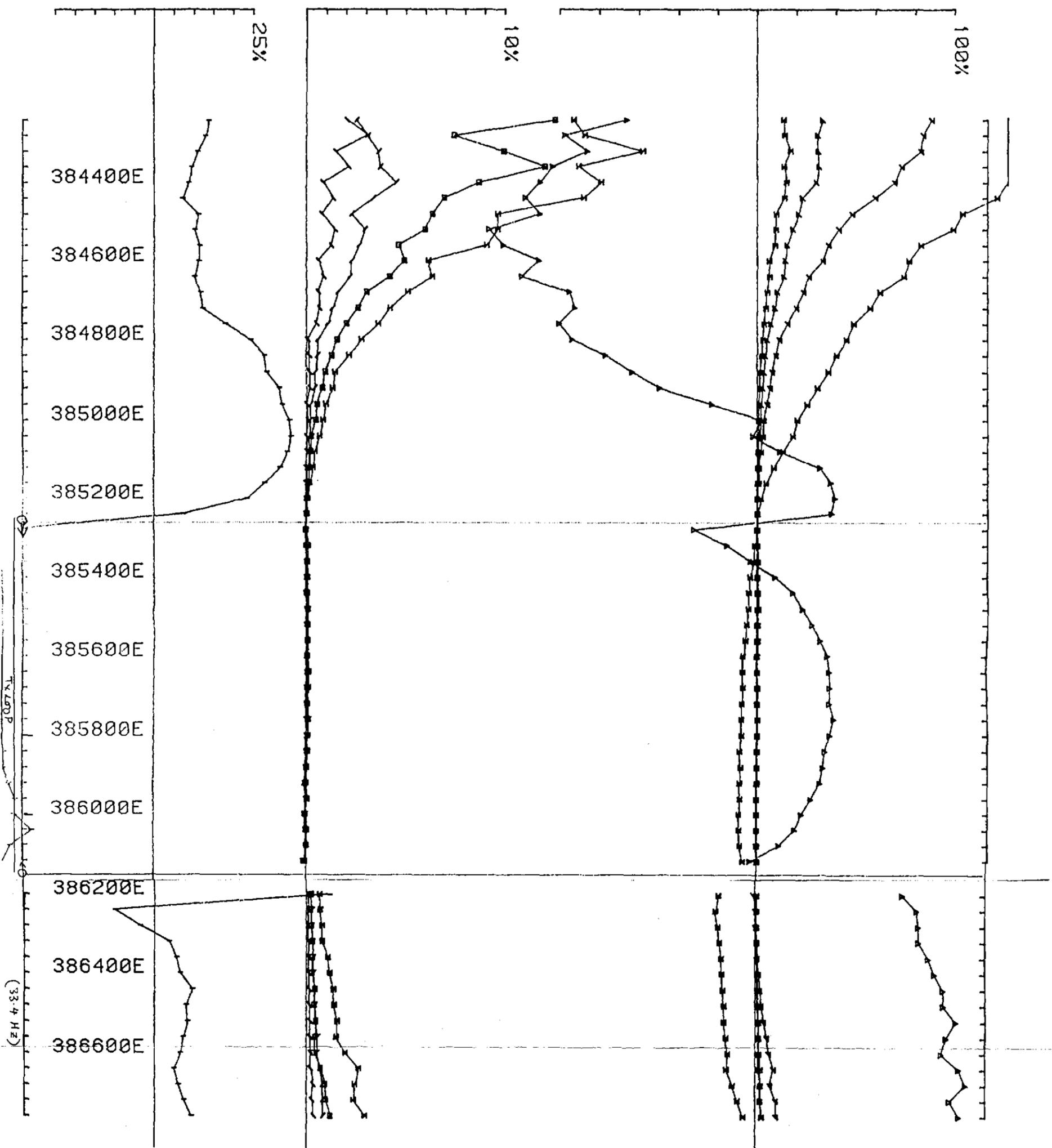
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE & SJV CONS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 FEB 1989
 loop no 3a line 372400N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.

8768

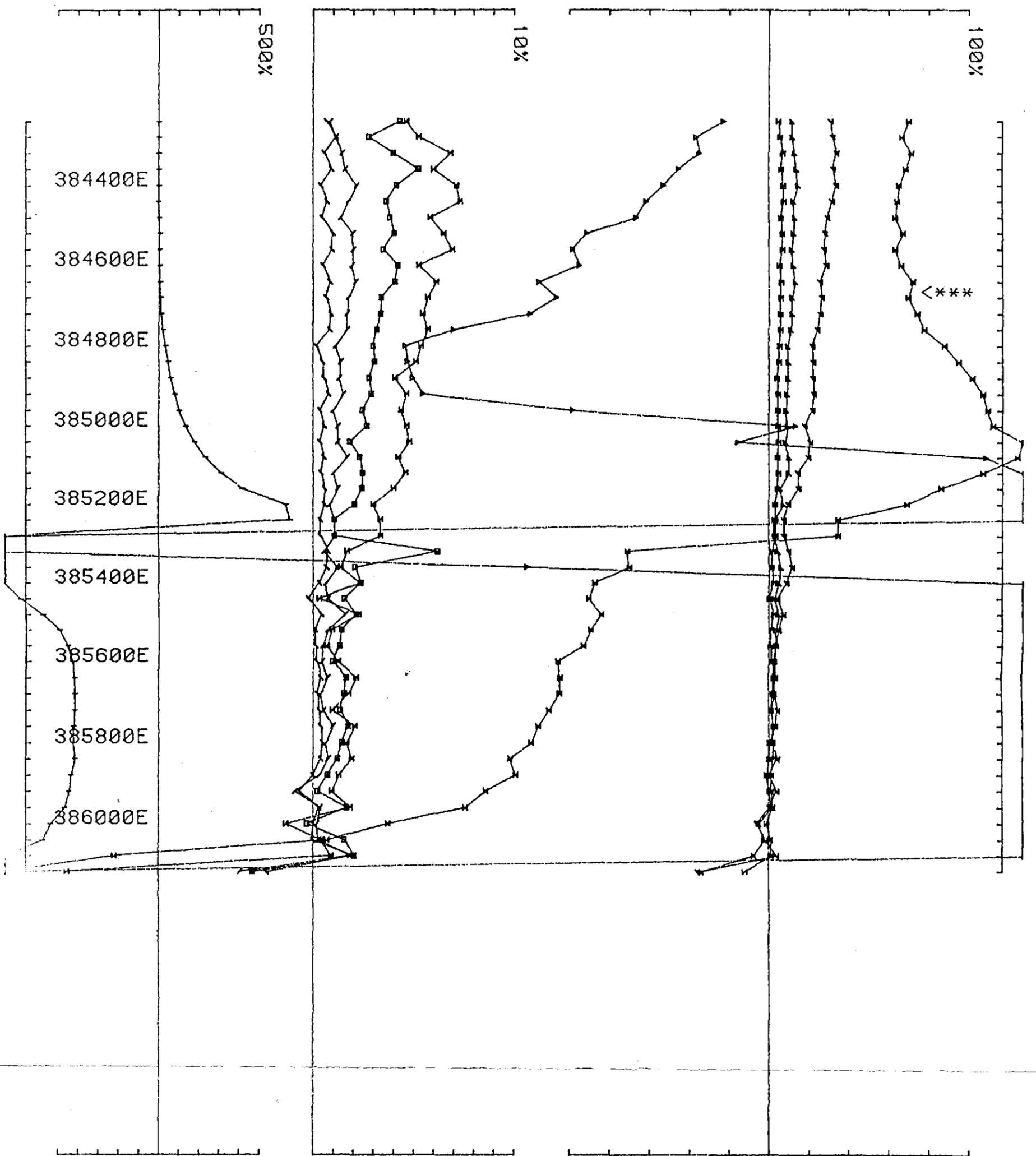


UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE & SJV CONS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 FEB 1989
 loop no 3a line 372400N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.

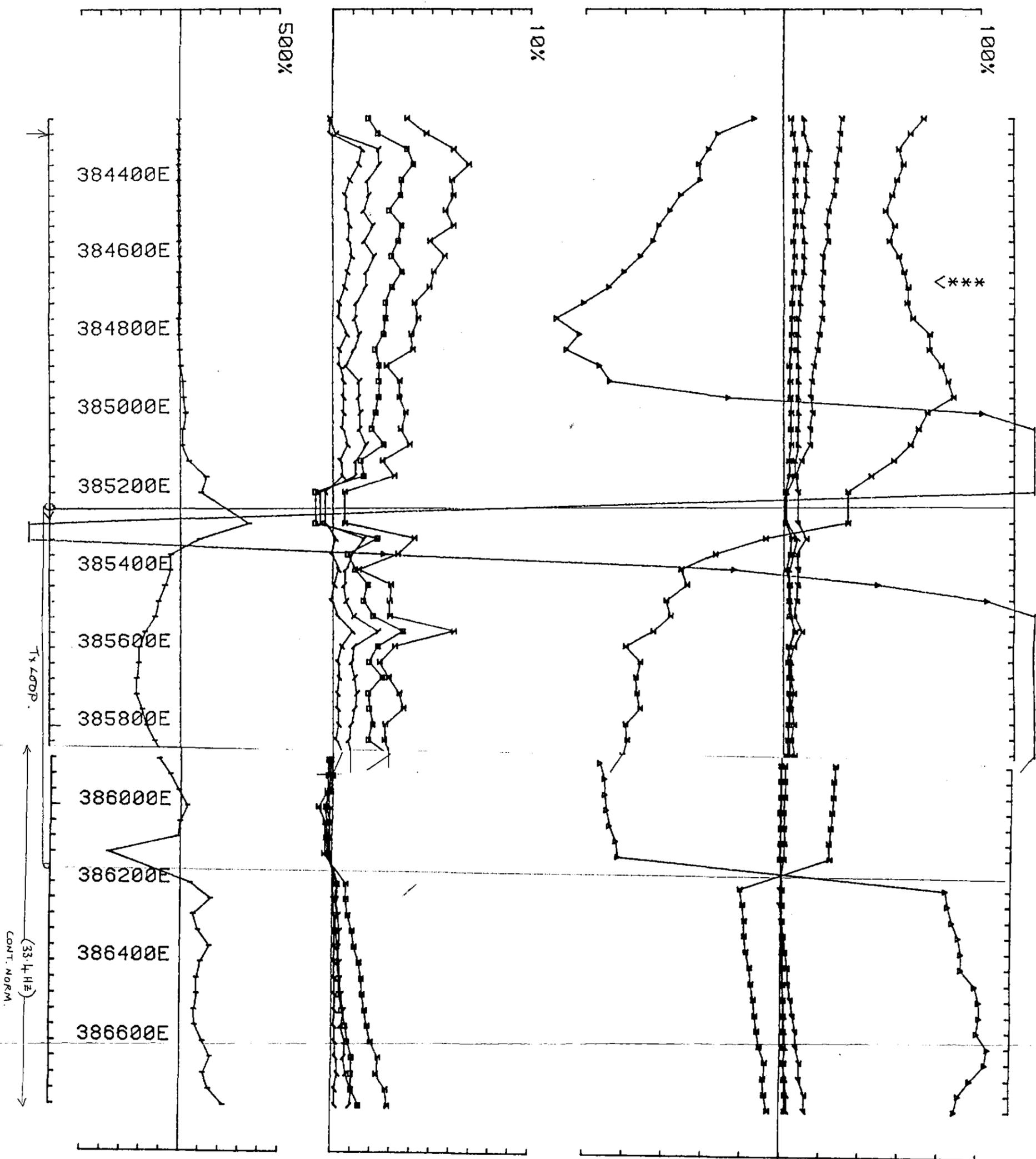
594122



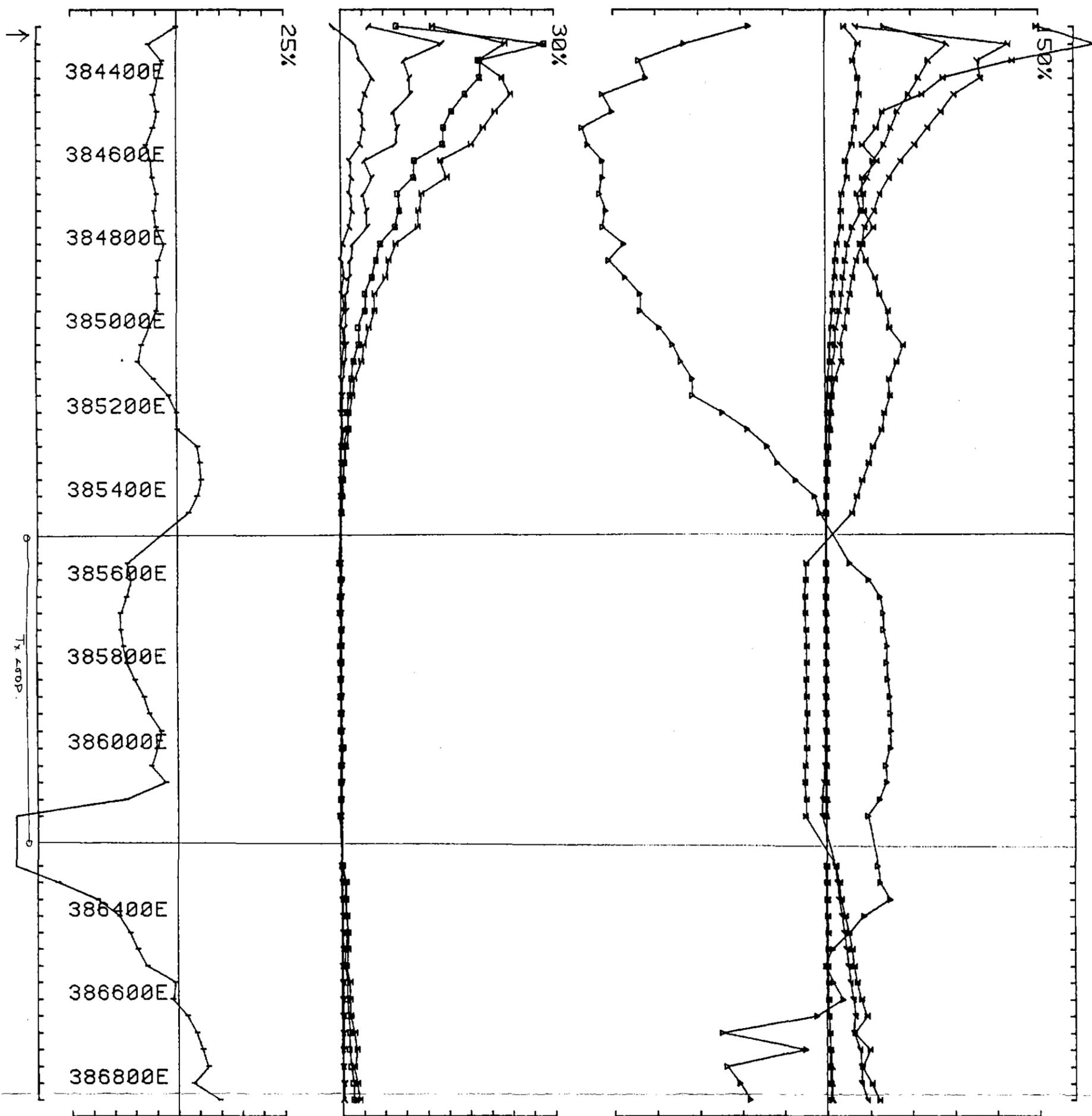
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE & SJV CONS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 25.230 FEB 1989
 loop no 3a line 372600N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.



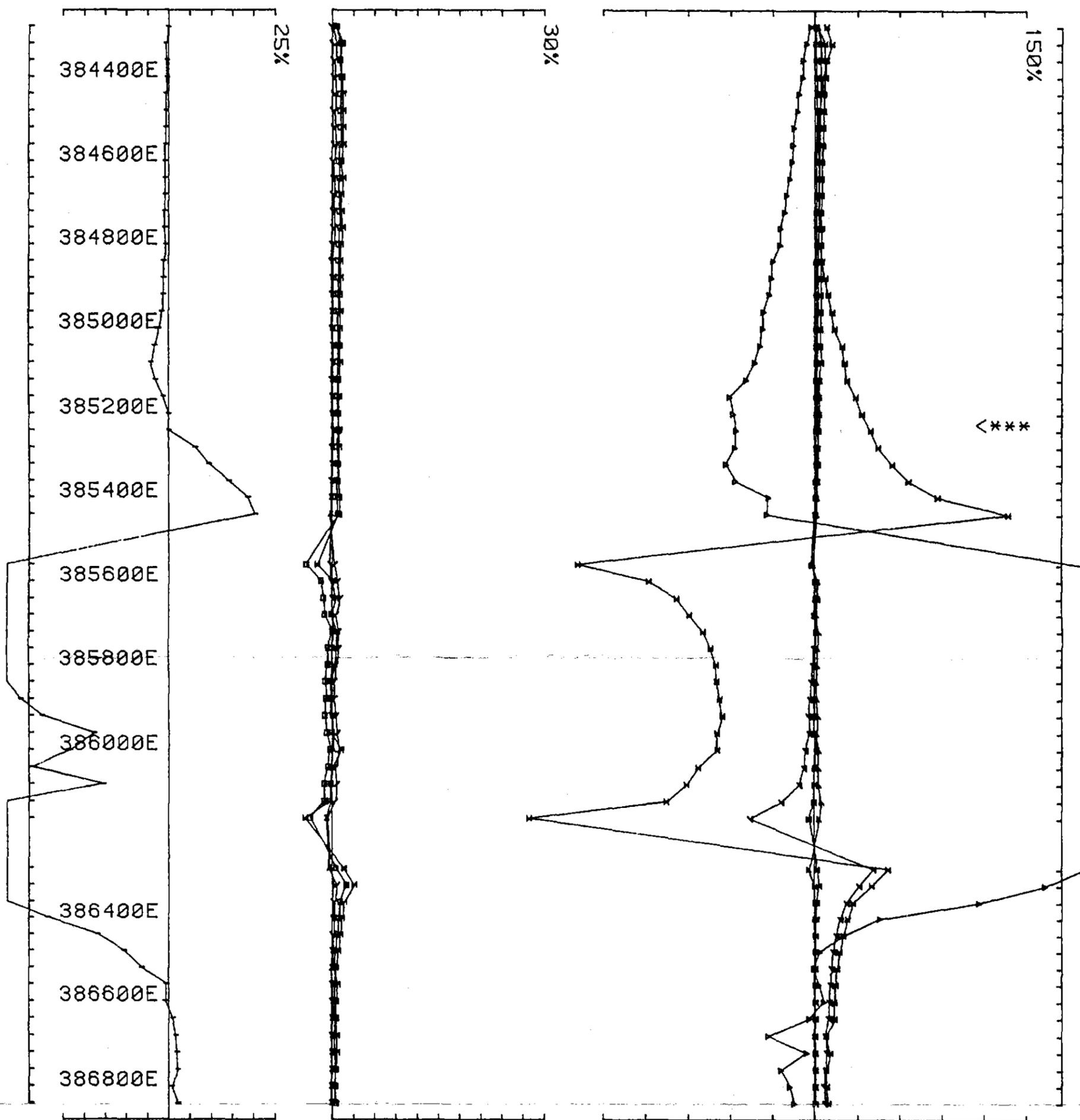
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE & SJV CONS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 25.230 FEB 1989
 loop no 3a line 372600N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



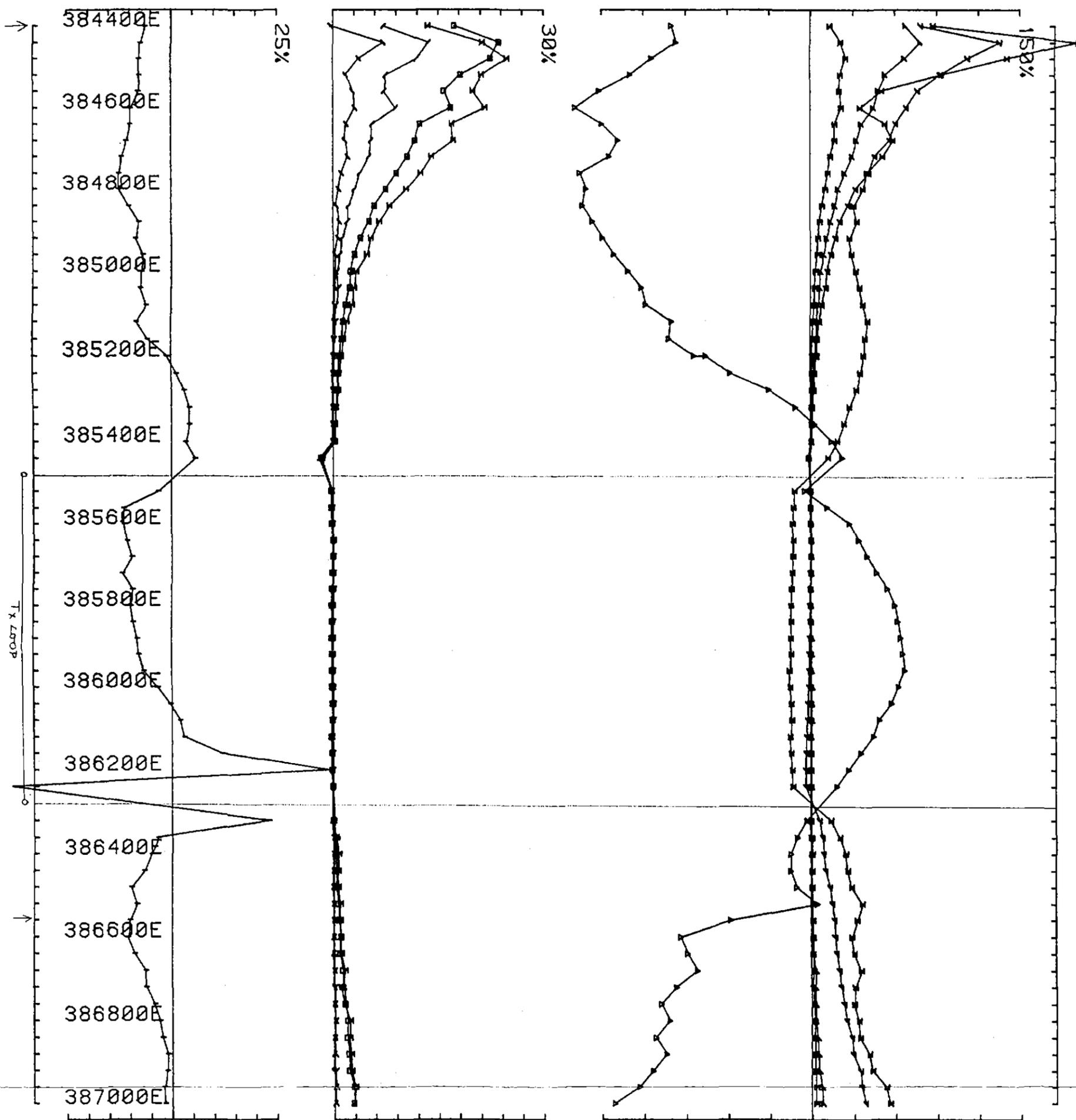
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE & SJV CONS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 25.230 FEB 1989
 loop no 3a line 372800N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



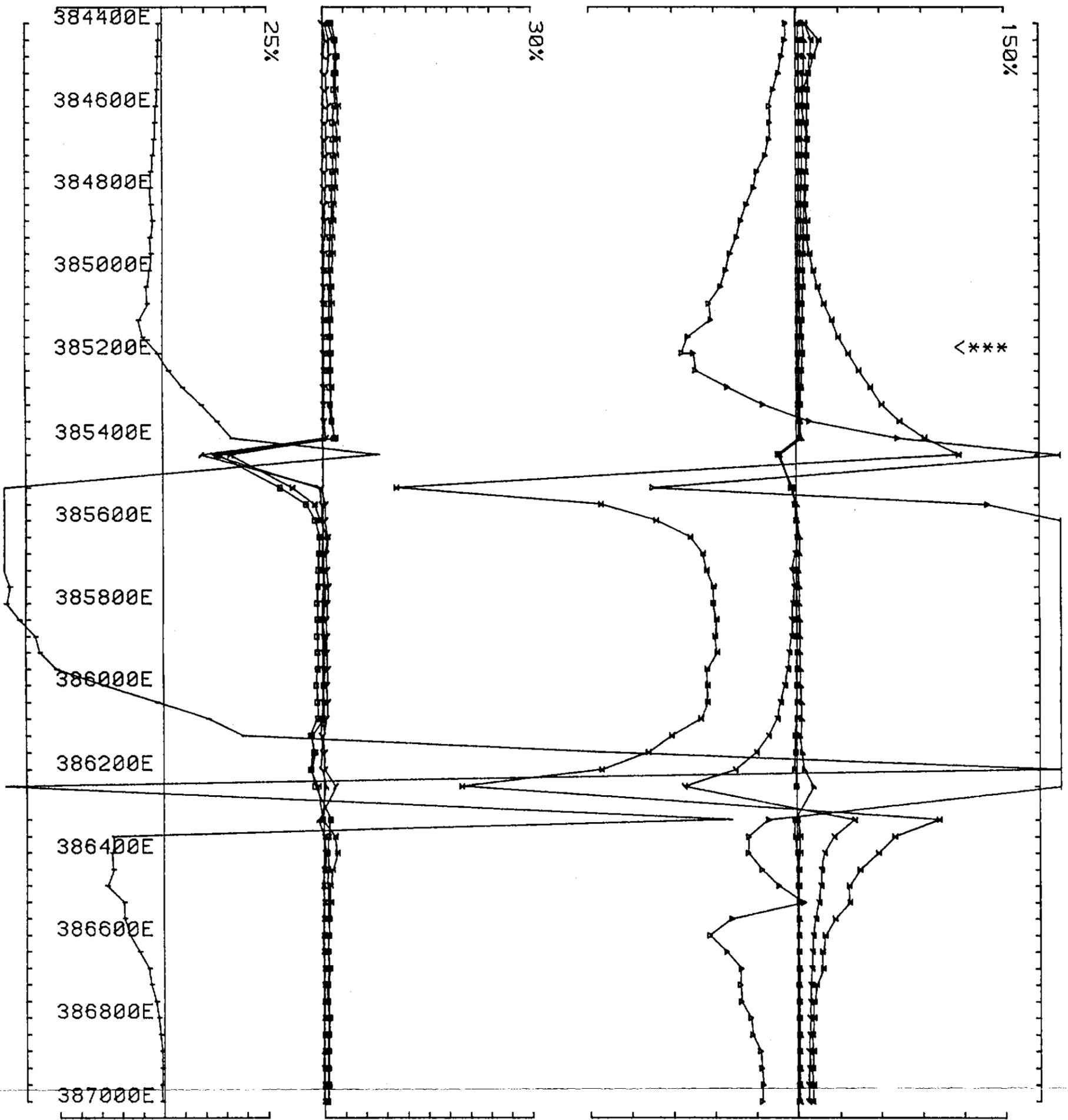
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
loop no 2 line 373000N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.



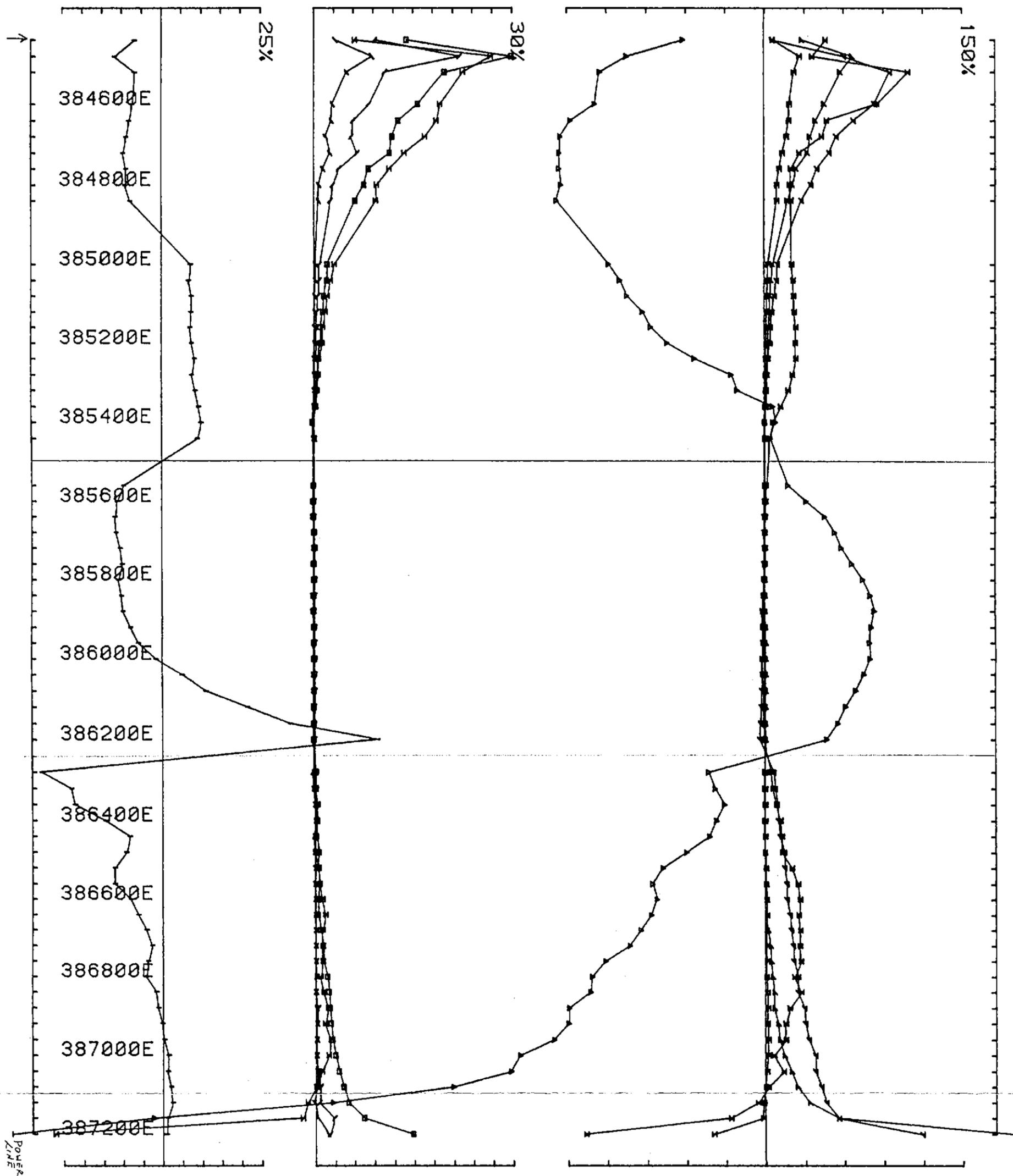
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 2 line 373000N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



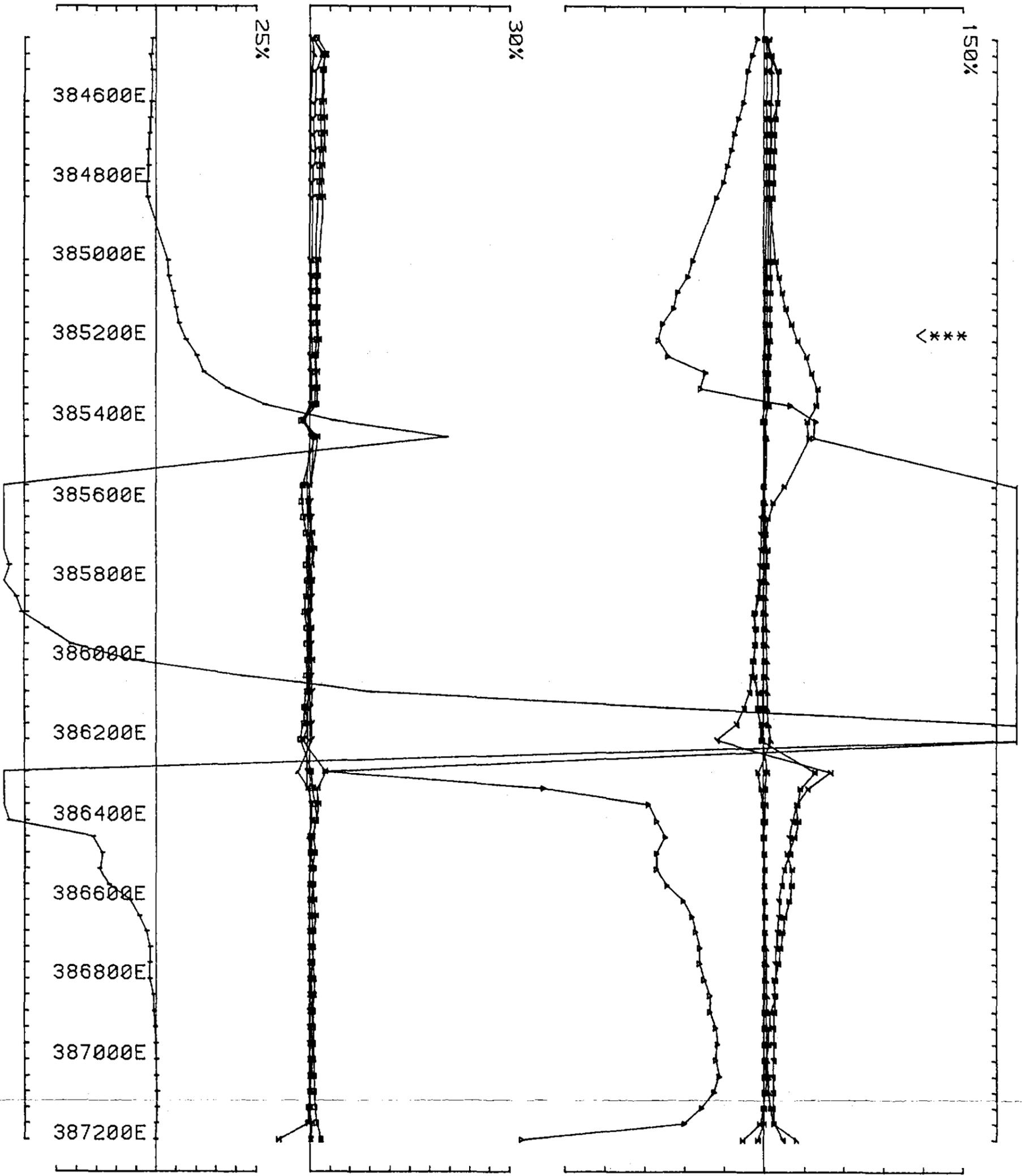
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 2 line 373200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.



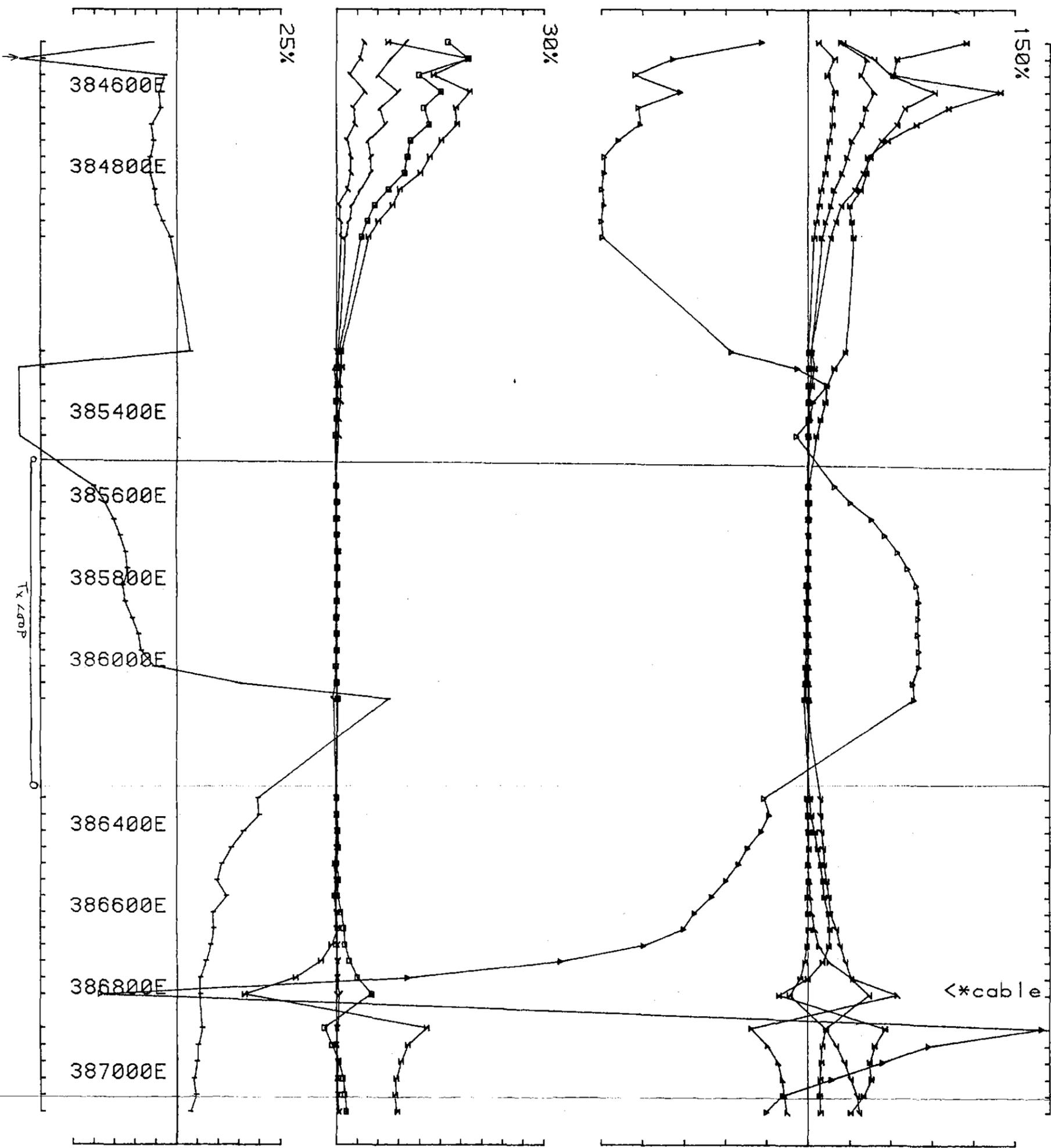
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 2 line 373200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



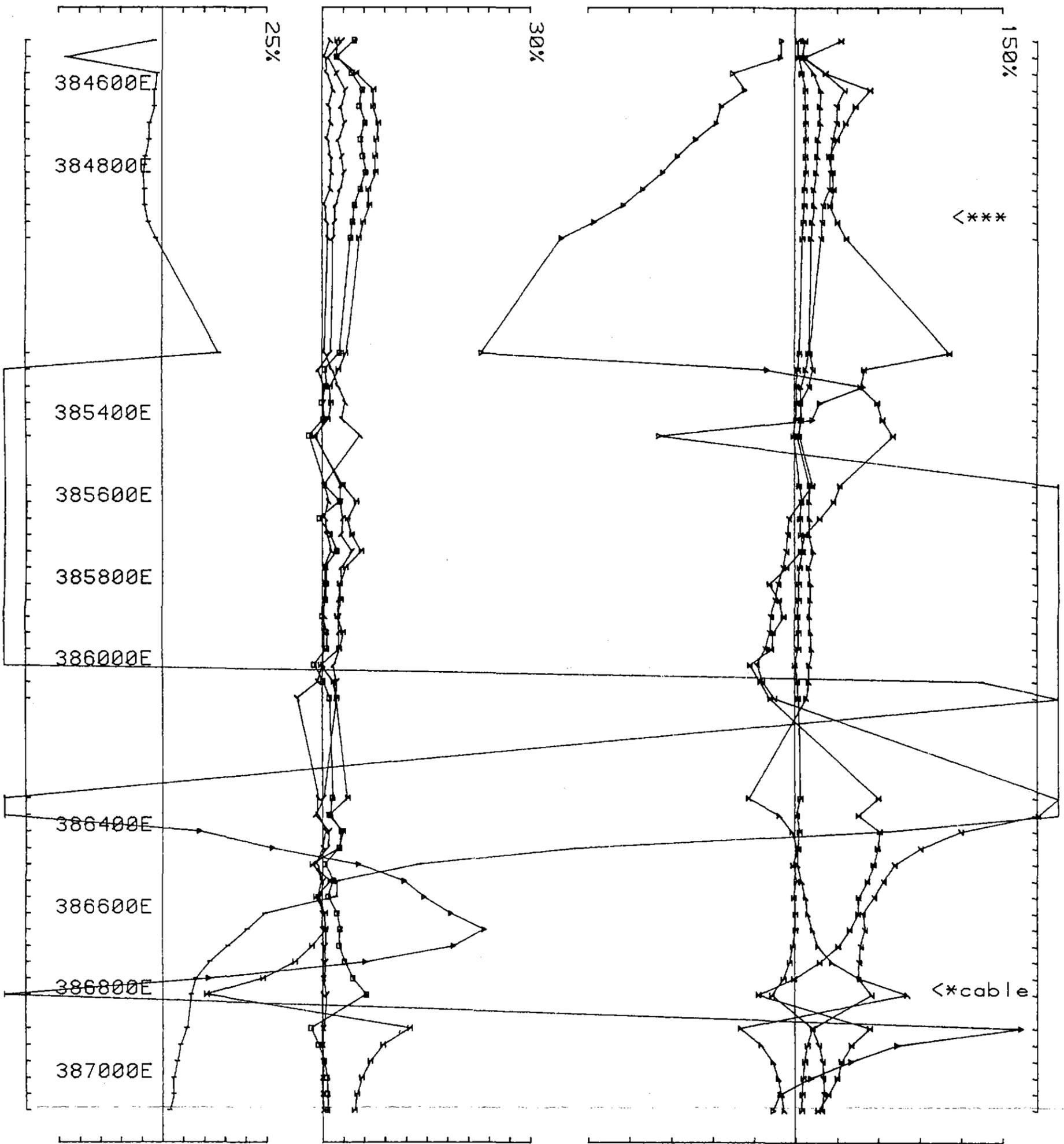
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 2 line 373400N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.



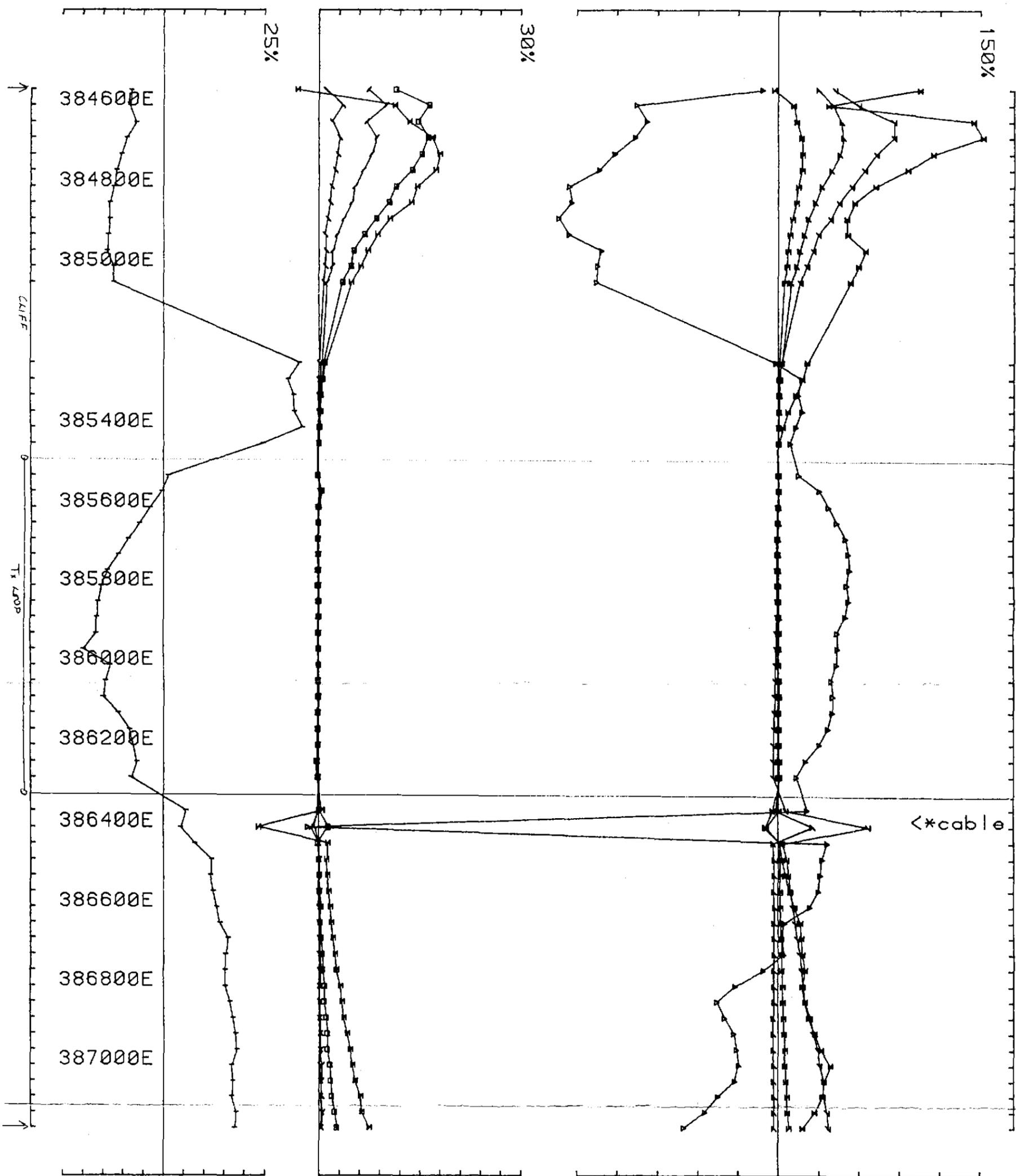
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 2 line 373400N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



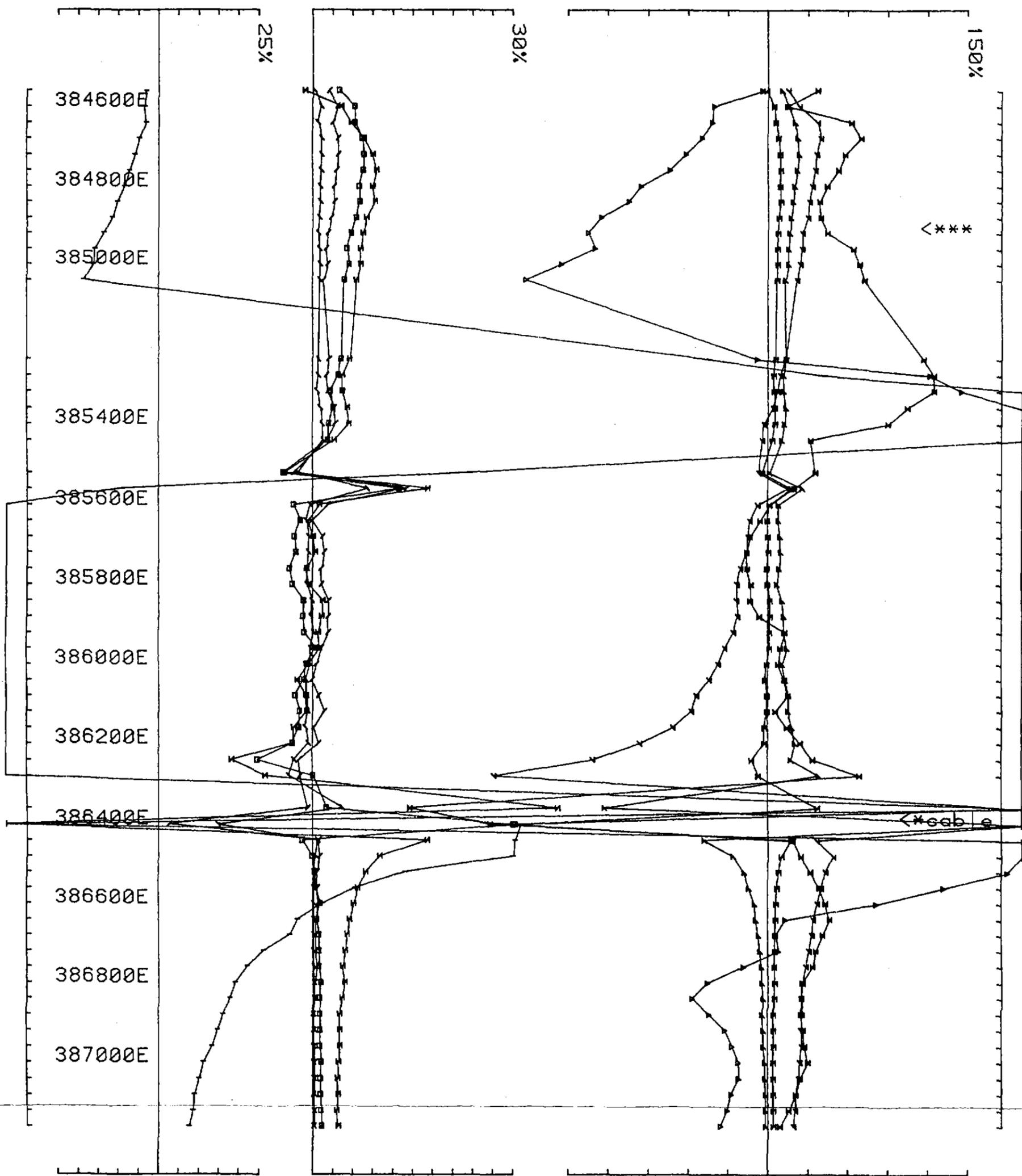
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 MAR 1989
 loop no 2 line 373600N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.



UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 MAR 1989
 loop no 2 line 373600N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.

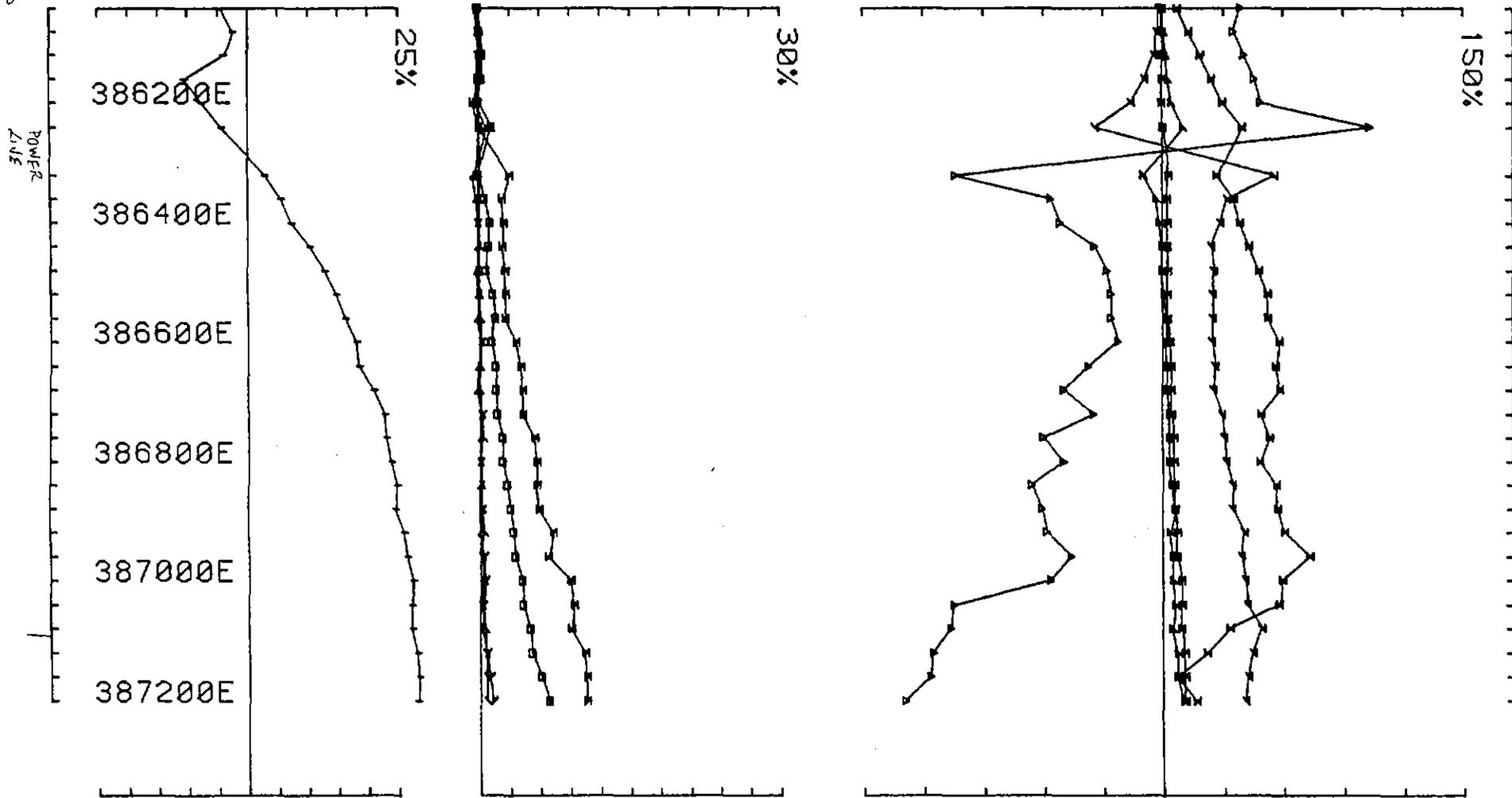


UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 MAR 1989
 loop no 2 line 373800N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.



UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 MAR 1989
 loop no 2 line 373800N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.

TX LOOP
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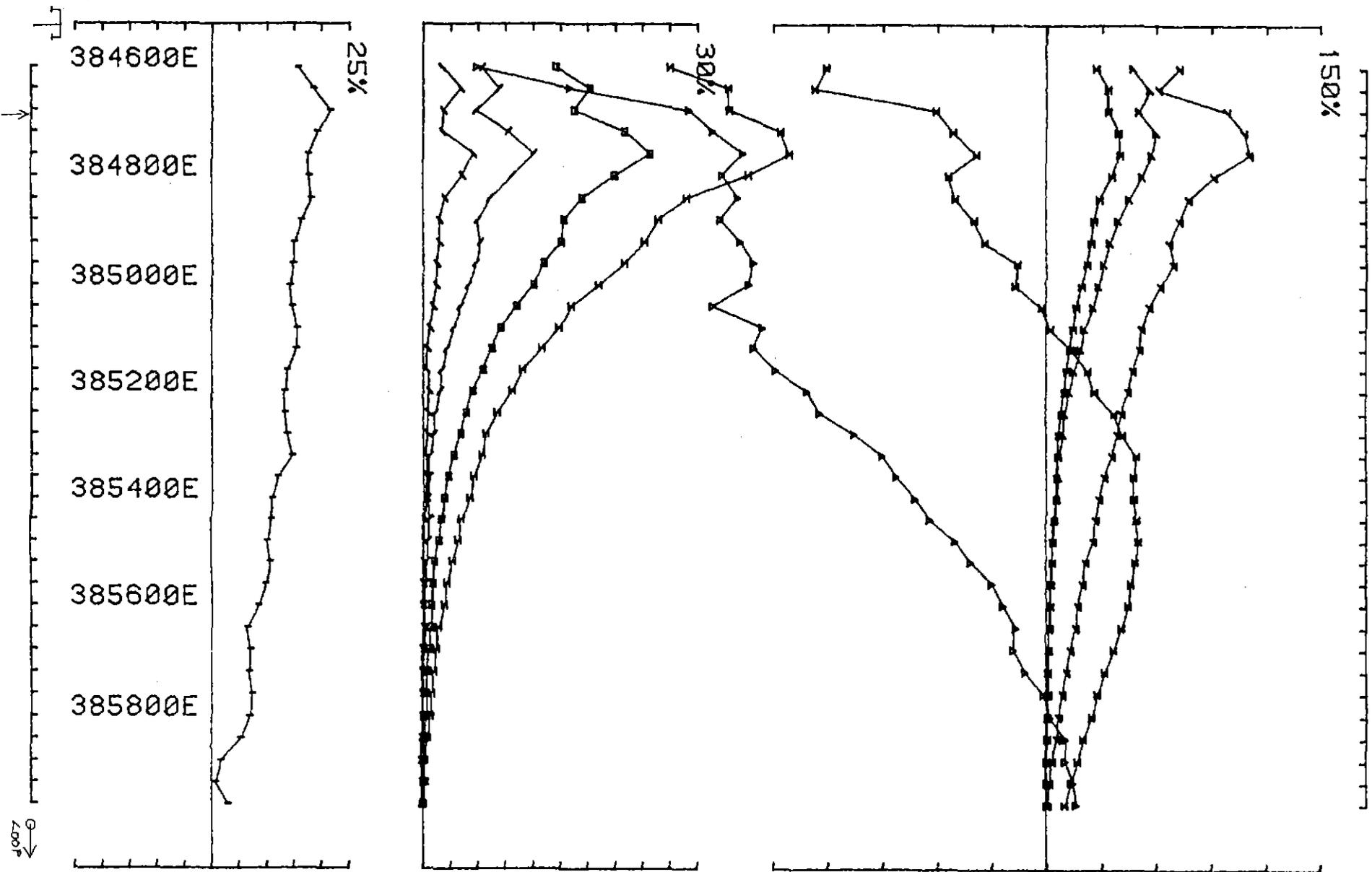


UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 MAR 1989
loop no 2a line 374000N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.

8782

594136

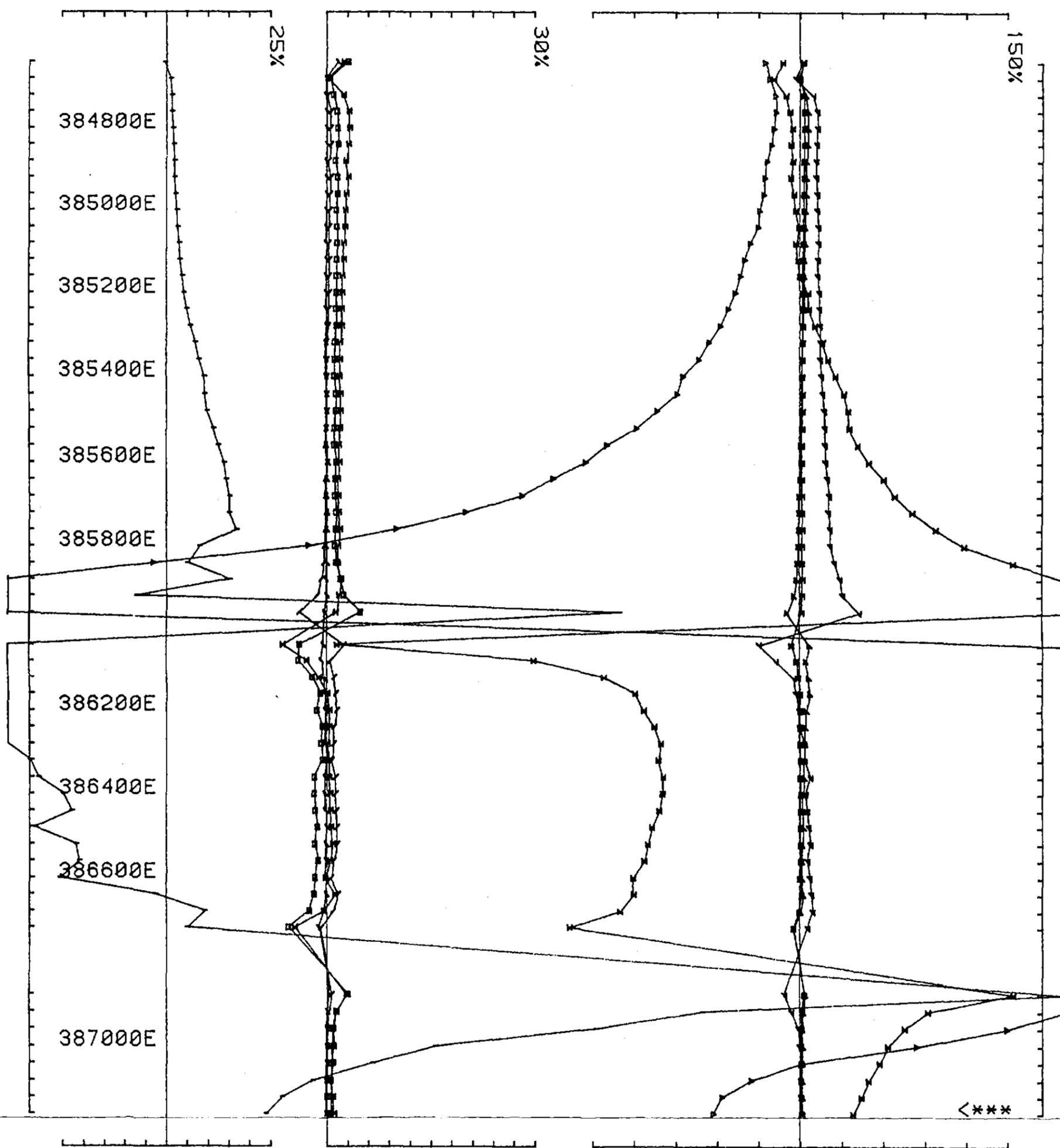
8782



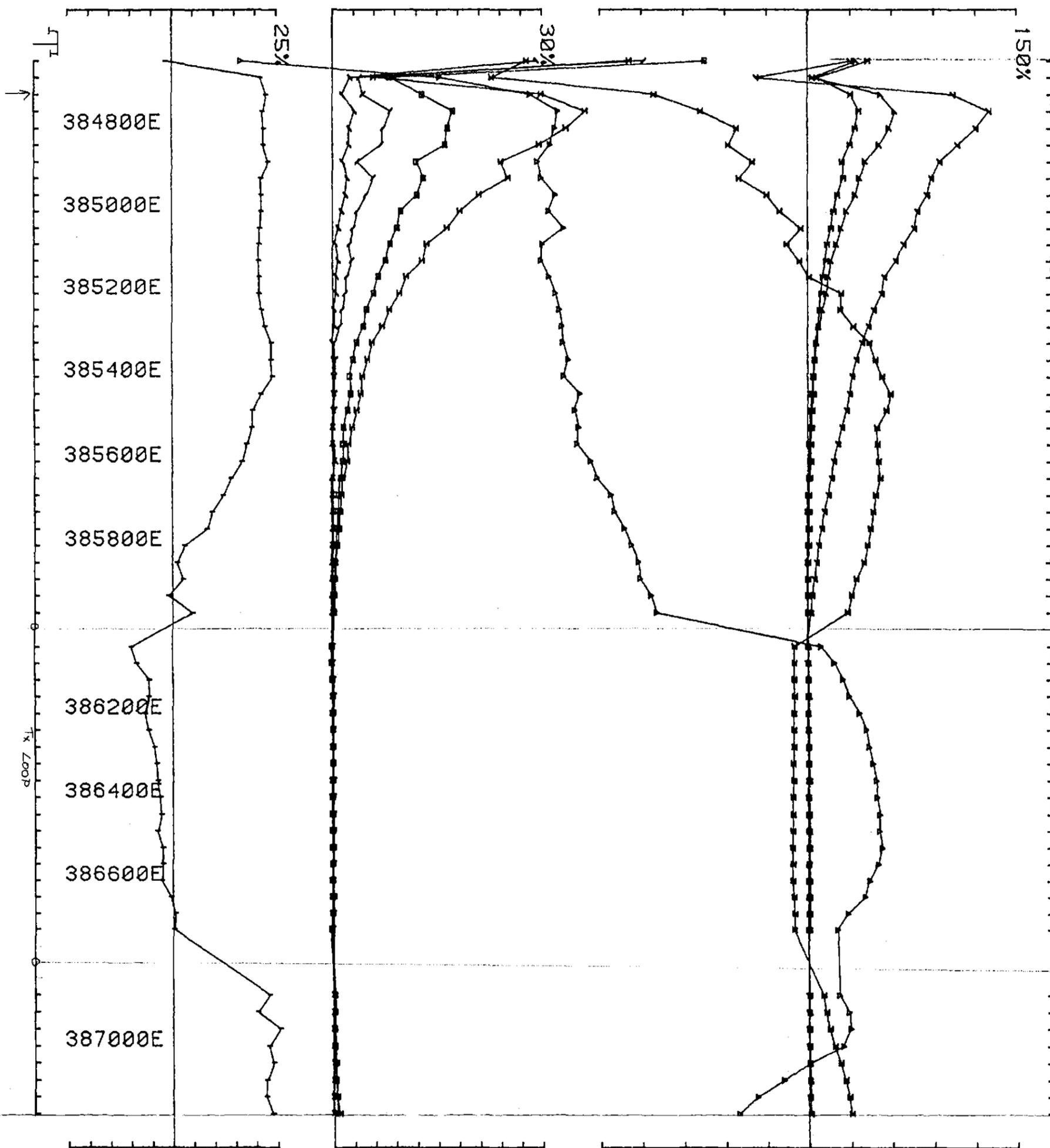
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
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 loop no 1 line 374000N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.

8792

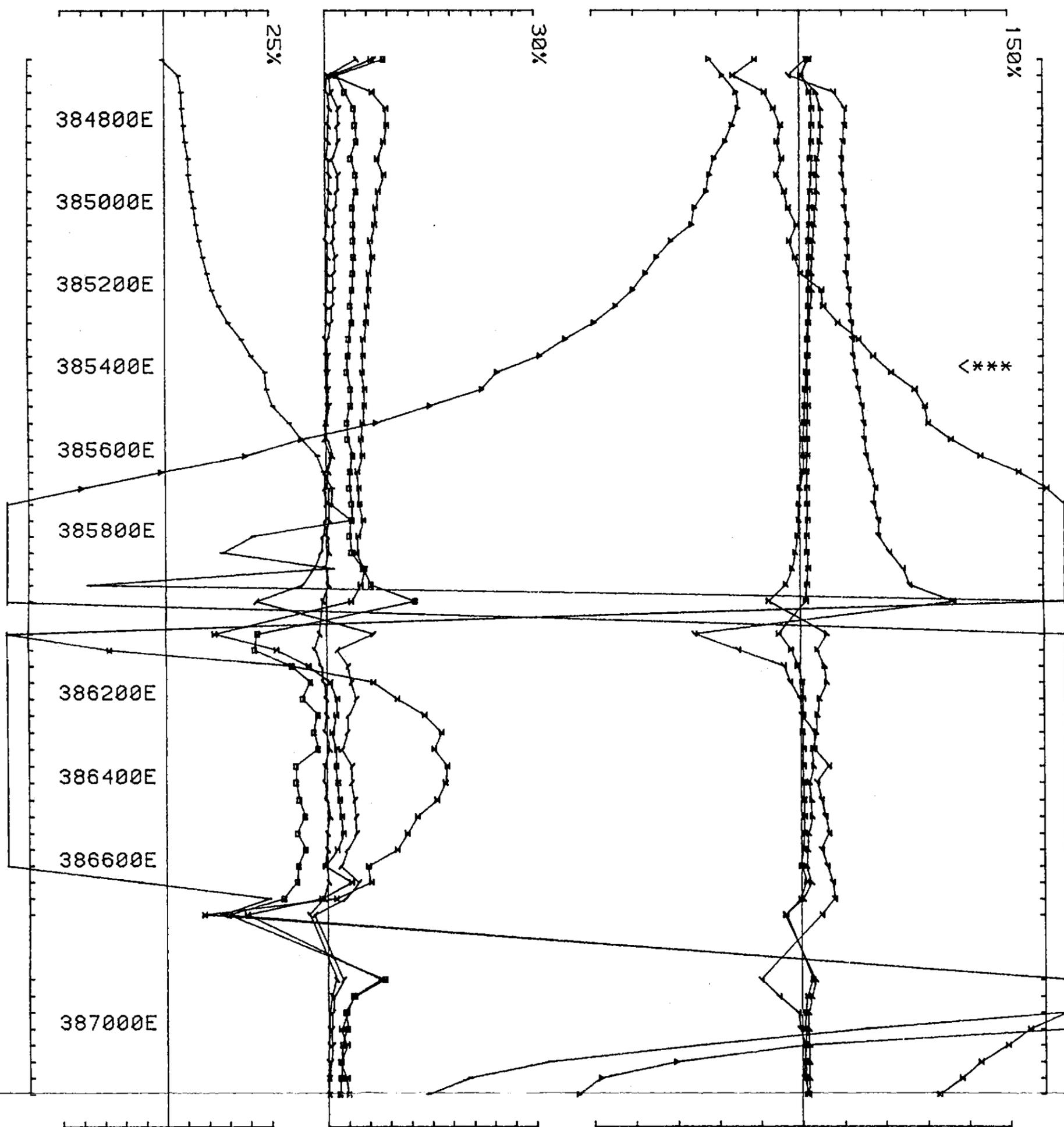
594137



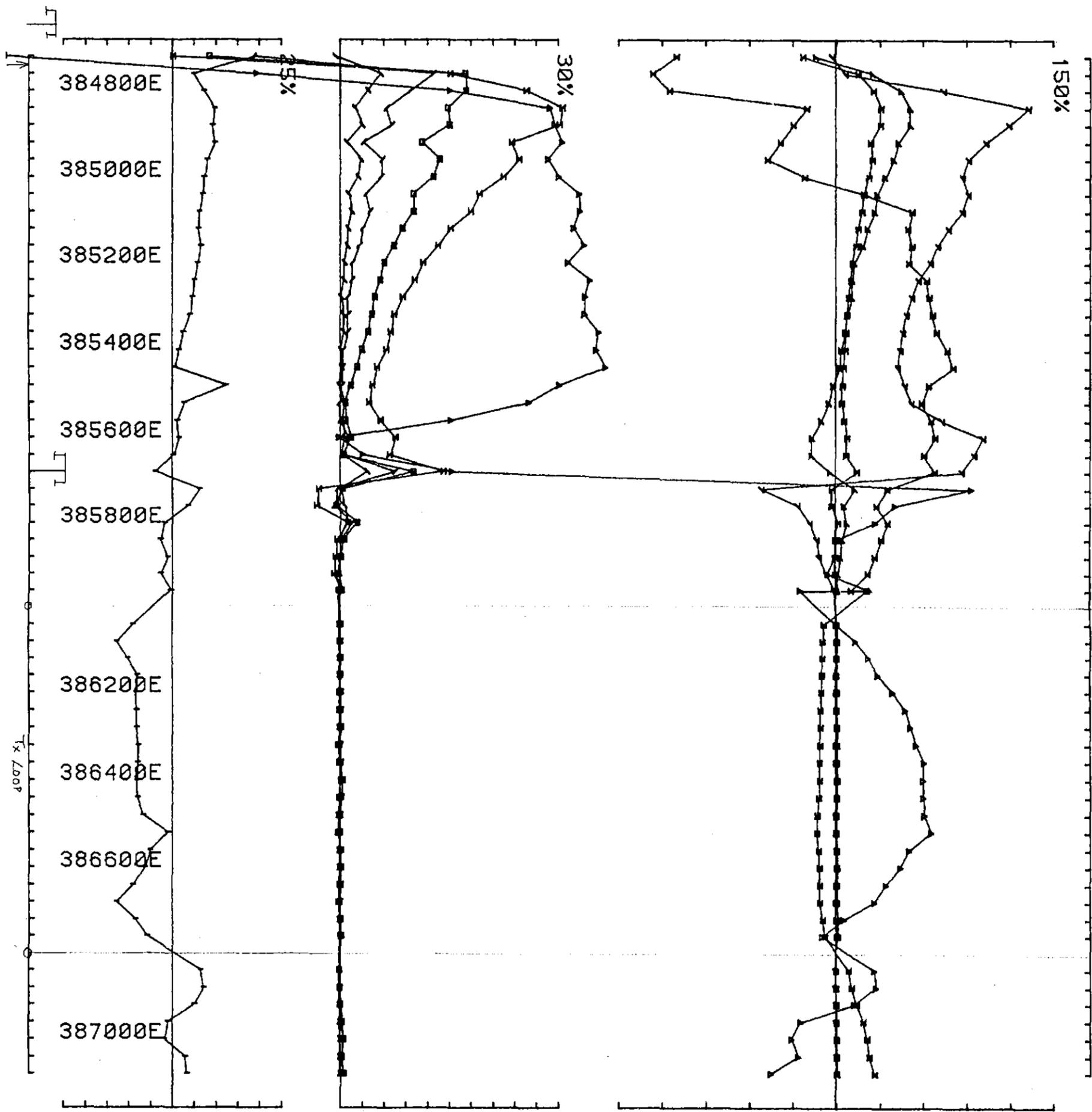
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
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 loop no 1 line 374200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



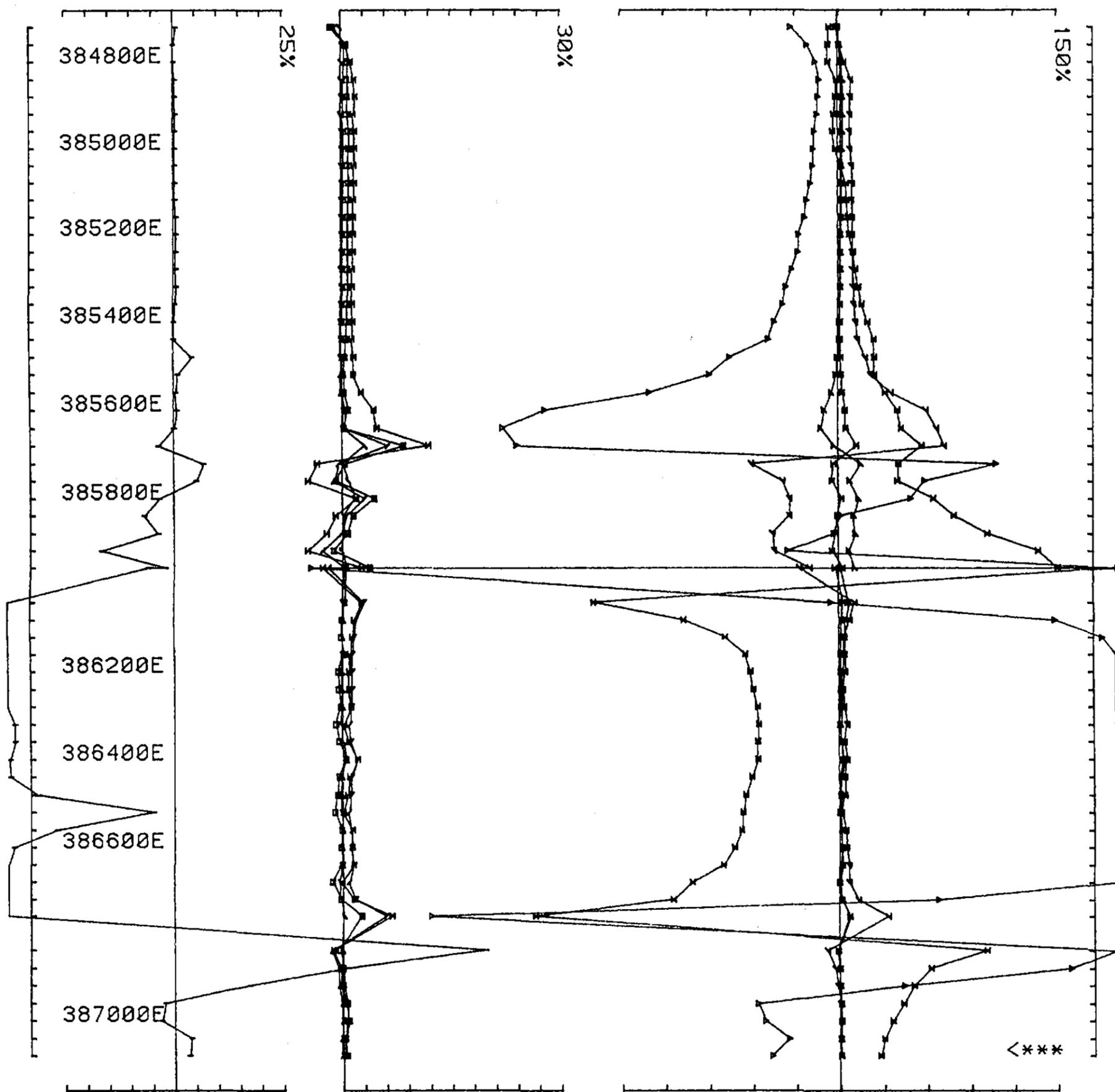
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 1 line 374200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.



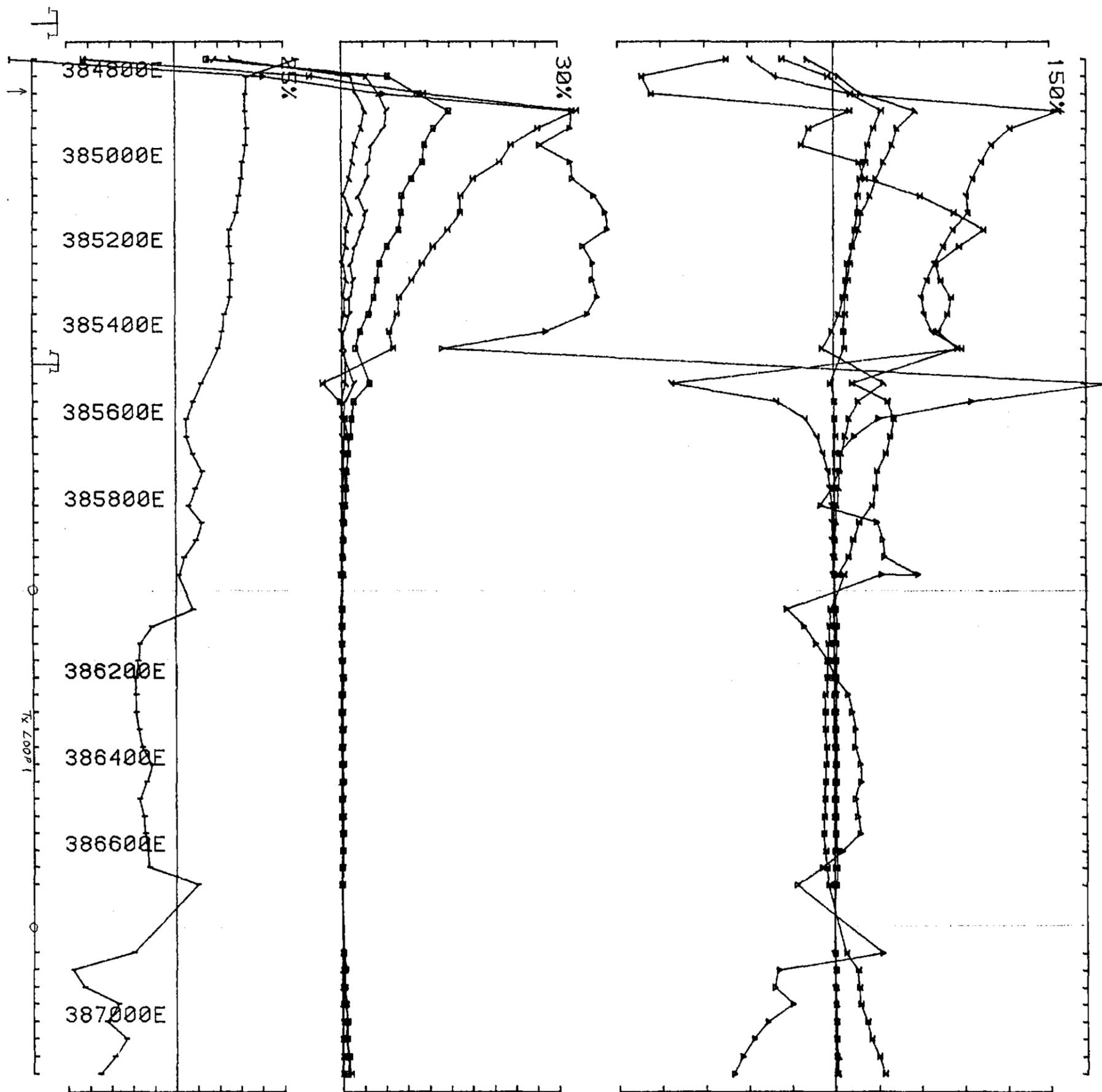
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 1 line 374200N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



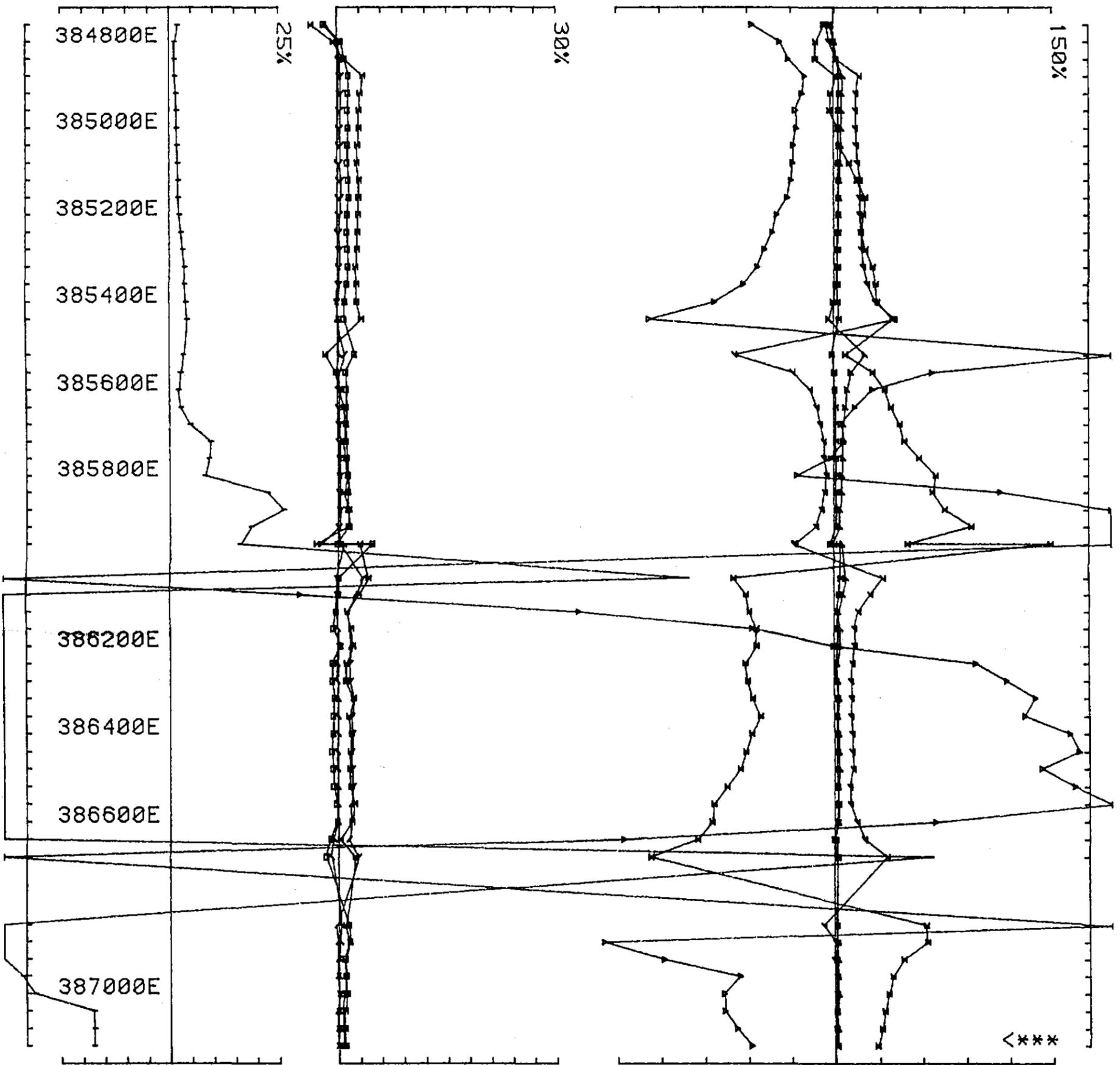
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33,409 Mar 89
 loop no 1 line 374400N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.



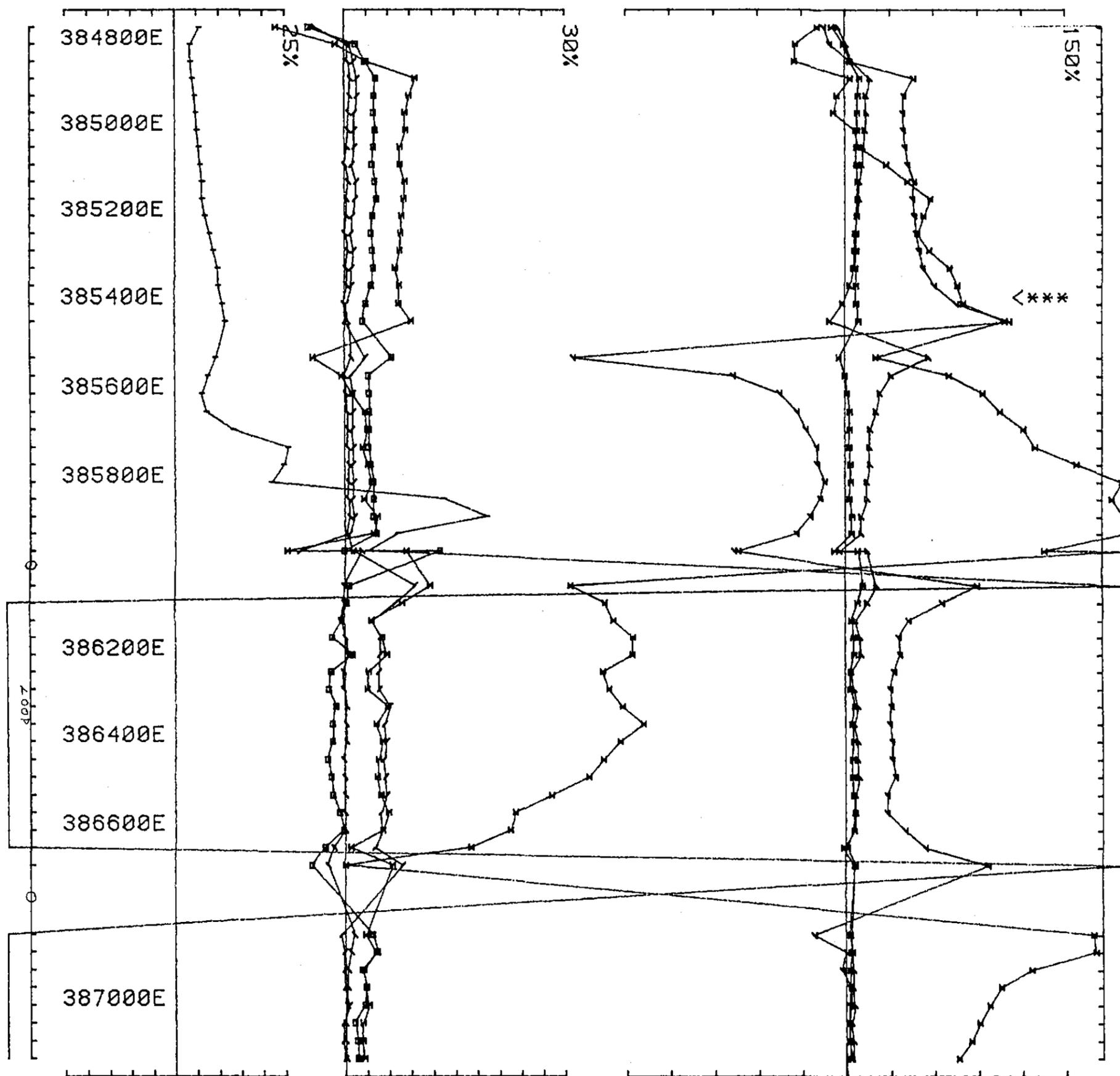
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 1 line 374400N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



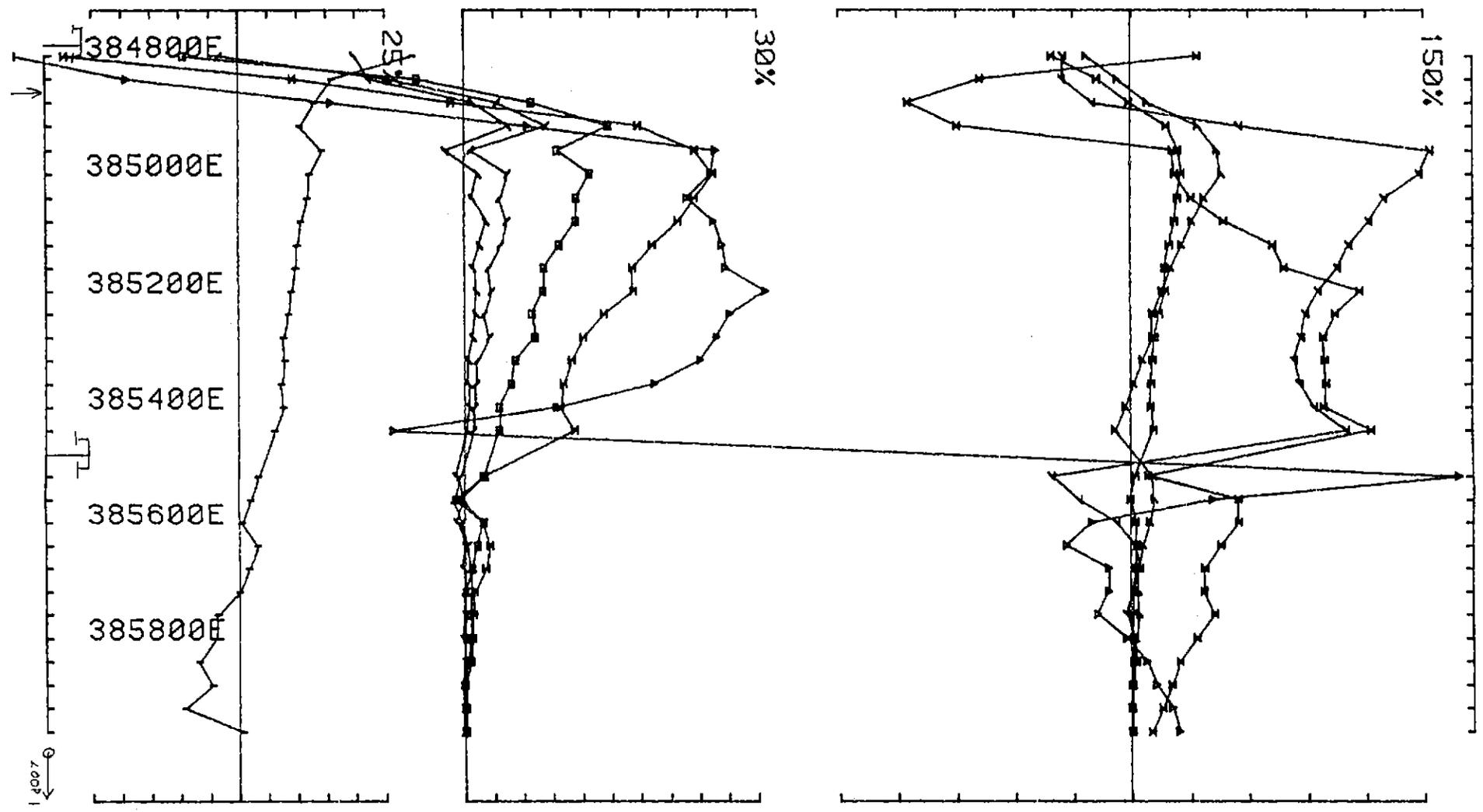
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 1 line 374600N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.



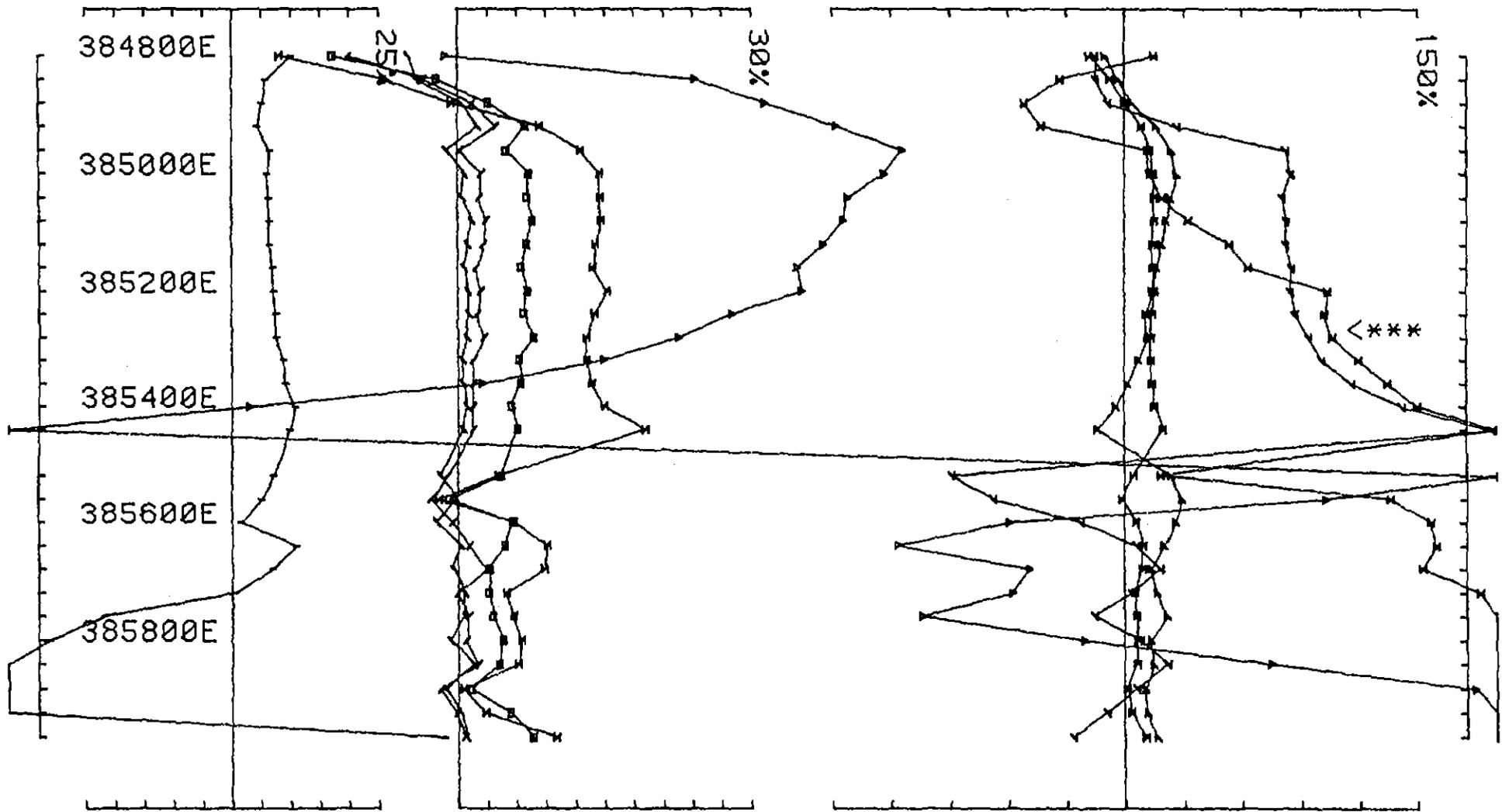
UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 1 line 374600N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 1 line 374600N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.



UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 1 line 374800N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.

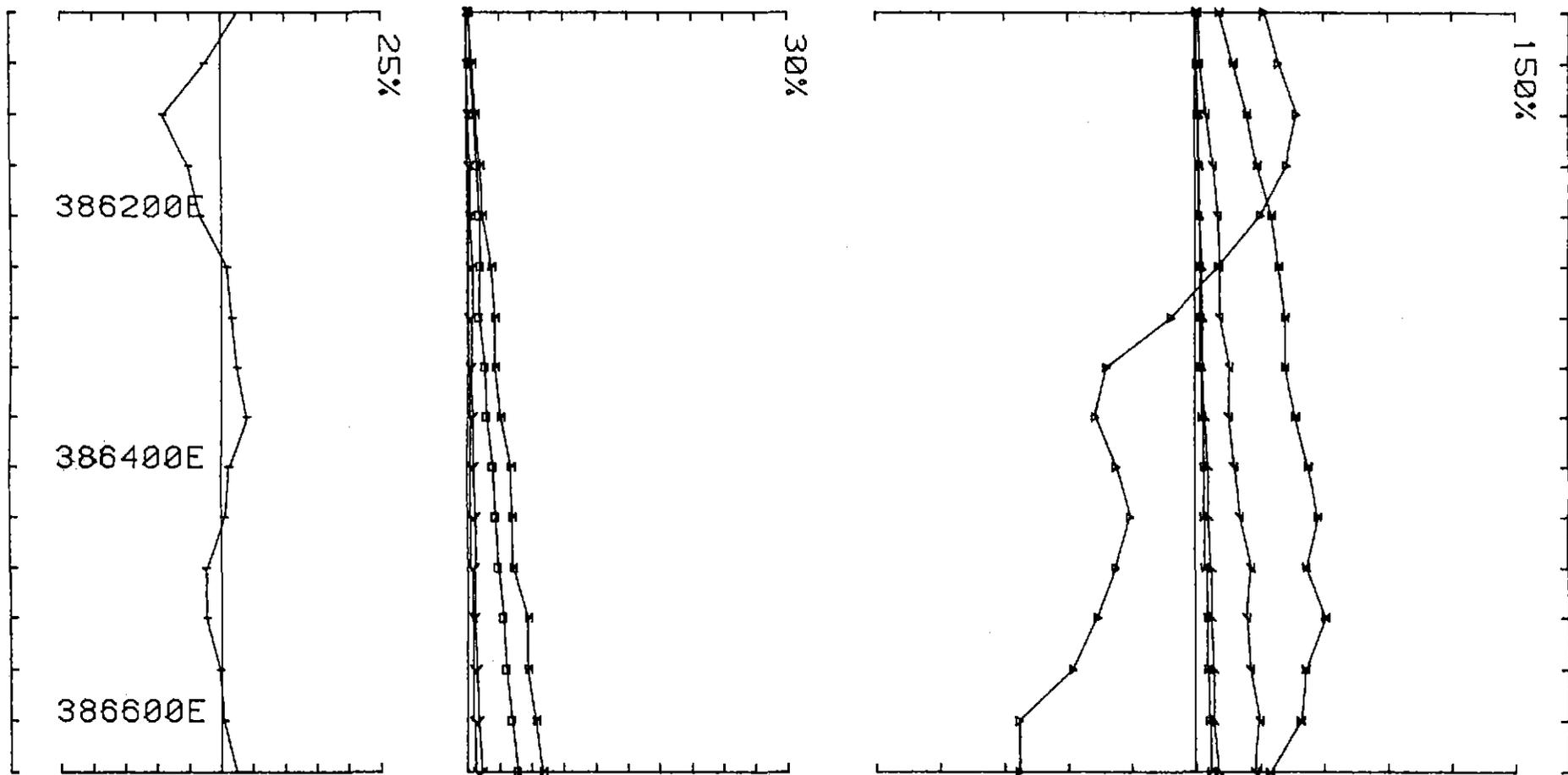


083

UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 Mar 89
 loop no 1 line 374800N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.

594147

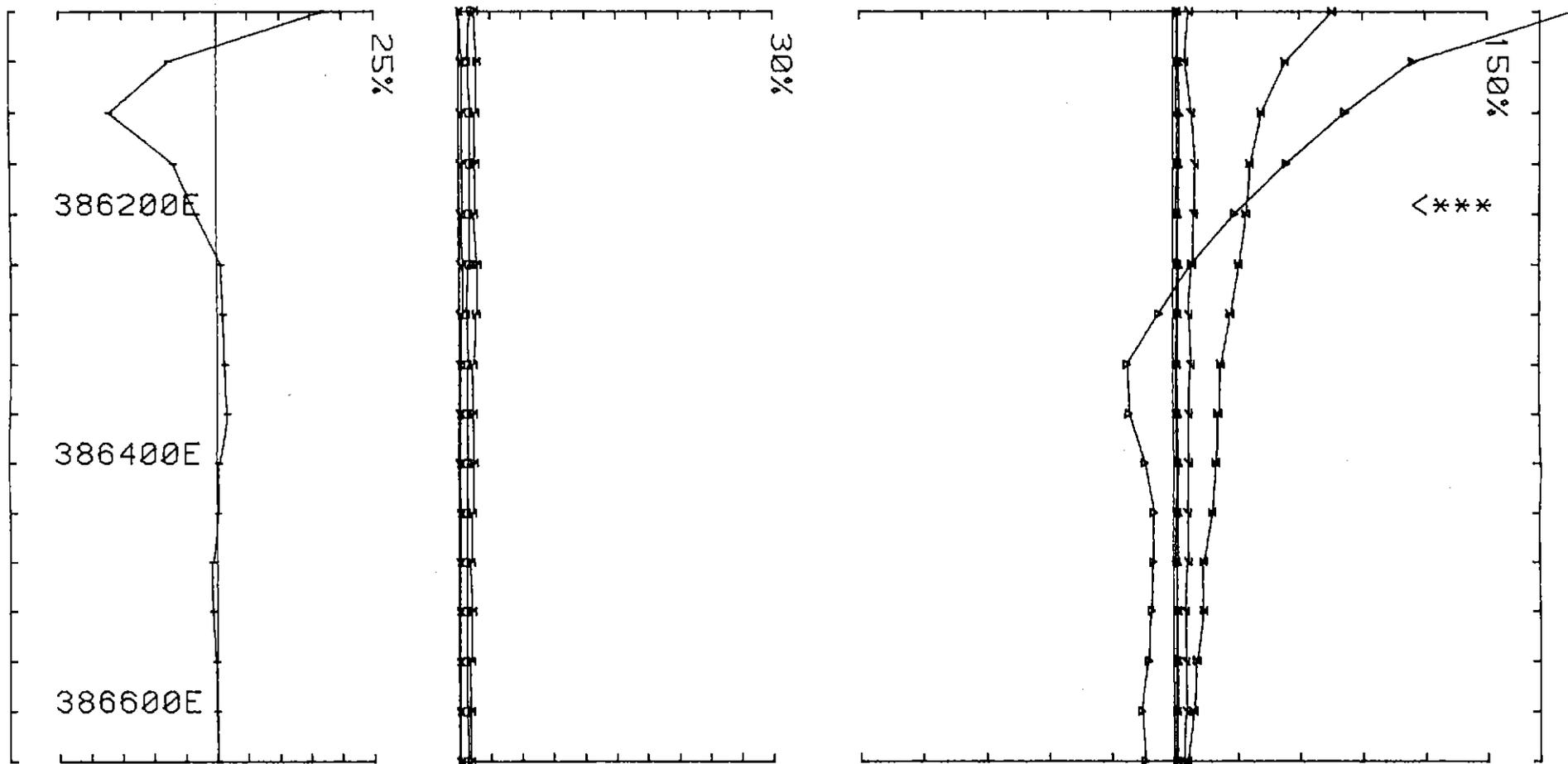
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Tx, Loop 1a



UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 MAR 1989
loop no 1a line 374800N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 contin. norm.

084

594148



UTEM SURVEY at STERLING VALLEY for BILLITON AUSTRALIA (SHELL)
 conducted by LAMONTAGNE GEOPHYSICS. Job 8902 base freq (hz) 33.409 MAR 1989
 loop no 1a line 374800N component Hz secondary field Ch 1 point norm.

APPENDIX 3

Drill logs SVD 89-1, 89-2

SPLMET SYSTEM
METRIC
DECIMAL POINTS AS REQUIRED

SP = Split
CH = chip

The Shell Company of Australia Limited
METALS DIVISION

DRILL LOG SHEET

CONTINUATION SHEET

PROJECT STERLING VALLEY HOLE NAME SVD 89-1
LOGGED BY J. RANDALL TOTAL DEPTH 154.1m

L	E	DISTANCE FROM COLLAR		SAMPLE NO	CORE ANGLE	ROCK TYPE	DIAM	DESC CODE	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTIVE LOG
		TO TOP	TO BOTTOM							
SP		58.4	59.4	17873						Weakly magnetic. Increasing epidote + quartz blebs to 4cm.
		59.4	60.4	17874						At 43.2m. 2mm vesicle cb-quartz-sph-gal.
		60.4	61.4	17875						55.0-59.4. Increasing chlorite, mildly foliated
		61.4	62.4	17876						59.3m. 1cm laminae py po Cpy 20%.
		62.4	63.4	17877						59.4-65.2. Textured silicification with quartz veining, mottled. Deep green chloritic. Trace disseminated py po.
		63.4	64.4	17878						
		64.4	65.2	17879						
		65.2	66.0	17880						
		66.0	67.0	17881						
		67.0	68.0	17882						65.2-76.2 // CHLORITIZED FELDSPAR PHYRIC VOLCANICLASTIC
		68.0	69.0	17883						
		69.0	70.0	17884						
		70.0	71.0	17885						
		71.0	71.9	17886						Sericite in places, strongly chloritized with carbonate blotches. Some quartz bands. Foliation 45-75° LCA.
		71.9	72.2	17887						
		72.2	73.8	17888						66.9-66.92. 2cm massive py. Sharp contacts 65°
		73.8	74.3	17889						
		74.3	76.2	17890						Mod. broken core, increasing down hole until
		76.2	77.0	17891						68-72m intense. Mod. foliation 50° LCA.
		77.0	78.0	17892						Minor sulphide along foliation planes
V		78.0	79.0	17893						e.g. 68.4m. 7cm 5-10% laminae po py (Cpy)
SP		79.0	79.8	17894						70.3m. 5% blocky po py.
		79.8								71.8-71.9. Massive chlorite plug with fragments of massive pyrite
										71.9-72.2. Massive py 70%. Po 25%. Cpy 5%. vaguely banded 45° LCA.
										N.B. Bad Core Loss 72.1-73.8. 18% Recovery
										77.2-73.8. Chloritic and graphitic mud. Quartz veining, possible volcaniclastic.
										73.8-74.3. Strongly chloritized quartz veined. Fine grained volcaniclastic.
										74.3-74.4. Massive py 75%. Po 25%. Cpy 5%.
										N.B. Core Loss 74.3-76.2m 10.5% Recovery
										74.4-76.2. Strongly quartz banded + veined chlorite fine volcaniclastic.
										76.2-79.8. INTERBEDDED CHLORITIC ARENACEOUS VOLCANICLASTIC AND CHLORITIC SHALE.
										Strongly foliated, mod. quartz veined strongly chloritic, dominantly fine sand size. Clastic with lesser bands of very fine grained chlorite black shale, sometimes laminated 50° LCA.
										Fine disseminated pyrite throughout

ASSAY INFORMATION

594153

DRILL LOG SHEET

CONTINUATION SHEET

PROJECT	STERLING VALLEY	HOLE NAME	SVD 89-1
LOGGED BY	J. RANDELL	TOTAL DEPTH	154.1m

DEPTH	DISTANCE FROM COLLAR		SAMPLE NO.	CORE ANGLE	ROCK TYPE	DIAM.	DESC CODE	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTIVE LOG
	TO TOP	TO BOTTOM							
79.8	81.2		17895						79.8 - 81.2 // FOLIATED SERICITIZED CARBIFEROUS ARENACEOUS VOLCANICLASTIC.
81.2	83.0		17896						
83.0	85.0		17897						
85.0	87.0		17898						Green well cleaved. Fine quartz veins subparallel to foliation. Some chloritic ash laminae.
87.0	89.0		17899						Sharp contacts upper 45-50° LCA lower 45° LCA.
89.0	91.0		17900						
91.0	93.0		17901						
93.0	95.0		17902						
95.0	97.0		17903						
97.0	99.0		17904						81.2 - 114.0 // CHLORITIC INTERBEDDED FINE ARENACEOUS VOLCANICLASTIC AND CHLORITIC SHALE.
99.0	101.0		17905						
101.0	103.0		17906						
103.0	105.0		17907						
105.0	107.0		17908						Strongly foliated poorly laminated weak quartz carb. veining. Thick discon + blebs of con. Minor sericit. Some banded sections of 75 LCA. Consistently fine grain size, only minor chloritic bands shak.
107.0	109.0		17909						
109.0	111.0		17910						
111.0	113.0		17911	12					
113.0	115.0		17912						
115.0	117.0		17913						
117.0	119.0		17914						94.0 - 96.0. 40% fine grained chloritic shale bands (45° LCA) in fine sandy matrix. Mod. quartz veining, irregular, contorted.
119.0	121.0		17915						
121.0	123.0		17916						
123.0	125.0		17917						99.0. 3cm band, blebby py po (con) 7-10%.
125.0	127.0		17918						101.0 - 101.8. Well laminated, banded fine ash and chloritic shak.
127.0	129.0		17919						Facing evidence at 101.2m from scouring indicate down hole is up.
129.0	131.0		17920						
131.0	132.0		17921						
132.0	133.2		17922						103.0 - 107.0 Strongly quartz veined, irreg. veined, some quartz bands.
133.2	133.9		17923						
133.9	136.0		17924						109.3. Quartz (carb) band 3cm 55° LCA.
136.0	138.0		17925						112.0 - 113.5. Strongly broken core, quartz veined.
138.0	140.0		17926						
									114.0 - 154.4 // FINELY LAMINATED PYRITIC BLACK SHALE.
									Pyrite along thin wispy veins about sub parallel to bedding 50° LCA. Minor clasts pyrite (1-2cm diam). Estimated 1-2% discon pyrite. Minor bands fine to medium grained volcanoclastic. Mod. quartz veining along bedding plane. Well laminated 45-50° LCA.
									123.6m. 5mm band 40% Spk.
									130.3m. 5mm band 40% Py.
									133.2 - 133.9. 3cm massive py. thin 5-10% irregular veined + blebs py in quartz veined shale. estim. 40% quartz.
									138.0 - 138.2. 80% quartz 10% carb 10% chlorite.
									Sharp contacts 45° LCA.
									139.4m. Facing criteria from scouring indicate down hole is up.

594154

BHMET SYSTEM
METRIC
DECIMAL POINTS AS REQUIRED

The Shell Company of Australia Limited
METALS DIVISION

DRILL LOG SHEET

PROJECT *STERLING VALLEY* HOLE NAME *SVD 89-1*
LOGGED BY *J. RANDELL* TOTAL DEPTH *154.1m*

LITHO	DISTANCE FROM COLLAR		CORRECTION	SAMPLE NO	CORE ANGLE	ROCK TYPE	PLAN	DESC CODE	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTIVE LOG		
	TO TOP	TO BOTTOM										
CA	1440.0	1441.0		17927						141.0-146.5. <i>Molc granite (cb-chl) bands</i> <i>Sometimes irreg. contacts.</i> 143.3-143.4. <i>50% irreg. Py in graphitic chloritic matrix.</i> 146.5-150.1. <i>Fine wavy laminae, pyrite 50° CLA.</i> 150.1-150.8. <i>Sharp contacts upper 45° laminae given chloritic deeply laminated siliceous and pyrite (5-30%) bleccia.</i> 150.8-154.1. <i>Fine laminated shale dominantly but with arenaceous band 153.6-154.</i> <i>E.O.H. 154.1m.</i>		
SF	1441.0	1442.0		17928								
SF	1442.0	1443.0		17929								
SF	1443.0	1444.0		17930								
SF	1444.0	1445.0		17931								
CA	1445.0	1447.0		17932								
CA	1447.0	1449.0		17933								
CA	1449.0	150.1		17934								
SF	150.1	150.8		17935								
CA	150.8	152.0		17936								
CA	152.0	154.1		17937								
Core Recovery												
FROM	TO	INTERVAL	REC'D	%	FROM	FROM	INT	%	FROM	INTERVAL	REC'D	%
0.0					52.2	1.5	1.5	100	109.9	2.3	2.3	100
4.2		4.2	0.5	112	53.7	1.5	1.5	100	110.9	1.9	1.9	100
5.7		1.3	1.3	100	55.2	1.5	1.5	100	112.5	1.6	1.6	100
7.2		1.5	1.5	100	57.0	1.8	1.8	100	113.7	1.2	1.2	100
8.7		1.5	1.0	67	58.2	1.2	1.2	100	115.2	1.5	1.5	100
9.9		1.2	0.7	58	61.2	3.0	3.0	100	117.7	1.5	1.5	100
11.5		1.6	1.6	100	64.2	3.0	3.0	100	118.8	1.1	1.1	100
13.0		1.5	1.5	100	66.1	1.9	1.9	100	120.2	1.4	1.4	100
14.6		1.6	1.6	100	68.1	2.0	2.0	100	122.5	2.3	2.3	100
16.2		1.6	1.6	100	69.4	1.3	1.3	100	125.2	2.7	2.7	100
17.5		1.3	1.3	100	71.3	1.9	1.9	100	127.3	2.1	2.1	100
18.8		1.3	1.3	100	72.1	0.8	0.8	100	128.6	1.3	1.3	100
20.3		1.5	1.5	100	73.8	1.7	0.3	18	130.2	1.6	1.6	100
21.9		1.6	1.6	100	74.3	0.5	0.5	100	131.9	1.7	1.7	100
23.5		1.6	1.6	100	76.2	1.9	0.2	11	133.3	1.3	1.3	100
25.1		1.6	1.6	100	77.5	1.3	1.2	92	134.7	1.5	1.5	100
26.7		1.6	1.6	100	78.7	1.2	1.2	100	135.2	0.5	0.5	100
28.2		1.5	1.5	100	81.0	2.3	2.3	100	136.1	0.9	0.9	100
29.7		1.5	1.5	100	82.3	1.3	1.3	100	137.2	1.1	1.1	100
31.2		1.5	1.5	100	83.9	1.6	1.6	100	138.5	1.4	1.4	100
32.7		1.5	1.5	100	85.4	1.5	1.5	100	141.1	2.5	2.5	100
34.2		1.5	1.5	100	86.3	0.9	0.9	100	143.9	2.8	2.8	100
35.7		1.5	1.5	100	87.3	1.0	1.0	100	145.9	2.0	2.0	100
37.2		1.5	1.5	100	89.4	2.1	2.1	100	148.2	2.3	2.3	100
38.7		1.5	1.5	100	91.5	2.1	2.1	100	151.0	2.8	2.8	100
40.2		1.5	1.5	100	93.3	1.8	1.8	100	152.7	1.7	1.7	100
41.7		1.5	1.5	100	95.3	2.0	2.0	100	154.1	1.4	1.4	100
43.2		1.5	1.5	100	97.9	2.6	2.6	100				
44.7		1.5	1.5	100	99.6	1.7	1.7	100				
46.2		1.5	1.5	100	100.9	1.3	1.3	100				
47.7		1.5	1.5	100	102.7	1.8	1.8	100				
49.2		1.5	1.5	100	104.6	1.9	1.9	100				
50.7		1.5	1.5	100	106.7	1.9	1.9	100				

594155

DRILL LOG SHEET

CONTINUATION SHEET

PROJECT	STERLING VALLEY	HOLE NAME	SYD 89-2
LOGGED BY	J. RANDELL	TOTAL DEPTH	129.5m

CORRECTION	DISTANCE FROM COLLAR		SAMPLE NO	CORE ANGLE	ROCK TYPE	DIA	DESC CODE	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTIVE LOG
	TO TOP	TO BOTTOM							
CH	29.0	31.0	179443						27.8-36.4 // SERICITIC LAMINATED FINE VOLCANICLASTIC SILTSTONE Finely laminated uniformly med. sericitic with fine quartz veinlets. Some contorted bedding at low angle but overall 40° LCA @ 30m; 70° LCA @ 32.5m. Trace disseminated pyrite. 35.0-36.4. med. silicified well laminated but very contorted. Trace pyrite. 36.4-62.4 // SILICIFIED AND SERICITIZED BANDED BLACK SILTSTONE Well banded/laminated often wavy banding at 45-65° LCA. Becoming more even banded 60° LCA to 42m. 42-48. med-stg. broken wavy banding defined by black laminae. Rare thin pyrite laminae and blebs 2%. 48-52. med. irregular carb-quartz veinlets, contorted banding, oolitic. Rare specks pyrite. Rare thick quartz-carb veins. 52-62.4. More regular laminations but still variable 45-60° LCA, becoming more oblique towards bottom. 62.4-65.5 // STRONGLY GRAPHITIC FINE PYRITIC BLACK SHALE. 62.4-64.5. Soft black pyg + 40% quartz cbb, minor pyrite laminae. Poor core recovery. 65.5-129.6 // FINE LAMINATED + PYRITIC BLACK SHALE. Regular fine laminations pyrite 1-2% in non-contorted black shale. 67-71.3. 60% fine volcaniclastic with shale lenses, regular laminations. Fine pyrite laminations throughout. Favourable evidence (cross bedding) at 72.3m indicate down hole is stratigraphically up. 71.3-79. Well laminated finely pyritic 45-50° LCA.
	31.0	33.0	179444						
	33.0	35.0	179445						
	35.0	37.0	179446						
	37.0	39.0	179447						
	39.0	41.0	179448						
	41.0	43.0	179449						
	43.0	45.0	179450						
	45.0	47.0	179451						
	47.0	49.0	179452						
	49.0	51.0	179453						
	51.0	53.0	179454						
	53.0	55.0	179455						
	55.0	57.0	179456						
	57.0	59.0	179457						
V	59.0	61.0	179458						
CH	61.0	62.4	179459						
SP	62.4	64.5	179460						
SP	64.5	65.5	179461						
SP	65.5	66.5	179462						
CH	66.5	69.0	179463						
	69.0	71.0	179464						
	71.0	73.0	179465						
	73.0	75.0	179466						
V	75.0	77.0	179467						
CH	77.0	79.0	179468						

ABAY INFORMATION

594157

5375000N

5375000N

5373000N

5373000N

385000E

386000E

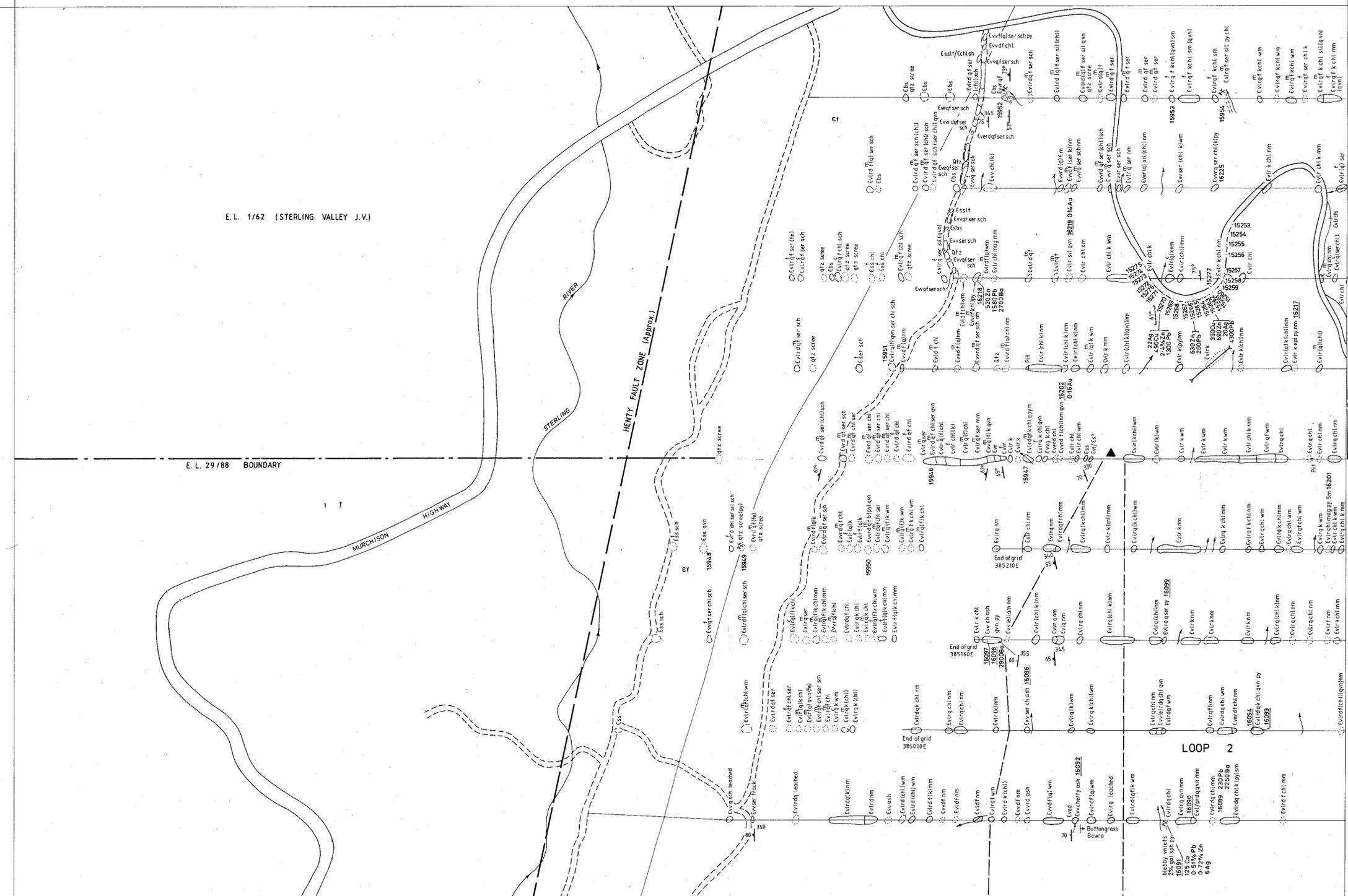
385000E

386000E

E.L. 1/62 (STERLING VALLEY J.V.)

E.L. 29/88 BOUNDARY

3746000N
374400N
374200N
374000N
373800N
373600N
373400N
373200N



594159

89-3013.

EARLY ORDOVICIAN	Bsc	OWEN CONGLOMERATE	Pebble to boulder conglomerate of quartzite, often hematitic and k-feldspar altered
LATE CAMBRIAN - EARLY ORDOVICIAN	Bss	?NEWTON CK SANDSTONE	Dirty medium grained quartzite.
LATE CAMBRIAN	EDC	DORA CONGLOMERATE JUKES BRECCIA	Strongly hematitic and silicified pebble conglomerate of predominantly volcanic detritus
LATE CAMBRIAN	Egr	MURCHISON GRANITE	Coarse grained epigranular quartz feldspar biotite ± chlorite. Often strongly altered k-spar, chlorite, pyrite.
MID CAMBRIAN	Ess/sbs	FARRELL SEQUENCE	Fine laminated black shales and massive sandstone. Some volcanoclastic character.
MID CAMBRIAN	Evr	TYNDALL GROUP VOLCANICS	Rhyolite Lava Massive siliceous, may be quartz phytic, fine to coarse phenocrysts
MID CAMBRIAN	Evr/d	TYNDALL GROUP VOLCANICS	Rhyodacitic Lava Quartz feldspar phytic often foliated may be sericitized
MID CAMBRIAN	Evd	TYNDALL GROUP VOLCANICS	Dacitic Lava Feldspar phytic often chloritized

TYNDALL GROUP VOLCANICLASTICS (EPICLASTICS)	Evr/d	Rhyodacitic Volcanoclastic	Fine grained quartz-feldspar phytic often sericitized, layered, pumiceous
INTRUSIVE	Evd	Dacitic Volcanoclastic	Dominantly feldspar phytic chloritized fine to medium grained pumiceous.
	Evr	Undiff. Volcanoclastic	Fine grained strongly altered undetermined composition.
	Evr/d	Rhyodacitic Epiclastic	Medium to coarse lithics in sericitized matrix. Often quartz phytic.
	Evd	Dacitic Epiclastic	Chloritic coarse lithic component, strongly altered.
	Ebi	Basaltic Dyke	Fine grained chloritic massive.

ALTERATION	Chl	Chlorite	(a) Weakly quartz phytic	f	Superscript over phytic
	K	K-feldspar	(b) Strong quartz phytic	c	Component as grain size
	Ser	Sericite	(f) Weakly feldspar phytic		
	Py	Pyrite	f	Strong feldspar phytic	
	Q-vn	Quartz vein			

Outcrop	○
Subcrop	○
Float	○
Strike/Dip Bedding	—
Strike/Dip Cleavage	—
Access Line	—
Creek	—
Road	—
Track	—

MAPPING BY C. CREGG & J. RANDELL, FEB '99

Billiton Australia
The Metals Division of the Shell Company of Australia Limited

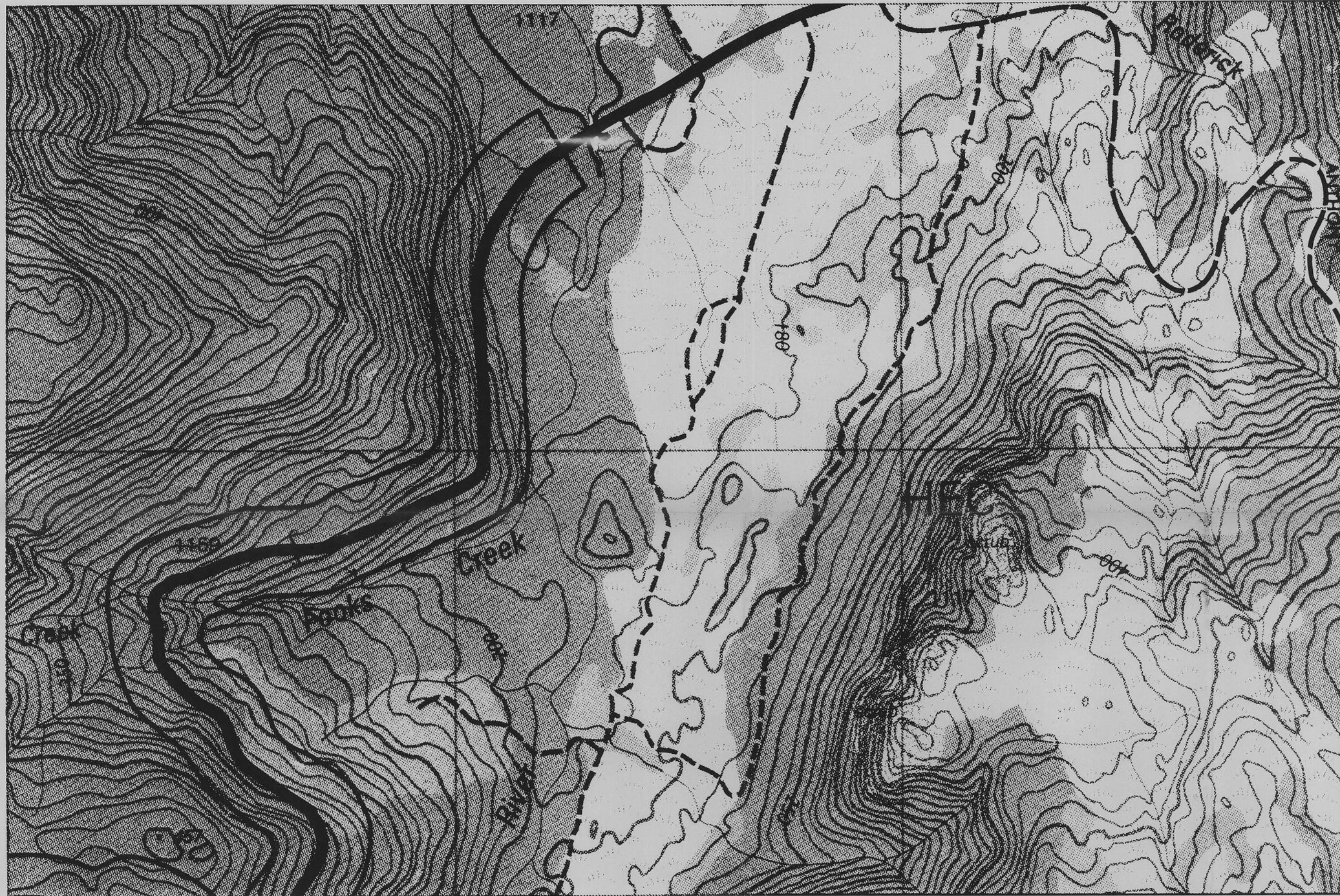
Project: **STERLING VALLEY**

Title: **GEOLOGICAL FACT MAPPING SHEET 1**

Author	JPR	Dept.	TAS	Scale	1:5000
Drawn	OH	Date	5/99	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	S'ced	Date		
Sheet No.	FIG 4	Drawing No.	D/LJ 70/011		

5375000 N
386000 E

5375000 N
386000 E

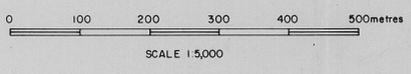


5373000 N

5373000 N

594160

SHEET 1	SHEET 2
SHEET 3	SHEET 4



89-3013

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Project: STERLING VALLEY JOINT VENTURE

Title: **TOPOGRAPHIC BASE PLAN SHEET 1**

Author	Dept	Scale	1:5000
Drawn	Date	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	Checked	Date
Sheet No	FIG 5	Drawing No	LJ70/1024

5375000 N
386000 E

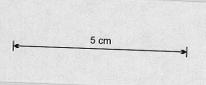
388000 E
5375000 N



5373000 N

5373000 N

594161



SHEET 1	SHEET 2
SHEET 3	SHEET 4

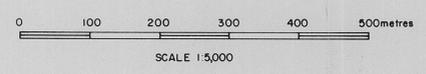
89-3013 1

Billiton Australia
The Metals Division of the Shell Company of Australia Limited

Project: STERLING VALLEY JOINT VENTURE

Title: **TOPOGRAPHIC
BASE PLAN
SHEET 2**

Author	Dept	Scale	1:5000
Drawn	Date	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	Sc'ded	Date
Sheet No.	FIG 6	Drawing No.	LJ70/1025



E.L. 1/62 (STERLING VALLEY J.V.)

E.L. 29/88 BOUNDARY

374.6000N

374.4000N

374.2000N

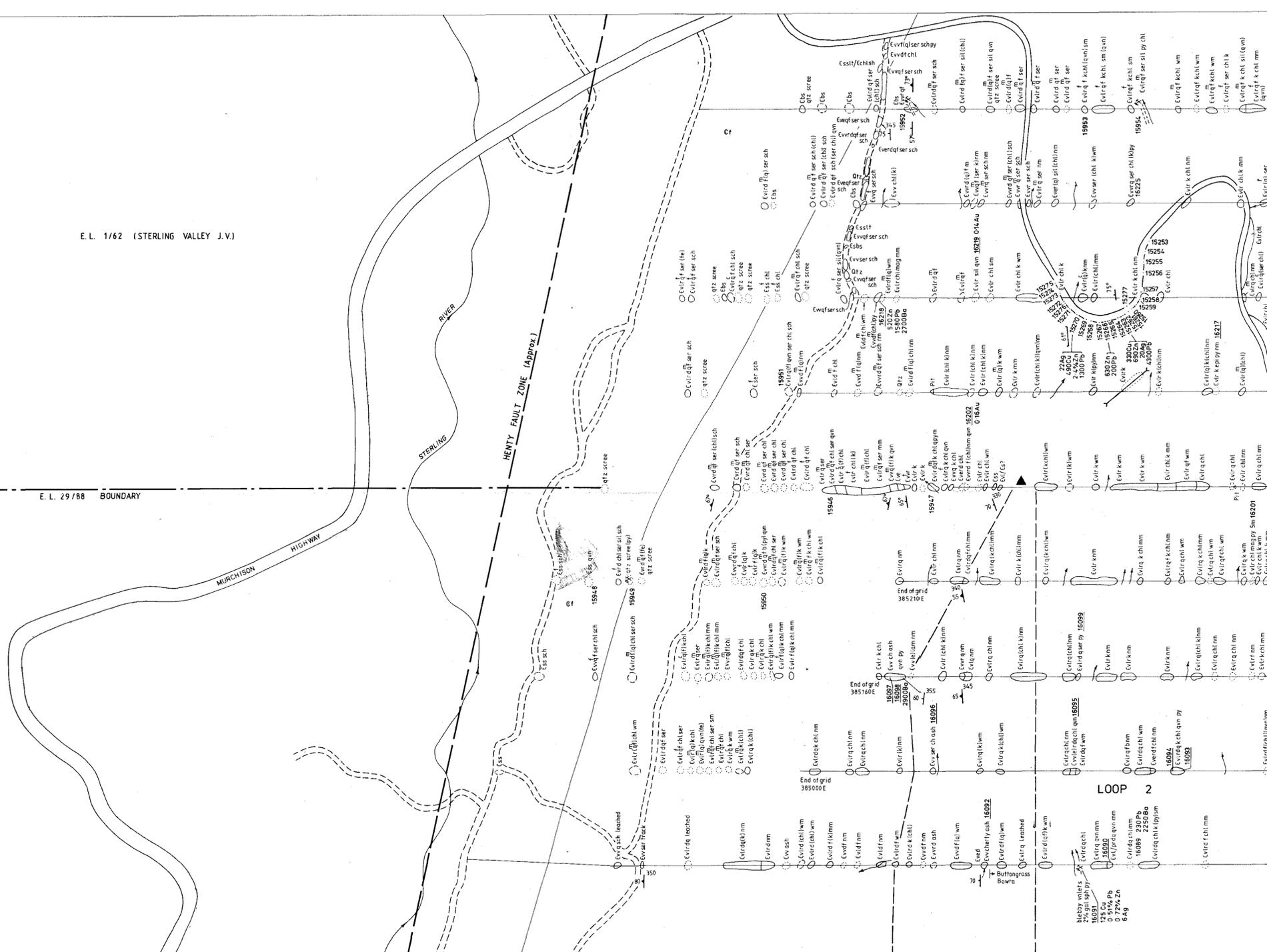
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373.8000N

373.6000N

373.4000N

373.2000N



594164

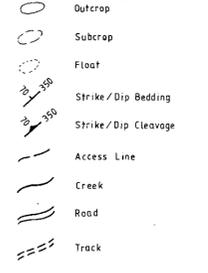
5 cm

89-3013

EARLY ORDOVICIAN	Bsc	OWEN CONGLOMERATE	Pebble to boulder conglomerate of quartzite, often hematitic and k-feldspar altered.
LATE CAMBRIAN - EARLY ORDOVICIAN	Bss	?NEWTON CK. SANDSTONE	Dirty medium grained quartzite.
	EDC	DORA CONGLOMERATE JUKES BRECCIA	Strongly hematitic and silicified pebble conglomerate of predominantly volcanic detritus
LATE CAMBRIAN	Egr	MURCHISON GRANITE	Coarse grained epigranular quartz feldspar biotite schist. Often strongly altered k-spar, chlorite, pyrite.
	Ess/sbs	FARRELL SEQUENCE	Fine laminated, black shales and massive sandstone. Some volcanoclastic character.
MID CAMBRIAN	Evlr	TYNDALL GROUP VOLCANICS	Rhyolite Lava Massive siliceous, may be quartz phytic, fine to coarse phenocrysts. Rhyodacitic Lava Quartz feldspar phytic often foliated may be sericitized. Dacitic Lava Feldspar phytic often chloritized.

TYNDALL GROUP VOLCANICLASTICS (EPICLASTICS)	Evsd	Rhyodacitic Volcanoclastic	Fine grained quartz-feldspar phytic often sericitized, layered, pumiceous.
	Evd	Dacitic Volcanoclastic	Dominantly feldspar phytic chloritized fine to medium grained pumiceous.
	Ew	Undiff Volcanoclastic	Fine grained strongly altered undetermined composition.
	Eved	Rhyodacitic Epiclastic	Medium to coarse lithics in sericitized matrix. Often quartz phytic.
	Eved	Dacitic Epiclastic	Chloritic coarse lithic component, strongly altered.
INTRUSIVE	Ebi	Basaltic Dyke	Fine grained chloritic massive.

ALTERATION	Chl	Chlorite	(q) Weakly quartz phytic	m	Superscript over phytic	
	K	K-feldspar	q	Strong quartz phytic	c	Component as grain size
	Ser	Sericite	(f)	Weakly feldspar phytic		
	Py	Pyrite	f	Strong feldspar phytic		
	Q-vn	Quartz vein				



MAPPING BY C. CREAUGH & J. RANDELL, FEB '89

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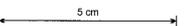
Project: **STERLING VALLEY**

Title: **GEOLOGICAL FACT MAPPING SHEET 1**

Author	JPR	Dept.	TAS	Scale	1:5000
Drawn	OH	Date	6/89	Revised	
Checked		Date		S'ced	Date
Sheet No.	FIG 10	Drawing No.	D/LJ 70/011		



594165



SEE SHEET 4

EARLY ORDOVICIAN	Esc	OWEN CONGLOMERATE	Pebble to boulder conglomerate of quartzite, often hematitic and k-feldspar altered.
	Bss	?NEWTON CK SANDSTONE	Dirty medium grained quartzite.
LATE CAMBRIAN - EARLY ORDOVICIAN	CDC	DORA CONGLOMERATE JUKES BRECCIA	Strongly hematitic and silicified pebble conglomerate of predominantly volcanic detritus
LATE CAMBRIAN	Egr	MURCHISON GRANITE	Coarse grained epigranular quartz feldspar biotite ± chlorite. Often strongly altered k-spar, chlorite, pyrite.
	Ess/sbs	FARRELL SEQUENCE	Fine laminated black shales and massive sandstone. Some volcanoclastic character.
	Evr		Rhyolite Lava
	Evrld	TYNDALL GROUP VOLCANICS	Rhyodacitic Lava
MID CAMBRIAN	Evid		Dacitic Lava

INTRUSIVE

Evrld	Rhyodacitic Volcanoclastic	Fine grained quartz-feldspar phyruc often sericitized, layered, pumiceous
Evd	Dacitic Volcanoclastic	Dominantly feldspar phyruc chloritized fine to medium grained pumiceous
Evv	Undiff. Volcanoclastic	Fine grained strongly altered undetermined composition.
Evrld	Rhyodacitic Epiclastic	Medium to coarse lithics in sericitized matrix. Often quartz phyruc.
Evd	Dacitic Epiclastic	Chloritic coarse lithic component, strongly altered.
Ebi	Basaltic Dyke	Fine grained chloritic massive.

ALTERATION

Chl	Chlorite	(ql) Weakly quartz phyruc	f	Superscript over phyruc	
K	K-feldspar	q	Strong quartz phyruc	c	Component as grain size
Ser	Sericite	(f)	Weakly feldspar phyruc		
Py	Pyrite	f	Strong feldspar phyruc		
Q-vn	Quartz vein				

○	Outcrop
○	Subcrop
○	Float
↗ ↘	Strike/Dip Bedding
↗ ↘	Strike/Dip Cleavage
—	Access Line
~	Creek
—	Road
—	Track

89-3013

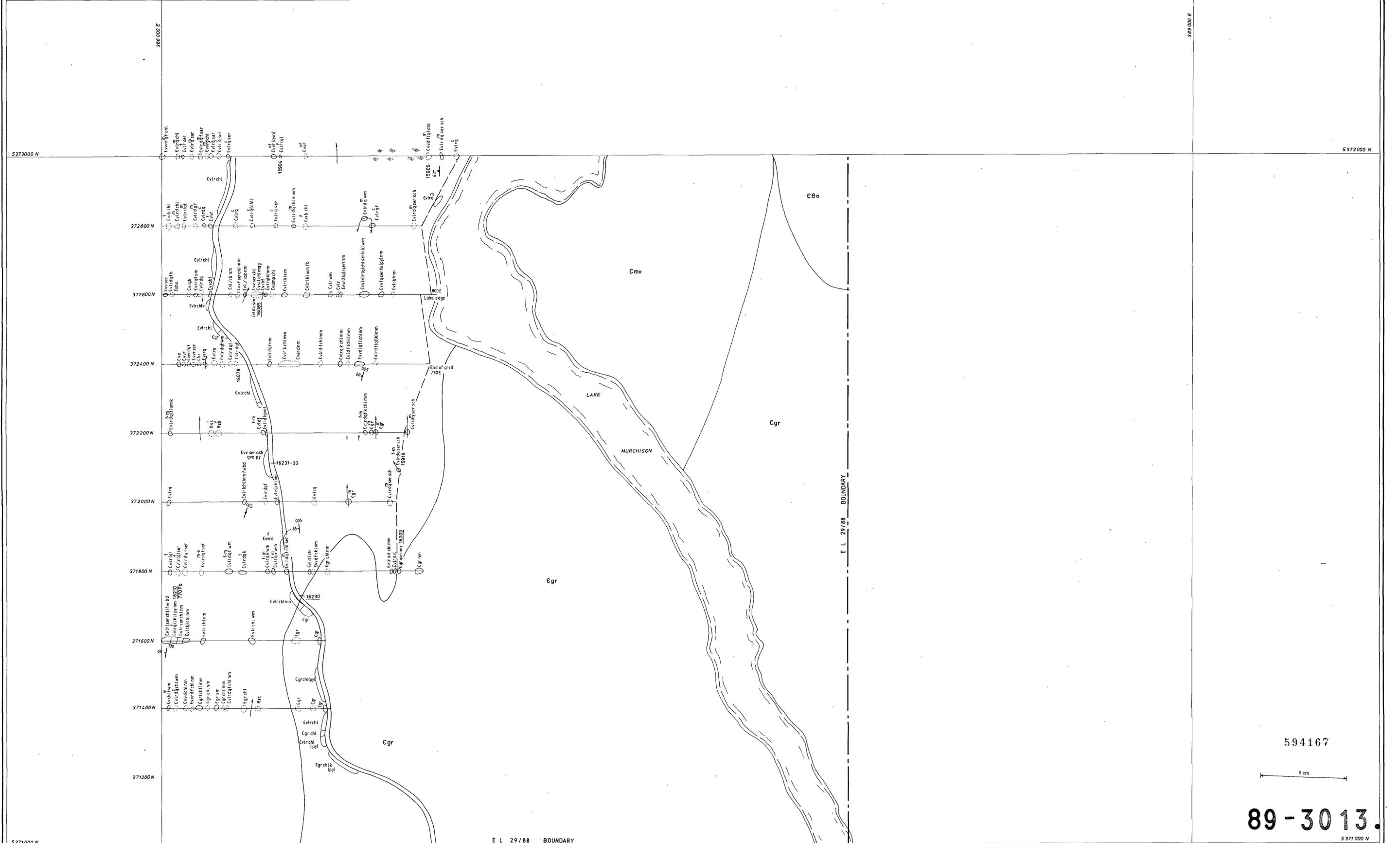
MAPPING BY C. CREGG & J. RANDELL, FEB '89

Billiton Australia
The Metals Division of the Shell Company of Australia Limited

Project: **STERLING VALLEY**

Title: **GEOLOGICAL FACT MAPPING SHEET 2**

Author	JPR	Dept.	TAS	Scale	1:5000
Drawn	OH	Date	5/89	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	Date	S'ced	Date	Date
Sheet No.	FIG 11	Drawing No.	D/LJ 70/012		



594167

5 cm

89-3013

5371000 N

EARLY ORDOVICIAN	Esc	OWEN CONGLOMERATE	Pebble to boulder conglomerate of quartzite, often hematitic and k-feldspar altered
LATE CAMBRIAN - EARLY ORDOVICIAN	Bss	?NEWTON CK SANDSTONE	Dirty medium grained quartzite
	CDL	DORA CONGLOMERATE	Strongly hematitic and silicified pebble conglomerate of predominantly volcanic detritus
LATE CAMBRIAN	Egr	MURCHISON GRANITE	Coarse grained epigranular quartz feldspar biotite ± chlorite. Often strongly altered k-spar, chlorite, pyrite
	Ess/sbs	FARRELL SEQUENCE	Fine laminated black shales and massive sandstone. Some volcanoclastic character
MID CAMBRIAN	Evir	TYNDALL GROUP VOLCANICS	Rhyolite Lava
	Evd		Dacitic Lava

E L 29/88 BOUNDARY	Evr	Rhyodacitic Volcaniclastic	Fine grained quartz-feldspar phryc often sericitized, layered, pumiceous
	Cvd	Dacitic Volcaniclastic	Dominantly feldspar phryc chloritized fine to medium grained pumiceous
	Evr	Undrff Volcaniclastic	Fine grained strongly altered undetermined composition
	Evr	Rhyodacitic Epiclastic	Medium to coarse lithics in sericitized matrix. Often quartz phryc
	Evd	Dacitic Epiclastic	Chloritic coarse lithic component, strongly altered
INTRUSIVE	Ebi	Basaltic Dyke	Fine grained chloritic massive

Chl	Chlorite	(q)	Weakly quartz phryc	f	Superscript over phryc
K	K-feldspar	q	Strong quartz phryc	c	Component as gram size
Ser	Sericite	(f)	Weakly feldspar phryc		
Py	Pyrite	f	Strong feldspar phryc		
Q-vn	Quartz vein				

- Outcrop
- Subcrop
- Flout
- Strike/Dip Bedding
- Strike/Dip Cleavage
- Access Line
- Creek
- Road
- Track

MAPPING BY C CREAGH & J RANDELL, FEB '89

Billiton Australia
The Metals Division of the Shell Company of Australia Limited

Project: **STERLING VALLEY**

Title: **GEOLOGICAL FACT MAPPING SHEET 4**

Author	JPR	Dept.	TAS	Scale	1:5000
Drawn	OH	Date	5/89	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	S'ced	Date		
Sheet No.	FIG 13	Drawing No.	D / L J 70 / 014		



CENTRAL VOLCANIC SEQUENCE

FARRELL SEQUENCE

WESTERN ZONE

CENTRAL ZONE

EASTERN ZONE

LAKE MURCHISON

MURCHISON GRANITE

STERLING VALLEY
M.L.'s 1M/55, 2M/55

- Granite
- Ar Rhyolite lava
- ArD Rhyodacite lava
- Vd Dacite lava
- Vb Basalt
- Va Andesitic lava
- v- Volcaniclastic
- △ E Epiclastic
- s- Siltstone, shale
- Sandstone
- ⋆ Prospector workings
- Rock chip sample
- - - Interpreted fault
- SD Strike dip bedding (50)
- SO Strike dip foliation (5)
- ⊙ UTEM Anomaly



5 cm

89-3013

Billiton Australia
The Metals Division of the Shell Companies of Australia Limited

Project: **STERLING VALLEY J.V.**

Title: **GEOLOGICAL INTERPRETATION**

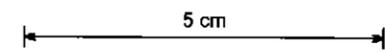
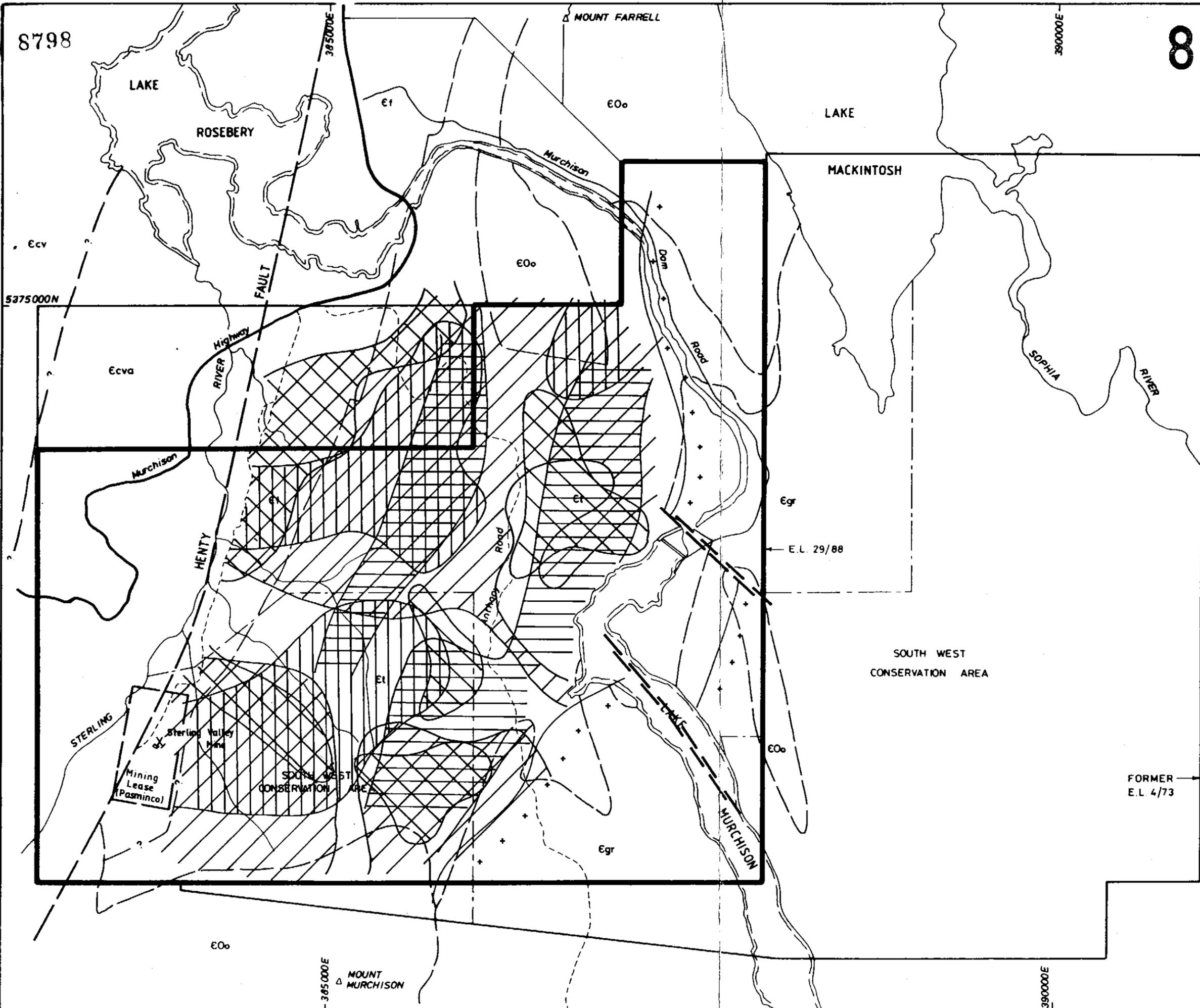
59416S

Author: J.P.R.	Dept: TAS	Scale: 1:5000
Drawn: G.H.	Date: 9/89	Revised:
Checked:	Date:	S'ced:
Sheet No:	FIG. 14	Drawing No: 01/LJ 70/016

8797

8798

89-3013



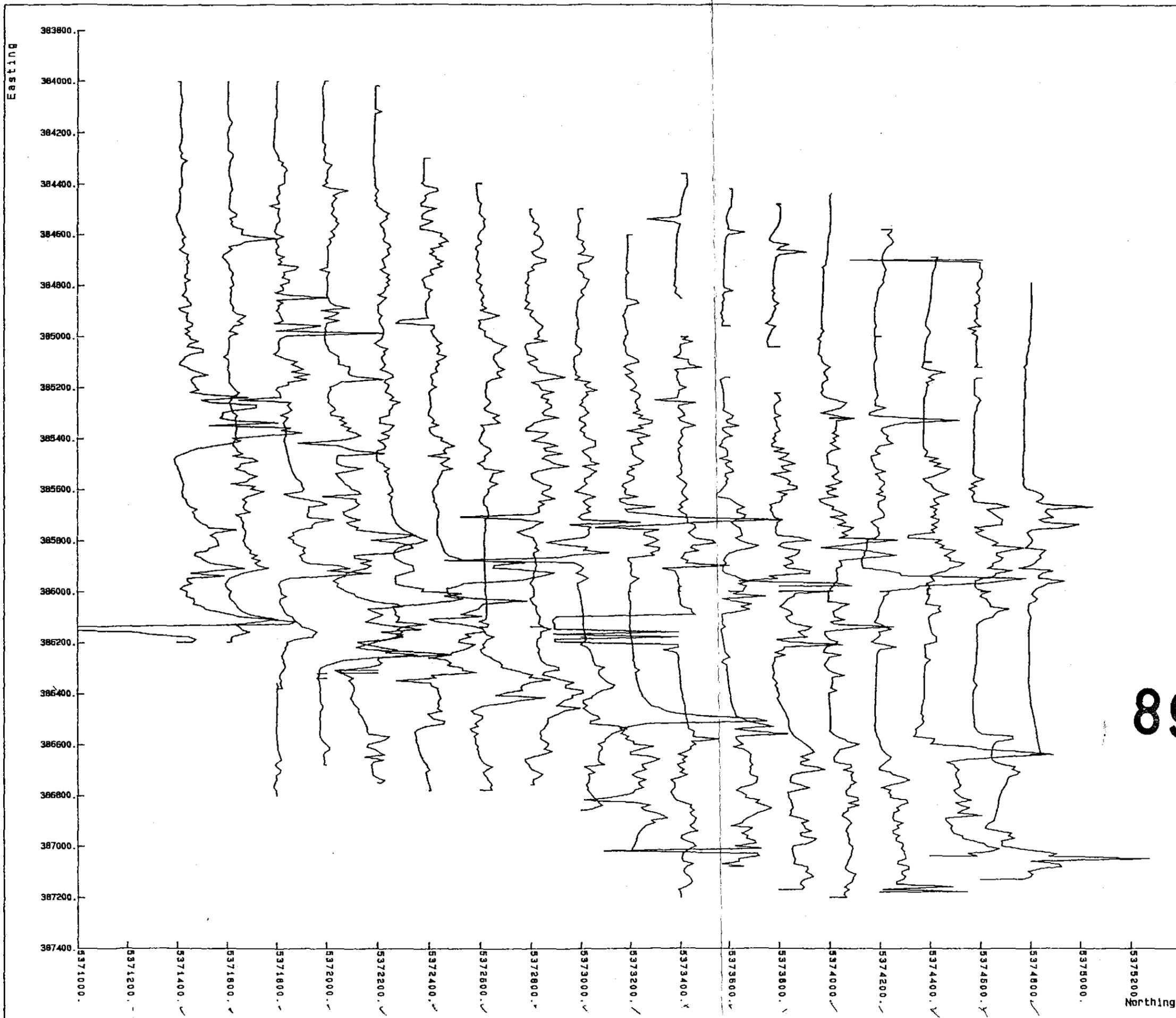
LEGEND

- E0o Jukes/Owen Conglomerates
- E1 Tyndall Group: volcanics, tuffs, breccias, lavas.
- E1 Farrell Sequence: shales, siltstones, sandstones
- Ecv Central Volcanic Sequence andesites.
- Ecv Central Volcanic Sequence: pyroclastics lavas ignimbrites.
- Egr Murchison Granite.

- + Murchison Granite
- ALTERATION
- SERICITE
- CHLORITE
- K-FELDSPAR
- MAGNETITE

594169

Bilton Australia <small>The Mining Division of the BHP Company of Australia Limited</small>			
Project	STERLING VALLEY		
Title	EL 29/88 ALTERATION DISTRIBUTION		
Author	DBH	Date 4/88	Scale 1:25,000
Drawn	DH	Office TAS	Revised
Drawing No.	D/LJ/70/002		Fig. No. 15



Base Level : 62000.0
 Plan Scale 1: 15000.0
 Profile Scale (units/cm): 1000.0

594170

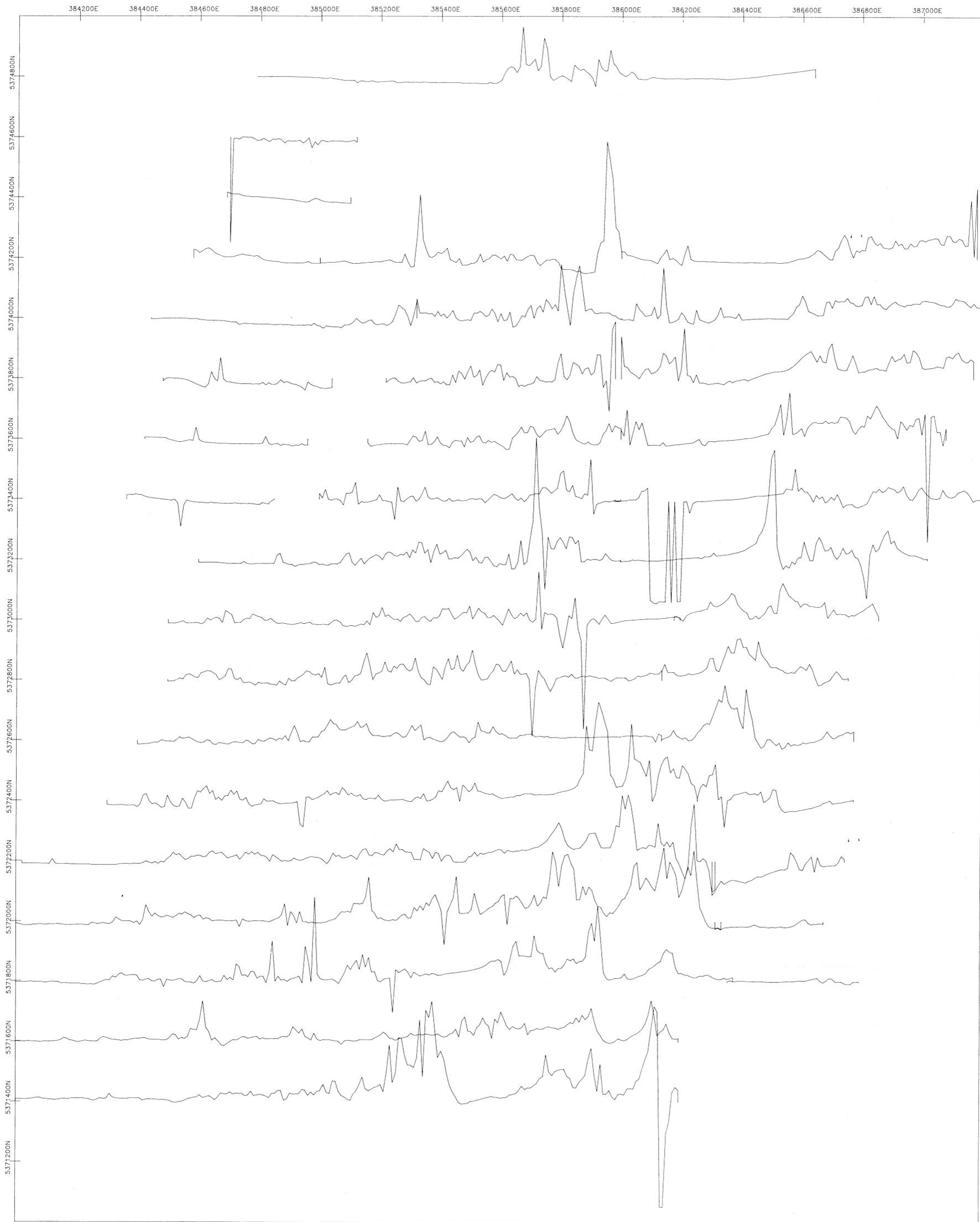
5 cm

89 - 3013



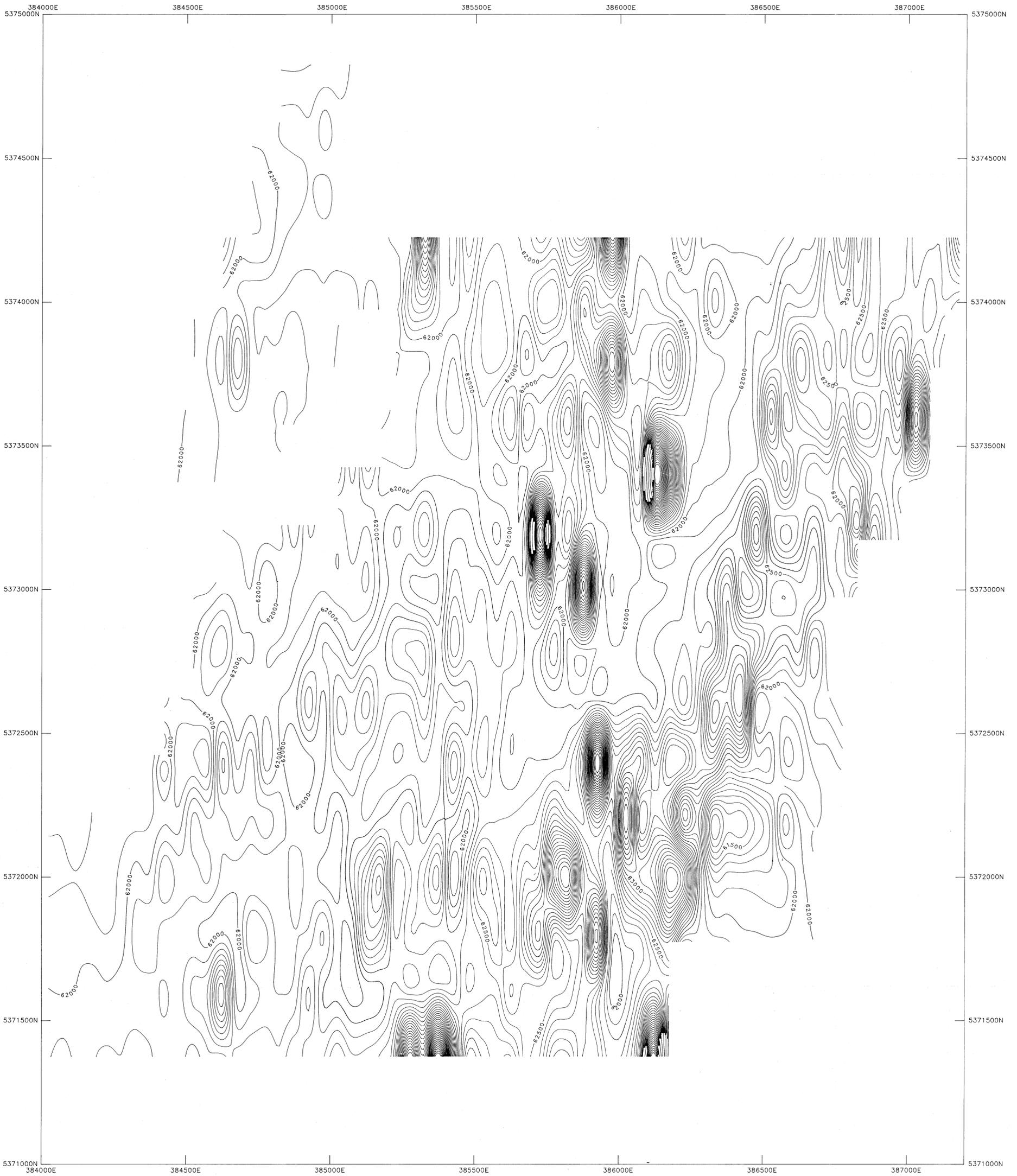
STERLING VALLEY, TAS
 MURCHISON GRID
 GROUND MAGNETICS

FIG. NO: 16	REPT. NO:
ENCL. NO:	DRG. NO:
DATE: 4/89	AUTHOR:
DRAWN:	OFFICE:



594171_8800
89-3013

Billiton Australia <small>The Metals Division of the BHP Company of Australia Limited</small>			
Project: STERLING VALLEY, TAS.			
Title: GROUND MAGNETIC PROFILES			
TOTAL MAGNETIC FIELD			
500nT/cm			
STATION SPACING=10m			
G-856 MAGNETOMETERS			
Author	N.H.	Dept: AHO	Scale: 1:5,000
Drawn	Date: 8.89	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	Slotted	Date
Sheet No.	FIG 17	Drawing No.	LJ70/1048



594172_8801

89-3013

5cm

Billiton Australia <small>The Mining Division of the Shell Companies of Australia Limited</small>			
Project: STERLING VALLEY, T.A.S.			
Title: TOTAL MAGNETIC FIELD GROUND MAGNETICS			
C.I. = 100nT		LINE SPACING = 200m	
STATION SPACING = 10m		MESH SIZE = 50x50m	
Author	N.H.	Dept.	AHC
Scale	1:5 000		
Drawn	Date	7.8.89	Revised
Checked	Date		S'ceded
Sheet No.	Fig.	18	Drawing No.
			LJ70/1047

8902

5374000 N

5373000 N

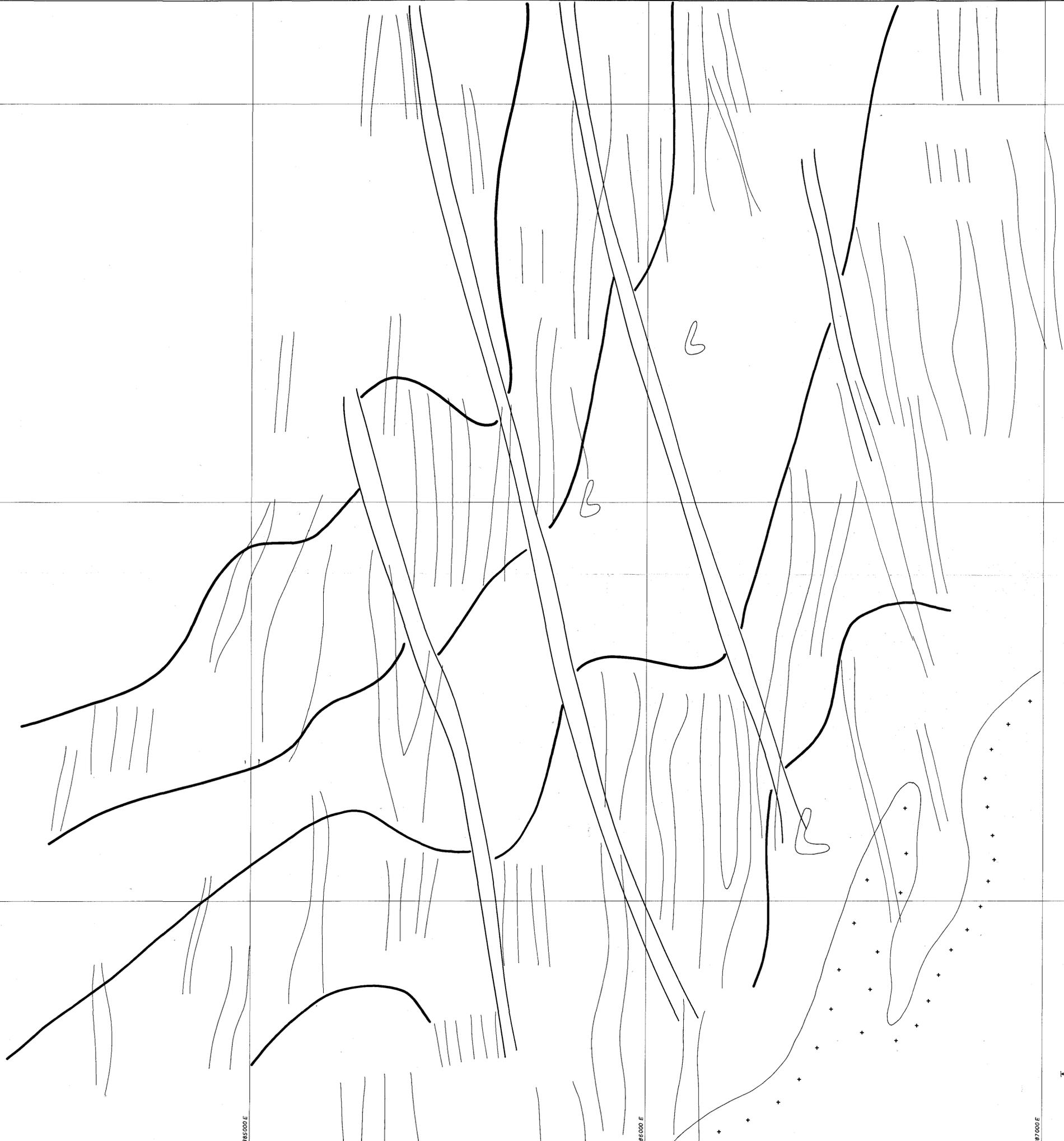
5372000 N

384000 E

385000 E

386000 E

387000 E

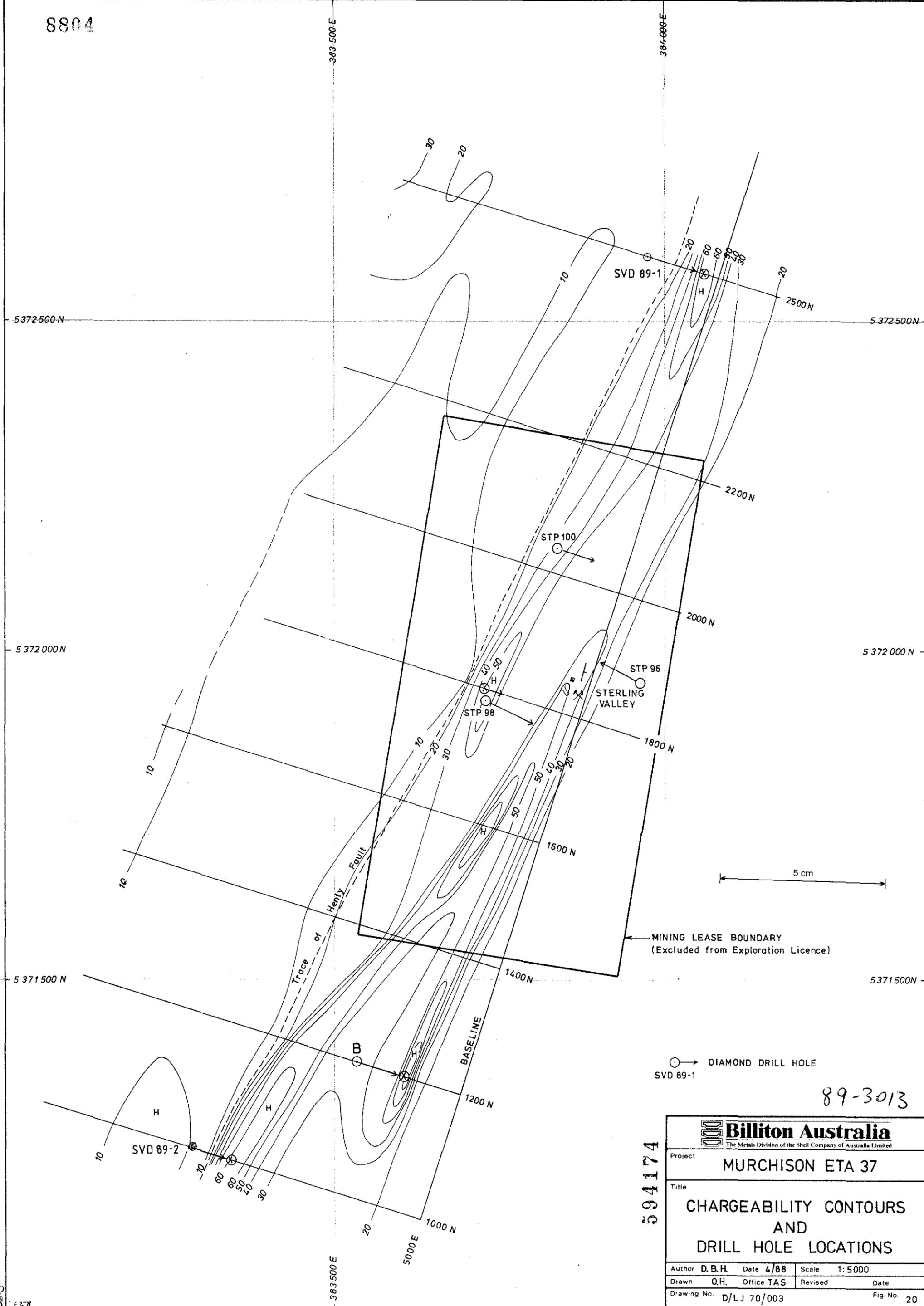


- + Granite
- ||| Linear discontinuities
- ||| Magnetic trends
- ||| Generalized high magnetic zones
- b Magnetic intense lows

5 cm

594173
89-3013 1

 The Nickel Division of the Shell Company of Australia Limited			
Project			
STERLING VALLEY J.V.			
Title			
GROUND MAGNETIC INTERPRETATION			
Author	JPR	Dept. TAS	Scale 1:5000
Drawn	GH	Date 9/89	Revised
Checked		Date	S'ced
Sheet No.		Drawing No.	FIG 19



89-3013

594174

 Billiton Australia <small>The Metals Division of the Shell Company of Australia Limited</small>			
Project		MURCHISON ETA 37	
Title		CHARGEABILITY CONTOURS AND DRILL HOLE LOCATIONS	
Author	D. B. H.	Date	4/88
Scale	1: 5000		
Drawn	Q. H.	Office	TAS
Revised	Date		
Drawing No.	D/LJ 70/003		Fig. No. 20

DRILL SECTION SVD 89-3
LINE 2500N
SCALE 1:1000

LEGEND

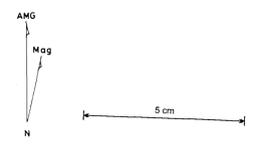
- Cv1a Andesitic lava - feldspar phryc, medium grained.
- Cv1r Rhyolitic lava - quartz phryc, massive, silicified.
- Cvv Felsic volcanoclastic - fine grained, strongly cleaved, some feldspar phryc, probable epiclastic.
- Cvvr Rhyolitic volcanoclastic - as above but acid in composition.
- Csq Quartz rich sediment - possible siliceous ash.
- Csbs Black shale - fine grained, laminated, often pyritic, mineralization host at mine.
- Cs1t Siltstone - grey brown, fine grained, cleaved, massive.
- Cs1sr Altered sediment - sericitic fine grained ash.
- Cve Epiclastic - matrix as for Cvv but with elongate shale fragments.

- ~ Henty Fault Zone (HFZ)
- - - Strike - dip bedding
- - - Strike - dip cleavage
- Dighem resistivity anomaly
- I.P. Anomaly centre
- - - Track
- ~ Stream
- - - HEC Powerline
- - - Mine lease boundary

GEOLOGICAL MAP
STERLING VALLEY MINE AREA

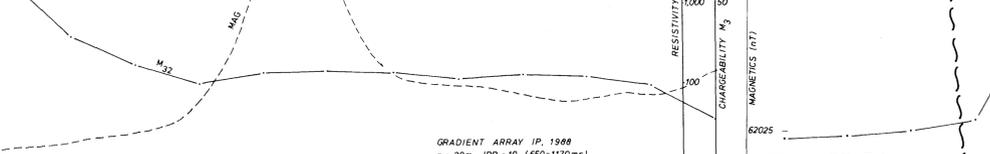
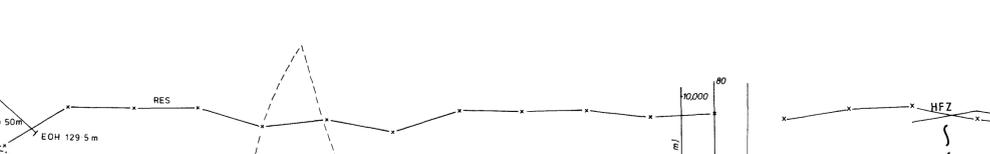
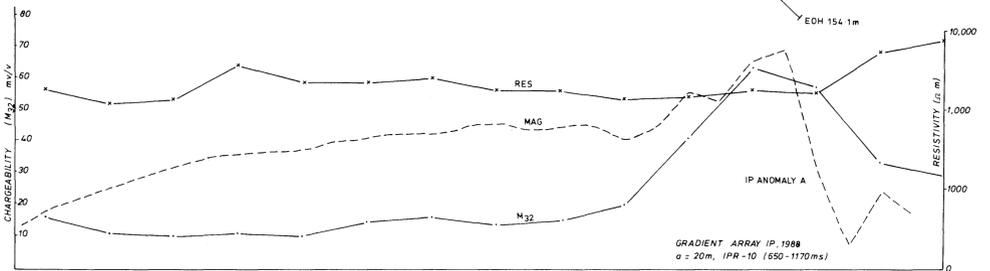
1:5000
Fig. 21

373000N



372000N

371000N



N.B. Outcrop mapping after C. Creagh, I. Mc Donald Mines Dept.

8805

4800E

4850E

4900E

4950E

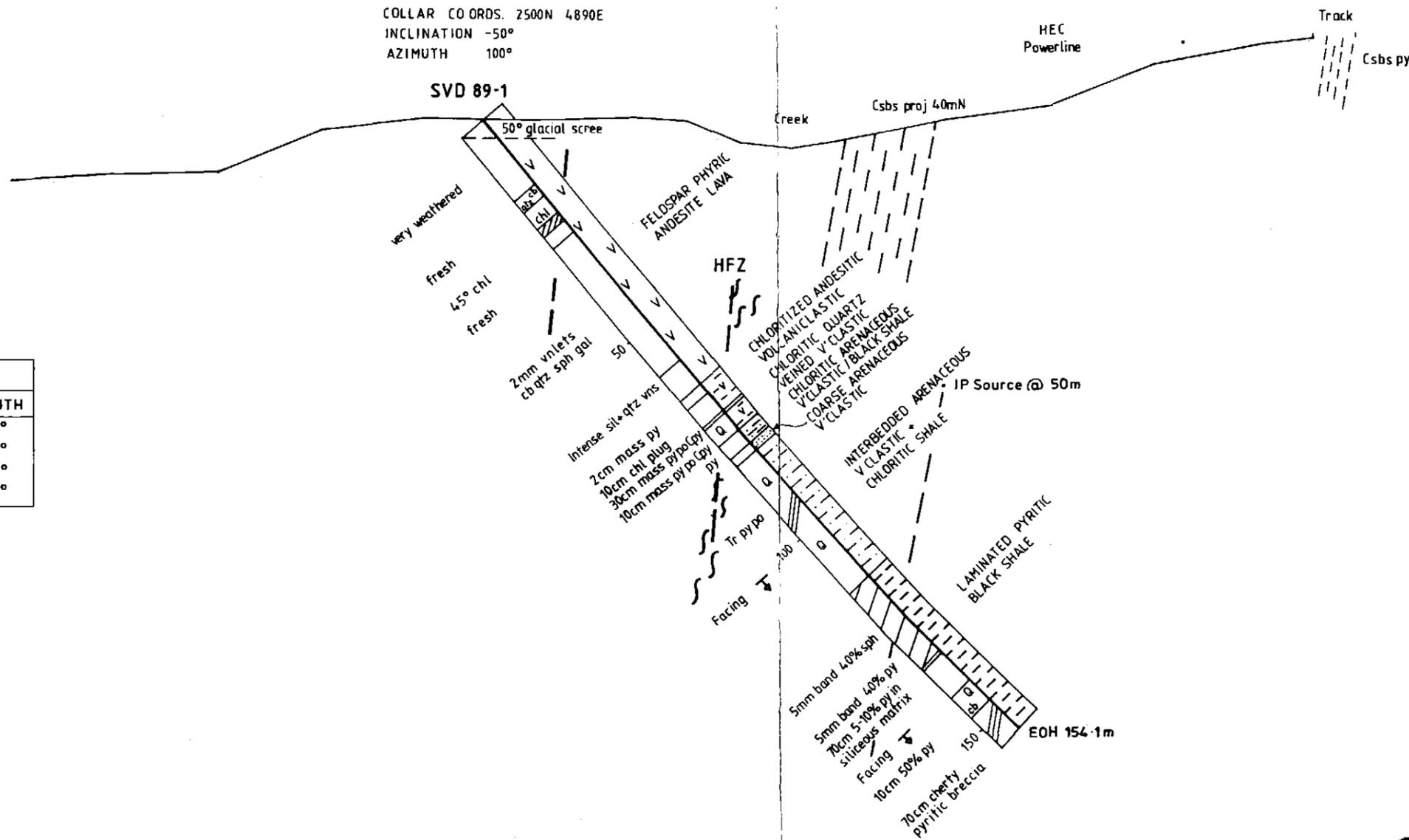
5000E

5050E

594176

COLLAR CO ORDS. 2500N 4890E
INCLINATION -50°
AZIMUTH 100°

SVD 89-1



SURVEY DETAILS		
DEPTH	DIP	AZIMUTH
0 m	50	100°
50 m	50	100°
100 m	47	100°
150 m	44	097°

89 - 30 13

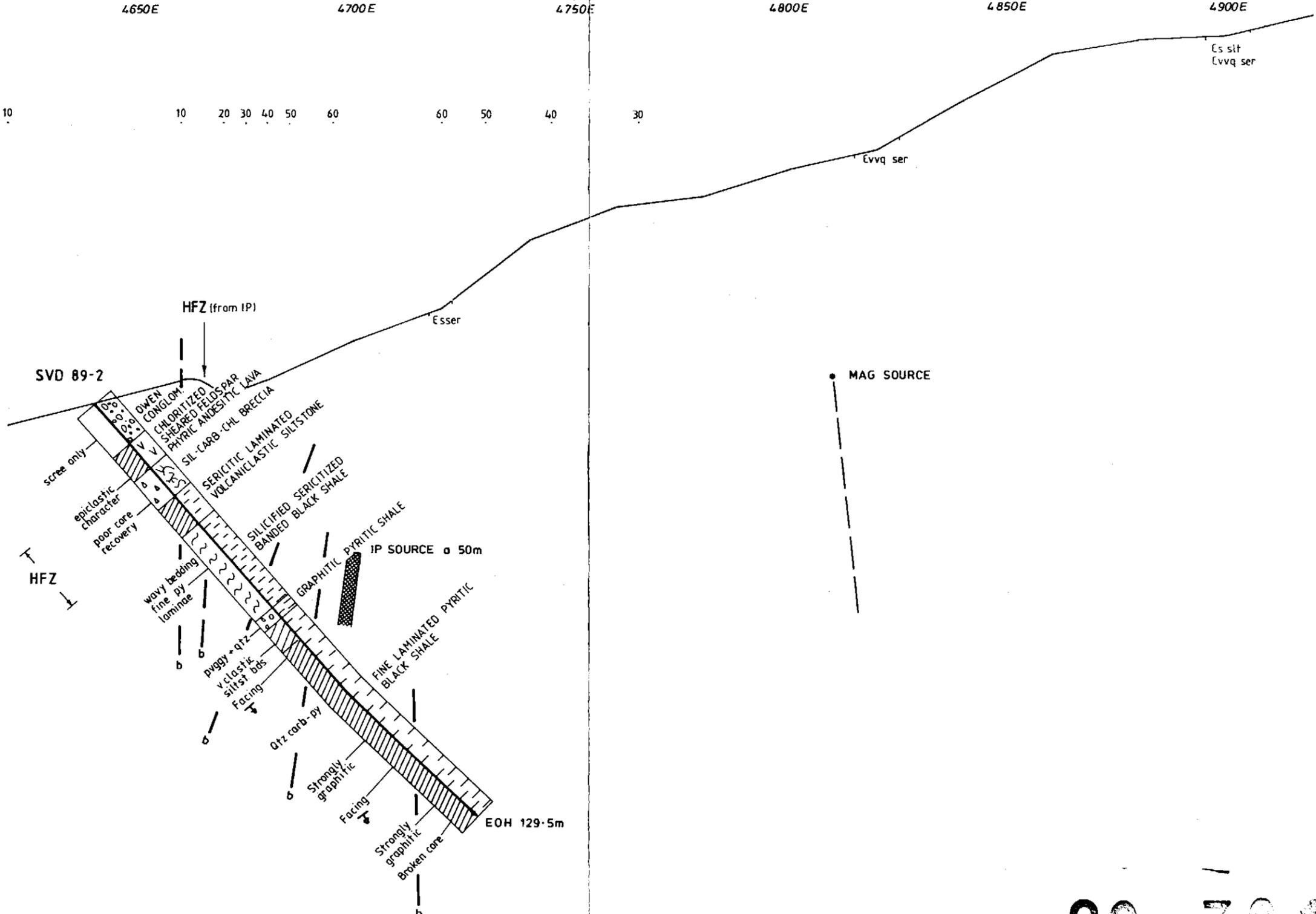
<p>The Metals Division of the Shell Company of Australia Limited</p>			
Project STERLING VALLEY			
Title DRILL SECTION SVD 89-1 LINE 2500N			
Author JPR	Date 2 89	Scale 1:1000	
Drawn OH	Office TAS	Revised	Date
Drawing No. D/LJ 70/009			Fig. No. 22

8806

IP CHARGEABILITY

4600E 4650E 4700E 4750E 4800E 4850E 4900E

10 10 20 30 40 50 60 60 50 40 30



SURVEY DETAILS		
Depth	Inclin.	Azimuth
0	50	100
50	48.5	105
126	44	104

89-3013

<p>The Metals Division of the Shell Company of Australia Limited</p>			
Project		STERLING VALLEY	
Title		DRILL SECTION SVD 89-2 LINE 1000N	
Author	JPR	Date	3/89
Scale	1:1000		
Drawn	OH	Office	TAS
Revised	Date		
Drawing No.	D/LJ 70/010		Fig. No. 23

5 cm